

OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS Ltd
Form 10-Q
May 14, 2015
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 1-36346

OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Cayman Islands
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

Not Applicable
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

Strathvale House, 2nd Floor
90 North Church Street, Georgetown
P.O. Box 469

Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands
(Address of principal executive offices)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (345) 749-7570

KY1-9006
(Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of May 6, 2015; 6,060,000 ordinary shares, par value \$0.001 per share, were outstanding.

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Table of Contents**PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Consolidated Balance Sheets****(expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except per share and share amounts)**

	At March 31, 2015 (Unaudited)	At December 31, 2014
Assets		
Investments:		
Fixed-maturity securities, available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: \$3,683 and \$3,681, respectively)	\$ 3,640	3,659
Equity securities, available for sale, at fair value (cost: \$10,096 and \$8,140, respectively)	9,797	8,179
Total investments	13,437	11,838
Cash and cash equivalents	3,806	5,317
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	30,002	28,178
Accrued interest and dividend receivable	25	22
Premiums receivable	1,999	4,081
Deferred policy acquisition costs	75	132
Prepayment and other receivables	91	80
Property and equipment, net	47	46
Total assets	\$ 49,482	49,694
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity		
Liabilities:		
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$	
Loss experience refund payable	9,185	7,133
Unearned premiums reserve	2,745	5,744
Accounts payable and other liabilities	71	109
Total liabilities	12,001	12,986
Shareholders equity:		
Ordinary share capital, (par value \$0.001, 50,000,000 shares authorized; 6,060,000 and 6,000,000 shares issued and outstanding)	6	6
Additional paid-in capital	33,569	33,540
Retained earnings	4,248	3,145
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(342)	17

Total shareholders equity	37,481	36,708
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 49,482	49,694

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Consolidated Statements of Income****(Unaudited)****(expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except per share and share amounts)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Revenue		
Assumed premiums	\$ 600	58
Change in loss experience refund payable	(2,052)	(586)
Change in unearned premiums reserve	2,999	1,176
Net premiums earned	1,547	648
Net realized investment gains	644	
Net investment income	76	
Total revenue	2,267	648
Expenses		
Policy acquisition costs and underwriting expenses	87	43
General and administrative expenses	350	212
Total expenses	437	255
Net income	\$ 1,830	393
Earnings per share		
Basic and Diluted	\$ 0.30	0.28
Weighted-average shares outstanding		
Basic and Diluted	6,044,667	1,386,719
Dividends paid per share	\$ 0.12	0.24

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral
part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income****(Unaudited)****(expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)**

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
Net income	\$ 1,830	393
Other comprehensive income:		
Change in unrealized gain on investments:		
Unrealized gain arising during the period	285	
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income	(644)	
Net change in unrealized gain	(359)	
Total other comprehensive loss	(359)	
Comprehensive income	1,471	393

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****(Unaudited)****(expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Operating activities		
Net income	\$ 1,830	393
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation	29	
Depreciation	4	1
Net realized investment gains	(644)	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accrued interest and dividend receivable	(3)	
Premiums receivable	2,082	(41)
Deferred policy acquisition costs	57	36
Prepayment and other receivables	(11)	5
Prepaid offering costs		417
Loss experience refund payable	2,052	586
Unearned premiums reserve	(2,999)	(1,176)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(38)	(269)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,359	(48)
Investing activities		
Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents	(1,824)	1,253
Purchase of fixed-maturity securities	(1,101)	
Purchase of equity securities	(7,125)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed-maturity and equity securities	6,912	
Purchase of property and equipment	(5)	(50)
Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities	\$ (3,143)	1,203
Financing activities		
Proceeds on issuance of share capital		5
Additional paid-in capital proceeds, net of offering costs, resulting from:		
Share capital		21,816
Share warrants		5,080
Dividends paid	(727)	(268)
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	\$ (727)	26,633

(continued)

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, continued****(Unaudited)****(expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)**

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,511)	27,788
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,317	695
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 3,806	28,483
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Interest paid		
Income taxes paid		
Non-cash investing activities		
Net change in unrealized gain on securities available for sale	(359)	

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral
part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders Equity (unaudited)****Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and 2014**

(expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except per share and share amounts)

	Ordinary Share Capital			Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated		Total Shareholders Equity
	Shares	Amount			Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Loss	
Balance at December 31, 2013	1,115,350	1		6,595	853		7,449
Net proceeds from the sale of ordinary shares	4,884,650	5		21,816			21,821
Ordinary share warrants				5,080			5,080
Cash dividends paid					(268)		(268)
Net income for the period					393		393
Balance at March 31, 2014	6,000,000	\$ 6		33,491	978		34,475
Balance at December 31, 2014	6,000,000	6		33,540	3,145	17	36,708
Cash dividends paid					(727)		(727)
Net income for the period					1,830		1,830
Issuance of restricted stock	60,000						
Stock-based compensation				29			29
Total other comprehensive loss						(359)	(359)
Balance at March 31, 2015	6,060,000	\$ 6		33,569	4,248	(342)	37,481

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

March 31, 2015

1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

(a) Organization

Oxbridge Re Holdings Limited was incorporated as an exempted company on April 4, 2013 under the laws of the Cayman Islands. Oxbridge Re Holdings Limited owns 100% of the equity interest in Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited (the Subsidiary), an entity incorporated on April 23, 2013 under the laws of the Cayman Islands and for which a Class C Insurer's license was granted on April 29, 2013 under the provisions of the Cayman Islands Insurance Law. Oxbridge Re Holdings Limited and the Subsidiary (collectively, the Company) have their registered offices at P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands.

The Company's ordinary shares and warrants are listed on The NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbols OXBR and OXBRW, respectively.

The Company operates as a single business segment through the Subsidiary, which provides collateralized reinsurance to cover excess of loss catastrophe risks of various affiliated and non-affiliated ceding insurers, including Claddaugh Casualty Insurance Company, Ltd. (Claddaugh) and Homeowners Choice Property & Casualty Insurance Company (HCPCI), which are related-party entities domiciled in Bermuda and Florida, respectively.

