MONEYGRAM INTERNATIONAL INC Form 10-Q August 10, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(mark one)

b Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2009

• Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from ______ to _____.

Commission File Number: 001-31950 MONEYGRAM INTERNATIONAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

1550 Utica Avenue South, Suite 100, Minneapolis, Minnesota (Address of principal executive offices)

(952) 591-3000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer b

Non-accelerated filer o

(Do not check if a smaller

Smaller reporting company o

reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No þ

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

55416 (Zip Code)

16-1690064

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

As of August 3, 2009, 82,520,229 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, were outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MONEYGRAM INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS UNAUDITED

(Amounts in thousands, except share data)	June 30, 2009	D	ecember 31, 2008
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents (substantially restricted) Receivables, net (substantially restricted) Trading investments (substantially restricted) Available-for-sale investments (substantially restricted) Property and equipment Intangible assets Goodwill Other assets	\$ 3,973,685 1,098,388 13,260 357,432 143,712 12,644 432,591 189,560	\$	4,077,381 1,264,885 21,485 438,774 156,263 14,548 434,337 234,623
Total assets	\$6,221,272	\$	6,642,296
LIABILITIES Payment service obligations Debt Pension and other postretirement benefits Accounts payable and other liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Total liabilities COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 14)	\$ 5,079,941 909,046 132,500 110,415 12,671 6,244,573	\$	5,437,999 978,881 130,900 121,586 12,454 6,681,820
MEZZANINE EQUITY Participating Convertible Preferred Stock-Series B, \$0.01 par value, 800,000 shares authorized, 495,000 shares issued and outstanding Participating Convertible Preferred Stock-Series B-1, \$0.01 par value, 500,000 shares authorized, 272,500 shares issued and outstanding	496,695 303,392		458,408 283,804
Total mezzanine equity	800,087		742,212
STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIT Preferred shares undesignated, \$0.01 par value, 5,000,000 authorized, none issued junior participating, \$0.01 par value, 2,000,000 authorized, none issued	886		886
	880		880

Common shares, \$0.01 par value, 1,300,000,000 shares authorized, 88,556,077 shares issued Additional paid-in capital 62,324 6,268 Retained loss (649,254) (640,730)Unearned employee benefits (81) (424)Accumulated other comprehensive loss (36,569) (42,707) Treasury stock: 6,036,846 and 5,999,175 shares at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively (153, 162)(152, 561)Total stockholders deficit (823, 388)(781,736) Total liabilities, mezzanine equity and stockholders deficit \$6,221,272 \$ 6,642,296 See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

MONEYGRAM INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF (LOSS) INCOME UNAUDITED

	Three Months Ended June				
(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)	2009	30, 2008	Six Months E 2009	2008 2008	
(Amounts in thousands, except per share auta)	2009	2000	2009	2008	
REVENUE					
Fee and other revenue	\$278,493	\$281,881	\$546,637	\$ 544,678	
Investment revenue	8,455	34,498	20,146	96,063	
Net securities gains (losses)	4,233	(30,291)	4,289	(337,591)	
Total revenue	291,181	286,088	571,072	303,150	
Fee commissions expense	121,764	129,098	240,308	246,330	
Investment commissions expense	354	(5,385)	753	91,504	
Total commissions expense	122,118	123,713	241,061	337,834	
Net revenue (losses)	169,063	162,375	330,011	(34,684)	
EXPENSES					
Compensation and benefits	47,639	68,136	99,271	120,435	
Transaction and operations support	71,166	51,335	115,650	103,364	
Depreciation and amortization	14,962	14,288	29,324	28,506	
Occupancy, equipment and supplies	12,237	12,391	23,263	23,613	
Interest expense	26,649	24,008	53,689	38,797	
Valuation gain on embedded derivatives	_ = = ; = : ;	(31,203)	,;	(31,203)	
Debt extinguishment loss				1,499	
Total expenses	172,653	138,955	321,197	285,011	
(Loss) income before income taxes	(3,590)	23,420	8,814	(319,695)	
Income tax (benefit) expense	(273)	8,259	290	25,999	
NET (LOSS) INCOME	\$ (3,317)	\$ 15,161	\$ 8,524	\$(345,694)	
BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON					
SHARE	\$ (0.40)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.60)	\$ (4.51)	
Net (loss) income as reported	\$ (3,317)	\$ 15,161	\$ 8,524	\$(345,694)	
Preferred stock dividends	(27,116)	(23,994)	(52,834)	(25,816)	
Accretion recognized on preferred stock	(2,540)		(5,041)		
NET LOSS AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ (32,973)	\$ (8,833)	\$ (49,351)	\$(371,510)	
				_	

WEIGHTED-AVERAGE OUTSTANDING COMMON SHARES

82,504 82,464

82,447

82,493

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

MONEYGRAM INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) UNAUDITED

	Three Months Ended June 30,		ne Six Months Ended Ju	
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	2009	2008
NET (LOSS) INCOME OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities: Net holding gains (losses) arising during the period, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$1,553 and \$(351) for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$3,745 and \$5,406 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and	\$(3,317)	\$15,161	\$ 8,524	\$(345,694)
2008, respectively Reclassification adjustment for net realized (gains) included in net income, net of tax (expense) of \$(26) and \$(163), for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$(53) and \$(15,206) for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008,	2,533	(572)	6,111	8,821
respectively	(42)	(266)	(86)	(24,810)
	2,491	(838)	6,025	(15,989)
Net unrealized (losses) gains on derivative financial instruments: Net holding (losses) gains arising during the period, net of tax (benefit) expense of \$(304) and \$733, for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$(478) and \$48 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively Reclassification adjustment for net unrealized losses included in net income, net of tax benefit of \$8, for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and \$11,006 for the six months ended June 30,	(496)	1,196	(780)	79
2008		13		17,957
	(496)	1,209	(780)	18,036
Pension and postretirement benefit plans: Reclassification of prior service (credit) costs recorded to net income, net of tax benefit of \$0	(1)	321	(2)	333

and \$196 for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$0 and \$204 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively Reclassification of net actuarial loss recorded to net income, net of tax benefit of \$359 and \$258 for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$718 and \$499 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively	585	421	1,171	814		
Unrealized foreign currency translation gains (losses), net of tax expense (benefit) of \$816 and \$(148), for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively and \$(169) and \$1,271 for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively	1,331	(242)	(276)	2,073		
Other comprehensive income	3,910	871	6,138	5,267		
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 593	\$16,032	\$14,662	\$(340,427)		
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements						

MONEYGRAM INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS UNAUDITED

		hs Ended June		
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	30, 2008	Six Months E 2009	Ended June 30, 2008
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES:				
Net (loss) income	\$ (3,317)	\$ 15,161	\$ 8,524	\$ (345,694)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to				
net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	14,962	14,288	29,324	28,506
Investment impairment charges	848	9,124	2,929	54,398
Provision for deferred income taxes	610		305	
Net (gain) loss on sales and maturities of				
investments	(3,073)	(36)	(3,073)	256,298
Unrealized losses on trading investments	4,790	21,203	6,435	26,895
Valuation gains on trading investment put				
options	(6,798)		(10,580)	
Net amortization of investment premiums and				
discounts	216	761	428	490
Impairment of goodwill	3,758		3,758	
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps		(33,508)		
Unrealized gain on embedded derivatives		(31,203)		(31,203)
Signing bonus amortization	8,554	9,007	17,083	17,097
Amortization of debt discount and deferred				
financing costs	2,496	2,454	4,946	2,613
Debt extinguishment loss				1,499
Provision for uncollectible receivables	11,530	2,484	15,207	5,508
Non-cash compensation and pension expense	3,893	2,324	6,454	4,050
Other non-cash items, net	(213)	5,128	3,019	491
Changes in foreign currency translation				
adjustments	1,331	(242)	(276)	2,073
Change in other assets	(10,764)	(16,873)	(14,303)	(53,436)
Change in accounts payable and other				
liabilities	23,236	46,133	24,233	28,373
Total adjustments	55,376	31,044	85,889	343,652
Change in cash and cash equivalents				
(substantially restricted)	(68,903)	138,580	103,696	(2,933,085)
Change in trading investments (substantially				
restricted)	17,900		17,900	
Change in receivables, net (substantially				
restricted)	7,265	(178,682)	151,290	(556,728)
Change in payment service obligations	12,774	(19,606)	(358,058)	(1,125,913)

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	21,095	(13,503)	9,241	(4,617,768)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sales of investments classified					
as available-for-sale Proceeds from maturities of investments				2,896,011	
classified as available-for-sale	58,678	26,011	81,538	446,096	
Purchases of property and equipment Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash	(9,148)	(11,883)	(16,319)	(17,437)	
acquired			(3,210)		
Net cash provided by investing activities	49,530	14,128	62,009	3,324,670	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from issuance of debt				733,750	
Transaction costs for issuance and amendment of debt				(47,805)	
Payment on debt	(625)	(625)	(1,250)	(625)	
Payment on revolving credit facility Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	(70,000)		(70,000)	(100,000) 760,000	
Transaction costs for issuance of preferred stock				(52,222)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing					
activities	(70,625)	(625)	(71,250)	1,293,098	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of period					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS End of period	\$	\$	\$	\$	
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements					

