BioAmber Inc. Form 10-Q May 11, 2015

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-35905

BIOAMBER INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 98-0601045 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Jean-François Huc

President and Chief Executive Officer

BioAmber Inc.

1250 Rene Levesque West, Suite 4110

Montreal, Quebec, Canada H3B 4W8

Telephone: (514) 844-8000

(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

 Large accelerated filer "
 Accelerated filer x

 Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
 Smaller reporting company "

 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x
 Smaller reporting company *

As of May 11, 2015, there were 25,843,671 shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains or incorporates by reference statements that are not historical facts and are considered forward-looking within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. These forward-looking statements may contain projections of our future results of operations or of our financial position or state other forward-looking information. In some cases you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "should," "will," "would," "plan," "projected" or the negative of such words or other si or phrases. We believe that it is important to communicate our future expectations to our investors. However, there may be events in the future that we are not able to accurately predict or control and that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations we describe in our forward-looking statements. You are cautioned not to unduly rely on forward-looking statements because they involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those discussed as a result of various factors, including, but not limited to:

- the expected funding sources of our Sarnia, Ontario plant under construction and commissioning and our other planned manufacturing facilities and the expected timing of the completion of construction and the start of commercial operations at each of these facilities;
- •our joint venture with Mitsui & Co. Ltd., or Mitsui;
- •our take-or-pay agreements with Vinmar International Ltd., or Vinmar, related to bio-based 1,4 butanediol(1,4 BDO), tetrahydrofuran (THF), and bio-based succinic acid, and with PTTMCC Biochem for bio-succinic acid;
- •the expected market applications for our products and the sizes of these addressable markets;
- •our ability to gain market acceptance for bio-succinic acid, its derivatives including 1,4 BDO and THF and other building block chemicals;
- •the benefits of our transition from our E. coli bacteria to our yeast;
- our ability to commence commercial sales and execute on our commercial expansion plan, including the timing and volume of our future production and sales;
- the expected cost-competitiveness and relative performance attributes of our bio-succinic acid and the products derived from it;
- our ability to cost-effectively produce and commercialize bio-succinic acid, its derivatives and other building block chemicals;
- •customer qualification, approval and acceptance of our products;

- our ability to maintain and advance strategic partnerships and collaborations and the expected benefits and accessible markets related to those partnerships and collaborations;
- the impact of our off-take agreements on our business with our customers, our distributors and our current and future equity partners;
- our ability to economically obtain feedstock and other inputs;
- •the achievement of advances in our technology platform;
- our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for our products and processes and not infringe on others' rights;

•government regulatory and industry certification approvals for our facilities and products; and

•government policymaking and incentives relating to bio-chemicals;

and other risks and uncertainties referenced under "Risk Factors" in this Report and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. You should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which the statements were made and are not guarantees of future performance. Except as may be required by applicable law, we do not undertake or intend to update any forward-looking statements after the date of this prospectus supplement or the respective dates of documents incorporated by reference herein or therein that include forward-looking statements.

BIOAMBER INC.

Form 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2015

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PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Financial Statements BIOAMBER INC.

Consolidated Statements of Operations

for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015 \$	2014 \$
Revenues		
Product sales	367,249	350,661
Total revenues	367,249	350,661
Cost of goods sold excluding depreciation and amortization (Note 16)	310,089	279,860
Gross profit	57,160	70,801
Operating expenses		
General and administrative	2,627,565	2,919,063
Research and development, net	4,608,745	3,314,249
Sales and marketing	1,152,722	1,111,402
Depreciation of property and equipment and		
amortization of intangible assets	71,840	59,674
Foreign exchange loss	55,952	167,628
Operating expenses	8,516,824	7,572,016
Operating loss	8,459,664	7,501,215
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt		
discounts	66,250	72,800
Financial charges (income), net (Note 9)	430,810	12,352,721
Equity participation in losses of equity method		
investments (Note 2)	_	54
Other expense (income), net	(21,567)	
Loss before income taxes	8,935,157	19,926,790
Income taxes (Note 13)	33,319	25,251
Net loss	8,968,476	19,952,041
Net loss attributable to:		
BioAmber Inc. shareholders	8,258,182	19,911,045

Non-controlling interest	710,294 8,968,476	40,996 19,952,041
Net loss per share attributable to BioAmber Inc.		
shareholders - basic Weighted-average of common shares	\$0.38	\$1.07
outstanding - basic	21,837,592	18,559,652

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

BIOAMBER INC.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss

For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited)

	Three Months ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Net loss	8,968,476	19,952,041
Foreign currency translation adjustment	6,885,834	848,108
Total comprehensive loss	15,854,310	20,800,149
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:		
BioAmber Inc. shareholders	11,455,532	20,166,639
Non-controlling interest	4,398,778	633,510
	15,854,310	20,800,149

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

BIOAMBER INC.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

(Unaudited)

Assets	As of March 31, 2015 \$	As of December 31, 2014 \$
Assets Current assets		
Cash (Note 7 vii))	26,025,077	51,042,752
Accounts receivable	420,384	476,851
Inventories (Note 3)	1,979,931	1,801,826
Prepaid expenses and deposits (Note 3)	750,528	765,539
Valued added tax, income taxes and other receivables	1,799,143	3,005,153
Total current assets	30,975,063	57,092,121
Property and equipment, net (Note 4)	105,092,502	88,664,899
Investment in equity method and cost investments (Note 2)	447,681	34,817
Intangible assets, net (Note 5)	5,493,380	4,332,911
Goodwill	625,364	625,364
Restricted cash (Note 1)	593,250	646,500
Deferred financing costs (Note 7)	1,108,126	1,043,788
Total assets	144,335,366	152,440,400
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6) Income taxes payable (Note 13) Accounts payable Agro-industries Recherches et Développements ("ARD") (Note 16) Deferred grants (Note 8) Short-term portion of long-term debt (Note 7) Total current liabilities Long-term debt (Note 7) Warrants financial liability (Note 12) Other long-term liabilities Total liabilities Commitments and contingencies (Note 10) Redeemable non-controlling interest (Note 11) Shareholders' equity Share capital Common stock: \$0.01 par value per share; 250,000,000 authorized, 21,838,671 and 21,836,046 issued and	17,153,289 223,014 2,087,434 6,142,931 25,606,668 36,431,480 12,720,000 138,750 74,896,898 21,854,092	16,459,918 204,096 983,465 2,274,802 2,977,707 22,899,988 34,653,101 13,040,000 127,500 70,720,589 24,190,412
outstanding at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	218,386	218,360

Additional paid-in capital	221,973,090	220,460,559
Warrants	2,946,970	2,949,018
Accumulated deficit	(169,724,092)	(161,465,910)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(7,829,978)	(4,632,628)
Total BioAmber Inc. shareholders' equity	47,584,376	57,529,399
Total liabilities and equity	144,335,366	152,440,400

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

BIOAMBER INC.

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

for the period from January 1, 2013 to March 31, 2015

(in U.S. dollars, except for shares data)

(Unaudited)

	Common stor	ock Par	Additional paid-in capital	Warrants		Accumulated deficit	Accumulate other comprehens loss	ed sivNon-controll interest	Total li sh arehold equity
	Shares	value		Shares	Par value				
1		\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
ince at									
ary 1, 2013 ase of shares	10,349,815	103,498		1,457,855	3,074,957	(81,826,192)	(94,969) 2,759,435	37,797,5'
oven celation of	63,000	630	(630)					—	—
es - Sinoven k-based pensation	_	—	(140,000)	_	_	—	—	_	(140,000
te 12)	—	—	6,731,539	—	—				6,731,53
proceeds	8,000,000	80,000	79,920,000	—	—				80,000,0
costs rants issued at	—		(7,136,291)		_	—	—	—	(7,136,29
l i			(16,148,000)	<i>i</i> —	—				(16,148,0
rants									I
cised	145,554	1,456	268,470	(145,554)) (110,622)		—	—	159,304
loss	_		—	—	—	(33,217,758)	—	(573,524)) (33,791,2
ign currency									!
slation	—	—		—	—		(279,014) (59,986)) (339,000
ince at									I
ember 31, 3	18,558,369	185,584	177,275,934	1,312,301	2,964,335	(115,043,950)	(373,983) 2,125,925	67,133,84
k-based pensation									
te 12)	_		6,949,205						6,949,20
assification on-controlling	_			_	_	—	_	(2,125,925)	
erest to emable									

controlling

erest (Note

ance of shares									
of issuance s	3,220,000	32,200	36,027,708						36,059,9
rants									
cised/expired k options	26,976	269	23,164	(63,175)	(15,317)		—		8,116
cised	30,701	307	184,548						184,855
loss			—	—		(46,421,960)			(46,421,9
ign currency									
slation		—		—	—		(4,258,645)		(4,258,64
ince at									
ember 31, I	21,836,046	218,360	220,460,559	1,249,126	2,949,018	(161,465,910)	(4,632,628)	_	57,529,3
k-based pensation									
e 12)			1,507,695						1,507,69
rants			-,,						,- ,
cised/expired	2,625	26	4,836	(2,695)	(2,048)				2,814
loss		_	_			(8,258,182)			(8,258,18
ign currency slation	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,197,350)	_	(3,197,35
nce at March 2015	21,838,671	218,386	221,973,090	1,246,431	2,946,970	(169,724,092)	(7,829,978)	_	47,584,3