(b) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited, consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information, and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules for interim financial reporting. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. However, in the opinion of management, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the Company's consolidated financial position as of March 31, 2015 and the consolidated results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The consolidated results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for any subsequent interim period or for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 included in the Company's Form 10-K, which was filed with the SEC on March 18, 2015.

In preparing the interim unaudited consolidated financial statements, management was required to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosures at the financial reporting date and throughout the periods being reported upon. Certain of the estimates result from judgments that can be subjective and complex and consequently actual results may differ from these estimates, which would be reflected in future periods.

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March 31, 2015

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near-term relate to the determination of the reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses, valuation of investments and assessment of other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) and loss experience refund payable. Although considerable variability is likely to be inherent in these estimates, management believes that the amounts provided are reasonable. These estimates are continually reviewed and adjusted if necessary. Such adjustments are reflected in current operations.

All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents: Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent funds held in accordance with the Company's trust agreements with ceding insurers and trustees, which requires the Company to maintain collateral with a market value greater than or equal to the limit of liability, less unpaid premium.

Investments: The Company's investments consist of fixed-maturity securities and equity securities, and are classified as available-for-sale. The Company's investments are carried at fair value with changes in fair value included as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income in shareholders' equity.

Unrealized gains or losses are determined by comparing the fair market value of the securities with their cost or amortized cost. Realized gains and losses on investments are recorded on the trade date and are included in the statements of income. The cost of securities sold is based on the specified identification method. Investment income is recognized as earned and discounts or premiums arising from the purchase of debt securities are recognized in investment income using the interest method over the remaining term of the security.

The Company reviews all securities for other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) on a quarterly basis and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such review. When the fair value of any investment is lower than its cost, an assessment is made to see whether the decline is temporary or other-than-temporary. If the decline is determined to be other-than-temporary the investment is written down to fair value and an impairment charge is recognized in income in the period in which the Company makes such determination. For a debt security that the Company does not intend to sell nor is it more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell before recovery of its amortized cost, only the credit loss component is recognized in income, while impairment related to all other factors is recognized in other comprehensive (loss) income. The Company considers various factors in determining whether an individual security is other-than-temporarily impaired (see Note 4).

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March 31, 2015

Fair value measurement: GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GAAP are as follows:

Level 1 Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date;

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active; and

Level 3 Inputs that are unobservable.

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk. For debt securities, inputs may include price information, volatility statistics, specific and broad credit data, liquidity statistics, broker quotes for similar securities and other factors. The fair value of investments in common stocks and exchange-traded funds is based on the last traded price. A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes observable requires significant judgment by the Company's investment custodians. The investment custodians consider observable data to be market data which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant markets. The categorization of a financial instrument within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument.

Deferred policy acquisition costs (DAC): Policy acquisition costs consist of brokerage fees, federal excise taxes and other costs related directly to the successful acquisition of new or renewal insurance contracts, and are deferred and amortized over the terms of the reinsurance agreements to which they relate. The Company evaluates the recoverability of DAC by determining if the sum of future earned premiums and anticipated investment income is greater than the expected future claims and expenses. If a loss is probable on the unexpired portion of policies in force, a premium deficiency loss is recognized. At March 31, 2015, the DAC was considered fully recoverable and no premium deficiency loss was recorded.

Property and equipment: Property and equipment are recorded at cost when acquired. Property and equipment are comprised of motor vehicles, furniture and fixtures, computer equipment and leasehold improvements and are depreciated, using the straight-line method, over their estimated useful lives, which are five years for furniture and fixtures and computer equipment and four years for motor vehicles. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the estimated useful lives of the assets or remaining lease term. The Company periodically reviews property and equipment that have finite lives, and that are not held for sale, for impairment by comparing the carrying value of the assets to their estimated future undiscounted cash flows. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, there were no impairments in property and equipment.

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OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

March 31, 2015

Allowance for uncollectible receivables: Management evaluates credit quality by evaluating the exposure to individual counterparties; where warranted management also considers the credit rating or financial position, operating results and/or payment history of the counterparty. Management establishes an allowance for amounts for which collection is considered doubtful. Adjustments to previous assessments are recognized as income in the year in which they are determined. At March 31, 2015, no receivables were determined to be overdue or impaired and, accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible receivables has been established.

Reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses: The Company determines its reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses on the basis of the claims reported by the Company's ceding insurers, and for losses incurred but not reported, if any, management uses the assistance of an independent actuary. The reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses represent management's best estimate of the ultimate settlement costs of all losses and loss adjustment expenses. Management believes that the amounts are adequate; however, the inherent impossibility of predicting future events with precision, results in uncertainty as to the amount which will ultimately be required for the settlement of losses and loss expenses, and the differences could be material. Adjustments are reflected in the consolidated statements of income in the period in which they are determined.

There were no losses or loss adjustment expenses incurred for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Loss experience refund payable: Certain contracts include retrospective provisions that adjust premiums or result in profit commissions in the event losses are minimal or zero. In accordance with GAAP, the Company will recognize a liability in the period in which the absence of loss experience obligates the Company to pay cash or other consideration under the contracts. On the contrary, the Company will derecognize such liability in the period in which a loss experience arises. Such adjustments to the liability, which accrue throughout the contract terms, will reduce the liability should a catastrophic loss event covered by the Company occur.

Premiums assumed: The Company records premiums assumed, net of loss experience refunds, as earned pro-rata over the terms of the reinsurance agreements and the unearned portion at the balance sheet date is recorded as unearned premiums reserve. A reserve is made for estimated premium deficiencies to the extent that estimated losses and loss adjustment expenses exceed related unearned premiums. Investment income is not considered in determining whether or not a deficiency exists.

