INFORMATICA CORP Form 10-Q May 08, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

b Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2009

OR

o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 0-25871

INFORMATICA CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 77-0333710 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

100 Cardinal Way Redwood City, California 94063 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(650) 385-5000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days: Yes R No £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes £ No £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer R	Accelerated filer £	Non-accelerated filer £	Smaller reporting company £
Indicate by check mark whethe Yes R No	er the registrant is a sho	ell company (as defined in l	Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). £
As of April 30, 2009, there wer	e approximately 87,137	7,000 shares of the registrant	's common stock outstanding.

INFORMATICA CORPORATION

Table of Contents

	Page
	No.
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:	3
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008	5
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	28
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	45
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	46
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	47
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	47
Item 1A. Risk Factors	47
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	60
Item 5. Other Events	60
Item 6. Exhibits	61
<u>Signature</u>	62
Exhibit Index	63
EXHIBIT 31.1	
EXHIBIT 31.2	
EXHIBIT 32.1	
2	

Table of Contents

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATICA CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)

(In thousands)					
		March 31,		December	
		09	31, 2008		
	(Unaudi				
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	123,349	\$	179,874	
Short-term investments		296,527		281,055	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$2,761 and \$2,558, respectively		65,921		87,492	
Deferred tax assets		24,112		22,336	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		16,384		12,498	
Total current assets		526,293		583,255	
Property and equipment, net		8,469		9,063	
Goodwill		234,505		219,063	
Other intangible assets, net		51,877		35,529	
Long-term deferred tax assets		10,682		7,294	
Other assets		8,302		8,908	
Total assets	\$	840,128	\$	863,112	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	5,221	\$	7,376	
Accrued liabilities		28,903		34,541	
Accrued compensation and related expenses		24,668		29,365	
Accrued facilities restructuring charges		20,151		19,529	
Deferred revenues		121,469		120,892	
Total current liabilities		200,412		211,703	
Convertible senior notes		201,000		221,000	
Accrued facilities restructuring charges, less current portion		41,866		44,939	
Long-term deferred revenues		6,245		8,847	
Long-term income taxes payable		21,200		20,668	
Total liabilities		470,723		507,157	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)					
Stockholders' equity:					
Common stock		87		87	
Additional paid-in capital		380,159		374,091	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(7,418)		(3,741)		
Accumulated deficit		(3,423)		(14,482)	
Total stockholders' equity		369,405		355,955	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	840,128	\$	863,112	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

INFORMATICA CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	20		20	,	
Revenues:					
License	\$	44,059	\$	44,209	
Service		64,999		59,501	
Total revenues		109,058		103,710	
Cost of revenues:					
License		748		693	
Service		18,472		19,785	
Amortization of acquired technology		1,557		620	
Total cost of revenues		20,777		21,098	
Gross profit		88,281		82,612	
Operating expenses:					
Research and development		18,183		17,724	
Sales and marketing		41,438		42,787	
General and administrative		10,806		8,369	
Amortization of intangible assets		2,051		362	
Facilities restructuring charges		809		947	
Total operating expenses		73,287		70,189	
Income from operations		14,994		12,423	
Interest income		1,790		4,857	
Interest expense		(1,671)		(1,802)	
Other income, net		767		503	
Income before provision for income taxes		15,880		15,981	
Provision for income taxes	Ф	4,821	Ф	4,757	
Net income	\$	11,059	\$	11,224	
Basic net income per common share	\$	0.13	\$	0.13	
Diluted net income per common share	\$	0.12	\$	0.12	
Shares used in computing basic net income per common share		86,862		88,128	
Shares used in computing diluted net income per common share		100,430		103,727	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

