LogMeIn, Inc. Form 10-Q July 26, 2012 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

OR

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-34391

LOGMEIN, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

20-1515952 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

500 Unicorn Park Drive

Woburn, Massachusetts (Address of principal executive offices)

01801 (Zip Code)

781-638-9050

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer "(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

As of July 20, 2012, there were 24,746,745 shares of the registrant s Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

LOGMEIN, INC.

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Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

LogMeIn, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	December 31, 2011	June 30, 2012
ASSETS	2011	2012
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 103,603,684	\$ 98,443,541
Marketable securities	95,040,045	100,015,400
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$109,000 and \$142,000 as of December 31,		
2011 and June 30, 2012, respectively)	8,747,104	8,363,433
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,411,640	2,938,152
Deferred income tax assets	1,980,342	1,976,028
Total current assets	211,782,815	211,736,554
Property and equipment, net	5,202,721	5,884,674
Restricted cash	369,792	3,909,611
Intangibles, net	3,260,612	6,861,150
Goodwill	7,258,743	18,440,492
Other assets	242,122	230,767
Deferred income tax assets	3,940,312	3,940,312
Total assets	\$ 232,057,117	\$ 251,003,560
	+ 202,001,001	+ == =,===,===
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 6,275,163	\$ 5,554,634
Accrued liabilities	10,472,805	13,096,744
Deferred revenue, current portion	55,961,859	59,702,020
	22,722,027	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total current liabilities	72,709,827	78,353,398
Deferred revenue, net of current portion	2,302,465	3,125,276
Other long-term liabilities	1,239,136	2,292,857
outer rong term nationals	1,237,130	2,272,037
Total liabilities	76,251,428	83,771,531
Total natifices	70,231,426	05,771,551
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value 5,000,000 shares authorized, 0 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2011 and June 30, 2012		
Equity:		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value 75,000,000 shares authorized as of December 31, 2011 and June 30, 2012;		
24,551,641 and 24,733,520 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2011 and June 30, 2012,		
respectively	245,516	247,335
Additional paid-in capital	154,440,369	165,076,334
Retained earnings	2,677,128	3,329,045
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,557,324)	(1,420,685)
A recumulation of the following for the following follow	(1,557,524)	(1,720,003)
Total equity	155,805,689	167,232,029

Total liabilities and equity \$232,057,117 \$251,003,560

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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LogMeIn, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

	Three Moi 2011	nths E	nded June 30 2012	, s	Six Months E 2011	nded J	une 30, 2012
Revenue	\$ 29,097,9	56	\$ 33,796,58	1 \$ 5	6,136,735	\$ 66	5,484,512
Cost of revenue	2,445,7	65	3,424,72	8	4,981,901	(5,842,046
Gross profit	26,652,1	91	30,371,85	3 5	1,154,834	59	9,642,466
Operating expenses							
Research and development	4,661,9	79	6,696,43	2	8,979,758	12	2,916,403
Sales and marketing	14,056,1	28	16,474,13	2 2	7,042,237	33	3,319,955
General and administrative	3,836,9	55	4,799,98	7	9,895,645	ç	9,705,251
Legal settlement					1,250,000		
Amortization of acquired intangibles	92,0	48	145,68	0	184,082		272,945
Total operating expenses	22,647,1	10	28,116,23	1 4	7,351,722	56	5,214,554
Income from operations	4,005,0	81	2,255,62	2	3,803,112	3	3,427,912
Interest income, net	239,9	58	217,97	7	450,670		433,467
Other expense	(151,8	72)	(269,32	5)	(260,683)		(505,590)
Income before income taxes	4,093,1	67	2,204,27	4	3,993,099	3	3,355,789
Provision for income taxes	(1,410,8	43)	(1,628,59	7) (1,376,022)	(2	2,703,872)
Net income	\$ 2,682,33	24	\$ 575,67	7 \$	2,617,077	\$	651,917
Net income per share:							
Basic	\$ 0.	11	\$ 0.0		0.11	\$	0.03
Diluted	\$ 0.	11	\$ 0.0	2 \$	0.10	\$	0.03
Weighted average shares outstanding:							
Basic	24,116,6	86	24,677,89	3 2	4,023,018	24	1,625,851
Diluted	25,169,6	89	25,367,22	7 2	5,118,423	25	5,360,950