The accompanying notes are integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

BIOAMBER INC.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

for three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2015 \$	2014 \$	
Cash flows from operating activities Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash:	(8,968,476)	(19,952,041)	
Stock-based compensation Depreciation of property and equipment	1,507,695	1,483,681	
and amortization of intangible assets Amortization of deferred financing costs	71,840	59,674	
and debt discounts Equity participation in losses of equity method investments Other long-term liabilities Financial charges (income), net (Note 9) Changes in operating assets and liabilities	66,250 — 11,250 (148,125)	72,800 54 11,250 11,835,870	
Change in accounts receivable Change in inventories Change in prepaid expenses and deposits Change in valued added tax, income taxes and other receivables Change in accounts payable to ARD Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Net cash used in operating activities	56,467 (178,105) 76,273 1,400,142 (983,465) 1,165,302 (5,922,952)	875,598 (604,050) 516,832	
Cash flows from investing activities Acquisition of property and equipment and intangible asset Change in restricted cash Capital investment in cost investment (Note 2) Net cash used in investing activities	(412,864)	(12,730,816) (678,450) (13,409,266)	
Cash flows from financing activities Deferred financing costs Issuance of long-term debt (Note 7) Government grants (Note 8) Net proceeds from issuance of common shares Proceeds from issuance of shares by a subsidiary (Note 11) Net cash provided by financing activities	(144,260) 5,415,545 4,075,947 2,814 2,062,458 11,412,504	 3,752 8,120,700 8,124,452	
Foreign exchange impact on cash Decrease in cash	(1,038,861) (25,017,675)	(554,028) (10,706,130)	

Cash, beginning of period	51,042,752	83,728,199
Cash, end of period	26,025,077	73,022,069
Supplemental cash flow information: Non-cash transactions: Construction in Progress costs not yet paid Amortization of debt discounts capitalized to CIP	13,753,341 412,061	4,935,512 142,398

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

BIOAMBER INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and the year ended December 31, 2014

(Unaudited)

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with SEC rules and regulations and using the same accounting policies as described in Note 2 of the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Accordingly, these unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Management bases its estimates on various assumptions and historical experience, which are believed to be reasonable; however, due to the inherent nature of estimates, actual results may differ significantly due to changed conditions or assumptions. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 or any other future period.

Risk and uncertainties

BioAmber is an industrial biotechnology company producing sustainable chemicals and the Company has not yet commenced its planned, principal operations. The Company's principal operations will start once commercial production begins at the Sarnia, Ontario facility, currently under construction. The Company's activities since inception have consisted principally of raising capital for performing research and development activities, developing market related to its bio-succinic acid product and derived products, acquiring technology patents, producing and selling bio-succinic acid from a large-scale demonstration facility in Pomacle, France, and building its Sarnia facility. Ultimately, the Company believes that the attainment of profitable operations is dependent upon future events, including completion of the construction and future operation of the commercial-scale manufacturing facility in Sarnia, Ontario, further advancing its existing commercial arrangements with strategic partners to generate revenue from the sale of its products that will support the Company's cost structure, gaining market acceptance for its bio-succinic acid, its derivatives and other building block chemicals, obtaining adequate financing to complete its development activities, and attracting and retaining qualified personnel.

Fair value of financial instruments

The Company applies FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement, which defines fair value and establishes a framework for measuring fair value and making disclosures about fair value measurements. FASB ASC 820 establishes a hierarchal disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used

in measuring financial instruments at fair value. Market price observability is impacted by a number of factors, including the type of financial instruments and the characteristics specific to them. Financial instruments with readily available quoted prices or for which fair value can be measured from actively quoted prices generally will have a higher degree of market price observability and a lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value.

There are three levels within the hierarchy that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 —A quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 —Significant pricing inputs are observable inputs, which are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from independent sources.
- Level 3 —Significant pricing inputs are unobservable inputs, which are inputs that reflect the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

The fair value measurements level of an asset or liability within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of future net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. There have been no changes in the methodologies used since December 31, 2014.

Restricted Cash

Cash amounts that are restricted to withdrawal or usage are presented as restricted cash. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had \$593,250 and \$646,500, respectively, of restricted cash held in an escrow account as a guarantee to a long-term supply agreement. See also Note 10.

Revenue

The Company's revenues represent sales of bio-succinic acid and derivative products to a limited number of customers. Revenues from two customers represented 62% of the consolidated revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and revenues from two customers represented 73% of the consolidated revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Intangible assets

Costs incurred in obtaining patents are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of between 8 and 15 years. The Company's patent portfolio was acquired as part of the spin-off transaction and the acquisition of BioAmber SAS. The cost of servicing the patents is expensed as incurred.

As required by FASB ASC 805, business combinations, acquired in-process research and development ("IPR&D") through business combinations is accounted for as an indefinite-lived intangible asset until completion or abandonment of the associated research and development efforts. Therefore, such assets are not amortized but are tested for impairment at least annually. Once the research and development activities are deemed to be substantially complete, the assets will be amortized over the related product's useful life. If the project is abandoned, the assets will be written off if they have no alternative future use. The Company reviews its portfolio of patents and acquired in-process research and development taking into consideration events or circumstances that may affect its recoverable value.

Long-lived asset impairment

Management assesses the fair value of its long-lived assets in accordance with FASB ASC 360, Property, Plant, and Equipment. At the end of each reporting period, it evaluates whether there is objective evidence of events or changes in business conditions which suggest that an asset may be impaired.

In such cases the Company determines the fair value based upon forecasted cash flows which the assets are expected to generate and the net proceeds expected from their sale. If the carrying amount exceeds the fair value of the assets, estimated by discounting cash flows techniques, an impairment charge is recorded. The impairment charge is determined as the difference between the fair value of the assets and their corresponding carrying value.

Warrants financial liability

The Company accounts for common stock warrants in accordance with applicable accounting guidance provided in FASB ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity, as either derivative liabilities or as equity instruments depending on the specific terms of the warrant agreement. Derivative warrant liabilities were valued using the Black-Scholes pricing model at the date of initial issuance and are valued using the closing value as quoted on the New York Stock Exchange at each subsequent balance sheet date.

The liability is presented as warrants financial liability in the consolidated balance sheet, and changes in the fair value of the warrants are reflected in the consolidated statement of operations as part of financial charges (income), net.

Redeemable non-controlling interest

The Company accounts for redeemable non-controlling interest in accordance with FASB ASC 480-10-S99, Classification and Measurement of Redeemable Securities, under which the initial carrying value of the redeemable non-controlling interest is classified as temporary equity. The redeemable non-controlling interest is presented at the greater of their carrying amount or redemption value at the end of each reporting period. The changes in the value from period to period are charged to redeemable non-controlling interest on the consolidated balance sheets, or in reduction of retained earnings and earnings available to common shareholders if the redemption value is greater than the carrying amount. Refer to Note 11.

Net loss per share

The Company computes net loss per share in accordance with FASB ASC 260, Earnings Per Share, under which basic net loss per share attributable to common shareholders is computed by dividing net loss attributable to common shareholders by the basic weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Shares issued and reacquired during the period are weighted for the portion of the period that they were outstanding. The computation of diluted earnings per share ("EPS") is similar to the computation of the basic EPS except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional shares of common stock that would have been outstanding if all of the potentially dilutive shares of common stock had been issued. In addition, in computing the dilutive effect of convertible securities, the numerator is adjusted to add back any convertible preferred dividends and the after-tax amount of interest recognized in the period associated with any convertible debt. The numerator is also adjusted for any other changes in income or loss that would result from the assumed conversion of those potential shares of common stock such as profit-sharing expenses. Common equivalent shares are excluded from the diluted EPS calculation if their effect is anti-dilutive. Losses have been incurred in each period since inception; accordingly, diluted loss per share is not presented.

Recently adopted and recently issued accounting guidance

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, "Revenue Recognition - Revenue from Contracts with Customers," which is a comprehensive revenue recognition standard that will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under U.S. GAAP. The standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and either full retrospective adoption or modified retrospective adoption is permitted. The FASB proposed that a deferral of the effective date is necessary to provide adequate time to effectively implement the new revenue standard. It is important to note that the FASB's proposed deferral is not a final decision. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the standard.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-10,"Development Stage Entities," - Elimination of Certain Financial Reporting Requirements, including an Amendment to Variable Interest Entities Guidance in Topic 810, Consolidation, which eliminates the concept of a development stage entity (DSE) in its entirety from current accounting guidance. Amendments to the consolidation guidance may result in more DSEs being considered variable interest entities (VIEs). The new guidance is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after 15 December 2014, with early adoption permitted. The Company has elected to early adopt ASU No. 2014-10 for the interim period ended September 30, 2014. The adoption of this ASU allows the Company to remove the inception to date information and all references to development stage.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15 "Presentation of Financial Statements— Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40) (Topic 718): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern". This ASU requires an entity to evaluate whether conditions or events, in the aggregate, raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. The new guidance is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The adoption of this ASU is not expected to have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

2. Equity Investments

AmberWorks had a net loss of \$nil and \$108, for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Sinoven's share of the net loss amounted to \$nil and \$54 for those periods, respectively.