Certain contracts allow for reinstatement premiums in the event of a full limit loss prior to the expiration of the contract. A reinstatement premium is not due until there is a full limit loss event and therefore, in accordance with GAAP, the Company records a reinstatement premium as written only in the event that the reinsured incurs a full limit loss on the contract and the contract allows for a reinstatement of coverage upon payment of an additional premium. For catastrophe contracts which contractually require the payment of a reinstatement premium equal to or greater than the original premium upon the occurrence of a full limit loss, the reinstatement premiums are earned over the original contract period. Reinstatement premiums that are contractually calculated on a pro-rata basis of the original premiums are earned over the remaining coverage period.

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OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

March 31, 2015

Uncertain income tax positions: The authoritative GAAP guidance on accounting for, and disclosure of, uncertainty in income tax positions requires the Company to determine whether an income tax position of the Company is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the relevant tax authority, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. For income tax positions meeting the more likely than not threshold, the tax amount recognized in the financial statements, if any, is reduced by the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant taxing authority. The application of this authoritative guidance has had no effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements because the Company had no uncertain tax positions at March 31, 2015.

Earnings per share: Basic earnings per share has been computed on the basis of the weighted-average number of shares of share capital outstanding during the periods presented. Diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share because the exercise price of the outstanding share capital warrants exceeded the fair value of the shares during the periods. As of March 31, 2015, 8,230,700 warrants to purchase 8,230,700 ordinary shares at \$7.50 per share were not dilutive because the exercise price exceeded the average market price. Additionally, the impact of stock options issued during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 had no material impact on the basic and diluted earnings per share. No warrants or stock options were exercised during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

GAAP requires the Company to use the two-class method in computing basic earnings per share since holders of the Company's restricted stock have the right to share in dividends, if declared, equally with common stockholders. These participating securities effect the computation of both basic and diluted earnings per share during periods of net income.

Stock-Based Compensation: The Company accounts for stock-based compensation under the fair value recognition provisions of GAAP which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation for all stock-based awards made to employees and directors, including stock options and restricted stock issuances based on estimated fair values. The Company measures compensation for restricted stock based on the price of the Company's ordinary shares at the grant date. Determining the fair value of share purchase options at the grant date requires significant estimation and judgment. The Company uses an option-pricing model (Black-Scholes option pricing model) to assist in the calculation of fair value for share purchase options. The Company's shares have not been publicly traded for a sufficient length of time to solely use the Company's performance to reasonably estimate the expected volatility. Therefore, when estimating the expected volatility, the Company takes into consideration the historical volatility of similar entities. The Company considers factors such as an entity's industry, stage of life cycle, size and financial leverage when selecting similar entities. The Company uses a sample peer group of companies in the reinsurance industry as well as the Company's own historical volatility in determining the expected volatility. Additionally, the Company uses the full life of the options, ten years, as the estimated term of the options, and has assumed no forfeitures during the life of the options.

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The Company uses the straight-line attribution method for all grants that include only a service condition. Compensation expense related to all awards is included in general and administrative expenses.

Recent accounting pronouncements: There have been no recent accounting pronouncements during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 that are of significance or potential significance to the Company.

Reclassifications: Certain reclassifications of prior period amounts have been made to conform to the current period presentation.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	March 31, 2015 (in thousands)	December 31, 2014 (in thousands)
Cash on deposit	\$ 324	\$ 1,451
Cash held with custodians	3,482	3,866
Restricted cash held in trust	30,002	28,178
Total	33,808	33,495

Cash and cash equivalents are held by large and reputable counterparties in the United States of America and in the Cayman Islands. Restricted cash held in trust is custodied with Bank of New York Mellon and Wells Fargo Bank and is held in accordance with the Company's trust agreements with the ceding insurers and trustees, which require that the Company provide collateral having a market value greater than or equal to the limit of liability, less unpaid premium.

4. INVESTMENTS

The Company holds investments in fixed-maturity securities and equity securities that are classified as available-for-sale. At March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the cost or amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses, and estimated fair value of the Company's available-for-sale securities by security type were as follows:

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)****March 31, 2015**

	Cost or Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gain	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value
	(\$ in thousands)			
<i>As of March 31, 2015</i>				
<i>Fixed-maturity securities</i>				
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 2,969	\$ 25	\$	\$ 2,994
Exchange-traded debt securities	313	13		326
Convertible debt securities	\$ 401	\$	\$ (81)	\$ 320
Total fixed-maturity securities	3,683	38	(81)	3,640
REITs	621		(62)	559
Preferred stocks	2,311	52	(26)	2,337
Common stocks	7,164	233	(496)	6,901
Total equity securities	10,096	285	(584)	9,797
Total available for sale securities	\$ 13,779	\$ 323	\$ (665)	\$ 13,437
<i>As of December 31, 2014</i>				
<i>Fixed-maturity securities</i>				
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 2,969	\$ 2	\$	\$ 2,971
Exchange-traded debt securities	513	18		531
Convertible debt securities	\$ 199	\$	\$ (42)	\$ 157
Total fixed-maturity securities	3,681	20	(42)	3,659
REITs	400		(20)	380
Preferred stocks	1,997	32	(5)	2,024
Common stocks	5,743	308	(276)	5,775
Total equity securities	8,140	340	(301)	8,179
Total available for sale securities	\$ 11,821	\$ 360	\$ (343)	\$ 11,838

At March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, available-for-sale securities with fair value of \$4,414,000 and \$3,463,000, respectively, are held in trust accounts as collateral under reinsurance contacts with the Company's ceding insurers.