MONEYGRAM INTERNATIONAL, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS DEFICIT UNAUDITED

					Accumulated		
	G	Additional		Unearned			
(Amounts in thousands)	Common Stock	Paid-In Capital	Retained Loss	Employe Benefits	Comprehensiv Loss	e Treasury Stock	Total
December 31, 2008 Net income Dividends on preferred	\$886	\$ 62,324	\$(649,254) 8,524	\$(424)	\$(42,707)	\$(152,561)	\$(781,736) 8,524
stock Accretion on preferred		(52,834)					(52,834)
stock Employee benefit plans		(5,041) 1,819		343		(601)	(5,041) 1,561
Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale		1,819		545		(001)	1,301
securities Net unrealized loss on					6,025		6,025
derivative financial instruments Amortization of prior service cost for pension					(780)		(780)
and postretirement benefits, net of tax Amortization of unrealized losses on pension and					(2)		(2)
postretirement benefits, net of tax Unrealized foreign					1,171		1,171
currency translation adjustment					(276)		(276)
June 30, 2009	\$886	\$ 6,268	\$(640,730)	\$ (81)	\$(36,569)	\$(153,162)	\$(823,388)
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements 7							

MONEYGRAM INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of MoneyGram International, Inc. (MoneyGram or the Company) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and are of a normal recurring nature. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for future periods. For further information, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The Company has reviewed and evaluated subsequent events and transactions for material events through August 7, 2009, the date the financial statements are issued.

Note 2 Unrestricted Assets

Through its wholly owned subsidiary and licensed entity MoneyGram Payment Systems, Inc. (MPSI), the Company is regulated by various state agencies that generally require MPSI to maintain liquid assets and investments with a rating of A or higher (permissible investments) in an amount generally equal to payment service obligations, as defined by each state, for regulated payment instruments, namely teller checks, agent checks, money orders and money transfers. The regulatory payment service obligations as disclosed in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as the Company is not regulated by state agencies for payment service obligations resulting from outstanding cashier's checks or for amounts payable to agents and brokers. Regulatory requirements also require MPSI to maintain positive net worth, with one state also requiring that MPSI maintain positive tangible net worth.

In connection with the Company s senior credit facility (the Senior Facility), senior secured second lien notes (the Notes), one clearing bank agreement and special purpose entities (SPEs), the Company has certain financial covenants that require it to maintain pre-defined ratios of certain assets to payment service obligations. The financial covenants under the Senior Facility and Notes are described in Note 8 *Debt.* One clearing bank agreement has financial covenants that include the maintenance of total cash, cash equivalents, receivables and investments in an amount at least equal to payment service obligations, as disclosed in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, as well as the maintenance of a minimum 103 percent ratio of total assets held at that bank to instruments estimated to clear through that bank. Financial covenants related to the SPEs include the maintenance of specified ratios, typically greater than 100 percent, of cash, cash equivalents and investments held in the SPE to the outstanding payment instruments issued by the related financial institution customer.

The regulatory and contractual requirements do not require the Company to specify individual assets held to meet payment service obligations, nor is the Company required to deposit specific assets into a trust, escrow or other special account. Rather, the Company must maintain a pool of liquid assets sufficient to comply with the requirements. No third party places limitations, legal or otherwise, on the Company regarding the use of its individual liquid assets. The Company is able to withdraw, deposit or sell its individual liquid assets at will, with no prior notice or penalty, provided the Company maintains a total pool of liquid assets sufficient to meet the regulatory and contractual requirements.

The Company is not regulated by state agencies for payment service obligations resulting from outstanding cashier s checks; however, the Company restricts a portion of the funds related to these payment instruments due to contractual arrangements and Company policy. Assets restricted for regulatory or contractual reasons are not available to satisfy working capital or other financing requirements. Consequently, the Company considers a significant amount of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and investments to be restricted to satisfy the liability to pay the face amount of regulated payment service obligations upon presentment. The Company has unrestricted cash and cash equivalents, receivables and investments to the extent those assets exceed all payment service obligations. These amounts are

generally available; however, management considers a portion of these amounts as providing additional assurance that regulatory requirements are maintained during the normal fluctuations in the value of investments. The following table shows the total amount of unrestricted assets at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008:

(Amounts in thousands)	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Cash and cash equivalents (substantially restricted)	\$ 3,973,685	\$ 4,077,381
Receivables, net (substantially restricted)	1,098,388	1,264,885
Trading investments (substantially restricted)	13,260	21,485
Put options related to trading investments	24,049	26,505
Available-for-sale investments (substantially restricted)	357,432	438,774
	5,466,814	5,829,030
Amounts restricted to cover payment service obligations	(5,079,941)	(5,437,999)
Excess in unrestricted assets	\$ 386,873	\$ 391,031

The Company is in compliance with its contractual and financial regulatory requirements as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

Note 3 Acquisitions and Disposals

Raphaels Bank On February 2, 2009, the Company acquired the French assets of R. Raphaels & Sons PLC (Raphaels Bank) for a purchase price of \$3.2 million. The acquisition of Raphaels Bank provides the Company with five money transfer stores in and around Paris, France that have been integrated into the Company s French retail operations. The preliminary purchase price allocation as of June 30, 2009 includes \$2.0 million of goodwill assigned to the Company s Global Funds Transfer segment. The purchase price allocation is preliminary pending the completion of the valuation of fixed assets, intangible assets and deferred taxes. The operating results of Raphaels Bank subsequent to the acquisition date are included in the Company s Consolidated Statement of (Loss) Income. The financial impact of the acquisition is not material to the Consolidated Balance Sheets or Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income. On May 15, 2009, the Company s subsidiary FSMC, Inc. (FSMC) entered into an asset purchase FSMC, Inc. agreement with Solutran, Inc. to sell certain assets and rights for a price of \$4.5 million. As a result of the pending sale, the Company recorded a goodwill impairment of \$0.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2009. The sale was completed in the third quarter of 2009. FSMC is a component of the Company s Payment Systems segment. The operating results of FSMC are not material to the Company s Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, and the assets and liabilities are not material to the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2009.

ACH Commerce On May 28, 2009, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent to sell assets of its ACH Commerce business to a third party. The transaction is expected to close in the last half of 2009. ACH Commerce is a component of the Company s Payment Systems segment. The operating results of ACH Commerce are not material to the Company s Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and the assets and liabilities are not material to the Company s Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2009.

Note 4 Fair Value Measurement

Following is a description of the Company s valuation methodologies for assets and liabilities measured at fair value: *Cash equivalents* The estimated fair values for cash equivalents approximate their carrying values due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. Accordingly, cash equivalents are classified as Level 1.

Investments Trading and available-for-sale investments are valued using quoted market prices for identical or similar securities where possible, including broker quotes. If market quotes are not available, or broker quotes could not be corroborated by market observable data, the Company will value a security using a pricing service and externally developed cash flow models.

For U.S. government agencies, residential mortgage-backed securities collateralized by U.S. government agency securities, fair value measures are generally obtained from independent sources, including a pricing service. As market quotes are generally not readily available or accessible for these specific securities, the pricing service generally

measures fair value through the use of pricing models and observable inputs for similar assets and market data. Accordingly, these securities are classified as Level 2 financial instruments.

The Company periodically corroborates the valuations provided by the pricing service through internal valuations utilizing externally developed cash flow models, comparison to actual transaction prices for sold securities and any broker quotes received on the same security.

For residential mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, investments in limited partnerships and trading investments, market quotes are generally not available. If available, the Company will utilize a fair value measurement from a pricing service. The pricing service utilizes a pricing model based on market observable data and indices, such as quotes for comparable securities, yield curves, default indices, interest rates and historical prepayment speeds. If a fair value measurement is not available from the pricing service, the Company will utilize a broker quote if available. Due to a general lack of transparency in the process that the brokers use to develop prices, most valuations that are based on brokers quotes are classified as Level 3. If no broker quote is available, or if such quote cannot be corroborated by market data or internal valuations, the Company performs internal valuations utilizing externally developed cash flow models. These pricing models are based on market observable spreads and, when available, observable market indices. The pricing models also use inputs such as the rate of future prepayments and expected default rates on the principal, which are derived by the Company based on the characteristics of the underlying structure and historical prepayment speeds experienced at the interest rate levels projected for the underlying collateral. The pricing models for certain asset-backed securities also include significant non-observable inputs such as internally assessed credit ratings for non-rated securities combined with externally provided credit spreads. Observability of market inputs to the valuation models used for pricing certain of the Company s investments has deteriorated with the disruption to the credit markets as overall liquidity and trading activity in these sectors has been substantially reduced. Accordingly, securities valued using a pricing model have consistently been classified as Level 3 financial instruments since January 1, 2008.