AmberWorks had total assets of \$70,496 and \$69,634 and total liabilities of nil as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Sinoven's share of net assets amounted to \$35,248 and \$34,817 as of those periods, respectively.

On May 6, 2014, AmberWorks made a capital distribution totaling \$1,350,000, to Sinoven and NatureWorks LLC, both 50% holders of the joint venture, in proportion of their respective investments in the joint venture. This distribution was in the form of cash and was recorded as a reduction of investment.

On February 5, 2015, the Company invested \$412,234 (CAD\$ 500,000) in a start-up private company, which represents 6.6% ownership interest.

3. Inventories and Prepaid expenses and deposits

The Company had approximately \$2.0 million and \$1.8 million of finished goods inventory as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

The Company had approximately \$0.8 million of prepaid expenses and deposits as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, which was comprised primarily of deposits made to secure the purchase of equipment and advances for the construction of the manufacturing facility in Sarnia, Ontario.

4. Property and equipment

	Estimated Useful Life (years)	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(years)	\$	\$
Land		266,434	290,349
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 8	63,418	77,448
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15	1,195,669	1,215,561
Computers, office equipment and peripherals	3 - 7	167,178	134,248
Leasehold improvement	10	12,342	12,342
Construction in-progress		121,010,284	101,664,351
Grants applied to construction in-progress		(17,234,554)	(14,362,312)
		105,480,771	89,031,987
Less: accumulated depreciation		(388,269)	(367,088)
Property and equipment, net		105,092,502	88,664,899

Depreciation expense is recorded as an operating expense in the consolidated statements of operations and amounted to \$60,178 and \$59,674 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

5. Intangible assets

	March 31, 2015 \$	December 31, 2014 \$
Intellectual property, patents and licenses:		
Beginning balance	4,878,813	4,878,813
Addition of license	1,089,972	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(350,074)	(350,074)
	5,618,711	4,528,739
Less: accumulated amortization	(4,528,739)	(4,528,739)

Intellectual property, patents and licenses, net	1,089,972	
Acquired in-process research and development	4,158,550	4,158,550
Computer software and license	359,811	279,201
Less: accumulated depreciation	(114,953)	(104,840)
Intangible assets, net	5,493,380	4,332,911

Amortization expense is recorded as an operating expense in the consolidated statements of operations and amounted to \$11,662 and nil for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

On December 11, 2014, we entered into a license agreement with Johnson Matthey Davy Technologies (Davy). We intend to use the technology licensed from Davy in our planned 100,000 ton per year capacity plant that uses bio-succinic acid as the feedstock to produce 70,000 tons of BDO and 30,000 tons of THF. We also secured the right to license the Davy technology for two additional BDO/THF plants. As of March 31, 2015, an amount \$1.1 million was capitalized as license fee.

6. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

		December
	March 31,	31,
	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Trade accounts payable	14,882,475	13,184,825
Accrued payroll and bonus	1,222,749	2,232,590
Consulting and legal fees	560,420	614,993
Other	487,645	427,510
Total	17,153,289	16,459,918

7. Long-term debt

Project Financing

The Company entered into the following facilities to fund the construction of the manufacturing facility in Sarnia, Ontario:

i) Sustainable Jobs and Investment Fund ("SJIF")

On September 30, 2011, BioAmber Sarnia Inc. ("BioAmber Sarnia") and the Minister of Economic Development and Trade of Ontario, Canada (Sustainable Jobs Innovation Fund) entered into an agreement pursuant to which a loan in the amount of CAD\$15,000,000, or \$11,865,211 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, was granted to BioAmber Sarnia, according to the following principal terms:

the loan is interest free during the first five years provided BioAmber Sarnia creates or retains an average of 31 jobs per year, calculated on an annual basis;

the loan will bear interest from the fifth anniversary date of its disbursement at an annual rate of 3.98% (or

5.98% if BioAmber Sarnia does not fully achieve the cumulative job target for the first five years); the principal will be repayable in five annual equal installments from the sixth anniversary date of the disbursement of the loan:

the loan is secured by a guarantee from BioAmber and Mitsui & Co., Ltd., the non-controlling shareholder of BioAmber Sarnia (the guarantee being limited to its percentage of ownership held in BioAmber Sarnia); and the loan is secured by (i) a general security agreement representing a valid charge on BioAmber Sarnia's present and future accounts receivable, inventory, equipmen0t and other personal property and (ii) a valid charge against the leasehold interest on the portion of the real property located in Sarnia Ontario, Canada and leased to BioAmber Sarnia.

During March 2013, BioAmber Sarnia received the first disbursement of CAD\$929,000, or \$735,252 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$394,028 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 15%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would

carry.

The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$341,224 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a short-term deferred grant and subsequently reclassified to reduce the cost of construction in-progress.

During July 2014, BioAmber Sarnia received the second disbursement of CAD\$4,976,000, or \$3,935,867 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$2,046,202 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry.

The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$1,889,665 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a grant classified in reduction of the cost of construction in-progress.

During November 2014, BioAmber Sarnia received the third disbursement of CAD\$1,345,000, or \$1,063,811 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$575,516 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate

used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$488,295 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a short term deferred grant and subsequently reclassified to reduce the cost of construction in-progress.

During the period ended March 31, 2015, BioAmber Sarnia received the fourth and fifth disbursements for a total of CAD\$ 7,750,000, or \$6,130,281 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$3,413,566 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$2,716,715 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a short term deferred grant and subsequently reclassified to reduce the cost of construction in-progress.

The discounted loan is being accreted to its face value through a charge in the consolidated statement of operations using the effective interest method over the term of the loan.

ii) Sustainable Chemistry Alliance ("SCA")

In November 2011, BioAmber Sarnia entered into a loan agreement with SCA in the amount of CAD\$500,000, or \$395,507 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was interest free until November 30, 2013, and the unpaid balance of the loan subsequently bears interest at the rate of 5% per annum compounded monthly. The principal repayment will be effected by way of 20 consecutive quarterly installments of CAD\$25,000 from November 2015 to November 2020. The loan agreement contains various legal and financial covenants including i) third party credit facilities which cannot exceed \$45 million in the aggregate as long as any principal of the loan remains outstanding, ii) the funds are to be used for research and development expenses only and iii) dividends may not be declared or paid without the consent of the lender.

In July 2014, the loan agreement was amended to increase the third party credit facilities from \$45 million in the aggregate as described above, to \$60 million in the aggregate.

The loan was originally recorded at \$205,171 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 15%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry.

The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$190,336 was recorded as a deferred grant (see Note 9).

The discounted loan is being accreted to its face value through a charge in the consolidated statement of operations using the effective interest method over the term of the loan.

iii)Federal Economic Development Agency ("FEDDEV")

On September 30, 2011, BioAmber Sarnia and FEDDEV entered into a contribution agreement pursuant to which a loan of up to a maximum amount of CAD\$12,000,000 or \$9,492,169 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, was granted to BioAmber Sarnia. The loan is non-interest bearing with original repayment of principal from October 2013 to October 2018 in 60 monthly installments. The repayment terms were later modified as described below.

The loan agreement contains various legal and financial covenants ordinarily found in such government agency loan agreements. In addition the following specific covenants also apply:

(a) the Company will carry appropriate amounts of liability and casualty insurance during the duration of the loan agreement;

(b) the Company will file for and obtain all necessary permits and licenses from all required jurisdictional authorities in order to build the facility;

(c) the Company will not alter the project nor project management without prior written consent of the Minister;

(d) the Company will complete the project to the Minister's satisfaction by the completion date; and

(e) the Company will not allow change of control without prior written consent of the Minister.

These covenants were met as of March 31, 2015.

During October 2012, BioAmber Sarnia received the first disbursement for CAD\$3,645,000 or \$2,883,246 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$1,121,290 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 15%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$1,761,956 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a deferred grant and subsequently reclassified to reduce the cost of construction in progress.

During January 2013, BioAmber Sarnia received a second disbursement for CAD\$221,000, or \$174,814 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$112,160 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 15%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$62,654 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a deferred grant and subsequently reclassified to reduce the cost of construction in progress.

On March 20, 2013, the BioAmber Sarnia agreed with FEDDEV to amend the repayment of principal from the period October 2013 to October 2018, to the period October 2014 to October 2019. The Company recorded the impact of the amendment in accordance with FASB ASC 470-50, Debt Modifications and Extinguishments. Accordingly, the amendment was recorded as a debt extinguishment and the issuance of new debt, with new terms. As a result, the Company recognized a gain on debt extinguishment of \$314,305.

During December 2013, BioAmber Sarnia received a third disbursement for CAD\$1,882,700, or \$1,489,242 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$932,965 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 15%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$556,277 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a deferred grant and subsequently reclassified to reduce the cost of construction in progress.