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)****March 31, 2015**

Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities as borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without penalties. The scheduled contractual maturities of fixed-maturity securities at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
	(\$ in thousands)	
<u>As of March 31, 2015</u>		
Available for sale		
Due in one year or less	\$ 401	\$ 320
Due after one year through five years	\$ 2,969	\$ 2,994
Due after ten years	313	326
	\$ 3,683	\$ 3,640
<u>As of December 31, 2014</u>		
Available for sale		
Due after one year through five years	\$ 3,168	\$ 3,128
Due after ten years	513	531
	\$ 3,681	\$ 3,659

Proceeds received, and the gross realized gains and losses from sales of available-for-sale securities, for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

	Gross proceeds from sales	Gross Realized Gains	Gross Realized Losses
	(\$ in thousands)		
<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2015</u>			
Fixed-maturity securities	\$ 775	\$ 75	\$
Equity securities	\$ 6,137	\$ 573	\$ 4
<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2014</u>			
Fixed-maturity securities	\$	\$	\$

Equity securities		\$	\$	\$
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Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)****March 31, 2015**

The Company regularly reviews its individual investment securities for OTTI. The Company considers various factors in determining whether each individual security is other-than-temporarily impaired, including:

the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, including any specific events that may affect its operations or income;

the length of time and the extent to which the market value of the security has been below its cost or amortized cost;

general market conditions and industry or sector specific factors;

nonpayment by the issuer of its contractually obligated interest and principal payments; and

the Company's intent and ability to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for the recovery of costs.

Securities with gross unrealized loss positions at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, aggregated by investment category and length of time the individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, are as follows:

As of March 31, 2015	Less Than Twelve Months		Twelve Months or Greater		Total	
	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value
	(\$ in thousands)		(\$ in thousands)		(\$ in thousands)	
<i>Fixed-maturity securities</i>						
Convertible debt securities	\$ 81	\$ 320	\$	\$	\$ 81	\$ 320
Total fixed-maturity securities	81	320			81	320
REITs	62	560			62	560
Preferred stocks	26	792			26	792

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All other common stocks	496	4,124			496	4,124
Total equity securities	584	5,476			584	5,476
Total available for sale securities	\$ 665	\$ 5,796	\$	\$	\$ 665	\$ 5,796

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)****March 31, 2015**

As of December 31, 2014	Less Than Twelve Months		Twelve Months or Greater		Total	
	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Loss	Estimated Fair Value
	(\$ in thousands)		(\$ in thousands)		(\$ in thousands)	
<i>Fixed-maturity securities</i>						
Convertible debt securities	\$ 42	\$ 157	\$	\$	\$ 42	\$ 157
Total fixed-maturity securities	42	157			42	157
REITs	20	380			20	380
Preferred stocks	5	598			5	598
All other common stocks	276	3,933			276	3,933
Total equity securities	301	4,911			301	4,911
Total available for sale securities	\$ 343	\$ 5,068	\$	\$	\$ 343	\$ 5,068

The Company believes there were no fundamental issues such as credit losses or other factors with respect to any of its available-for-sale securities. It is expected that the securities would not be settled at a price less than the par value of the investments. In determining whether equity securities are other than temporarily impaired, the Company considers its intent and ability to hold a security for a period of time sufficient to allow for the recovery of cost. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates or market conditions and not credit quality, and because the Company has the ability and intent to hold its available-for-sale investments until a market price recovery or maturity, the Company does not consider any of its investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

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OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

March 31, 2015

Assets Measured at Estimated Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets measured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis that is reflected in the consolidated balance sheets at carrying value. The table indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Company to determine such fair value as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	Fair Value Measurements			Total
	(Level 1)	Using (Level 2) (\$ in thousands)	(Level 3)	
<i>As of March 31, 2015</i>				
Financial Assets:				
<i>Cash and cash equivalents</i>	\$ 3,806	\$	\$	\$ 3,806
<i>Restricted cash and cash equivalents</i>	\$ 30,002	\$	\$	\$ 30,002
<i>Fixed-maturity securities:</i>				
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	2,994			2,994
Exchange-traded debt securities	326			326
Convertible debt securities	320			320
Total fixed-maturity securities	3,640			3,640
REITs	559			559
Preferred stocks	2,337			2,337
All other common stocks	6,901			6,901
Total equity securities	9,797			9,797
Total available for sale securities	13,437			13,437
Total	\$ 47,245	\$	\$	\$ 47,245

**Fair Value Measurements
Using**

	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
	(\$ in thousands)			
<i>As of December 31, 2014</i>				
Financial Assets:				
<i>Cash and cash equivalents</i>	\$ 5,317	\$	\$	\$ 5,317
<i>Restricted cash and cash equivalents</i>	\$ 28,178	\$	\$	\$ 28,178
<i>Fixed-maturity securities:</i>				
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	2,971			2,971
Exchange-traded debt securities	531			531
Convertible debt securities	157			157
Total fixed-maturity securities	3,659			3,659
REITs	380			380
Preferred stocks	2,024			2,024
All other common stocks	5,775			5,775
Total equity securities	8,179			8,179
Total available for sale securities	11,838			11,838
Total	\$ 45,333	\$	\$	\$ 45,333

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OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

March 31, 2015

5. TAXATION

Under current Cayman Islands law, no corporate entity, including the Company and the Subsidiary, is obligated to pay taxes in the Cayman Islands on either income or capital gains. The Company and the Subsidiary have an undertaking from the Governor-in-Cabinet of the Cayman Islands, pursuant to the provisions of the Tax Concessions Law, as amended, that, in the event that the Cayman Islands enacts any legislation that imposes tax on profits, income, gains or appreciations, or any tax in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, such tax will not be applicable to the Company and the Subsidiary or their operations, or to the ordinary shares or related obligations, until April 23, 2033 and May 17, 2033, respectively.

6. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

On February 28, 2014, the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, as amended, relating to the initial public offering of the Company's units was declared effective by the SEC. The Registration Statement covered the offer and sale by the Company of 4,884,650 units, each consisting of one ordinary share and one warrant (Unit), which were sold to the public on March 26, 2014 at a price of \$6.00 per Unit. The ordinary shares and warrants comprising the Units began separate trading on May 9, 2014. The ordinary shares and warrants are traded on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbols OXBR and OXBRW, respectively. One warrant may be exercised to acquire one ordinary share at an exercise price equal to \$7.50 per share on or before March 26, 2019. At any time after September 26, 2014 and before the expiration of the warrants, the Company at its option may cancel the warrants in whole or in part, provided that the closing price per ordinary share has exceeded \$9.38 for at least ten trading days within any period of twenty consecutive trading days, including the last trading day of the period.