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

LogMeIn, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

	Three Months I 2011	Ended June 30, 2012	Six Months En 2011	ded June 30, 2012
Net income	\$ 2,682,324	\$ 575,677	\$ 2,617,077	\$ 651,917
Other comprehensive income:				
Net unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities, net of tax	13,720	(4,295)	(3,423)	6,438
Net translation gains (losses)	218,037	(905,512)	790,497	130,201
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	231,757	(909,807)	787,074	136,639
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 2,914,081	\$ (334,130)	\$ 3,404,151	\$ 788,556

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

LogMeIn, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011 2012	
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 2,617,077	\$ 651,917
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	2,074,756	2,848,825
Amortization of premium on investments	95,291	22,370
Provision for bad debts	30,000	55,000
Provision for deferred income taxes	1,335,520	173
Income tax benefit from the exercise of stock options	(2,028,000)	
Stock-based compensation	3,996,617	6,073,007
Gain on disposal of equipment	(396)	(661)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(2,640,416)	441,348
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	494,470	(513,585)
Other assets	(163,153)	11,355
Accounts payable	645,428	(871,267)
Accrued liabilities	(881,303)	2,235,628
Deferred revenue	8,339,473	4,138,268
Other long-term liabilities	(93,046)	1,053,721
	, , ,	, ,
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,822,318	16,146,099
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of marketable securities	(85,073,350)	(74,987,000)
Proceeds from sale or disposal of marketable securities	85,000,000	70,000,000
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,094,569)	(2,284,816)
Intangible asset additions	(137,519)	(566,442)
Cash paid for acquisition, net of cash acquired		(14,831,525)
Increase in restricted cash and deposits	(25,569)	(3,557,760)
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,331,007)	(26,227,543)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock upon option exercises	2,432,090	2,012,777
Income tax benefit from the exercise of stock options	2,028,000	2,552,000
meone tax benefit from the exercise of stock options	2,028,000	2,332,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	4,460,090	4,564,777
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	772,196	356,524
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	16,723,597	(5,160,143)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	77,279,987	103,603,684
cash and tash equivalents, eegiming of period	,=.,,,,,,	100,000,00
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 94,003,584	\$ 98,443,541
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
	\$ 950	\$ 215
Cash paid for interest	·	
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 175,014	\$ 380,787
Noncash investing and financing activities		

Purchases of property and equipment included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 242,494	\$ 871,749
Fair value of contingent consideration in connection with acquisition included in accrued liabilities and		
other long-term liabilities	\$	\$ 234,568

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

LogMeIn, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Nature of the Business

LogMeIn, Inc. (the Company) develops and markets a suite of cloud-based remote access, remote IT management, collaboration, data management and customer care solutions that provide instant, secure access to Internet connected devices, data and other people. The Company s product line includes BoldChat®, CosmTM (formerly known as Pachube), CubbyTM, join.me®, LogMeIn Free®, LogMeIn Pro®, LogMeIn Pro®, LogMeIn Pro®, LogMeIn Backup®, LogMeIn IgnitionTM, LogMeIn for iOS, LogMeIn Hamachi®, and RemotelyAnywhere®. The Company is based in Woburn, Massachusetts with wholly-owned subsidiaries in Hungary, The Netherlands, Australia, the United Kingdom, Brazil, Japan, India and Ireland.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company has prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and the related interim information contained within the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read along with the Company s audited financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 24, 2012. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements and in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair presentation of the Company s financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of future results. The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure.

Use of Estimates The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. By their nature, estimates are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Marketable Securities The Company s marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value with the unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income in equity. Realized gains and losses and declines in value judged to be other than temporary are included as a component of earnings based on the specific identification method. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices. At December 31, 2011 and June 30, 2012, marketable securities consisted of U.S. government agency securities that have remaining maturities within two years and have an aggregate amortized cost of \$95,051,808 and \$100,016,438 and an aggregate fair value of \$95,040,045 and \$100,015,400, including \$102,552 and \$67,507 of unrealized gains and \$114,315 and \$68,545 of unrealized losses, respectively.

Revenue Recognition The Company derives revenue primarily from subscription fees related to its LogMeIn premium services, the licensing of its Ignition for iPhone, iPad, and Android software products, and from the licensing of its RemotelyAnywhere software and its related maintenance.

Revenue from the Company s LogMeIn premium services is recognized on a daily basis over the subscription term as the services are delivered, provided that there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the fee is fixed or determinable and collectability is deemed reasonably assured. Subscription periods range from monthly to five years, but are generally one year in duration. The Company s software cannot be run on another entity s hardware nor do customers have the right to take possession of the software and use it on their own or another entity s hardware.

Revenue from the sales of the Company s Ignition for iPhone, iPad and Android software products, which are sold as a perpetual license, is recognized when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the product has been provided to the customer, the collection of the fee is probable, and the amount of fees to be paid by the customer is fixed or determinable.