During May 2014, the BioAmber Sarnia agreed with FEDDEV to amend the repayment of principal from the period October 2014 to October 2019, to the period from October 2015 to October 2020. The Company recorded the impact of the amendment in accordance with FASB ASC 470-50, Debt Modifications and Extinguishments. Accordingly, the amendment was recorded as a debt extinguishment and the issuance of new debt, with new terms. As a result, the Company recognized a gain on debt extinguishment of \$451,450.

During June 2014, BioAmber Sarnia received a fourth disbursement for CAD\$3,183,200, or \$2,517,956 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$1,641,245 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$876,711 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a grant classified in reduction of the cost of construction in progress.

During October 2014, BioAmber Sarnia received a fifth disbursement for CAD\$913,200, or \$722,354 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$485,112 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$237,242 when converted into U.S. dollars as of December 31 2014 was recorded as a grant and applied as reduction of the cost of construction in progress.

During December 2014, BioAmber Sarnia received a sixth disbursement for CAD\$709,500, or \$561,208 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$384,467 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$176,741 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a grant applied as reduction of the cost of construction in progress.

During the period ended March 31, 2015, BioAmber Sarnia received the seventh disbursement and the release the holdback, for a total of CAD\$1,445,000, or \$1,143,349 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$805,744 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$337,605 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a grant and applied as reduction of the cost of construction in

progress The discounted loan is being accreted to its face value through a charge in the consolidated statement of operations using the effective interest method over the term of the loan.

iv)Hercules Technology Growth Capital, Inc. ("HTGC")

On June 27, 2013, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with HTGC. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, HTGC agreed to make a senior secured term loan of \$25 million, which was funded on June 27, 2013, net of a 2.5% loan fee. The term loan is repayable over 36 months after closing, at a floating interest rate per annum based on the greater of (a) 10% and (b) the prime rate (as reported in the Wall Street Journal) plus 6.75% and is subject to an end of term charge of 11.5% based on the \$25 million loaned amount (\$2,875,000). There was an initial interest-only period until January 1, 2014, to be extended until July 1, 2014 in the event that the Company received an additional equity contribution by its joint venture partner of at least \$1.5 million relating to its planned Sarnia facility by December 31, 2013, which was subsequently extended to January 31, 2014 pursuant to an amendment dated December 20, 2013. On January 24, 2014, the Company received the additional equity contribution from Mitsui of CAD \$9 million, and fulfilled the condition to extend the initial interest-only period until July 1, 2014.

At its option, the Company may prepay some or all of the loan balance, subject to a prepayment fee equal to 2% of the amount prepaid during the first 12 months after closing, 1% after 12 months but prior to 24 months after closing, and without prepayment fee thereafter. In addition, the Company is obligated to pay an end of term charge (as referenced above) in the amount of \$2,875,000 on the date on which the term loan is paid or becomes due and payable in full, which is being accreted over the expected term of the loan.

On December 17, 2014, the Company voluntarily paid off the outstanding balance and terminated the Loan Agreement. The payoff amount of \$22.4 million included the outstanding principal amount of \$19.2 million, an end of term charge of \$2.9 million, a prepayment fee of \$192,000, accrued interest of \$123,000, and other legal fees. In connection with such repayment, Hercules terminated its security interest in the assets of the Company which were subject to the Loan Agreement.

The Company used the proceeds received from Tennenbaum Capital Partners LLC loan (refer to Note 7 vii)) to repay the existing debt with HTGC. The Company recorded the impact of the loan termination in accordance with FASB ASC 470-50, Debt Modifications and Extinguishments. Accordingly, the difference between the net carrying amount of the extinguished debt and the reacquisition price of the new debt was recorded as a debt extinguishment. As a result, the Company recognized a loss on debt extinguishment of \$622,179 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

v)Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food of Canada (AAFC)

On March 10, 2014, BioAmber Sarnia entered into a repayable contribution agreement in the form of a non-interest bearing loan with the Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food of Canada in the amount of CAD\$10 million for the AgriInnovation Program. This loan provides for progressive disbursements as eligible costs are incurred for building construction, installation of equipment and start-up and commissioning of the Sarnia facility. The loan is repayable in equal, monthly installments beginning March 31, 2016 through March 31, 2025 and it contains various legal and financial covenants ordinarily found in such government agency loan agreements.

During September 2014, BioAmber Sarnia received a first disbursement for CAD\$2 million or, \$1,582,028 when converted in U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$811,250 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$770,778 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a grant classified in reduction of the cost of construction in-progress.

During November 2014, BioAmber Sarnia received a second disbursement for CAD\$5,255,346 or, \$4,157,053 when converted in U.S. dollars as of December 31, 2014. The loan was originally recorded at \$2,174,549 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$1,982,504 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a grant applied as reduction of the cost of construction in-progress.

During March 2015, BioAmber Sarnia received the third and last disbursement for CAD\$2,745,000 or, 2,171,060 when converted in U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The loan was originally recorded at \$1,170,091 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, being the discounted amount of the future cash payments of principal and interest over the term of the loan. The discount rate used was 12%, being the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry. The difference between the face value of the loan and the discounted amount of the loan of \$1,000,969 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 was recorded as a grant applied as reduction of the cost of construction in-progress.

vi)Comerica Bank, Export Development Canada and Farm Credit Canada 16

On June 20, 2014, BioAmber Sarnia signed a loan agreement with a financial consortium, comprised of Comerica Bank, Export Development Canada and Farm Credit Canada for a senior secured loan in the principal amount of CAD\$20.0 million. The loan will bear interest at a floating interest rate per annum based on the greater of (i) the Canadian prime rate and (ii) the Canadian dealer offered rate plus 1%, in either case plus an interest spread of 5%. There will be an initial interest-only period from draw down of the term loan until the first payment of principal. The loan's principal will be repaid in 26 equal, quarterly installments beginning three months after the completion of the commissioning and start-up phase of the Sarnia plant, but at the latest on June 30, 2015. The disbursement of the loan, net of a 2.5% upfront loan fee, is subject to customary conditions, including continued progress on the construction of the Sarnia plant, which are expected to be met in or around December 2014. The 2.5% upfront fee of CAD\$500,000, or \$395,507 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, was recorded as deferred financing costs and will be amortized over the estimated term of the loan using the effective interest method. Until drawdown of the CAD\$20.0 million term loan, BioAmber Sarnia will pay a 1.0% per annum commitment fee on the undrawn amount. BioAmber Sarnia may prepay all or a portion of the loan outstanding from and after the date of the first principal repayment, without penalty.

BioAmber Sarnia's obligations under the loan are secured by (i) a security interest on all of BioAmber Sarnia's assets and (ii) a pledge of all the shares of BioAmber Sarnia. In addition, the Company will provide the lenders with a guarantee representing 70% of the secured obligations under the loan, and Mitsui & Co., Ltd. will provide a guarantee representing 30% of the secured obligations under the loan that is capped at CAD\$6.0 million plus all accrued interest on the secured obligations and fees and expenses. The proceeds of the loan will be used by BioAmber Sarnia to complete the ongoing construction of the Sarnia Plant and fund its startup and commissioning.

The loan agreement contains certain representations and warranties, affirmative covenants, negative covenants and conditions that are customarily required for similar financings, including in connection with the disbursement of the loan. The financial covenants require BioAmber Sarnia to maintain a minimum debt service ratio of 1.75 on a historical basis, at the end of any and each quarter during the term of the loan. The agreement also contains customary events of default (subject, in certain instances, to specified grace periods) including, but not limited to, the failure to make payments of interest or premium, if any, on, or principal under the loan, the failure to comply with certain covenants and agreements specified in the agreement, the occurrence of a material adverse effect, defaults in respect of certain other indebtedness and agreements, and certain events of insolvency. If an event of default occurs, the principal, premium, if any, interest and any other monetary obligations on all the then outstanding amounts under the loan may become due and payable immediately. There is no outstanding balance as of March 31, 2015.

vii) Tennenbaum Capital Partners, LLC (TCP)

On December 17, 2014, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "Agreement") with funds managed by TCP. The proceeds received were used to repay in full, the Loan and Security Agreement with HTGC that was entered into on June 27, 2013, and for general corporate purposes.

Pursuant to the Agreement, TCP agreed to make a senior secured term loan of \$25 million (the "Facility"), which was funded on December 18, 2014, net of a 2.0% commitment fee. The term loan is repayable over 36 months after closing at a floating interest rate per annum that is the greater of 9.50% or the 3 month LIBOR rate plus 9.27%, and is subject to an end of term charge of 8.25% based on the \$25 million loaned (the "End of Term Fee") payable on the date on which the term loan is paid or becomes due and payable in full. There will be an initial interest-only period until

September 30, 2015, which may be extended for a first additional period of three months and a second additional period of six months, subject to certain conditions. At its option, the Company may prepay some or all of the loan balance, subject to a prepayment fee equal to 3% of the amount prepaid during the term of the Agreement (and a pro rata portion of the End of Term Fee if the prepayment is less than the full amount of the Facility).