The initial public offering resulted in aggregate gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$29.3 million (of which approximately \$5 million related to the fair value proceeds on the warrants issued) and net proceeds of approximately \$26.9 million after deducting underwriting commissions and offering expenses.

The fair value of the warrants issued in the initial public offering and initial private placement offering of \$1.04 per warrant was determined by the Black-Scholes pricing model using the following assumptions: volatility of 48%, an expected life of 5 years, expected dividend yield of 8% and a risk-free interest rate of 1.69%. There were 8,230,700 warrants outstanding at March 31, 2015. No warrants were exercised during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

On January 23, 2015, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.12 per share payable on March 27, 2015 to shareholders of record on February 27, 2015.

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)****March 31, 2015**

As of March 31, 2015, none of the Company's retained earnings were restricted from payment of dividends to the Company's shareholders. However, since most of the Company's capital and retained earnings may be invested in the Subsidiary, a dividend from the Subsidiary would likely be required in order to fund a dividend to the Company's shareholders and would require notification to the Cayman Islands Monetary Authority (CIMA).

Under Cayman Islands law, the use of additional paid-in capital is restricted, and the Company will not be allowed to pay dividends out of additional paid-in capital if such payments result in breaches of the prescribed and minimum capital requirement. See also Note 8.

7. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company currently has outstanding stock-based awards granted under the 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the Plan). Under the Plan, the Company has discretion to grant equity and cash incentive awards to eligible individuals, including the issuance of up to 1,000,000 of the Company's ordinary shares. At March 31, 2015, there were 760,000 shares available for grant under the Plan.

Stock options

Stock options granted and outstanding under the Plan vests quarterly over four years, and are exercisable over the contractual term of ten years.

A summary of the stock option activity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 is as follows (option amounts not in thousands):

	Number of Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2015				
Granted	180,000	\$ 6		
Exercised				
Forfeited				
Outstanding at March 31, 2015	180,000	\$ 6	9.7 years	\$
Exercisable at March 31, 2015	11,250	\$ 6	9.7 years	\$

Compensation expense recognized for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$7,000 and is included in general and administrative expenses. At March 31, 2015, there was approximately \$109,000 unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options granted under the Plan, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted-average period of forty five (45) months.

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)****March 31, 2015**

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, 180,000 options were granted with fair value estimated on the date of grant using the following assumptions and the Black-Scholes option pricing model:

Dividend yield	8%
Expected volatility	35%
Risk-free interest rate	1.81%
Expected life (in years)	10
Per share grant date fair value of options issued	\$ 0.64

Restricted Stock Awards

The Company has granted and may grant restricted stock awards to eligible individuals in connection with their service to the Company. The terms of the Company's outstanding restricted stock grants may include service, performance and market-based conditions. The fair value of the awards with market-based conditions is determined using a Monte Carlo simulation method, which calculates many potential outcomes for an award and then establishes fair value based on the most likely outcome. The determination of fair value with respect to the awards with only performance or service-based conditions is based on the value of the Company's stock on the grant date.

Information with respect to the activity of unvested restricted stock awards during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 is as follows (share amounts not in thousands):

	Weighted- Number of Restricted Stock Awards	Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2015		
Granted	60,000	\$ 5.86
Vested	(3,750)	
Forfeited		
Nonvested at March 31, 2015	56,250	\$ 5.86

Compensation expense recognized for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$22,000 and is included in general and administrative expenses. At March 31, 2015, there was approximately \$330,000 unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested restricted stock granted under the Plan, which the Company expects to recognize over a weighted-average period of twenty five (45) months.

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OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

March 31, 2015

8. NET WORTH FOR REGULATORY PURPOSES

The Subsidiary is subject to a minimum and prescribed capital requirement as established by CIMA. Under the terms of its license, the Subsidiary is required to maintain a minimum and prescribed capital requirement of \$500 in accordance with the Subsidiary's approved business plan filed with CIMA. At March 31, 2015, the Subsidiary's net worth of \$23.4 million exceeded the minimum and prescribed capital requirement. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Subsidiary's net income was approximately \$1.1 million and \$347 thousand, respectively.

The Subsidiary is not required to prepare separate statutory financial statements for filing with CIMA, and there were no material differences between the Subsidiary's GAAP capital, surplus and net income, and its statutory capital, surplus and net income as of March 31, 2015 or for the periods then ended.

9. FAIR VALUE AND CERTAIN RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Fair values

With the exception of balances in respect of insurance contracts (which are specifically excluded from fair value disclosures under GAAP) and investment securities as disclosed in Note 4 of these consolidated financial statements, the carrying amounts of all other financial instruments, which consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest and dividends receivable, premiums receivable and other receivables and accounts payable and accruals, approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

Concentration of underwriting risk

Substantially all of the Company's current reinsurance business ultimately relates to the risks of two entities domiciled in Florida in the United States, one of which is under common directorship; accordingly the Company's underwriting risks are not significantly diversified.

Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to counterparties that may default on their obligations to the Company. The amount of counterparty credit risk predominantly relates to premiums receivable and assets held at the counterparties. The Company mitigates its counterparty credit risk by using several counterparties which decreases the likelihood of any significant concentration of credit risk with any one counterparty. In addition, the Company is exposed to credit risk on fixed-maturity debt instruments to the extent that the debtors may default on their debt obligations.

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)****March 31, 2015****Market risk**

Market risk exists to the extent that the values of the Company's monetary assets fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Changes in market prices can arise from factors specific to individual securities or their respective issuers, or factors affecting all securities traded in a particular market. Relevant factors for the Company are both volatility and liquidity of specific securities and markets in which the Company holds investments. The Company has established investment guidelines that seek to mitigate significant exposure to market risk.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has an operating lease for office space located at Strathvale House, 90 North Church Street, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The term of the lease is thirty-eight months and commenced April 17, 2015. As such, the Company had no lease commitments at March 31, 2015.