Other Financial Instruments Other financial instruments consist of put options related to trading investments. The fair value of the put options related to trading investments are valued using the expected cash flows from the instruments assuming their exercise in June 2010 and discounted at a rate corroborated by market data for a financial institution comparable to the put option counter-party, as well as the Company s interest rate on its Notes. The discounted cash flows of the put option are then reduced by the estimated fair value of the trading investments. Given the subjectivity of the discount rate and the estimated fair value of the trading investments, the Company has classified its put options related to trading investments as Level 3 financial instruments. The Company has elected under Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (FAS) No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities,* to apply fair value accounting to its put options relating to trading investments. As a result, the fair value of the put options will be remeasured each period, with the change in fair value recognized in earnings.

Debt Debt is carried at amortized cost; however, the Company estimates the fair value of debt for disclosure purposes only under FAS 107, *Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments*. The fair value of debt is estimated using market quotations, where available, credit ratings, observable market indices and other market data. As of June 30, 2009, the fair value of the Company's Tranche A loan, Tranche B loan and revolving credit facility under the Senior Facility is estimated at \$84.9 million, \$214.8 million and \$62.2 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2009, the fair value of the Second Lien Notes is estimated at \$445.0 million.

Following are the Company s financial assets recorded at fair value by hierarchy level as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008; the Company had no financial liabilities recorded at fair value for either period. The amount shown as Cash equivalents (substantially restricted) does not reflect the entire balance in the Cash and cash equivalents (substantially restricted) line in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as cash is not subject to fair value measurement.

(Amounts in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets Cash equivalents (substantially restricted) Trading investments (substantially restricted)	\$2,436,368	\$	\$ 13,260	\$2,436,368 13,260

Put options related to trading investments Available-for-sale investments (substantially restricted)			24,049	24,049
U.S. government agencies		7,361		7,361
Residential mortgage-backed securities agencies Other asset-backed securities		327,366	22,705	327,366 22,705
Total financial assets	\$2,436,368	\$334,727	\$60,014	\$2,831,109
	10			

		December	r 31, 2008	
(Amounts in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash equivalents (substantially restricted)	\$2,501,780	\$	\$	\$2,501,780
Trading investments (substantially restricted)			21,485	21,485
Put options related to trading investments			26,505	26,505
Available-for-sale investments (substantially				
restricted)				
U.S. government agencies		17,449		17,449
Residential mortgage-backed securities				
agencies		391,798		391,798
Other asset-backed securities			29,528	29,528
Total financial assets	\$2,501,780	\$409,247	\$77,518	\$2,988,545

The tables below provide a roll-forward for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 of the financial assets classified in Level 3 which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2009 Put						
		Options Related		Total		Put Options Related		Total
		to	Available-			to	Available-	Level 3
	Trading	Trading	for-Sale	Financial	Trading	Trading	for-Sale	Financial
(Amounts in thousands)	Investment	Investment	Investment	s Assets l	Investment	Investment	Investment	s Assets
Beginning Balance	\$19,840	\$ 30,287	\$25,254	\$ 75,381	\$21,485	\$ 26,505	\$29,528	\$ 77,518
Principal paydowns	(1,790)	(13,036)	(161)	(14,987)	(1,790)	(13,036)	(297)	(15,123)
Other-than-temporary			~ /				× ,	
impairments			(848)	(848)			(2,929)	(2,929)
Unrealized gains								
instruments still held at								
the reporting date		6,798		6,798		10,580		10,580
Unrealized losses		,		,		,		,
instruments still held at								
the reporting date	(4,790)		(1,540)	(6,330)	(6,435)		(3,597)	(10,032)
	()		()= ••)	(-,)	(-))		(-)	(-) = =)
Balance at June 30, 2009	\$13,260	\$ 24,049	\$22,705	\$ 60,014	\$13,260	\$ 24,049	\$22,705	\$ 60,014

		ee Months En June 30, 2008			ed	
		Total				Total
		Available-	Level 3		Available-	Level 3
	Trading	for-Sale	Financial	Trading	for-Sale	Financial
(Amounts in thousands)	Investments	Investments	Assets	Investments	Investments	Assets

Beginning Balance Sales and settlements Realized losses	\$ 56,413	\$64,580	\$120,993	\$ 62,105	 ,478,832 ,355,014) (13,760)	2,540,937 2,355,014) (13,760)
Principal paydowns		(3,399)	(3,399)		(3,399)	(3,399)
Other-than-temporary					,	,
impairments		(8,920)	(8,920)		(54,398)	(54,398)
Unrealized gains						
instruments still held at the reporting date Unrealized losses		3,611	3,611		3,611	3,611
instruments still held at the reporting date	(21,203)		(21,203)	(26,895)		(26,895)
Balance at June 30, 2008	\$ 35,210	\$55,872	\$ 91,082	\$ 35,210	\$ 55,872	\$ 91,082
			11			

Note 5 Investment Portfolio

The Company s portfolio is invested in cash and cash equivalents, trading investments and available-for-sale investments, all of which are substantially restricted as described in Note 2 *Unrestricted Assets*. Components of our investment portfolio as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 are as follows:

(Amounts in thousands)	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Cash	\$1,537,317	\$1,575,601
Money markets	2,436,368	1,626,788
Time deposits		874,992
Cash and cash equivalents	3,973,685	4,077,381
Trading investments	13,260	21,485
Available-for-sale investments	357,432	438,774
Total investment portfolio	\$4,344,377	\$4,537,640

Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, money-market securities and time deposits. Cash primarily consists of interest-bearing deposit accounts and non-interest bearing transaction accounts. The Company s money-market securities are invested in seven funds, all of which are AAA rated and are comprised of U.S. Treasury bills, notes or other obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government and its agencies, as well as repurchase agreements secured by such instruments.

Trading Investments Trading investments consist of: one auction rate security collateralized by commercial paper with a rating of A-1/P-1 and original maturities of less than 28 days; one auction rate security collateralized by perpetual preferred stock issued by the monoline insurer and paying a discretionary dividend; and perpetual preferred stock of a monoline insurer paying a discretionary dividend. During the second quarter of 2009, the perpetual preferred stock was called at par. As a result, the Company recorded a gain of \$3.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009. The combined fair value of the trading investments on June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 was \$13.3 million and \$21.5 million, respectively, on a par value of \$44.4 million and \$62.3 million, respectively. Due to the continued disruption of the credit markets and concerns regarding the capital position of the monoline insurers and their intent to pay dividends on their preferred stock, the Company recorded an unrealized loss on its trading investments of \$4.8 million and \$6.4 million in Net securities gains (losses) in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$21.2 million and \$26.9 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$21.2 million and \$26.9 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. The Company has received all contractual interest payments, including the penalty rate payments, as of the date of this filing.

The fair value of put options received in November 2008 under a buy-back program sponsored by the trading firm that sold the Company its trading investments was \$24.0 million and \$26.5 million as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively, and is reflected in the Other assets line in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company recognized a gain of \$6.8 million and \$10.6 million in the Net securities gains (losses) line in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income from the increase in the fair value of the put options during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. These valuation gains offset the unrealized losses recognized on the trading investments for the period. The fair value of the put options will be remeasured each period through earnings and should continue to significantly offset any further unrealized losses recognized in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income related to the Company s trading investments.

Available-for-sale Investments Available-for-sale investments consist of mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and agency debenture securities. After other-than-temporary impairment charges, the amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale investments are as follows at June 30, 2009:

	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Fair	Net Average
(Amounts in thousands, except net average price)	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Price
Residential mortgage-backed securities-agencies Other asset-backed securities U.S. government agencies	\$316,932 18,488 6,655	\$10,434 4,217 706	\$	\$327,366 22,705 7,361	\$103.92 3.48 81.79
Total	\$342,075	\$15,357	\$	\$357,432	\$ 36.57

After other-than-temporary impairment charges, the amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale investments were as follows at December 31, 2008:

(Amounts in thousands, except net average price)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Net Average Price
Residential mortgage-backed securities agencies Other asset-backed securities U.S. government agencies	\$385,276 27,703 16,463	\$6,523 1,825 986	\$ (2)	\$391,797 29,528 17,449	\$102.37 4.43 91.84
Total	\$429,442	\$9,334	\$(2)	\$438,774	\$ 41.05

Gains and Losses and Other-Than-Temporary Impairments At June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, net unrealized gains of \$15.4 million and \$9.3 million, respectively, are included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets in Accumulated other comprehensive loss. No deferred tax liability is currently recognized for the net unrealized gains due to the deferred tax position described in Note 13 *Income Taxes*. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, gains of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, and during the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, gains of \$0.3 million and \$24.8 million, respectively, were reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss to earnings in connection with the sale, maturity or paydown of the underlying securities during the period. Net securities gains (losses) were as follows:

		nths Ended 1e 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Gross realized gains Gross realized losses Other-than-temporary impairments	\$ (2) (848)	\$ 36 (9,124)	\$ (2) (2,929)	\$ 34,200 (290,498) (54,398)	
Net securities losses from available-for-sale investments	(850)	(9,088)	(2,92))	(310,696)	
Unrealized losses from trading investments Valuation gain from put options related to trading investments Gain on call related to trading securities	(4,790) 6,798 3,075	(21,203)	(6,435) 10,580 3,075	(26,895)	
Net securities gains (losses)	\$ 4,233	\$(30,291)	\$ 4,289	\$(337,591)	

The Company realigned its portfolio during the first quarter of 2008, resulting in the sale of securities with a fair value of \$3.2 billion (after other-than-temporary impairment charges) for proceeds of \$2.9 billion and a net realized loss of \$256.3 million which is reflected in the six months ended June 30, 2008. This net realized loss was the result of further deterioration in the markets during the first quarter of 2008 and the short timeframe over which the Company sold its securities. Proceeds from the sales were reinvested in cash and cash equivalents. Other-than-temporary impairment charges of \$0.8 million and \$2.9 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, were the result of further deterioration in the market.