The Company s multi-element arrangements typically include subscription and professional services, which include development services. The Company has determined that the delivered items within its multi-element arrangements do not have value to the customer on a stand-alone basis as the services are not sold by any other vendor and the customer would not be able to resell such services. As a result, the deliverables within these arrangements do not qualify for treatment as separate units of accounting. Accordingly, the Company accounts for fees received under these multi-element arrangements as a single unit of accounting and recognizes the entire arrangement consideration ratably over the term of the related agreement, or the customer life, commencing when all significant performance obligations have been delivered and when all revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Revenues are reported net of applicable sales and use tax, value-added tax, and other transaction taxes imposed on the related transaction.

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Concentrations of Credit Risk and Significant Customers The Company's principal credit risk relates to its cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities, restricted cash, and accounts receivable. Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash are deposited primarily with financial institutions that management believes to be of high-credit quality and custody of its marketable securities is with an accredited financial institution. To manage accounts receivable credit risk, the Company regularly evaluates the creditworthiness of its customers and maintains allowances for potential credit losses. To date, losses resulting from uncollected receivables have not exceeded management s expectations.

As of December 31, 2011, and June 30, 2012, no customers accounted for more than 10% of accounts receivable, and no customers accounted for more than 10% of revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 or 2012.

Goodwill Goodwill is the excess of the acquisition price over the fair value of the tangible and identifiable intangible net assets acquired. The Company does not amortize goodwill, but performs an annual impairment test of goodwill on the last day of its fiscal year and whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of goodwill may exceed its fair value. The Company operates as a single operating segment with one reporting unit and consequently evaluates goodwill for impairment based on an evaluation of the fair value of the Company as a whole. Through June 30, 2012, no impairments have occurred.

Long-Lived Assets and Intangible Assets The Company records intangible assets at their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. Intangible assets are amortized based upon the pattern in which their economic benefit will be realized, or if this pattern cannot be reliably determined, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The Company s intangible assets have estimated useful lives which range from one to seven years.

Foreign Currency Translation The functional currency of operations outside the United States of America is deemed to be the currency of the local country. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are translated into United States dollars using the period-end exchange rate, and income and expense items are translated using the average exchange rate during the period. Cumulative translation adjustments are reflected as a separate component of equity. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are charged to operations. The Company had foreign currency losses of approximately \$152,000 and \$261,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, and foreign currency losses of approximately \$269,000 and \$506,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively.

Stock-Based Compensation Stock-based compensation is measured based upon the grant date fair value and recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis in the financial statements over the vesting period of the award for those awards expected to vest. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the grant date fair value of stock awards. The Company uses the with-or-without method to determine when it will realize excess tax benefits from stock based compensation. Under this method, the Company will realize these excess tax benefits only after it realizes the tax benefits of net operating losses from operations.

Income Taxes Deferred income taxes are provided for the tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes, and operating loss carry-forwards and credits using enacted tax rates expected to be in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses the likelihood that deferred tax assets will be realized, and recognizes a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. This assessment requires judgment as to the likelihood and amounts of future taxable income by tax jurisdiction.

The Company evaluates its uncertain tax positions based on a determination of whether and how much of a tax benefit taken by the Company in its tax filings or positions is more likely than not to be realized. Potential interest and penalties associated with any uncertain tax positions are recorded as a component of income tax expense. Through December 31, 2011 and June 30, 2012, the Company has provided a liability for approximately \$198,000 and \$218,000 for uncertain tax positions, respectively. These uncertain tax positions would impact the Company s effective tax rate if recognized.

Segment Data Operating segments are identified as components of an enterprise about which separate discrete financial information is available for evaluation by the chief operating decision-maker, or decision making group, in making decisions regarding resource allocation and assessing performance. The Company, which uses consolidated financial information in determining how to allocate resources and assess performance, has determined that it operates in one segment.

The Company s revenue (based on customer address) by geography is as follows:

	Three Months	Three Months Ended June 30,		nded June 30,	
	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Revenues:					
United States	\$ 18,782,830	\$ 21,887,423	\$ 35,999,433	\$ 43,083,757	
United Kingdom	2,767,445	3,086,635	5,367,393	6,095,188	
International - all other	7,547,681	8,822,523	14,769,909	17,305,567	
Total revenue	\$ 29,097,956	\$ 33,796,581	\$ 56,136,735	\$ 66,484,512	

Guarantees and Indemnification Obligations — As permitted under Delaware law, the Company has agreements whereby the Company indemnifies certain of its officers and directors for certain events or occurrences while the officer or director is, or was, serving at the Company s request in such capacity. The term of the indemnification period is for the officer s or director s lifetime. As permitted under Delaware law, the Company also has similar indemnification obligations under its certificate of incorporation and by-laws. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnification agreements is unlimited; however, the Company has director s and officer s insurance coverage that the Company believes limits its exposure and enables it to recover a portion of any future amounts paid.