The Company also has an operating lease for residential space at Britannia Villas #616, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The original term of the lease, which commenced on October 1, 2013, was 13 months. The lease was extended for another 12 months under substantially the same terms and conditions. Rent expense under this lease for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$12,600 each, and lease commitments at March 31, 2015 were \$29,400.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into reinsurance agreements with Claddaugh and HCPCI, both of which are related entities through common directorships. At March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, included within premiums receivable, loss experience refund payable and unearned premiums reserve on the consolidated balance sheets are the following related-party amounts:

	At March 31, 2015	At December 31, 2014
	(in thousands)	
Premiums receivable	\$	\$ 501
Loss experience refund payable	\$ 4,591	\$ 3,917
Unearned premiums reserve	\$ 845	\$ 2,113

Table of Contents**OXBRIDGE RE HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)****March 31, 2015**

During the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, included within assumed premiums, change in loss experience refund payable and change in unearned premiums reserve on the consolidated statements of income are the following related-party amounts:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands)	
Revenue		
Assumed premiums	\$	\$
Change in loss experience refund payable	\$ (674)	\$ (586)
Change in unearned premiums reserve	\$ 1,268	\$ 1,222
Expenses		
Policy acquisition costs & underwriting expenses	\$	\$ 29

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We evaluate all subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in our financial statements. Except as disclosed in Note 10 of these consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, there were no subsequent events and transactions that require disclosure in our financial statements.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**
SPECIAL NOTE ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including in this Management's Discussion and Analysis, other than purely historical information, including estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives and expected operating results, and the assumptions upon which those statements are based, are

forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words believe, project, predict, expect, anticipate, estimate, intend, plan, may, should, will, would, will be, will continue, will likely result, and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. A detailed discussion of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from such forward-looking statements is included in the section entitled Risk Factors contained in our Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 18, 2015. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements which speak only to the dates on which they were made.

GENERAL

The following is a discussion and analysis of our results of operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 and our financial condition as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 18, 2015. References to we, us, our, our company, or the Company refer to Oxbridge Re Holdings Limited, its wholly-owned subsidiary, Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited, unless the context dictates otherwise.

Overview

We are a Cayman Islands specialty property and casualty reinsurer that provides reinsurance solutions through our subsidiary, Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited. We focus on underwriting fully-collateralized reinsurance contracts primarily for property and casualty insurance companies in the Gulf Coast region of the United States, with an emphasis on Florida. We specialize in underwriting medium frequency, high severity risks, where we believe sufficient data exists to analyze effectively the risk/return profile of reinsurance contracts.

We underwrite reinsurance contracts on a selective and opportunistic basis as opportunities arise based on our goal of achieving favorable long-term returns on equity for our shareholders. Our goal is to achieve long-term growth in book value per share by writing business that generates attractive underwriting profits relative to the risk we bear. Unlike other insurance and reinsurance companies, we do not intend to pursue an aggressive investment

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strategy and instead will focus our business on underwriting profits rather than investment profits. However, we intend to complement our underwriting profits with investment profits on an opportunistic basis. Our primary business focus is on fully collateralized reinsurance contracts for property catastrophes, primarily in the Gulf Coast region of the United States, with an emphasis on Florida. Within that market and risk category, we attempt to select the most economically attractive opportunities across a variety of property and casualty insurers. As our capital base grows, however, we expect that we will consider growth opportunities in other geographic areas and risk categories.

Our level of profitability is primarily determined by how adequately our premiums assumed and investment income cover our costs and expenses, which consist primarily of acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses, claim payments and general and administrative expenses. One factor leading to variation in our operational results is the timing and magnitude of any follow-on offerings we undertake (if any), as we are able to deploy new capital to collateralize new reinsurance treaties and consequently, earn additional premium revenue. In addition, our results of operations may be seasonal in that hurricanes and other tropical storms typically occur during the period from June 1 through November 30. Further, our results of operations may be subject to significant variations due to factors affecting the property and casualty insurance industry in general, which include competition, legislation, regulation, general economic conditions, judicial trends, and fluctuations in interest rates and other changes in the investment environment.

Because we employ an opportunistic underwriting and investment philosophy, period-to-period comparisons of our underwriting results may not be meaningful. In addition, our historical investment results may not necessarily be indicative of future performance. Due to the nature of our reinsurance and investment strategies, our operating results will likely fluctuate from period to period.

PRINCIPAL REVENUE AND EXPENSE ITEMS

Revenues

We derive our revenues from two principal sources:

premiums assumed from reinsurance on property and casualty business; and

income from investments.

Premiums assumed include all premiums received by a reinsurance company during a specified accounting period, even if the policy provides coverage beyond the end of the period. Premiums are earned over the term of the related policies. At the end of each accounting period, the portion of the premiums that are not yet earned are included in the unearned premiums reserve and are realized as revenue in subsequent periods over the remaining term of the policy. Our policies typically have a term of twelve months. Thus, for example, for a policy that is written on July 1, 2014, one-half of the premiums will be earned in 2014 and the other half will be earned during 2015.

Premiums from reinsurance on property and casualty business assumed are directly related to the number, type and pricing of contracts we write.

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Premiums assumed are recorded net of change in loss experience refund, which consists of changes in amounts due to the cedants under two of our reinsurance contracts. These contracts contain retrospective provisions that adjust premiums in the event losses are minimal or zero. We recognize a liability pro-rata over the period in which the absence of loss experience obligates us to refund premiums under the contracts, and we will derecognize such liability in the period in which a loss experience arises. The change in loss experience refund is negatively correlated to loss and loss adjustment expenses described below.