At June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, 94 percent and 93 percent, respectively, of the available-for-sale portfolio was invested in debentures of U.S. government agencies or securities collateralized by U.S government agency debentures. These securities have always had the implicit backing of the U.S. government. During 2008, the U.S.

government took action to place certain agencies under conservatorship and provide unlimited lines of credit through the U.S. Treasury. These actions served to provide greater comfort to the market regarding the intent of the U.S. government to back the securities issued by its agencies. The Company expects to receive full par value of these securities upon maturity or pay-down, as well as all interest payments. The Other asset-backed securities continue to have market exposure. The Company has factored this risk into its fair value estimates, with the average price of an asset-backed security at \$0.03 per dollar of par at June 30, 2009.

Investment Ratings In rating the securities in its investment portfolio, the Company uses ratings from Moody s Investor Service (Moody s), Standard & Poors (S&P) and Fitch Ratings (Fitch). If the rating agencies have split ratings, the Company uses the highest rating from either Moody s or S&P for disclosure purposes. Securities issued or backed by U.S. government agencies are included in the AAA rating category. Investment grade is defined as a security having a Moody s equivalent rating of Aaa, Aa, A or Baa or an S&P or Fitch equivalent rating of AAA, AA, A or BBB. The Company s investments at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008 had the following ratings:

		June 30, 200	9	Ľ	2008	
(Dollars in thousands)	Number of Securities	Fair Value	Percent of Investments	Number of Securities	Fair Value	Percent of Investments
AAA, including U.S.						
agencies	36	\$334,349	94%	42	\$409,672	94%
AA	1	250	0%	3	5,064	0%
А	4	2,647	1%	5	2,919	1%
BBB	1	33	0%	2	543	0%
Below investment grade	68	20,153	5%	68	20,576	5%
Total	110	\$357,432	100%	120	\$438,774	100%

Had the Company used the lowest rating from either Moody s or S&P in the information presented above, investments rated A or better would have been reduced by \$2.5 million and \$3.5 million, as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively.

Contractual Maturities The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2009, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities as borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations, sometimes without call or prepayment penalties. Maturities of mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities depend on the repayment characteristics and experience of the underlying obligations.

	June 3	0, 2009	December 31, 2008		
(Amounts in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	
After one year through five years After five years through ten years Mortgage-backed and other asset-backed	\$ 1,002 5,653	\$ 1,078 6,283	\$ 1,003 15,460	\$ 1,073 16,376	
securities	335,420	350,071	412,979	421,325	
Total	\$342,075	\$357,432	\$429,442	\$438,774	

Fair Value Determination Following are the sources of pricing used by the Company for its fair value estimates as a result of its valuation process:

		June 30, 200	9	D	December 31, 2008			
(Dollars in thousands)	Number of Securities	Fair Value	Percent of Investments	Number of Securities	Fair Value	Percent		
Third party pricing service	45	\$330,179	93%	52	\$405,955	93%		
Broker pricing	38	11,868	3%	43	15,195	3%		
Internal pricing	27	15,385	4%	25	17,624	4%		
Total	110	\$357,432	100%	120	\$438,774	100%		

Assessment of Unrealized Losses At June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company had no or nominal unrealized losses in its available-for-sale portfolio, with no unrealized losses aged 12 months or more, after the recognition of other-than-temporary impairment charges.

Note 6 Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company historically used interest rate swaps to hedge the variability of cash flows from its floating rate debt and floating rate commission payments to financial institution customers of the Payment Systems segment, primarily relating to the official check product. In connection with the restructuring of the official check business initiated in the first quarter of 2008, the Company terminated certain of its financial institution customer relationships. The termination of the relationships resulted in the recognition of a net loss of \$27.7 million on its commissions swaps during the six months ended June 30, 2008 as the forecasted commission payments being hedged no longer occurred. This loss was recorded in Investment commissions expense in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income. Additionally, the Company is Senior Facility was deemed extinguished as a result of the modifications made to the Senior Facility in connection with the recapitalization. As a result, the Company recognized a net loss of \$2.0 million on its interest rate swaps during the six months ended June 30, 2008. The loss was recorded in Interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income. The Company terminated its commission and debt interest rate swaps in the second quarter of 2008.

Historically, the Company entered into foreign currency forward contracts with 12-month durations to hedge forecasted foreign currency money transfer transactions. The Company designated these forward contracts as cash flow hedges. The Company recognized a gain of \$0.7 million and \$2.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and a loss of \$2.0 million and \$3.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, in the Fee and other revenue line of the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income upon the final settlement of these cash flow hedges.

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There were no outstanding cash flow hedges as of June 30, 2009. As of December 31, 2008, the Company had \$0.8 million of unrealized losses on its cash flow hedges recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive loss in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The notional amount of outstanding cash flow hedges as of December 31, 2008 was \$18.1 million.

The Company also uses forward contracts to hedge income statement exposure to foreign currency exchange risk arising from its assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. While these forward contracts economically hedge foreign currency risk, they are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes. The Transaction and operations support line in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income reflects a \$1.1 million and \$4.7 million loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, from the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on foreign-denominated receivables and payables, which is net of an \$8.2 million and \$2.4 million loss from the related forward contracts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. A gain of less than \$0.1 million and a loss of \$0.5 million was recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. A gain of less than \$0.1 million and a loss of \$0.5 million was recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. A gain of less than \$0.1 million and a loss of \$0.5 million was recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. A gain of less than \$0.1 million and a loss of \$0.5 million was recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. A gain of less than \$0.1 million and a loss of \$0.5 million was recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively, from the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates, which is net of losses of \$0.3 million and \$5.0 million from the related forward contracts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. As of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company had \$84.0 million and \$98.4 million, respectively, of outstanding notional amounts relating to its forward contracts.

As of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company reflects the following fair values for all of its forward contract instruments in its Consolidated Balance Sheets:

		J	June 30, 2009			December 31, 2008			
(Amounts in thousands)	Balance Sheet Location	Asset Fair Value	Liability Fair Value	Net Fair Value	Asset Fair Value	Liability Fair Value	Net Fair Value		
	Other								
Forward contracts	assets Receivables	\$ 96,313 s,	\$ (97,145)	\$ (832)	\$134,389	\$(135,588)	\$(1,199)		
Forward contracts	net	12,304	(11,051)	1,253	17,897	(15,444)	2,453		
Total		\$108,617	\$(108,196)	\$ 421	\$152,286	\$(151,032)	\$ 1,254		

Note 7 Goodwill

Following is a roll forward of the Company s goodwill:

(Amounts in thousands)	Global Funds Transfer	Payment Systems	Total Goodwill
Balance as of December 31, 2008	\$429,281	\$5,056	\$434,337
Goodwill acquired	2,012		2,012
Impairment charge	(3,176)	(582)	(3,758)
Balance as of June 30, 2009	\$428,117	\$4,474	\$432,591

The addition of goodwill relates to the acquisition of Raphaels Bank in the first quarter of 2009. In the second quarter of 2009, the Company decided to discontinue offering certain bill payment products which it had replaced with new product offerings. As a result, the Company recognized a \$3.2 million charge to impair all goodwill related to the discontinued products, which were a component of the Global Funds Transfer segment. Also in the second quarter of

2009, the Company recognized a \$0.6 million goodwill impairment charge in connection with the sale of FSMC. Goodwill impairment charges are recorded in the Transaction and operations support line of the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income.

Note 8 Debt

Following is a summary of the Company s outstanding debt as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008:

	June 3	Weighted- Average	December 31, 2008 Weighted- Average	
(Amounts in thousands)	Amount	Interest Rate	Amount	Interest Rate
Senior Tranche A loan, due 2013 Senior Tranche B loan, net of unamortized	\$100,000	5.75%	\$100,000	6.33%
discount, due 2013	234,046	7.25%	233,881	7.78%
Senior revolving credit facility, due 2013	75,000	5.75%	145,000	6.27%
Second lien notes, due 2018	500,000	13.25%	500,000	13.25%
Total debt	\$909,046		\$978,881	

Senior Facility The Company may elect an interest rate for the Senior Facility at each reset period based on the U.S. prime bank rate or the Eurodollar rate. Through 2008, the Company elected the Eurodollar rate as its basis. Effective with its first interest payment in 2009, the Company elected the U.S. bank prime rate as its basis. Amortization of the debt discount on the Tranche B loan recorded in Interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income was \$0.7 million and \$1.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$0.7 million for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. As of June 30, 2009, the Company has \$162.4 million of availability under the revolving credit facility, including outstanding letters of credit which reduce the amount available under the revolving credit facility. During the second quarter of 2009, the Company repaid \$70.0 million of the revolving credit facility at June 30, 2009. This payment will be recorded in the third quarter of 2009 and will reduce the amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility at June 30, 2009. This payment will be recorded in the third quarter of 2009 and will reduce the amounts outstanding under the revolving credit facility to \$45.0 million.