The Company has entered into agreements with certain customers that require the Company to indemnify the customer against certain claims alleging that the Company s products infringe third-party patents, copyrights, or trademarks. The term of these indemnification obligations is generally perpetual. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these indemnification obligations is unlimited. As of the date hereof, the Company does not expect any material claims related to these indemnification obligations.

Through January 1, 2012, the Company had not experienced any losses related to these indemnification obligations, and no claims with respect thereto were outstanding. On March 15, 2012, the Company received an indemnification claim from a customer related to a third-party claim that the customer s use of a LogMeIn service infringes the third party s patent. The Company believes that a risk of material loss related to this indemnification obligation is remote.

Net Income Per Share Basic net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period and the weighted average number of potential common shares outstanding from the assumed exercise of stock options and the vesting of restricted stock units.

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The Company excluded 795,175 and 1,587,310 of options to purchase common shares as well as 0 and 141,837 of unvested restricted stock units during the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively, and 795,175 and 1,586,910 of options to purchase common shares and 0 and 940 of unvested restricted stock units during the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively, because they had an anti-dilutive impact:

	Three Months I	Ended June 30,	Six Months E	Ended June 30,
	2011	2012	2011	2012
Options to purchase common shares	795,175	1,587,310	795,175	1,586,910
Unvested restricted stock units		141,837		940
Total options and unvested restricted stock units	795,175	1,729,147	795,175	1,587,850

Basic and diluted net income per share was calculated as follows:

			Months Ended ne 30, 2011	
Basic:				
Net income	\$	2,682,324	\$	2,617,077
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic		24,116,686		24,023,018
Net income, basic	\$	0.11	\$	0.11
Diluted:				
Net income	\$	2,682,324	\$	2,617,077
Weighted average common shares outstanding		24,116,686		24,023,018
Add: Options to purchase common shares		1,053,003		1,095,405
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted		25,169,689		25,118,423
Net income, diluted	\$	0.11	\$	0.10
		Months Ended ine 30, 2012		Ionths Ended ne 30, 2012
Basic:				
Net income	\$	575,677	\$	651,917
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic		24,677,893		24,625,851
Net income, basic	\$	0.02	\$	0.03
Diluted:				
Net income	\$	575,677	\$	651,917
Weighted average common shares outstanding		24,677,893		24,625,851

Add: Common stock equivalents	689,334	735,099
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	25,367,227	25,360,950
Net income, diluted	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.03

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an Accounting Standards Update (ASU) which simplifies how companies test goodwill for impairment. The amendment permits an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the two-step goodwill impairment test described in goodwill accounting standard. The Company adopted this ASU and it did not have a material effect on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) Presentation of Comprehensive Income (ASU 2011-05), to require an entity to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. ASU 2011-05 eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of equity. The Company adopted this ASU and it did not have a material effect on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs (ASU 2011-04), to provide a consistent definition of fair value and ensure that the fair value measurement and disclosure requirements are similar between GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. ASU 2011-04 changes certain fair value measurement principles and enhances the disclosure requirements particularly for Level 3 fair value measurements (as defined in Note 3). The Company adopted this ASU and it did not have a material effect on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

3. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company s financial instruments, including cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable, approximate their fair values due to their short maturities. The Company s financial assets and liabilities are measured using inputs from the three levels of the fair value hierarchy. A financial asset or liability s classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels are as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets accessible by the Company at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect the Company s assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following table summarizes the basis used to measure certain of the Company s financial assets that are carried at fair value:

	Basis of Fair Value Measurements Ouoted Prices			
	Balance	in Active Markets for Identical Items (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Balance at December 31, 2011				
Cash equivalents money market funds	\$ 53,839,536	\$ 53,839,536	\$	\$
Cash equivalents bank deposits	5,032,135		5,032,135	
Short-term marketable securities U.S. government				
agency securities	95,040,045	85,040,105	9,999,940	
Contingent consideration liability	212,536			212,536
Balance at June 30, 2012				
Cash equivalents money market funds	49,285,842	49,285,842		
Cash equivalents bank deposits	5,034,637		5,034,637	
Short-term marketable securities U.S. government				
agency securities	100,015,400	95,014,146	5,001,254	
Contingent consideration liability	234,568			234,568

Bank deposits are classified within the second level of the fair value hierarchy and the fair value of those assets are determined based upon quoted prices for similar assets in active markets.