Income from our investments is primarily comprised of interest income, dividends and net realized gains on investment securities. Such income is primarily from the Company's investment capital, some of which is held in trust accounts that collateralize the reinsurance policies that we write. The investment parameters for capital held in such trust accounts is generally be established by the cedant for the relevant policy.

Expenses

Our expenses consist primarily of the following:

losses and loss adjustment expenses;

policy acquisition costs and underwriting expenses; and

general and administrative expenses.

Loss and loss adjustment expenses are a function of the amount and type of reinsurance contracts we write and of the loss experience of the underlying coverage. As described below, loss and loss adjustment expenses are based on the claims reported by our company's ceding insurers, and where necessary, may include an actuarial analysis of the estimated losses, including losses incurred during the period and changes in estimates from prior periods. Depending on the nature of the contract, loss and loss adjustment expenses may be paid over a period of years.

Policy acquisition costs and underwriting expenses consist primarily of brokerage fees, ceding commissions, premium taxes and other direct expenses that relate to our writing of reinsurance contracts. We amortize deferred acquisition costs over the related contract term.

General and administrative expenses consist of salaries and benefits and related costs, including costs associated with our professional fees, rent and other general operating expenses consistent with operating as a public company.

Table of Contents**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Revenue		
Assumed premiums	\$ 600	58
Change in loss experience refund payable	(2,052)	(586)
Change in unearned premiums reserve	2,999	1,176
Net premiums earned	1,547	648
Net realised investment gains	644	
Net investment income	76	
Total revenue	2,267	648
Expenses		
Policy acquisition costs and underwriting expenses	87	43
General and administrative expenses	350	212
Total expenses	437	255
Net income	\$ 1,830	393
Earnings per share		
Basic and Diluted	\$ 0.30	0.28
Weighted average shares outstanding		
Basic and Diluted	6,044,667	1,386,719
Dividends paid per share	\$ 0.12	0.24
Performance ratios to net premiums earned:		
Loss ratio	0%	0%
Acquisition cost ratio	5.6%	6.6%
Expense ratio	28.2%	39.4%
Combined ratio	28.2%	39.4%

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General. Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 was \$1.8 million, or \$0.30 per basic and diluted share, compared to a net income of \$393 thousand, or \$0.28 per basic and diluted share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2014. The increase in net income from \$393 thousand to \$1.8 million was primarily due to an increase in net premiums earned. Additionally, we only began investing in fixed-maturity and equity securities during August 2014 and earned \$720 thousand of investment income during the quarter ended March 31, 2015, compared with \$0 in the comparable period.

Premium Income. Premiums earned reflects the pro rata inclusion into income of premiums assumed (net of loss experience refund) over the life of the reinsurance contracts.

Net premiums earned for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 increased \$899 thousand, or 139%, to \$1.5 million, from \$648 thousand for the quarter ended March 31, 2014. The growth of net premiums earned was driven by continued growth in the number and size of reinsurance contracts placed, including a new reinsurance contract placed during the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

Losses Incurred. There were no losses incurred for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Policy Acquisition Costs and Underwriting Expenses. Acquisition costs represent the amortization of the brokerage fees and federal excise taxes incurred on reinsurance contracts placed. Policy acquisition costs and underwriting expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 increased \$44 thousand, or 102%, to \$87 thousand from \$43 thousand for the quarter ended March 31, 2014. The increase is primarily due to the increase in net premiums earned from the growth in the number and size of reinsurance contracts placed, which also resulted in increased brokerage fees and federal excise taxes (which are paid with respect to new reinsurance contracts).

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 increased \$138 thousand, or 65%, to \$350 thousand, from \$212 thousand for the quarter ended March 31, 2014. The increase is due primarily to the fact that, following our initial public offering in late March 2014, we saw a significant and continual increase in our general and administrative expenses, because of an increase in business activities and operations associated with being a public entity.

MEASUREMENT OF RESULTS

We use various measures to analyze the growth and profitability of business operations. For our reinsurance business, we measure growth in terms of premiums assumed and we measure underwriting profitability by examining our loss, underwriting expense and combined ratios. We analyze and measure profitability in terms of net income and return on average equity.

Premiums Assumed. We use gross premiums assumed to measure our sales of reinsurance products. Gross premiums assumed also correlates to our ability to generate net premiums earned. See also the analysis above relating to the growth in premiums assumed.

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Loss Ratio. The loss ratio is the ratio of losses and loss adjustment expenses incurred to premiums earned and measures the underwriting profitability of our reinsurance business. There were no losses incurred during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Acquisition Cost Ratio. The acquisition cost ratio is the ratio of policy acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses to net premiums earned. The acquisition cost ratio measures our operational efficiency in producing, underwriting and administering our reinsurance business. The acquisition cost ratio decreased from 6.6% for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 to 5.6% for the quarter ended March 31, 2015. The decrease is due to the overall lower weighted-average acquisition costs on reinsurance contracts in force during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, compared with three-month period ended March 31, 2014.

Expense Ratio. The expense ratio is the ratio of policy acquisition costs, other underwriting expenses and other administrative expenses to net premiums earned. We use the expense ratio to measure our operating performance. The expense ratio decreased from 39.4% for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 to 28.2% for the three-month period ended March 31, 2015. The decrease is due to a less than commensurate increase in general and administrative expenses when compared with increase in net premiums earned, as the correlation between these financial statements items are relatively low.

Combined Ratio. We use the combined ratio to measure our underwriting performance. The combined ratio is the sum of the loss ratio and the expense ratio. If the combined ratio is at or above 100%, we are not underwriting profitably and may not be profitable. The combined ratio of 28.2% and 39.4% for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 is the same as the expense ratio above, given that we have not experienced losses.

FINANCIAL CONDITION MARCH 31, 2015 COMPARED TO DECEMBER 31, 2014

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents. As of March 31, 2015, our restricted cash and cash equivalents increased by \$1.8 million, or 6%, to \$30 million, from \$28.1 million as of December 31, 2014. The increase is the net result of premium installments received during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015 and placed as collateral under our in-force reinsurance contracts, offset by collateral returned on the expiration of one of our reinsurance contracts.