Second Lien Notes Prior to March 25, 2011, the Company has the option to capitalize interest at a rate of 15.25 percent. If interest is capitalized, 0.50 percent of the interest is payable in cash and 14.75 percent is capitalized into the outstanding principal balance. The Company elected to pay its interest through June 30, 2009 and anticipates that it will continue to pay the interest on the Notes for the foreseeable future.

Debt Covenants The Senior Facility has certain financial covenants, including an interest coverage ratio and a senior secured debt ratio. Under the Senior Facility, the Company must maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio of 1.5:1 through September 30, 2010, 1.75:1 from December 31, 2010 through September 30, 2012 and 2:1 from December 31, 2012 through maturity. The Company is not permitted to have a senior secured debt ratio in excess of 6.5:1 through September 30, 2009, 6.0:1 from December 31, 2009 through September 30, 2010, 5.5:1 from December 31, 2010 through September 30, 2012 and 4.5:1 from December 31, 2011 through September 30, 2012 and 4.5:1 from December 31, 2012 through maturity. Both the Senior Facility and the Notes also contain a covenant requiring the Company to maintain a minimum liquidity ratio of at least 1:1 for certain assets to outstanding payment service obligations. The Company is in compliance with all covenants.

Deferred Financing Costs Amortization of deferred financing costs recorded in Interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income was \$1.8 million and \$3.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$1.8 million and \$1.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, the Company recognized a debt extinguishment loss of \$1.5 million in connection with the modification of the Senior Facility and expensed \$0.4 million of unamortized deferred financing costs upon the termination of its \$150.0 million revolving credit facility with JPMorgan.

Interest Paid in Cash The Company paid \$24.0 million and \$48.5 million of interest for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, and \$26.7 million and \$32.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30,

2008, respectively.

Note 9 Pensions and Other Benefits

Net periodic benefit expense for the Company s defined benefit pension plan and combined supplemental executive retirement plans (SERPs) includes the following components:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	2009	2008
Service cost	\$ 223	\$ 329	\$ 446	\$ 655
Interest cost	3,165	3,185	6,330	6,327
Expected return on plan assets	(2,351)	(2,560)	(4,702)	(5,137)
Curtailment loss		500		500
Amortization of prior service cost	87	605	174	712
Recognized net actuarial loss	944	678	1,888	1,313
Net periodic benefit expense	\$ 2,068	\$ 2,737	\$ 4,136	\$ 4,370

Benefits paid through the defined benefit pension plan and the combined SERPs were \$4.1 million and \$4.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$8.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. No contributions were made to the defined benefit pension plan during the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. The Company made contributions to the combined SERP s totaling \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 and \$2.0 million and \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The net loss for the defined benefit pension plan and combined SERPs that the Company amortized from

Accumulated other comprehensive loss into Net periodic benefit expense was \$0.9 million (\$0.6 million, net of tax) and \$1.9 million (\$1.2 million, net of tax), during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively and \$0.7 million (\$0.4 million net of tax) and \$1.3 million (\$0.8 million net of tax), during the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. The prior service costs for the defined benefit pension plan and combined SERPs amortized from Accumulated other comprehensive loss into Net periodic benefit expense was not material for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and was \$0.6 million (\$0.4 million, net of tax), and 0.7 million (\$0.4 million, net of tax), for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, the Company recorded a curtailment loss of \$0.5 million and prior service costs of \$0.5 million under the Company s combined SERPs related to the departure of the Company s former chief executive officer and another executive officer.

Net periodic benefit expense for the Company s defined benefit postretirement plans include the following components:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	2009	2008
Service cost	\$143	\$137	\$ 286	\$ 272
Interest cost	209	207	418	411
Amortization of prior service cost	(88)	(88)	(176)	(176)
Net periodic benefit expense	\$264	\$256	\$ 528	\$ 507

Benefits paid through, and contributions made to, the defined benefit postretirement plans were \$0.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

The net loss and prior service credit amortized from Accumulated other comprehensive loss into Net periodic benefit expense for the defined benefit postretirement plans were not material during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Contribution expense for the 401(k) defined contribution plan was \$0.8 million and \$1.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to \$0.9 million and \$1.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. In addition, the Company made a discretionary profit sharing contribution to the 401(k) defined contribution plan of \$2.0 million in each of the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Note 10 Mezzanine Equity

Following is a summary of mezzanine equity activity related to Participating Convertible Preferred Stock during the six months ended June 30, 2009:

		g Convertible ed Stock
(Amounts in thousands)	Series B	Series B-1
Balance at December 31, 2008 Dividends accrued Accretion	\$458,408 34,075 4,212	\$283,804 18,759 829
Balance at June 30, 2009	\$496,695	\$303,392

Note 11 Stockholders Deficit

Common Stock On May 12, 2009, the stockholders of the Company approved the increase of the number of authorized shares of common stock to 1,300,000,000. Following is a summary of common stock issued and outstanding:

(Amounts in thousands)	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Common shares issued	88,556	88,556
Treasury stock Restricted stock	(6,037) (15)	(5,999) (92)
Common shares outstanding	82,504	82,465

Treasury Stock Following is a summary of treasury stock share activity during the six months ended June 30, 2009:

(Amounts in thousands)	Treasury Stock
Balance at December 31, 2008 Shares surrendered for withholding taxes upon release or forfeiture of restricted stock	5,999 38
Balance at June 30, 2009	6,037

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss The components of Accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows:

(Amounts in thousands)	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Net unrealized gain on securities classified as available-for-sale	\$ 15,357	\$ 9,332
Net unrealized gain on derivative financial instruments		780
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments	5,092	5,368
Prior service cost for pension and postretirement benefits, net of tax	(421)	(419)

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Unrealized losses on pension and postretirement benefits, net of tax	(56,597)	(57,768)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$(36,569)	\$(42,707)

Note 12 Stock-Based Compensation

On May 12, 2009, the stockholders of the Company approved a modification of the 2005 Omnibus Incentive Plan to increase the authorization for the issuance of awards from 7,500,000 shares of common stock to 47,000,000 shares of common stock. As of June 30, 2009, the Company has remaining authorization to issue awards of up to 32,650,218 shares of common stock.

On January 21, 2009, the Company granted an option to purchase 4,700,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.50 to the Executive Chairman of the Board. On May 12, 2009, the Company granted an additional option to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.59 to the Executive Chairman of the Board. On May 6, 2009, the Company granted an option to purchase 8,000,000 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$1.74 to the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Under the terms of the 2009 option grants, 50 percent of the award becomes exercisable through the passage of time (the Time-based Tranche). For the options awarded to the Executive Chairman, the Time-based Tranche becomes exercisable over a four-year period in an equal number of shares each year. For the President and Chief Executive Officer, the Time-based Tranche becomes exercisable over a five-year period, with 15 percent vesting immediately and the remainder vesting at rates of 10 to 20 percent each year. The remaining 50 percent of the 2009 awards (the Performance-based Tranches) becomes exercisable upon the achievement within five years of grant of the earlier of a) a pre-defined common stock price for any period of 20 consecutive trading days, b) a change in control of the Company resulting in a pre-defined per share consideration or c) in the event the Company s common stock does not trade on a U.S. exchange or trading market, a public offering resulting in the Company s common stock meeting pre-defined equity values. These options have a term of 10 years and contain certain forfeiture provisions, including the continuation of vesting terms for the twelve month period immediately following termination by the Company without cause or voluntary termination for good reason, as defined by the option agreement.

For purposes of determining the fair value of these options, the Company utilized the Black-Scholes single option pricing model for the Time-based Tranches and a combination of Monte-Carlo simulation and the Black-Scholes single option pricing model for the Performance-based Tranches. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the daily price of the Company s common stock since June 30, 2004. The Company used the simplified method to estimate the expected term of the award and historical information to estimate the forfeiture rate. Under the simplified method, the expected term represents the median between the expected vesting timeframe and the contractual term of the award. The forfeiture rate, which has been estimated at zero for the 2009 option awards, represents the number of shares that will be forfeited by the grantee due to termination of employment. In estimating the expected term and forfeiture rate, the Company considered historical activity and any expectations regarding future activity which could impact these assumptions. The risk-free rate for the Black-Scholes model is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for periods within the expected term of the option, while the risk-free rate for the Monte-Carlo simulation is based on the five-year U.S. Treasury yield in effect at the time of grant. Compensation cost, net of expected forfeitures, is recognized using a straight-line method over the vesting or service period. Following are the weighted-average grant-date fair value and assumptions utilized to estimate the grant-date fair value of the options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2009. No stock options were granted in 2008.