The Level 3 liability consists of contingent consideration related to the July 19, 2011 acquisition of Cosm. The fair value of the contingent consideration was estimated by applying a probability based model, which utilizes significant inputs that are unobservable in the market. Key assumptions include a 13% discount rate and a 76% weighted-probability of achieving earn-out. The current portion of contingent consideration is included in Accrued liabilities and the non-current portion is included in Other long-term liabilities. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending Level 3 liability is as follows:

Six Months Ended June 30, 2012

Balance beginning of period	\$ 212,536
Transfers into Level 3	
Payments	
Change in fair value (included within research and development expense)	22,032
Balance end of period	\$ 234,568

4. Acquisitions

On July 19, 2011, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Connected Environments (BVI) Limited, a British Virgin Island limited company and Connected Environments, Limited, a U.K. limited company (collectively Connected Environments), primarily including their Cosm service, for an initial cash payment of \$10 million plus contingent payments totaling up to \$5.2 million. The Cosm service is a cloud-based connectivity and data management platform for the Internet of Things. The Company acquired Cosm to expand its capabilities with embedded devices and enter into the Internet of Things market. The operating results of the acquired Cosm service, of which there was no revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, and \$1.7 million and \$3.3 million of expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively, are included in the consolidated financial statements beginning on the acquisition date.

The Cosm acquisition has been accounted for as a business combination. The assets acquired and the liabilities assumed were recorded at their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The Company retained an independent third party valuation firm to calculate the fair value of the intangible assets using the cost method with estimates and assumptions provided by Company management. The excess of the purchase price over the tangible net assets and identifiable intangible assets was recorded as goodwill.

The purchase price was allocated as follows:

	Amount
Tangible assets	\$ 7,595
Technology and know-how	3,250,000
Goodwill	6,934,966
Total purchase price	10,192,561
Liability for contingent consideration	(192,561)
Cash paid	\$ 10,000,000

The asset purchase agreement included a contingent payment provision requiring the Company to make additional payments to the shareholders of Connected Environments, as well as certain employees, on the first and second anniversaries of the acquisition, contingent upon the continued employment of certain employees and the achievement of certain product performance metrics. The range of the contingent payments that the Company could pay is between \$0 to \$4,898,000. The Company has concluded that the arrangement is a compensation arrangement and is accruing the maximum payout ratably over the performance period, as it believes it is probable that the criteria will be met. The Company intends to pay approximately \$1.7 million of contingent payments in July 2012.

The asset purchase agreement also includes a contingent payment provision to a non-employee shareholder for an amount between \$0 and \$267,000, which the Company has concluded is part of the purchase price. This contingent liability was recorded at its fair of \$192,561 at the acquisition date. The Company will re-measure the fair value of the consideration at each subsequent reporting period and recognize any adjustment to fair value as part of earnings.

The goodwill recorded in connection with this transaction is primarily related to the expected synergies to be achieved related to Gravity, our service delivery platform, and the ability to leverage existing sales and marketing capacity and customer base with respect to the acquired Cosm service. All goodwill acquired is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The Company incurred approximately \$324,000 of acquisition-related costs which are included in general and administrative expense for the year ended December 31, 2011.

On January 6, 2012, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of Bold Software, LLC (Bold), a Wichita, Kansas-based limited liability corporation, for a cash purchase price of approximately \$15.3 million plus contingent, retention-based bonuses totaling \$1.5 million, which are expected to be paid over a two year period from the date of acquisition. Bold is a leading provider of web chat and customer communications software. Bold s operating results, of which there was approximately \$1.1 million and \$1.9 million of revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively, and \$1.4 million and \$2.5 million of expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively, are included in the consolidated financial statements beginning on the acquisition date.

The Bold acquisition has been accounted for as a business combination. The assets acquired and the liabilities assumed were recorded at their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. The Company retained an independent third party valuation firm to calculate the fair value of the intangible assets with estimates and assumptions provided by Company management. The excess of the purchase price over the tangible net assets and identifiable intangible assets was recorded as goodwill.