INFORMATICA CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended					
	March			•		
	2009		20	08		
Operating activities:						
Net income	\$	11,059	\$	11,224		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		1,353		1,401		
Gain on early extinguishment of debt		(337)				
Share-based payments		4,199		4,114		
Deferred income taxes		(1,469)		(188)		
Tax benefits from stock option plans		672		2,961		
Excess tax benefits from share-based payments		(397)		(2,335)		
Amortization of intangible assets and acquired technology		3,608		982		
Non-cash facilities restructuring charges		809		947		
Other non-cash items		610		(652)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		23,730		26,678		
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(3,612)		(3,952)		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(20,499)		(16,201)		
Income taxes payable		665		435		
Accrued facilities restructuring charges		(3,219)		(2,347)		
Deferred revenues		(4,291)		5,979		
Net cash provided by operating activities		12,881		29,046		
Investing activities:						
Purchases of property and equipment		(577)		(1,071)		
Purchases of investments		(146,227)		(60,054)		
Payment of investment in equity interest		_	_	(3,000)		
Maturities of investments		115,848		96,904		
Sales of investments		14,097		27,216		
Business acquisition, net of cash acquired		(32,976)				
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(49,835)		59,995		
Financing activities:						
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock		6,967		13,757		
Repurchases and retirement of common stock		(5,910)		(6,349)		
Repurchases of convertible senior notes		(19,200)		_		
Excess tax benefits from share-based payments		397		2,335		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(17,746)		9,743		
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1,825)		2,256		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(56,525)		101,040		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		179,874		203,661		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	123,349	\$	304,701		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Three Months Ended

Table of Contents

INFORMATICA CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Informatica Corporation ("Informatica," or the "Company") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States of America. However, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed, or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In the opinion of management, the financial statements include all adjustments necessary, which are of a normal and recurring nature for the fair presentation of the results of the interim periods presented. All of the amounts included in this Report related to the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2009 and 2008 are unaudited. The interim results presented are not necessarily indicative of results for any subsequent interim period, the year ending December 31, 2009, or any future period.

The preparation of the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates, judgments, and assumptions. The Company believes that the estimates, judgments, and assumptions upon which it relies are reasonable based on information available at the time that these estimates, judgments, and assumptions were made. These estimates, judgments, and assumptions can affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. To the extent there are material differences between these estimates and actual results, Informatica's financial statements would be affected. In many cases, the accounting treatment of a particular transaction is specifically dictated by GAAP and does not require management's judgment in its application. There are also instances that management's judgment in selecting an available alternative would not produce a materially different result.

These unaudited, condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2008 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2008 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Revenue Recognition

The Company derives its revenues from software license fees, maintenance fees, and professional services, which consist of consulting and education services. The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position No. 97-2 ("SOP No. 97-2"), Software Revenue Recognition, as amended and modified by American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position No. 98-9 ("SOP No. 98-9"), Modification of SOP No. 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, With Respect to Certain Transactions, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position No. 81-1 ("SOP No. 81-1"), Accounting for Performance of Construction-type and Certain Production-type Contracts, the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104 ("SAB No. 104"), Revenue Recognition, and other authoritative accounting literature.

Under SOP No. 97-2, revenue is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collection is probable.

Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists. The Company determines that persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists when it has a written contract, signed by both the customer and the Company, and written purchase authorization.

Delivery has occurred. Software is considered delivered when title to the physical software media passes to the customer or, in the case of electronic delivery, when the customer has been provided with the access codes to download and operate the software.

Fee is fixed or determinable. The Company considers arrangements with extended payment terms not to be fixed or determinable. If the license fee in an arrangement is not fixed or determinable, revenue is recognized as payments become due. Revenue arrangements with resellers and distributors require evidence of sell-through, that is, persuasive evidence that the products have been sold to an identified end user. The Company's standard agreements do not contain product return rights.

6

Table of Contents

INFORMATICA CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Collection is probable. The Company assesses first the credit-worthiness and collectibility at a country level based on the country's overall economic climate and general business risk. Then, for the customers in the countries that are deemed credit-worthy, it assesses credit and collectibility based on their payment history and credit profile. When a customer is not deemed credit-worthy, revenue is recognized at the time that payment is received.

The Company also enters into OEM arrangements that provide for license fees based on inclusion of technology and/or products in the OEM's products. These arrangements provide for fixed and irrevocable royalty payments. The Company recognizes royalty payments as revenues based on the royalty report that it receives from the OEMs. In the case of OEMs with fixed royalty payments, revenue is recognized upon execution of the agreement, delivery of the software, and when all other criteria for revenue recognition have been met.