The loan obligations are secured by a security interest on substantially all of the Company's assets (subject to certain exceptions), including its intellectual property, but excluding certain identified licenses from third parties and its equity interest in its subsidiary, BioAmber Sarnia subject to the conditions specified in the Agreement. The security interest does not apply to any assets owned by BioAmber Sarnia, the entity that will own the Company's planned Sarnia facility.

The Agreement contains certain representations and warranties, affirmative covenants, negative covenants and conditions that are customarily required for similar financings. The Agreement also contains customary events of default (subject, in certain instances, to specified grace periods) including, but not limited to, the failure to make payments of interest or premium, if any, on, or principal under the Facility, the failure to comply with certain covenants and agreements specified in the Agreement, the occurrence of a material adverse change, defaults in respect of certain other indebtedness, and certain events of insolvency. In addition, the expiration, termination or unavailability of the Company's license agreements with Cargill, Inc. are deemed to be a default under the Agreement. The Company is required to maintain at least \$12.5 million in unrestricted cash through the period ending March 31, 2016. After that period, (i) the Company must maintain the lesser of \$12.5 million and the amount of the outstanding principal on the loan or (ii) BioAmber Sarnia's trailing 6 month free cash flow shall be at least \$5% of certain projections agreed to with the Lender. The

Company will require its subsidiary BioAmber Sarnia to make certain cash distributions to its shareholders on a quarterly basis beginning January 1, 2016, within the terms of the BioAmber Sarnia Joint Venture Agreement unless prohibited by applicable law or the BioAmber Sarnia financing agreements, such that amounts of cash will not accumulate in BioAmber Sarnia. If any event of default occurs, the principal, premium, if any, interest and any other monetary obligations on all the then outstanding amounts under the Facility may become due and payable immediately. These covenants were met as of March 31, 2015.

As of March 31, 2015, the balance of deferred financing cost associated with this transaction was \$156,250 and is being amortized over the estimated term of the loan.

The balance of the outstanding long-term debt is as follows:

	March 31, 2015 \$	December 31 2014 \$,
Sustainable Chemistry Alliance: Face value (CAD \$500,000) Less: debt discount Amortization of debt discount Less: short-term portion of debt	395,507 (190,336) 95,610 (19,775) 281,006	431,000 (207,417 97,778 321,361)
Sustainable Jobs and Investment Fund: Face value (CAD \$15,000,000) Less: debt discount Amortization of debt discount	11,865,211 (5,435,899) 352,284 6,781,596	6,249,585 (2,963,205 248,000 3,534,380)
Federal Economic Development Agency: Face value (CAD \$12,000,000) Less: debt discount Less: short-term portion of debt Gain on debt extinguishment Amortization of debt discount	9,492,169 (3,368,520) (949,217) (639,461) 990,157 5,525,128	(457,255))
Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada: Face value (CAD \$10,000,000) Less: debt discount Amortization of debt discount Less: short-term portion of debt	7,910,141 (3,754,251) 148,257 (72,570) 4,231,577	50,485)
Tennenbaum Capital Partners, LLC : Face value Less: debt discount Amortization of debt discount	25,000,000 (500,000) 41,667	25,000,000 (500,000)

End of term charge	171,875	_
Less: short-term portion of debt	(5,101,369)	(2,520,452)
	19,612,173	21,979,548
Long-term debt, net	36,431,480	34,653,101

The principal repayments of the outstanding loans payable are as follows:

	SCA	SJIF	FEDDEV	AAFC	TPC	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
April 2015 - March 2016	19,775		949,217	72,570	5,101,369	6,142,931
April 2016 - March 2017	79,101		1,898,434	870,841	10,958,338	13,806,714
April 2017 - March 2018	79,101		1,898,434	870,841	8,940,293	11,788,669
April 2018 - March 2019	79,101	2,373,042	1,898,434	870,841		5,221,418
April 2019 and thereafter	138,429	9,492,169	2,847,650	5,225,048		17,703,296
Total	395,507	11,865,211	9,492,169	7,910,141	25,000,000	54,663,028

8. Deferred Grants

As of March 31, 2015, the Company has the following deferred grants:

a) Sustainable Development Technology Canada ("SDTC")

Grant from Sustainable Development Technology Canada to BioAmber Sarnia in the amount of CAD\$7,500,000, or \$6,696,750 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, with progressive disbursements according to the terms of the agreement and milestones.

During July 2014, BioAmber Sarnia secured an additional CAD\$7.0 million grant to the initial grant of CAD\$7.5 million from SDTC pursuant to a contribution agreement dated November 29, 2011, to support the ongoing construction of the Sarnia plant. An amended contribution was signed on December 18, 2014, to amend the contribution from CAD\$7.5 to CAD\$14.5 million, and the milestones as follows:

- I. Detailed Engineering Package, Construction and Procurement. The Company fulfilled this Milestone in October 2012.
- II a). Re-engineering of the Production Process and Plant Design. The Company fulfilled this Milestone in 2014. II b). Engineering Site Preparation and General Contractor Selection. The Company fulfilled this Milestone in 2014. III. Engineering, Procurement of Equipment and Construction of the Plan, expected to be prior to March 31, 2015 IV. Commissioning, Start-up and Optimization of the manufacturing facility, expected to be prior to 2016. The grant is non-reimbursable by BioAmber Sarnia except upon the occurrence of certain events of default defined in the agreement.

An advance on Milestone I of CAD\$1,982,726, or \$1,568,364 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, was received in December 2011 (net of 10% holdback) and was originally recorded as deferred grant. During October 2012, Milestone I was fulfilled and as a result BioAmber Sarnia received an additional amount of CAD\$3,015,000, or

\$2,385,078 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, as an advance on Milestone II a). Accordingly, the advance on Milestone I was reclassified from deferred grants reducing the cost of construction in-progress whereas the advance in Milestone II a) was originally recorded as a deferred grant. During December 2014, following the amendment of the milestones as described above, BioAmber Sarnia received an amount of CAD\$896,300, or \$708,986, when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 for Milestone II b) and advance on Milestone III of CAD\$2,398,359, or \$1,897,397 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015. The advance on Milestone II a) was reclassified from deferred grants reducing the cost of construction in-progress, and the amount on Milestone II b) was directly applied against construction in-progress. The advance on milestone III was recorded as a deferred grant as of March 31, 2015.

b) Sustainable Chemistry Alliance ("SCA")

The loan received from SCA is to be used primarily for maintenance and operation of the Company's facility, staff salaries and commercialization costs. As the loan bears a below market interest rate, it has been recorded at a discount and a portion of the proceeds has been recorded as a deferred grant. The expenditures for which the loan was received have not yet been incurred as of March 31, 2015, but are expected to be incurred during the next year. Accordingly, the grant portion of the loan in the amount of

\$190,336 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015, has been deferred and will be reclassified as a reduction of such expenditures as they are incurred in the future.

The balance of the outstanding current liability deferred grant is as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,		
2015		2014		
	\$	\$		
SDTC	1,897,098	2,067,385		
SCA	190,336	207,417		
Total	2,087,434	2,274,802		

9. Financial charges (income), net

	Three Mon	ths ended
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
	\$	\$
End of term charge on long-term debt (Note 7)	171,875	235,870
Interest on long-term debt	593,750	625,000
Revaluation of the warrants financial liability (Note 12)	(320,000)	11,600,000
Interest revenue	(14,815)	(108,149)
Total financial charges (income), net	430,810	12,352,721

10. Commitments and contingencies

Leases

The Company leases its premises and other assets under various operating leases. Future lease payments aggregate \$1,655,050 as at December 31, 2014 and include the following future amounts payable on a twelve month basis:

	December 31, 2014	
	\$	
2015	383,246	
2016	220,906	

2017	173,468
2018	177,436
2019	200,834
Thereafter	499,160

Royalties

The Company has entered into exclusive license agreements that provide for the payment of royalties in the form of up-front payments, minimum annual royalties, and milestone payments. The Company has the right to convert such exclusive agreements into non-exclusive agreements without the right to sublicense and without the obligation to pay minimum royalties. As of December 31, 2014, the Company has commitments related to royalty payments as follows:

	December 31, 2014
2015	562,667
2016	523,500
2017	652,667
2018	736,000
2019	736,000
Thereafter	6,407,167

The Company has such contractual agreements with the following partners: Cargill Inc., DuPont, Michigan State University, UT-Batelle on behalf of the U.S. National Laboratories and the U.S. DOE, Celexion LLC, University of Guelph, Gene Bridges GmbH, the University of North Dakota and the National Research Council of Canada in partnership with the INRS University.

The royalties which the Company owes are in return for the use or development of proprietary tools, patents and know-how and the actual expenses incurred amounted to a total of \$127,040 and \$182,083 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and are included in research and development expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

Purchase Obligations

BioAmber Sarnia has entered into a steam supply agreement with LANXESS Inc., under which, BioAmber Sarnia has agreed to pay a Monthly Take or Pay fee during the term of the contract, which will vary upon the natural gas price index. An amount of CAD\$750,000 or \$593,120 when converted into U.S. dollars as of March 31, 2015 is held in an escrow account as a guarantee for the supply agreement. BioAmber Sarnia has also entered into a service agreement with LANXESS Inc. under which minimum yearly payments are required.