Expected dividend yield		0.0%
Expected volatility	72.8%	74.0%
Risk-free interest rate	2.3%	2.5%
Expected life	6.2	years
Weighted-average grant-date fair value per option	\$	1.01
Following is a summary of stock option activity for 2009:		

	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (\$000)
Options outstanding at December 31, 2008 Granted Exercised Forfeited	2,970,126 13,700,000 (295,584)	\$20.49 1.65 22.66		
Options outstanding at June 30, 2009	16,374,542	\$ 4.69	8.70 years	\$1,826
Vested or expected to vest at June 30, 2009	14,241,247	\$ 5.14	8.54 years	\$1,532
Options exercisable at June 30, 2009	3,194,161	\$16.57	4.43 years	\$ 24

As of June 30, 2009, the Company s outstanding stock options had unrecognized compensation expense of \$11.8 million and a remaining weighted-average vesting period of 2.77 years.

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$1.7 million and \$1.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009.

Note 13 Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2009, the Company had \$0.3 million of tax benefit on a pre-tax loss of \$3.6 million, resulting in an effective income tax rate of 7.6 percent. For the six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company had \$0.3 million of tax expense on pre-tax income of \$8.8 million, resulting in an effective income tax rate of 3.3 percent. The effective income tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 reflects benefits recognized on tax positions with respect to part of the net securities losses from 2008 and 2007. The Company continues to evaluate additional available tax positions related to the net securities losses. The Company received a federal income tax refund of \$43.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2009. The Company paid \$0.2 million of federal and state income taxes for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2009. For the three months ended June 30, 2008, the Company had \$8.3 million of tax expense on pre-tax income of \$23.4 million, resulting in an effective income tax rate of 35.3 percent. For the six months ended June 30, 2008, the Company had \$26.0 million of tax expense on a pre-tax loss of \$319.7 million, resulting in a negative effective income tax rate of 8.1 percent. The effective income tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 reflects a \$6.1 million expense resulting from non-deductible severance costs for the Company s former chief executive officer. In addition, both periods reflect the \$31.2 million unrealized gain from embedded derivatives, which is not a taxable item. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2008 also reflects a deferred tax asset valuation allowance of \$16.1 million recorded in the first quarter of 2008 relating to other-than-temporary charges on securities.

For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company recognized \$0.2 million in interest and penalties for unrecognized tax benefits, compared to \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008, respectively. The Company records interest and penalties for unrecognized tax benefits in Income tax (benefit) expense in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income. As of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company had accrued \$3.6 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, in interest and penalties within Accounts payable and other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note 14 Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings The Company is involved in various claims, litigations and government inquiries that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of the Company s business. All of these matters are subject to uncertainties and outcomes that are not predictable with certainty. The Company accrues for these matters as any resulting losses become probable and can be reasonably estimated. Further, the Company maintains insurance coverage for many claims and litigations alleged. Management does not believe that after final disposition any of these matters is likely to have a material adverse impact on our financial position.

Federal Securities Class Actions The Company and certain of its officers and directors are parties to a consolidated class action case in the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota captioned *In re MoneyGram International, Inc. Securities Litigation.* The Consolidated Complaint was filed on October 3, 2008, and alleges against each defendant violations of Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act) and Rule 10b-5 under the Exchange Act and alleges against Company officers violations of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. The Consolidated Complaint alleges failure to adequately disclose, in a timely manner, the nature and risks of the Company s investments, as well as unrealized losses and other-than-temporary impairments related to certain of the Company s investments. The complainant seeks recovery of losses incurred by stockholder class members in connection with their purchases of the Company s securities. On May 20, 2009, the Court granted in part and denied in part defendants motion to dismiss.

ERISA Class Action On April 22, 2008, Delilah Morrison, on behalf of herself and all other MoneyGram 401(k) Plan participants, brought an action in the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota. The complaint alleges claims under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), including claims that the defendants breached fiduciary duties by failing to manage the plan s investment in Company stock, and by continuing to offer Company stock as an investment option when the stock was no longer a prudent investment. The complaint also alleges that defendants failed to provide complete and accurate information regarding Company stock sufficient to advise plan participants of the risks involved with investing in Company stock and breached fiduciary duties by failing to properly monitor the performance of plan fiduciaries and

fiduciary appointees. Finally, the complaint alleges that to the extent that the Company is not a fiduciary, it is liable for knowingly participating in the fiduciary breaches as alleged. On August 7, 2008, plaintiff amended the complaint to add an additional plaintiff, name additional defendants and additional allegations. For relief, the complaint seeks damages based on what the most profitable alternatives to Company stock would have yielded, unspecified equitable relief, costs and attorneys fees. On March 25, 2009, the Court granted in part and denied in part defendants motion to dismiss.

Stockholder Derivative Claims On January 22, 2008, Russell L. Berney filed a complaint in Los Angeles Superior Court against the Company and its officers and directors, Thomas H. Lee Partners, L.P., and PropertyBridge, Inc. and two of its officers, alleging false and negligent misrepresentation, violations of California securities laws and unfair business practices with regard to disclosure of the Company s investments. The complaint also alleges derivative claims against the Company s Board of Directors relating to the Board s oversight of disclosure of the Company s investments and with regard to the Company s negotiations with Thomas H. Lee Partners, L.P. and Euronet Worldwide, Inc. The complaint seeks monetary damages, disgorgement, restitution or rescission of stock purchases, rescission of agreements with third parties, constructive trust and declaratory and injunctive relief, as well as attorneys fees and costs. In July 2008, an amended complaint was filed asserting an additional claim for declaratory relief.

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SEC Inquiry By letter dated February 4, 2008, the Company received notice from the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that it is conducting an informal, non-public inquiry relating to the Company's financial statements, reporting and disclosures related to the Company's investment portfolio and offers and negotiations to sell the Company or its assets. The SEC's notice states that it has not determined that any violations of the securities laws have occurred. On February 11, 2008 and November 5, 2008, the Company received additional letters from the SEC requesting certain information. The Company is cooperating with the SEC on a voluntary basis.

Other Matters The Company is in discussions with the staff of the Federal Trade Commission regarding customer complaints that third parties have used its money transfer services inappropriately in conjunction with consumer fraud activities. These discussions cover potential consumer redress and the Company s business practices in addressing these activities. Any potential resolution could require the Company to change its business practices and/or to make payments. In the second quarter, the Company accrued \$12.0 million toward a proposed resolution based upon facts and circumstances known at this time. There can be no assurance that the Company will reach an agreement with the staff of the Federal Trade Commission or that this matter will not result in future litigation. The Company also continues to cooperate with another government entity in a separate matter involving complaints of third-party fraud-induced money transfers.

Credit Facilities At June 30, 2009, the Company has overdraft facilities through its Senior Facility consisting of \$12.6 million of letters of credit to assist in the management of investments, the clearing of payment service obligations and international regulatory needs. All of these letters of credit are outstanding as of June 30, 2009. At June 30, 2009, the Company also has \$162.4 million of availability under the Senior Facility.

Minimum Commission Guarantees In limited circumstances, as an incentive to new or renewing agents, the Company may grant minimum commission guarantees for a specified period of time at a contractually specified amount. Under the guarantees, the Company will pay to the agent the difference between the contractually specified minimum commission and the actual commissions earned by the agent. Expense related to the guarantee is recognized in the Fee commissions expense line in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income.

As of June 30, 2009, the liability for minimum commission guarantees is \$1.1 million and the maximum amount that could be paid under the minimum commission guarantees is \$11.7 million over a weighted-average remaining term of 1.7 years. The maximum payment is calculated as the contractually guaranteed minimum commission times the remaining term of the contract and, therefore, assumes that the agent generates no money transfer transactions during the remainder of its contract. However, under the terms of certain agent contracts, the Company may terminate the contract if the projected or actual volume of transactions falls beneath a contractually specified amount. With respect to minimum commission guarantees that expired in 2008, the Company paid \$0.6 million or approximately 15 percent of the estimated maximum payment for the year.

Note 15 Earnings per Common Share

Following are the potential common shares excluded from diluted earnings per common share as their effect would be anti-dilutive:

		nths Ended e 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Shares related to stock options	13,015	3,890	9,835	3,973	
Shares related to restricted stock	21	130	42	163	
Shares related to preferred stock	358,771	317,326	358,771	317,326	
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Note 16 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (FAS) No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (FAS 141(R)). FAS 141(R) changes how business combinations are accounted for and disclosed, including the elimination of capitalized transaction costs and accounting for contingent consideration. The Company adopted FAS 141(R) effective January 1, 2009 with no material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FSP Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating* (FSP EITF 03-6-1). FSP EITF 03-6-1 addresses whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities prior to vesting and, therefore, need to be included in computing earnings per share under the two-class method described in FAS 128, *Earnings per Share*. FSP EITF 03-6-1 requires companies to treat unvested share-based payment awards that have non-forfeitable rights to dividend or dividend equivalents as a separate class of securities in calculating earnings per share. The Company adopted FSP EITF 03-6-1 effective January 1, 2009 with no material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2009, the FASB issued FSP EITF 99-20-1, *Amendments to the Impairment Guidance of EITF Issue No. 99-20* (FSP EITF 99-20-1). FSP EITF 99-20-1 conforms the application of other-than-temporary impairment guidance on beneficial interests in securitized financial assets to the impairment model in FAS 115, *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities*. The Company adopted FSP EITF 99-20-1 on January 1, 2009 with no material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1, Interim Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments (FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1). FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 amends FAS No. 107, Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments, to require disclosures about fair value of financial instruments for interim reporting periods as well as in annual financial statements. The FSP also amends Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 28, Interim Financial Reporting, to require those disclosures in summarized financial information at interim reporting periods. The Company adopted FSP FAS 107-1 and APB 28-1 effective for the interim period ending June 30, 2009 and has included the required disclosures in the Notes to its Consolidated Financial Statements. In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP FAS 115-2 and FAS 124-2, Recognition and Presentation of Other-Than-Temporary Impairments (FSP FAS 115-2 and FAS 124-2). This FSP amends FAS No. 115 and FAS No. 124, Accounting for Certain Investments Held by Not-for-Profit Organizations, and EITF Issue No. 99-20, Recognition of Interest Income and Impairment on Purchased Beneficial Interest and Beneficial Interest That Continue to Be Held by a Transferor in Securitized Assets to make the other-than-temporary impairments guidance more operational and to improve the presentation of other-than-temporary impairments in the financial statements. This FSP will replace the existing requirement that the entity s management assert it has both the intent and ability to hold an impaired debt security until recovery with a requirement that management assert it does not have the intent to sell the security and that it is more likely than not management will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis. This FSP requires increased disclosure about the credit and noncredit components of impaired debt securities that are not expected to be sold, as well as increased disclosures regarding expected cash flows, credit losses and an aging of securities with unrealized losses. The Company adopted FSP FAS 115-2 and FAS 124-2 effective for the interim period ending June 30, 2009 with no material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements. In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP FAS 157-4, Determining Fair Value When the Volume and Level of Activity for the Asset or Liability Have Significantly Decreased and Identifying Transactions That Are Not Orderly (FSP FAS 157-4). FSP FAS 157-4 amends FAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, and provides additional guidance for estimating fair value when the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability have significantly decreased and also includes guidance on identifying circumstances that indicate a transaction is not orderly for fair value measurements. FSP FAS 157-4 shall be applied prospectively with retrospective application not permitted. The Company adopted FSP FAS 157-4 effective for the interim period ending June 30, 2009 with no material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In April 2009, the FASB issued FSP 141(R)-1, *Accounting for Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed in a Business Combination That Arise from Contingencies* (FSP 141(R)-1). FSP 141(R)-1 amends and clarifies FAS 141(R) to

address application issues associated with initial recognition and measurement, subsequent measurement and accounting, and disclosure of assets and liabilities arising from contingencies in a business combination. FSP 141(R)-1 is effective for assets or liabilities arising from contingencies in business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company adopted FSP 141(R)-1 effective January 1, 2009 with no material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued FAS No. 166, *Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets* an amendment of FASB *Statement No. 140* (FAS 166), which amends the derecognition guidance in FAS No. 140 and eliminates the exemption from consolidation for qualifying special-purpose entities. This statement is effective for financial asset transfers occurring after the beginning of an entity s first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FAS 166 on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued FAS No. 167, *Amendments to FASB Interpretation No.* 46(R) (FAS 167), which amends the consolidation guidance applicable to variable interest entities. This statement is effective as of the beginning of each reporting entity s first annual reporting period that begins after November 15, 2009. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FAS 167 on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued FAS No. 165, *Subsequent Events* (FAS 165), which provides guidance to establish general standards of accounting for and disclosures of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. FAS 165 requires entities to disclose the date through which subsequent events were evaluated as well as the rationale for why that date was selected.

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The Company adopted the provisions of FAS 165 effective for the interim period ending June 30, 2009 with no material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued FAS No. 168, the FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162 (FAS 168). With the issuance of FAS 168, the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (Codification) becomes the single source of authoritative United States accounting and reporting standards applicable for all nongovernmental entities, with the exception of guidance issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Codification does not change current accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), but changes the referencing of financial standards and is intended to simplify user access to authoritative GAAP by providing all the authoritative literature related to a particular topic in one place. The Codification is effective with the Company s third quarter of 2009. At that time, all references made to GAAP will use the new Codification numbering system prescribed by the FASB. The Codification is not intended to change or alter existing GAAP; therefore, it is not expected to have any impact on the Company s consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Note 17 Segment Information

The Company conducts its business through two reportable segments, Global Funds Transfer and Payment Systems, which are determined based upon factors such as the type of customers, the nature of products and services provided and the distribution channels used to provide those services. The Company s largest agent in the Global Funds Transfer segment, Walmart Stores, Inc. (Walmart), accounted for approximately 28.8 percent and 25.9 percent of the Company s total fee and investment revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Other unallocated expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 included \$17.7 million of executive severance and related costs and the six months ended June 30, 2008 also included \$7.7 million of costs relating to the recapitalization. The following table reconciles segment operating income (loss) to (Loss) income before income taxes as reported in the Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income:

		nths Ended le 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Revenue Global Funds Transfer					
Money transfer, including bill payment	\$249,833	\$254,744	\$491,953	\$ 488,600	
Retail money order and other	19,910	17,508	37,482	2,651	
	269,743	272,252	529,435	491,251	
Payment Systems					
Official check and payment processing	14,152	8,032	26,757	(195,691)	
Other	6,099	5,665	12,462	7,359	
	20,251	13,697	39,219	(188,332)	
Other	1,187	139	2,418	231	
Total revenue	\$291,181	\$286,088	\$571,072	\$ 303,150	
Operating income (loss)					
Global Funds Transfer	\$ 10,905	\$ 30,620	\$ 47,631	\$ 26,948	
Payment Systems	9,442	3,904	16,694	(310,949)	
Total segment operating income (loss)	20,347	34,524	64,325	(284,001)	

Interest expense Debt extinguishment loss	(26,649)	(24,008)	(53,689)	(38,797) (1,499)
Valuation gain on embedded derivatives		31,203		31,203
Other unallocated expenses	2,712	(18,299)	(1,822)	(26,601)
	¢ (2.500)	¢ 22.420	¢ 0.014	¢(210 (05)
(Loss) income before income taxes	\$ (3,590)	\$ 23,420	\$ 8,814	\$(319,695)
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The following table presents depreciation and amortization expense and capital expenditures by segment:

		nths Ended e 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Depreciation and amortization					
Global Funds Transfer	\$12,352	\$13,839	\$25,504	\$23,323	
Payment Systems	2,610	449	3,820	5,183	
Total depreciation and amortization	\$14,962	\$14,288	\$29,324	\$28,506	
Capital expenditures					
Global Funds Transfer	\$ 6,022	\$10,979	\$12,311	\$14,485	
Payment Systems	2,803	58	3,193	2,418	
Total capital expenditures	\$ 8,825	\$11,037	\$15,504	\$16,903	

The following table presents revenue by major geographic area:

		nths Ended 1e 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	2009	2008	
United States International	\$201,649 89,532	\$190,876 95,212	\$401,100 169,972	\$122,231 180,919	
Total revenue	\$291,181	\$286,088	\$571,072	\$303,150	

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes of MoneyGram International, Inc. (MoneyGram, the Company, we, us and our). This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. MoneyGram s actual results could differ materially from those anticipated due to various factors discussed under Forward-Looking Statements and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Executive Management Changes On January 21, 2009, the Board of Directors appointed Anthony P. Ryan as President and Chief Executive Officer and Pamela H. Patsley as Executive Chairman of the Board. In the first quarter of 2009, we announced the departure of David J. Parrin, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Mary A. Dutra, Executive Vice President, Global Payment Processing and Settlement (effective September 24, 2009). In the second quarter of 2009, we announced the departure of Cindy Stemper, Executive Vice President Human Resources. On July 16, 2009, we announced the retirement of Teresa H. Johnson, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary effective September 30, 2009. On July 30, 2009, we announced that we named Jeffrey R. Woods as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. The Company is in the process of identifying replacements for the open executive positions.

Table 1Results of Operations

		nths Ended e 30,	%	%		
(Amounts in thousands)	2009 (unaudited)	2008 (unaudited)	Change	2009 (unaudited)	2008 (unaudited)	Change
Revenue						
Fee and other revenue	\$278,493	\$281,881	(1%)	\$546,637	\$ 544,678	0%
Investment revenue	8,455	34,498	(75%)	20,146	96,063	(79%)
Net securities gains (losses)	4,233	(30,291)	114%	4,289	(337,591)	101%
Total revenue	291,181	286,088	2%	571,072	303,150	88%
Fee commissions expense Investment commissions	121,764	129,098	(6%)	240,308	246,330	(2%)
expense	354	(5,385)	107%	753	91,504	(99%)
Total commissions expense	122,118	123,713	(1%)	241,061	337,834	(29%)
Net revenue (losses)	169,063	162,375	4%	330,011	(34,684)	1051%
Expenses						
Compensation and benefits Transaction and operations	47,639	68,136	(30%)	99,271	120,435	(18%)
support Depreciation and	71,166	51,335	39%	115,650	103,364	12%
amortization	14,962	14,288	5%	29,324	28,506	3%
Occupancy, equipment and	10 027	12 201	(107)	22.262	22 (12	(107)
supplies	12,237	12,391	(1%)	23,263	23,613	(1%)
Interest expense Valuation gain on	26,649	24,008	11%	53,689	38,797	38%
embedded derivatives Debt extinguishment loss		(31,203)	100%		(31,203) 1,499	100% (100%)

Total expenses	172,653	138,955	24%	321,197	285,011	13%
(Loss) income before income taxes Income tax (benefit) expense	(3,590) (273)	23,420 8,259	(115%) (103%)	8,814 290	(319,695) 25,999	103% (99%)
Net (loss) income	\$ (3,317)	\$ 15,161	(122%)	\$ 8,524	\$(345,694)	102%

Following are significant items affecting operating results during the second quarter of 2009 as compared to the second quarter of 2008:

Fee and other revenue decreased 1 percent in the second quarter of 2009 to \$278.5 million due to the decline in the Euro exchange rate and money transfer (including bill payment) average fees, partially offset by money transfer transaction volume growth. Money transfer volume (including bill payment) grew 1 percent. In the second quarter of 2009, the rate of growth in money transfer volume slowed, reflecting continued slowing economic conditions and a growing volume base.