The purchase price was allocated as follows:

Amount

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Cash	\$	482,000
Current assets		126,000
Other assets		19,000
Deferred revenue		(424,000)
Other liabilities		(107,000)
Completed technology		1,090,000
Trade name and trademark		30,000
Customer relationships		2,760,000
Non-compete agreements		160,000
Goodwill	1	1,178,000
Total purchase price	\$ 1	15,314,000

The asset purchase agreement included a contingent, retention-based bonus program provision requiring the Company to make additional payments to employees, including former Bold owners now employed by the Company, on the first and second anniversaries of the acquisition, contingent upon their continued employment. The range of the contingent, retention-based bonus payments that the Company could pay is between \$0 to \$1,500,000. The Company has concluded that the arrangement is a compensation arrangement and is accruing the maximum payout ratably over the performance period, as it believes it is probable that the criteria will be met.

The goodwill recorded in connection with this transaction is primarily related to the expected synergies to be achieved related to the Company s ability to leverage its existing sales and marketing capacity and customer base to accelerate BoldChat sales, and the ability to leverage Bold s technology with the Company s existing support service. All goodwill acquired is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The Company incurred approximately \$0.1 million of acquisition-related costs which are included in general and administrative expense for the year ended December 31, 2011, and \$0 and \$0.1 million of acquisition-related costs in the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, respectively.

5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The changes in the carry amounts of goodwill for six months ended June 30, 2012 are due to the addition of goodwill resulting from the Bold acquisition and the impact of foreign currency translation adjustments related to asset balances that are recorded in non-U.S. currencies.

Changes in goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Balance, December 31, 2011	\$ 7,258,743
Goodwill related to the acquisition of Bold	11,178,000
Foreign currency translation adjustments	3,749
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 18,440,492

Intangible assets consist of the following:

			December 31, 201		_	June 30, 2012	
	Estimated Useful Life	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Identifiable intangible assets:							
Trade name and trademark	1 -5 years	\$ 635,506	\$ 635,506	\$	\$ 665,344	651,194	14,150
Customer base	5 -7 years	1,003,068	1,003,068		3,750,573	1,219,163	2,531,410
Domain names	5 years	222,826	51,499	171,327	495,862	85,648	410,214
Software	4 years	298,977	298,977		298,977	298,977	
Technology	3 -6 years	4,475,281	1,831,276	2,644,005	5,592,195	2,467,063	3,125,132
Non-compete agreements	5 years	0	0		159,189	4,241	154,948
Internally developed software	3 years	539,612	94,332	445,280	834,496	209,200	625,296
		\$ 7,175,270	\$ 3,914,658	\$ 3,260,612	\$ 11,796,636	4,935,486	6,861,150

As a result of the Bold acquisition, the Company capitalized \$1,090,000 of technology, \$30,000 of trade names and trademarks, \$2,760,000 of customer base and \$160,000 of non-compete agreements as intangible assets. Changes in the gross carrying amount of the intangible assets are due to foreign currency translation adjustments. The Company is amortizing the intangible assets based upon the pattern in which their economic benefit will be realized, or if this pattern cannot be reliably determined, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The intangible assets have estimated useful lives which range from one to seven years.

The Company capitalized \$75,575 and \$186,676 during the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively and \$137,326 and \$294,884 during the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively of costs related to internally developed computer software to be sold as a service incurred during the application development stage and is amortizing these costs over the expected lives of the related services. The Company paid \$271,558 to acquire domain names in both the three and six months ended June 30, 2012.

The Company is amortizing its intangible assets based upon the pattern in which their economic benefit will be realized, or if this pattern cannot be reliably determined, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$112,658 and \$516,787 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively, and \$220,023 and \$1,025,420 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively. Amortization relating to software, technology and internally developed software is recorded within cost of revenues and the amortization of trade name and trademark, customer base, domain names, and non-compete agreements is recorded within operating expenses. Future estimated amortization expense for intangible assets is as follows at June 30, 2012:

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Amortization Expense (Years Ending December 31)	Amount
2012 (Six months ending December 31)	\$ 1,057,150
2013	2,122,385
2014	1,596,018
2015	803,342
2016	585,857
Thereafter	696,398
Total	\$ 6,861,150

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6. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2011	June 30, 2012
Marketing programs	\$ 1,770,611	\$ 2,671,289
Payroll and payroll related	5,333,430	6,312,734
Professional fees	795,720	1,071,002
Other accrued expenses	2,573,044	3,041,719
Total accrued expenses	\$ 10,472,805	\$ 13,096,744

7. Income Taxes

The Company recorded a provision for federal, state and foreign income taxes of approximately \$1.4 million and \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively, and \$1.4 million and \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively. The Company s effective tax rate has increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, as compared to the three and six month ending June 30, 2011 as a result of losses generated in its Cosm subsidiary.