As of December 31, 2014, BioAmber Sarnia has commitments related to purchase obligations and service payments as follows:

	December 31, 2014
	\$
2015	1,276,214
2016	2,323,733
2017	2,541,857
2018	2,541,857
2019	2,541,857
Thereafter	8,682,382
2017 2018 2019	2,541,85 2,541,85 2,541,85

Litigation

As of March 31, 2015 there were no outstanding claims or litigation.

11. Redeemable non-controlling interest

On January 24, 2014, the Company signed an amended and restated joint venture agreement (the "Amended JV Agreement, Mitsui Agreement") with Mitsui & Co. Ltd. related to the Sarnia joint venture. Under the Amended JV Agreement, Mitsui invested an additional \$8.1 million (CAD\$9 million) on January 29, 2014 in BioAmber Sarnia to maintain its 30% ownership. The Amended JV Agreement also revised each party's rights and obligations under the buy/sell provisions of the Agreement, including a put option exercisable at Mitsui's sole discretion that requires the Company to purchase Mitsui's equity for a purchase price of 50% of Mitsui's equity in the joint venture. This option remains in effect until December 31, 2018. As a result of the Amended JV Agreement, the Company's previously recorded non-controlling interest in BioAmber Sarnia joint venture of \$2.1 million as at December 31, 2014 in shareholders' equity on the consolidated balance sheet, was re-classified to redeemable non-controlling interest in temporary equity on the Company's consolidated balance sheets, at the greater of the carrying value or the redemption value, in accordance with FASB ASC 480-10-S99.

On August 15, 2014, Mitsui invested \$16.5 million (CAD\$18 million) of equity in BioAmber Sarnia maintaining its 30% ownership. On February 6, 2015, Mitsui invested an additional \$2.0 million (CAD\$2,571,000) of equity in BioAmber Sarnia. As of March 31, 2015, the estimated redemption value of the redeemable non-controlling interest was \$14.8 million.

The following table reflects the activity of the redeemable non-controlling interest:

Balance, January 1, 2014	\$-
Reclassification of non-controlling interest to redeemable non-controlling	
interest	2,125,925
Mitsui's additional capital contribution	24,608,700
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest (NCI)	(874,890)
Accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to NCI	(1,669,323)
Balance, December 31, 2014	24,190,412
Mitsui's additional capital contribution	2,062,458
Net loss attributable to NCI	(710,294)
Accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to NCI	(3,688,484)
Balance at March 31, 2015	21,854,092

12. Share capital

On April 10, 2013, the Company's board of directors approved a 35-for-1 forward stock split of the Company's outstanding common stock, with a post-split par value of \$0.01 per share of common stock, which became effective May 2, 2013, upon the filing of the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation. All share and per share information in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the stock split for all periods presented.

Authorized

The Company was authorized to issue from the date of inception to April 13, 2011, 9,310,000 shares of common stock and 1,190,000 preferred shares, issuable in series, each with a par value of \$0.01 per share.

On April 14, 2011, the Company's board of directors resolved (i) to increase the total number of authorized shares of common stock to 17,500,000 and (ii) to eliminate the authorization for issuance of preferred shares.

On May 1, 2013, the Company's board of directors resolved (i) to increase the total number of authorized shares of common stock to 250,000,000, and (ii) to authorize to issue 5,000,000 shares of undesignated preferred shares, which became effective May 2, 2013, upon the filing of the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation.

Common stock-dividends and voting rights

Each share entitles the record holders thereof to one vote per share on all matters on which shareholders shall have the right to vote. The holders of shares shall be entitled to such dividends, if any, as may be declared thereon by the Company's board of directors at its sole discretion.

Preferred stock-dividends and voting rights

Holders of Series A preferred stock were entitled to dividends and votes on the same basis as the common stock, and had a liquidation preference of \$2.72 per share. In addition, the Series A participating convertible stock was convertible, at the option of the

holders, into shares of common stock on a one-to-one basis. As of September 30, 2010 all shares of preferred stock had been converted into shares of common stock.

Liquidation, dissolution and winding up rights

In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of shares of common stock shall be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Company available for distribution to its shareholders, ratably in proportion to the number of shares held by them.

Secondary Public Offering

On July 21, 2014, the Company completed the initial closing of a secondary public offering (the "Offering") and issued 2,800,000 shares of common stock, at a public offering price of \$12.00 per share, with an option to the underwriters to purchase an additional 420,000 shares of common stock at the public offering price, which was fully exercised on July 24, 2014, for total aggregate offering proceeds of \$38.6 million. The Company received approximately 36.0 million in net proceeds from the Offering, net of fees, expenses and after underwriting discounts.

Warrants financial liability

The warrants issued upon the completion of the IPO, are exercisable during the period beginning on August 8, 2013 and ending on May 9, 2017. The warrants contain full ratchet, anti-dilution protection upon the issuance of any common stock, securities convertible into common stock, or certain other issuances at a price below the then-existing exercise price of the warrant, with certain exceptions. The exercise price of \$11.00 per whole share of common stock is subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of certain stock dividends and distributions, stock splits, stock issuances or other similar events affecting the company's common stock. At issuance, the fair value of the warrants was classified as a financial liability as a result of their characteristics, in accordance with FASB ASC 815. Following the May 2015 public offering, the exercise price per share of those warrants were adjusted to \$9.00. Refer to Note 18-Subsequent events.

The fair value of the warrants was determined to be \$2.02 per warrant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions:

Risk free interest rate	0.54	%
Expected life	4 years	S
Volatility	56.06	%
Expected dividend yield	0	%
Forfeiture rate	0	%

Accordingly, a liability of \$16.1 million was recorded at the unit issuance date. On March 31, 2015, the closing value of the warrant on the New York Stock Exchange, a level 1 fair value measure, was \$1.59 per warrant, as compared to \$1.63 per warrant on December 31, 2014. As a result, the liability was revalued at the balance sheet date resulting in a financial charge (income) of \$(320,000) for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Stock option plan

On December 8, 2008, the Company's board of directors approved the Company's Employee Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"), available to certain employees, outside directors and consultants of the Company and its affiliated companies. The options under the Plan are granted for the purchase of common stock at exercise prices determined by the

Company's board of directors and generally vest two, three and four years from the date of grant and expire in 10 years. The total number of options allowable in the plan is 2,121,000, of which 974,750 were approved under the initial plan, 1,050,000 were approved by the Company's board of directors on June 27, 2011 and 96,250 were approved by the Company's board of directors on December 6, 2011.

On April 10, 2013, the Company's board of directors adopted the 2013 Stock Option and Incentive Plan, or the 2013 Plan, which was subsequently approved by the stockholders on May 2, 2013. The 2013 Plan replaced the 2008 Plan, as the Company's board of directors has determined not to make additional awards under that plan. The 2013 Plan provides flexibility to the compensation committee to use various equity-based incentive awards as compensation tools to motivate its workforce.

The Company initially reserved 2,761,922 shares of its common stock for the issuance of awards under the 2013 Plan. The 2013 Plan may also provide that the number of shares reserved and available for issuance under the plan will automatically increase each January 1, beginning in 2014, by 3% of the outstanding number of shares of common stock on the immediately preceding

December 31. This number is subject to adjustment in the event of a stock split, stock dividend or other changes in the Company's capitalization.

The 2013 Plan is administered by the Company's board of directors or the compensation committee of the board of directors (the "Administrator"). The Administrator has full power to select, from among the individuals eligible for awards, the individuals to whom awards will be granted, to make any combination of awards to participants, and to determine the specific terms and conditions of each award, subject to the provisions of the 2013 Plan. Persons eligible to participate in the 2013 Plan are those full or part-time officers, employees, non-employee directors and other key persons (including consultants and prospective officers) of the Company and its subsidiaries as selected from time to time by the Administrator in its discretion.

The 2013 Plan permits the granting of (1) options to purchase common stock intended to qualify as incentive stock options under Section 422 of the Code and (2) options that do not so qualify. The exercise price of each option will be determined by the Administrator but may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant. The term of each option will be fixed by the Administrator and may not exceed ten years from the date of grant. The Administrator will determine at what time or times each option may be exercised.

The Administrator may award stock appreciation rights, restricted shares of common stock, restricted stock units and may also grant shares of common stock which are free from any restrictions under the 2013 Plan. The Administrator may grant performance share awards to any participant, which entitle the recipient to receive shares of common stock upon the achievement of certain performance goals and such other conditions as the Administrator shall determine. The Administrator may grant dividend equivalent rights to participants which entitle the recipient to receive credits for dividends that would be paid if the recipient had held specified shares of common stock.

The 2013 Plan provides that upon the effectiveness of a "sale event" as defined in the 2013 Plan, except as otherwise provided by the Administrator in the award agreement, all stock options and stock appreciation rights will automatically become fully exercisable and the restrictions and conditions on all other awards with time-based conditions will automatically be deemed waived, unless the parties to the sale event agree that such awards will be assumed or continued by the successor entity.