Multiple contracts with a single counterparty executed within close proximity of each other are evaluated to determine if the contracts should be combined and accounted for as a single arrangement. The Company recognizes revenues net of applicable sales taxes, financing charges absorbed by Informatica, and amounts retained by our resellers and distributors, if any.

The Company's software license arrangements include the following multiple elements: license fees from our core software products and/or product upgrades that are not part of post-contract services, maintenance fees, consulting, and/or education services. The Company uses the residual method to recognize license revenue when the license arrangement includes elements to be delivered at a future date and vendor-specific objective evidence ("VSOE") of fair value exists to allocate the fee to the undelivered elements of the arrangement. VSOE is based on the price charged when an element is sold separately. If VSOE does not exist for undelivered elements, all revenue is deferred and recognized as delivery occurs or when VSOE is established. Consulting services, if included as part of the software arrangement, generally do not require significant modification or customization of the software. If the software arrangement includes significant modification or customization of the software license revenue is recognized as the consulting services revenue is recognized.

The Company recognizes maintenance revenues, which consist of fees for ongoing support and product updates, ratably over the term of the contract, typically one year.

Consulting revenues are primarily related to implementation services and product configurations performed on a time-and-materials basis and, occasionally, on a fixed fee basis. Education services revenues are generated from classes offered at both Company and customer locations. Revenues from consulting and education services are recognized as the services are performed.

Deferred revenues include deferred license, maintenance, consulting, and education services revenues. For customers not deemed credit-worthy, the Company's practice is to net unpaid deferred revenue for that customer against the related receivable balance.

Fair Value Measurement of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements ("SFAS No. 157") establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1. Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2. Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3. Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

SFAS No. 157 allows the Company to measure the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities based on one or more of the three following valuation techniques:

Market approach. Prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities;

Cost approach. Amount that would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost); and

Income approach. Techniques to convert future amounts to a single present amount based on market expectations (including present value techniques, option-pricing, and excess earnings models).

7

Table of Contents

INFORMATICA CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table summarizes the fair value measurement classification of Informatica as of March 31, 2009 (in thousands):

			Quoted				
		F	Prices in				
			Active	Si	gnificant		
		Markets for Other			Significant		
		I	dentical	Observable		Unobservable	
			Assets	Inputs		Inputs	
To	tal	((Level 1)		(Level 2)		evel 3)
\$	35,457	\$	35,457	\$	_	_ \$	
	303,522		_	_	303,522		_
	338,979		35,457		303,522		_
	3,000		_	_	_	_	3,000
\$	341,979	\$	35,457	\$	303,522	\$	3,000
\$	396	\$	_	_ \$	396	\$	
	200,246		200,246		_	_	
\$	200,642	\$	200,246	\$	396	\$	
	\$ \$	303,522 338,979 3,000 \$ 341,979 \$ 396 200,246	Total (\$ 35,457 \$ 303,522	Markets for Identical Assets Total (Level 1) \$ 35,457 \$ 35,457 303,522 338,979 35,457 3,000 \$ 341,979 \$ 35,457 \$ 396 \$ 200,246 200,246	Prices in Active Si Markets for Identical O Assets Total (Level 1) (\$ 35,457 \$ 35,457 \$ 303,522 — 338,979 35,457 3,000 — \$ 341,979 \$ 35,457 \$ \$ 396 \$ —\$ 200,246 200,246	Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Total Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 1) \$ 35,457 \$ 35,457 \$ - 303,522 303,522 338,979 35,457 303,522 3,000 \$ 341,979 \$ 35,457 \$ 303,522 \$ 396 \$ -\$ 396 200,246 200,246	Prices in

The following table summarizes the fair value measurement classification of Informatica as of December 31, 2008 (in thousands):

Accetes	Total		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets:	ф	25.542	Ф	25 5 42	Φ		Ф	
Money market funds (1)	\$	25,542	>	25,542	3		_ \$	
Marketable securities (2)		322,796		_	_	322,796		
Total money market funds and marketable securities		348,338		25,542		322,796		
Foreign currency derivatives (3)		155		_	_	155		_
Investment in equity interest (4)		3,000		_	_	_	_ 3,0	000
Total	\$	351,493						