Deferred income taxes are provided for the tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes, and operating loss carry-forwards and credits using enacted tax rates expected to be in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses the likelihood that deferred tax assets will be realized, and recognizes a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. This assessment requires judgment as to the likelihood and amounts of future taxable income by tax jurisdiction. As of December 31, 2011 and June 30, 2012, the Company maintained a full valuation allowance related to the deferred tax assets of its Hungarian and Cosm subsidiaries. These entities have historical losses and the Company concluded it was not more likely than not that these deferred tax assets are realizable.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state and foreign jurisdictions. The Company s income tax returns since inception are open to examination by federal, state, and foreign tax authorities. The Company has recorded a liability related to uncertain tax provisions of approximately \$198,000 and \$218,000 as of December 31, 2011 and June 30, 2012, respectively. The Company s policy is to record estimated interest and penalty related to the underpayment of income taxes or unrecognized tax benefits as a component of its income tax provision. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, the Company did not recognize any interest or penalties in its statements of operations, and there are no accruals for interest or penalties at December 31, 2011 or June 30, 2012.

The Company has performed an analysis of its ownership changes as defined by Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code and has determined that an ownership change as defined by Section 382 occurred in October 2004 and March 2010 resulting in approximately \$219,000 and \$12,800,000, respectively, of net operating losses (NOLs) being subject to limitation. As of December 31, 2011 and June 30, 2012, the Company believes all NOLs generated by the Company, including those subject to limitation, are available for utilization given the Company s large annual limitation amount. Subsequent ownership changes as defined by Section 382 could potentially limit the amount of net operating loss carry-forwards that can be utilized annually to offset future taxable income.

8. Stock Based Awards

The Company s 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (2009 Plan) is administered by the Board of Directors and Compensation Committee, which have the authority to designate participants and determine the number and type of awards to be granted and any other terms or conditions of the awards. Options generally vest over a four-year period and expire ten years from the date of grant. Restricted stock units generally vest over a three-year period. Certain stock-based awards provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control. On May 24, 2012, the Company s stockholders approved an amendment to the 2009 Plan that increased the shares available to grant under the plan by 1,400,000 shares, established a maximum option term, eliminated certain liberal share recycling provisions, set a ratio so that the aggregate number of shares available for issuance under the 2009 Plan will be reduced by one and sixty-two hundredths (1.62) shares for each share delivered in settlement of any award of Restricted

Stock, Restricted Stock Units or other stock based awards and one share for each share delivered in settlement of an Option or a Stock Appreciation Right, and removed the provision that allows our board of directors to re-price underwater awards without stockholder approval. There were 1,743,474 shares available for grant under the 2009 Plan as of June 30, 2012.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to estimate the grant date fair value of stock awards. The Company estimates the expected volatility of its common stock at the date of grant based on the historical volatility of comparable public companies over the option s expected term as well as its own stock price volatility since the Company s IPO. The Company estimates expected term based on historical exercise activity and giving consideration to the contractual term of the options, vesting schedules, employee turnover, and expectation of employee exercise behavior. The assumed dividend yield is based upon the Company s expectation of not paying dividends in the foreseeable

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future. The risk-free rate for periods within the estimated life of the stock award is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. Historical employee turnover data is used to estimate pre-vesting stock awards forfeiture rates. The compensation expense is amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the stock award, which is generally four years for options and three years for restricted stock units.

The Company used the following assumptions to apply the Black-Scholes option-pricing model:

		Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2011	2012	2011	2012			
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
Risk-free interest rate	1.73%	0.77%	1.73% - 2.28%	0.77% - 0.87%			
Expected term (in years)	5.56 - 6.25	5.56 - 6.25	5.56 - 6.25	5.56 - 6.25			
Volatility	60%	55%	60%	55% - 60%			

The following table summarizes stock option activity, including performance-based options:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2012	2,626,260	\$ 22.34	7.4	\$ 44,093,090
Granted Exercised	668,166 (181,879)	36.43 11.07		\$ 1,141,019
Forfeited	(128,770)	30.46		
Outstanding, June 30, 2012	2,983,777	\$ 25.83	7.5	\$ 25,950,580
Exercisable at December 31, 2011	1,100,792	\$ 9.54	5.5	\$ 32,040,375
Exercisable at June 30, 2012	1,310,101	\$ 15.09	5.7	\$ 22,454,602

The aggregate intrinsic value was calculated based on the positive differences between the fair value of the Company s common stock on December 31, 2011, of \$38.55 and \$30.52 per share on June 30, 2012, or at time of exercise, and the exercise price of the options.