No other awards may be granted under the 2013 Plan after the date that is ten years from the date of stockholder approval.

Stock-based compensation expense was allocated as follows:

	Three Months ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
	\$	\$
General and administrative	801,672	664,022
Research and development	562,682	647,525
Sales and marketing	143,341	172,134
Total compensation expense	1,507,695	1,483,681

The following table summarizes activity under the Plan:

	Three Mont March 31,	hs ended		
	2015		2014	
		Weighted		Weighted
	Number	Average	Number	Average
	of	Exercise	of	Exercise
	options	price	options	price
		\$		\$
Options outstanding, beginning of period	4,923,596	7.67	4,329,560	8.46
Granted	260,000	8.61	60,000	12.03
Forfeited	(23,146)	8.41	(46,719)	10.08
Options outstanding, end of period	5,160,450	7.70	4,342,841	8.49
Options exercisable, end of period	2,544,706	6.87	1,666,406	8.40
Per share weighted average grant-date fair value				
of options granted		\$ 6.28		\$ 6.74

As of March 31, 2015, the weighted-average remaining contractual life of options outstanding and options exercisable were 7.84 years and 6.61 years, respectively.

The fair value of options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Three	Mc	onths	
	ended			
	March	n 31	,	
	2015		2014	
Risk-free interest rate	1.82	%	1.91	%
Expected life	6.25 y	ear	6.25 ye	ars
Volatility	85.34	%	58.24	%
Expected dividend yield	0	%	0	%

Warrants

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, 2,625 warrants were exercised at an exercise price of \$1.07 per share. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, 3,500 warrants were exercised at an exercise price of \$1.07.

As at March 31, 2015, the Company had the following warrants outstanding to acquire common shares:

Number	Exercise price	Expiration date
331,846	\$ 1.07	February 2014 - September 2019
610,890	\$ 1.43	February 1, 2019
208,950	\$ 5.74	October 2014 - June 2019
94,745	\$ 10.55	April 1, 2021
4,000,000	\$ 11.00	May 1, 2017
5,246,431		

13. Income taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and available net operating loss carry forwards. A valuation allowance is established to reduce tax assets if it is more likely than not that all or some portions of such tax assets will not be realized.

The Company's valuation allowance was recorded on the deferred tax assets to provide for a reasonable provision, which in the Company's estimation is more likely than not that all or some portions of such tax assets will not be realized. In determining the adequacy of the valuation allowance, the Company applied the authoritative guidance and considered such factors as (i) which subsidiaries were producing income and which subsidiaries were producing losses

and (ii) temporary differences occurring from depreciation and amortization which the Company expects to increase the taxable income over future periods.

The Company follows the guidance concerning accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, which clarifies the accounting and disclosure for uncertainty in tax positions. The guidance requires that the Company determine whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will not be sustained upon examination by the appropriate taxing authority. If a tax position does not meet the more likely than not recognition criterion, the guidance requires that the tax position be measured at the largest amount of benefit greater than 50 percent not likely of being sustained upon ultimate settlement.

Based on the Company's evaluation at March 31, 2015, management has concluded that there has been a change to the recorded uncertain tax positions requiring adjustments to deferred tax assets and related valuation allowance, but did not require any recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Open tax years include the tax years December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

The Company from time to time has been assessed interest or penalties by major tax jurisdictions; however such assessments historically have been minimal and immaterial to our financial results. If the Company receives an assessment for interest and/or penalties, it would be classified in the consolidated financial statements as an income tax expense.

For the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, the Company's effective income tax rates was 0.37% and 0.13% respectively, compared to an applicable U.S. combined federal and state income tax rate of 40.54%. The difference between the effective tax rate and U.S. statutory tax rate as of March 31, 2015 is primarily due the existence of valuation allowances for deferred tax assets including net operating losses and stock options. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded valuation allowances on deferred tax assets relating to current year losses and temporary differences.

The Company accounts for interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions, if any, as part of tax expense unless it is associated with intercompany profits. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions associated with intercompany profits as prepaid tax expense. The asset is amortized over the life of the assets involved in the intercompany sale. For each of the periods presented herein, there were no material changes to the amounts accrued or charged to expense for tax-related interest and penalties.

The Company is subject to possible income tax examinations for its U.S. federal and state income tax returns filed for the tax years 2010 to present. International tax statutes may vary widely regarding the tax years subject to examination, but generally range from 2010 to the present.

14. Financial instruments

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk as result of foreign-denominated transactions and balances. The Company does not hold any financial instruments that mitigate this risk.

Credit risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk as of March 31, 2015, is equal to the carrying amount of its financial assets. As of March 31, 2015 the amounts due from two customers represented approximately 54% of the total accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2014, the amounts due from one customer represented approximately 84% of the total accounts receivable.

Interest Rate Risk

We had unrestricted cash totaling \$26.0 million at March 31, 2015. These amounts were deposited in current and interest-bearing accounts and were held for working capital purposes. Our primary objective is to preserve our capital for the purpose of constructing our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario, Canada and funding our operations. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes. Our three-year term loan with TCP bears interest at 9.50% or the 3 month LIBOR rate plus 9.27%. If the LIBOR rate were to increase, the interest rate for the remaining term of the loan would increase.

15. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

For cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the carrying amount approximates fair value because of the short-term maturity of those instruments.

The carrying amount of long-term debt approximates fair value as at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The fair value of long-term debt received from government organizations was determined using Level 3 information as the Company produces an estimate of fair value based on internally developed valuation techniques which are based on a discounted cash flow methodology and incorporates all relevant observable market inputs. The interest free loans were discounted using an interest rate between 12% and 15%, a level 3 fair value measurement, representing the interest rate a loan with similar terms and conditions would carry.

The fair value of the warrants which were issued upon the completion of the IPO on May 10, 2013 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using various assumptions described in Note 13, which was a level 3

fair value measurement. As these warrants starting trading freely on the New York Stock Exchange on June 10, 2013, the closing value of these warrants, which is a level 1 measurement was used to calculate the fair value from June 10, 2013 onwards.

16. Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties not disclosed elsewhere were as follows:

	Three Months ended		
	March 31,		
	2015	2014	
	\$	\$	
Product sales to a shareholder	3,250	21,582	
Toll manufacturing services provided by ARD recorded as			
research and development expenses Toll manufacturing services provided by ARD initially	—	189,172	
recorded as inventory	445,847	1,797,396	

On December 7, 2012, the Company entered into a restated toll manufacturing agreement with ARD, whereby ARD granted the Company exclusive access to a demonstration plant in France to develop and produce succinic acid until June 30, 2013, and the Company exercised its option to extend the access to this facility through the end of 2014, during which time the Company was only guaranteed 60% of the capacity of this facility. The Company purchased 100% of the succinic acid produced by the demonstration plant from ARD, which was recorded in the Company's inventory and is recorded in its costs of goods sold following sales to the Company's customers. ARD remains a shareholder of the Company.

The related party transactions noted above were undertaken in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the parties.

17. Business segments

The Company allocates, for the purpose of geographic segment reporting, its revenue based on the location of the seller. For the purpose of geographic segment reporting, the non-current assets of the Company are allocated as follows:

	Europe	North America			Consolidated		
	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	December 31,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Property and equipment, net			105,092,502	88,664,899	105,092,502	88,664,899	
Investment in equity method							
investments			447,681	34,817	447,681	34,817	
Intangible assets, net (Note 5)	4,158,550	4,158,550	1,334,830	174,361	5,493,380	4,332,911	
Goodwill	625,364	625,364			625,364	625,364	

18. Subsequent events

On April 20, 2015, the Company elected to terminate its license with DuPont for their BDO catalysts as a result of the decision to pursue with the BDO technology licensed from Davy. As a result, the carrying value of the DuPont license of \$1.1 million was written off.

On May 6, 2015, the Company completed a public offering and issued 3,900,000 shares of common stock, at an offering price of \$9.00 per share, with an option to the underwriters to purchase an additional 585,000 shares of common stock at the same price per share. The Company estimates that the total net proceeds from the public offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses to be approximately \$32.8 million, or approximately \$37.7 million if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares of common stock. As of May 11, 2015, the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of common stock had not been exercised.

The completion of the public offering on May 6, 2015 at a public offering price of \$9.00 per share triggered an adjustment to the exercise price of the outstanding warrants to purchase common stock issued upon the completion of the IPO. Following the completion of the May 2015 public offering, the exercise price of such warrants was reduced from \$11.00 per whole share of common stock to \$9.00 per whole share of common stock, pursuant to the terms of such warrants.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations The information included in this management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements reflect the views of our management regarding current expectations and projections about future events and are based on currently available information. Actual results could differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons, including, but not limited to, those listed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this report and in our Annual Report Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 as well as those discussed elsewhere in this report. Other unknown or unpredictable factors also could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The use of words such as "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans" and "believes," among others, generally identify forward-looking statements; however, these words are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. In addition, any statements that refer to expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are inherently subject to uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. We are not under any obligation to, and do not intend to, publicly update or review any of these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, even if experience or future events make it clear that any expected results expressed or implied by those forward-looking statements will not be realized. Please carefully review and consider the various disclosures made in this report and in our other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that attempt to advise interested parties of the risks and factors that may affect our business, prospects and results of operations.