Investments. As of March 31, 2015, our available-for-sale securities increased by \$1.6 million, or 14%, to \$13.4 million, from \$11.8 million as of December 31, 2014. The increase is primarily a result of net purchases of fixed-maturity and equity securities during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015.

Premiums Receivable. As of March 31, 2015, our premiums receivable decreased by approximately \$2 million, or 51%, to \$2 million, from \$4 million as of December 31, 2014. The decrease is due to the receipt of premium installments during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015.

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Loss Experience Refund Payable. As of March 31, 2015, our loss experience refund payable increased by \$2 million, or 29%, to \$9.1 million, from \$7.1 million at December 31, 2014. The increase is due primarily to the recognition of a pro-rated liability over the three-month period ended March 31, 2015, because the absence of loss experience under two of our reinsurance contracts obligates us to refund premium to two of our ceding reinsurers.

Unearned Premiums Reserve. As of March 31, 2015, our unearned premiums reserve decreased by \$3 million, or 52%, to \$2.7 million, from \$5.7 million at December 31, 2014. The decrease is due wholly to the recognition of premium income on in-force reinsurance contracts during the three-month period ended March 31, 2015.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

General

We are organized as a holding company with substantially no operations of our own. Our operations are conducted through our sole reinsurance subsidiary, Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited, which underwrites risks associated with our property and casualty reinsurance programs. We have minimal continuing cash needs which are principally related to the payment of administrative expenses and shareholder dividends. There are restrictions on Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited's ability to pay dividends which are described in more detail below.

Sources and Uses of Funds

Our sources of funds primarily consist of premium receipts (net of brokerage fees and federal excise taxes, where applicable) and investment income, including interest, dividends and realized gains. We use cash to pay losses and loss adjustment expenses, other underwriting expenses, dividends, and general and administrative expenses. Substantially all of our surplus funds, net of funds required for cash liquidity purposes, are invested in accordance with our investment guidelines. Our investment portfolio is primarily comprised of cash and highly liquid securities, which can be liquidated, if necessary, to meet current liabilities. We believe that we have sufficient flexibility to liquidate any long-term securities that we own in a rising market to generate liquidity.

As of March 31, 2015, we believe we had sufficient cash flows from operations to meet our liquidity requirements. We expect that our operational needs for liquidity will be met by cash, investment income and funds generated from underwriting activities. We have no plans to issue debt and expect to fund our operations for the foreseeable future from operating cash flows and the net proceeds of our initial public offering, as well as from potential future equity offerings. However, we cannot provide assurances that in the future we will not incur indebtedness to implement our business strategy, pay claims or make acquisitions.

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Although Oxbridge Re Holdings Limited is not subject to any significant legal prohibitions on the payment of dividends, Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited is subject to Cayman Islands regulatory constraints that affect its ability to pay dividends to us and include a minimum net worth requirement. Currently, the minimum net worth requirement for Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited is \$500. As of March 31, 2015, Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited exceeded the minimum required. By law, Oxbridge Reinsurance Limited is restricted from paying a dividend if such a dividend would cause its net worth to drop to less than the required minimum.

Cash Flows

Our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 are summarized below.

Cash Flows for the Three months ended March 31, 2015

Net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$2,359, which consisted primarily of cash received from net written premiums less cash disbursed for operating expenses. Net cash used in investing activities of \$3,143 was primarily due to the purchases of available-for-sale securities of \$8,226 and increased collateral funding of \$1,824, offset by proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities of \$6,912. Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$727 representing cash dividend payments.

Cash Flows for the Three months ended March 31, 2014

Net cash used in operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 totaled \$48, which consisted primarily of cash received from net written premiums less cash disbursed for operating expenses. Net cash used in investing activities of \$1,203 was primarily due to released collateral funding of \$1,253, offset by purchase of property and equipment of \$50. Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$26,633, which consisted primarily of net proceeds from the initial public offering of \$26,901 offset by cash dividend payments of \$268.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations as of March 31, 2015:

	Payment Due by Period (in thousands)				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	More than 5 Years
Operating lease ⁽¹⁾	\$ 29	29			

(1) On October 1, 2013, we entered into an operating lease agreement for residential space at Britannia Villas #616, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The original term of the lease, which commenced on October 1, 2013, was 13 months. The lease was extended for another 12 months under substantially the same terms and conditions. Rent expense under this lease for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$12,600 each, and lease commitments at March 31, 2015 were \$29,400.

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OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of March 31, 2015, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in Item 303(a)(4) of Regulation S-K.

EXPOSURE TO CATASTROPHES

As with other reinsurers, our operating results and financial condition could be adversely affected by volatile and unpredictable natural and man-made disasters, such as hurricanes, windstorms, earthquakes, floods, fires, riots and explosions. Although we attempt to limit our exposure to levels we believe are acceptable, it is possible that an actual catastrophic event or multiple catastrophic events could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. As described under **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES** *Reserves for Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses* below, under GAAP, we are not permitted to establish loss reserves with respect to losses that may be incurred under reinsurance contracts until the occurrence of an event which may give rise to a claim. As a result, only loss reserves applicable to losses incurred up to the reporting date may be established, with no provision for a contingency reserve to account for expected future losses.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

We are required to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in our consolidated financial statements and related footnotes. We evaluate these estimates and assumptions on an on-going basis based on historical developments, market conditions, industry trends and other information that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. These accounting policies pertain to premium revenues and risk transfer, reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses and the reporting of deferred acquisition costs.

Premium Revenue and Risk Transfer. We record premiums revenue as earned pro-rata over the terms of the reinsurance agreements and the unearned portion at the balance sheet date is recorded as unearned premiums reserve. A reserve is made for estimated premium deficiencies to the extent that estimated losses and loss adjustment expenses exceed related unearned premiums. Investment income is not considered in determining whether or not a deficiency exists.