The weighted average grant date fair value of stock options issued or modified was \$22.42 per share for the year ended December 31, 2011, and \$19.80 for the six months ended June 30, 2012.

Of the total stock options issued subject to the plans, certain stock options have performance-based vesting. These performance-based options granted during 2004 and 2007 were granted at-the-money, contingently vest over a period of two to four years depending upon the nature of the performance goal, and have a contractual life of ten years.

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The performance-based stock option activity is summarized below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2012	453,432	\$ 1.25	3.6	\$ 16,859,614
Granted Exercised Forfeited	10,000			
Outstanding, June 30, 2012	443,432	\$ 1.25	3.1	\$ 12,979,275
Exercisable at December 31, 2011	453,432	\$ 1.25	3.6	\$ 16,859,614
Exercisable at June 30, 2012	443,432	\$ 1.25	3.1	\$ 12,979,275

The aggregate intrinsic value was calculated based on the positive differences between the estimated fair value of the Company s common stock on December 31, 2011, of \$38.55 per share, and \$30.52 per share on June 30, 2012, or at the time of exercise, and the exercise price of the options.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2012, the Company granted 320,308 and 467,866 restricted stock units, respectively, containing time-based vesting conditions which lapse over a three year period. Upon vesting, the restricted stock units entitle the holder to receive one share of common stock for each restricted stock unit. As of June 30, 2012, the Company estimates that 376,241 shares of restricted stock units with an intrinsic value of approximately \$12,457,000 and a weighted average remaining contractual term of 2.9 years will ultimately vest.

The following table summarizes restricted stock unit activity:

	Number of Shares Underlying Restricted Stock Units	Gra	ed Average ant Date r Value
Unvested as of January 1, 2012		\$	
Restricted stock units granted	467,866		33.17
Restricted stock units vested			
Restricted stock units forfeited	(5,721)		38.02
Unvested as of June 30, 2012	462,145	\$	33.11

The Company recognized stock based compensation expense within the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations as summarized in the following table:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months E	nded June 30,
	2011	2012	2011	2012
Cost of revenue	\$ 82,523	\$ 107,789	\$ 171,575	\$ 214,970
Research and development	393,511	574,452	673,628	1,156,167
Sales and marketing	619,508	900,724	1,182,043	1,850,669
General and administrative	1,155,581	1,505,606	1,969,371	2,851,201
	\$ 2,251,123	\$ 3,088,571	\$ 3,996,617	\$ 6,073,007

As of June 30, 2012, there was approximately \$38,723,000 of total unrecognized share-based compensation cost, net of estimated forfeitures, related to unvested stock awards which are expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.9 years. The total unrecognized share-based compensation cost will be adjusted for future changes in estimated forfeitures.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases The Company has operating lease agreements for offices in Massachusetts, Hungary, The Netherlands, Australia, the United Kingdom, Japan, and India that expire in 2012 through 2023.

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In April 2012, the Company entered into a lease for a new corporate headquarters located in Boston, Massachusetts. The landlord is obligated to rehabilitate the existing building and the Company expects that the lease term will begin in February 2013 and extend through May 2023. The aggregate amount of minimum lease payments to be made over the term of the lease is approximately \$41.3 million. Pursuant to the terms of the lease, the landlord is responsible for making certain improvements to the leased space up to an agreed upon cost to the landlord. Any excess costs for these improvements will be billed by the landlord to the Company as additional rent. The Company estimates these excess costs to be approximately \$2.5 million. The lease required a security deposit of approximately \$3.3 million in the form of an irrevocable standby letter of credit which is collateralized by a bank deposit in the amount of approximately \$3.5 million or 105 percent of the security deposit. The security deposit is classified as restricted cash. The lease includes an option to extend the original term of the lease for two successive five year periods

Rent expense under all leases was approximately \$799,000 and \$797,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively, and \$1,460,000 and \$1,555,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively. The Company records rent expense on a straight-line basis for leases with scheduled escalation clauses or free rent periods.

The Company also enters into hosting services agreements with third-party data centers and internet service providers that are subject to annual renewal. Hosting fees incurred under these arrangements aggregated approximately \$428,000 and \$632,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively and \$924,000 and \$1,386,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2012, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases including one year commitments associated with the Company s hosting services arrangements are approximately as follows at June 30, 2012:

Years Ending December 31	
2012 (Six months ending December 31)	\$ 2,763,000
2013	3,928,000
2014	5,389,000
2015	5,185,000
2016	5,316,000
Thereafter	28,395,000