Investment revenue decreased \$26.0 million, or 75 percent, in the second quarter of 2009 due to lower yields earned on our realigned investment portfolio and a substantial decrease in our investment balances from the termination of official check financial institution customers.

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We recorded \$4.2 million of net securities gains in the second quarter of 2009 from valuation gains on put options and a gain from the call of a trading investment, partially offset by unrealized losses on trading investments and other-than-temporary impairments on asset-backed securities. This is compared to \$30.3 million of net securities losses in the second quarter of 2008 from unrealized losses on trading investments and other-than-temporary impairments.

Total commissions expense decreased \$1.6 million, or 1 percent, in the second quarter of 2009. Commissions expense for the second quarter of 2008 included an unrealized gain of \$29.3 million from changes in the value of interest rate swaps related to the official check business. The decline in the federal funds rate, lower investment balances and repricing initiatives reduced investment commissions expense by \$23.6 million in the second quarter of 2009. Fee and other commissions expense decreased \$7.3 million from the decline in the Euro exchange rate and lower average commission rates, partially offset by money transfer transaction volume growth.

Interest expense increased to \$26.6 million in the second quarter of 2009 from \$24.0 million in 2008 as a result of a gain of \$4.2 million related to the termination of interest rate swaps related to our floating rate debt in the second quarter of 2008, partially offset by lower interest expense from the paydown of debt in May 2009.

Total expenses in the second quarter of 2009 increased \$33.7 million, or 24 percent, over 2008. Total expenses in 2008 reflect an unrealized gain of \$31.2 million from changes in the fair value of embedded derivatives in our preferred stock. Compensation and benefits decreased \$20.5 million in the second quarter of 2009 due to \$17.7 million of executive severance and related costs recorded in the second quarter of 2008. Transaction and operations expense increased \$19.8 million from a \$12.0 million accrual related to discussions with the Federal Trade Commission and a \$9.0 million increase in our provision for loss, primarily from the closure of an agent.

In the second quarter of 2009, we had a tax benefit of \$0.3 million on a pre-tax loss of \$3.6 million, reflecting benefits recognized on tax positions with respect to part of the net securities losses from 2008 and 2007.

A significant amount of our internationally originated transactions and settlements with international agents are conducted in the Euro. In addition, the operating expenses of most of our international subsidiaries are denominated in the Euro. During the second quarter of 2009, the average Euro to U.S. Dollar exchange rate decreased to 1.36 from 1.56 in the second quarter of 2008. The decline in the Euro exchange rate (net of hedging activities) reduced total revenue by \$8.5 million, commissions expense by \$5.0 million and operating expenses by \$5.0 million, for a net increase to our income before taxes of \$1.5 million.

Table 2 Net Fee Revenue Analysis

		nths Ended e 30,	%	Six Mont Jun	%	
(Amounts in thousands)	2009	2008	Change	2009	2008	Change
Fee and other revenue Fee commissions expense	\$ 278,493 (121,764)	\$ 281,881 (129,098)	(1%) 6%	\$ 546,637 (240,308)	\$ 544,678 (246,330)	0% 2%
Net fee revenue	\$ 156,729	\$ 152,783	3%	\$ 306,329	\$ 298,348	3%
Fee commissions expense as a % of fee and other revenue	43.7%	45.8%		44.0%	45.2%	

Fee and other revenue consists of fees on money transfer (including bill payment), money orders and official check. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, fee and other revenue remained relatively flat from 2008 as the decline in the Euro exchange rate and lower average fees were offset by money transfer volume growth. Money transfer average fees decreased from lower face values per transaction and corridor mix. Money transfer transaction volume increased 1 percent and 3 percent for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to 2008. Money transfer (including bill payment) volume growth slowed in the second quarter of 2009, reflecting continued slowing economic conditions and a growing volume base. The decline in the Euro exchange rate, net of hedging activities, reduced revenue by \$8.5 million and \$15.1 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. Transaction volume growth resulted in incremental revenue of \$7.7 million and \$5.7 million, respectively. Transaction volume growth resulted in incremental revenue of \$7.7 million and \$21.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. See Table 6 *Global Funds Transfer Segment* for further information regarding money transfer revenue and transaction volume.

Fee commissions expense consists primarily of fees paid to our third-party agents for the money transfer service. We generally do not pay fee commissions on our money order products. Fee commissions expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, decreased \$7.3 million and \$6.0 million, respectively, from 2008 due to the decline in the Euro exchange rate and lower average commission rates from lower average face values per transaction and corridor mix, partially offset by money transfer transaction volume growth. The decline in the Euro exchange rate, net of hedging activities, reduced commissions expense by \$5.0 million and \$9.6 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, while lower average commission rates reduced commissions expense by \$2.4 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. Transaction volume growth resulted in incremental commissions expense of \$1.6 million and \$6.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. Net fee revenue increased 3 percent for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, compared to 2008, due to the

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decline in commissions expense compared to flat revenue.

Table 3 Net Investment Revenue Analysis

	Three Months Ended June 30,			% Jı			ix Months Ended June 30,			
(Amounts in thousands)		2009		2008	Change		2009		2008	Change
Investment revenue Investment commissions expense (1)	\$	8,455 (354)	\$	34,498 5,385	(75%) (107%)	\$	20,146 (753)	\$	96,063 (91,504)	(79%) 99%
Net investment revenue	\$	8,101	\$	39,883	(80%)	\$	19,393	\$	4,559	325%
Average balances: Cash equivalents and investments Payment service obligations (2)		251,978 961,485		,178,328 ,050,191			,322,589 ,089,243		,997,793 ,334,531	(14%) (29%)
Average yields earned and rates paid (3): Investment yield Investment commission rate Net investment margin		0.80% 0.05% 0.76%		2.68% (0.53%) 3.10%			0.94% 0.05% 0.90%		3.87% 4.25% 0.18%	
 (1) Investment commissions expense includes payments made to financial institution customers based on short-term interest rate indices on the outstanding balances of official checks sold by that financial institution. (2) Commissions are paid to financial institution customers based upon average outstanding balances generated by the sale of official 										

checks only. The average balance in the table reflects only the payment service obligations for which commissions are paid. Average yields/rates are calculated by dividing the applicable amount of Net investment revenue by the applicable amount shown in the Average balances section, divided by the number of days in the period presented and multiplied by the number

of days in the year. The Net investment margin is calculated by dividing Net investment revenue by the

(3)

divided by the number of days in the period presented and multiplied by the number of days in the year. Investment revenue decreased \$26.0 million, or 75 percent, and \$75.9 million, or 79 percent, in the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, compared to 2008 due to lower yields earned on our realigned investment portfolio and the decrease in our investment balances from the termination of official check financial institution

Cash

equivalents and investments average balance,

customers. With the realignment of the portfolio in the first quarter of 2008, our portfolio is now comprised primarily of lower yielding cash equivalents and government agency securities. See Note 5 *Investment Portfolio* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of our investment portfolio.

Investment commissions expense was \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2009, compared to revenue of \$5.4 million in 2008, which includes an unrealized gain of \$29.3 million from increases in the fair value of interest rate swaps swaps related to the official check business. These swaps were terminated in June 2008, resulting in a \$27.7 million net loss recorded in commissions expense for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

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See Note 6 *Derivative Financial Instruments* of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information regarding the interest rate swaps. Investment commissions paid to financial institution customers decreased in the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 from the decline in the federal funds rate, lower investment balances upon which commissions were paid and lower commissions rates from the official check repricing initiated in the first quarter of 2008. The federal funds rate has been so low during 2009 that most of our financial institution customers were in a negative commission position, in that we do not owe any commissions to our customers. While the majority of our contracts require that the financial institution customers pay us for the negative commission amount, we have opted at this time to impose certain per item and other fees rather than require payment of the negative commissions at a future date.

Net investment margins of 0.76 percent and 0.90 percent for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively, reflect the federal funds rate environment and lower investment balances discussed above. The net investment margins for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 reflect the impact of the interest rate swaps, as discussed above.

Table 4 Summary of Gains, Losses and Impairments