Overview

We are an industrial biotechnology company producing sustainable chemicals. Our proprietary technology platform combines industrial biotechnology and chemical catalysis to convert renewable feedstocks into sustainable chemicals that are cost-competitive replacements for petroleum-derived chemicals, which are used in a wide variety of everyday products including plastics, resins, food additives and personal care products. We currently sell our first product, bio-succinic acid, to customers in a variety of chemical markets. We intend to produce bio-succinic acid that is cost-competitive with succinic acid produced from petroleum at our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario, which is being built pursuant to a joint venture agreement with Mitsui and Co. Ltd., or Mitsui.

We believe we can produce bio-succinic acid that is cost-competitive with succinic acid produced from oil priced as low as \$30 per barrel, based on management's estimates of production costs at our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario and an assumed corn price of \$4.00 per bushel. While we can provide no assurance that we will be able to secure corn at \$4.00 per bushel given the fluctuations in corn prices, we believe this assumption is reasonable given the historic price of corn and management's expectations as to their ability to manage the cost of corn and other inputs for our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario. Over the past five years, the price of corn ranged from a low of \$2.82 per bushel to a high of \$8.44 per bushel. As of April 27, 2015, the spot price was \$3.48 per bushel and the six-month forward price was \$3.72 per bushel. We estimate that a \$1.00 increase or decrease in the per bushel price of corn would result in just a \$0.024 per pound change in the variable cost of our bio-succinic acid. We expect the productivity of our yeast and on-going process improvements to further reduce our production costs. Our ability to compete on cost is not dependent on government subsidies or tariffs. We are currently building our first facility in cooperation with Mitsui in Sarnia, Ontario. We began commissioning and start-up in March 2015, and we expect this facility to be mechanically complete in the second quarter of 2015. We also intend to build and operate additional facilities over the next three to five years.

We manufactured our bio-succinic acid at a large-scale demonstration facility in Pomacle, France for over four years. We shipped commercial quantities to customers, such as shipments of one ton super sacks and container loads. We and our customers used the products produced at the facility as part of our efforts to validate and optimize our process and to continue to refine and improve our bio-succinic acid to meet our customers' specifications. As we scale-up our manufacturing capacity and prepare to manufacture and commercialize, we expect the majority of our revenue will initially come from sales of bio-succinic acid to target additional high value-added products, such as bio-based 1,4 Butanediol (BDO), tetrahydrofuran (THF), bioplastics, de-icing solutions and plasticizers. In addition, we are also working to expand our product portfolio to additional building block chemicals, including adipic acid and caprolactam.

On May 9, 2013, we raised net proceeds of \$71.7 million from the initial public offering of our equity securities. In addition, on June 27, 2013, we received net proceeds of \$24.2 million from a three-year term loan with Hercules Technology Growth Capital, or HTGC. On July 21, 2014, we completed the initial closing of a secondary public offering and issued 2,800,000 shares of common stock, at a public offering price of \$12.00 per share, with an option to the underwriters to purchase an additional 420,000 shares of common stock at the public offering price, less underwriting discounts and commissions. This option to purchase additional shares

was subsequently fully exercised, and on July 24, 2014, we completed the sale of these additional shares, bringing the gross aggregate proceeds from the secondary public offering to approximately \$38.6 million. We received approximately \$36.0 million in net proceeds from the secondary public offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses payable by us.

On May 6, 2015, we completed the initial closing of a secondary public offering and issued 3,900,000 shares of common stock, at an offering price to the public of \$9.00 per share. The offering also included a 30-day option granted to the underwriters to purchase an additional 585,000 shares of common stock at the public offering price, less underwriting discounts and commissions. The gross aggregate proceeds from the initial closing of this secondary public offering was approximately \$35.1 million, with net proceeds of approximately \$32.8 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses payable by us. As of May 11, 2015, the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of common stock had not been exercised. The completion of this public offering at a public offering price of \$9.00 per share triggered an adjustment to the exercise price of the outstanding warrants to purchase common stock issued upon the completion of the IPO. The exercise price of such warrants was reduced from \$11.00 per whole share of common stock to \$9.00 per whole share of common stock, pursuant to the terms of such warrants.

As of May 11, 2015, we had raised an aggregate of \$256.4 million from public offerings of our equity securities, private placements of our equity securities, and the sale of shares issued by a subsidiary and convertible notes.

Manufacturing Expansion Plan

In order to support our growth strategy, we have begun to rapidly expand our manufacturing capacity. We entered into a joint venture with Mitsui to finance, build and operate a manufacturing facility in Sarnia, Ontario through our BioAmber Sarnia subsidiary in which we own a 70% equity interest and Mitsui owns the remaining 30%. The joint venture agreement, which was entered into on November 2, 2011 and subsequently amended on January 24, 2014, also establishes our non-binding intent to build and operate a BDO and/or an additional succinic acid production facility with Mitsui, which we expect to occur in 2018. As part of the amendment, Mitsui increased its maximum capital commitment to the project from \$23.7 million to \$45.6 million in order to maintain a 30% equity stake in the joint venture. In exchange, Mitsui obtained the right to sell us back its shares in the Sarnia joint venture under certain specific circumstances: (i) Mitsui has the right to sell its shares and we have the obligation to purchase those shares at 100% of the investment value if the cost of the Sarnia facility is greater than \$140 million and we do not provide the additional funds to complete the facility, with a corresponding increase in our pro rata share of the joint venture; (ii) in the event of an occurrence of a dissolution event of the joint venture until December 31, 2020, Mitsui has the right to sell its shares and we have the obligation to purchase those shares at 100% of the investment value, with the dissolution event consisting of the Sarnia plant not being operational by January 31, 2016, cumulative losses accrued from 2016 through 2020 exceeding 75% of paid-in capital, no after-tax profit earned in any three consecutive years from 2016 onwards, and any act of insolvency, bankruptcy, or similar event, and (iii) until December 31, 2018, Mitsui in its sole discretion may sell its shares and we must purchase those shares at a 50% discount to their investment value.

For future facilities, we expect to enter into agreements with minority interest partners and we intend to partially finance these facilities with debt. We expect to fund the remaining costs of our facility under-construction in Sarnia, Ontario using available cash, equity from our partner Mitsui, interest free and low-interest loans, government grants and the net proceeds of approximately \$36.0 million from the July secondary public offering. For future facilities, we currently expect to fund the construction of these facilities using internal cash flows, partner equity, project financing and we may also require fundraising through the capital markets.

We also expect to grow our revenue base by developing new value-added applications and derivative products. On January 22, 2014, we entered into a take-or-pay supply contract with Vinmar International Ltd., or Vinmar, to supply BDO and THF from a planned facility with an annual capacity of 100,000 metric tons, or MT. Under the terms of the 15-year master off-take agreement, Vinmar has committed to purchase 100% of the BDO and THF produced in a

100,000 MT per year capacity plant that we plan to build in North America and commission in 2018. In addition to a guarantee of the purchase of the off-take from the planned facility, Vinmar plans to take an equity stake of at least 10% in the facility and assist in seeking other financing for the planned facility. BDO and THF are building block chemicals used in a wide range of products, including engineering plastics for the automotive industry, polyurethanes, biodegradable plastics, and spandex. While this agreement is binding, our inability to finance and construct the plant would relieve Vinmar of its obligation to purchase BDO and THF under the terms of the take-or-pay agreement. We believe the current size of the global BDO and THF market is approximately \$6.5 billion. We believe our bio-based BDO is cost competitive with petroleum-derived BDO. To date, we have validated the high quality of our BDO with over 20 purchasers of petroleum-derived BDO.

We signed a second take-or-pay agreement on July 3, 2014 with Vinmar to supply 10,000 tons of bio-succinic acid per year for 15 years from the Sarnia plant. The take-or-pay agreement also includes an expansion to the BDO facility previously announced of an additional 70,000 tons per year of bio-succinic acid, with Vinmar off-taking 67% of the bio-succinic acid produced for 15 years. Vinmar also commits to off-take 75% of the production from a new, third bio-succinic acid plant with 200,000 MT capacity that BioAmber plans to commission in 2020.

Sarnia Facility

The first facility we are currently building in partnership with Mitsui is located in a bio-industrial park in Sarnia, Ontario. We began commissioning and start-up in March 2015 and we expect this facility to be mechanically complete in the second quarter of 2015. The facility is being constructed to have an initial projected capacity of 30,000 MT of bio-succinic acid and could subsequently be expanded to produce another 20,000 MT of bio-succinic acid. Completion of this initial phase of our facility under-construction in Sarnia is expected to cost approximately \$125.0 million +/- 10%, which is funded through capital contributions from us and from Mitsui, and from CAD\$72.0 million (\$57.0 million) in interest free and low-interest loans and governmental grants that have been committed, subject to our meeting certain milestones, by various governmental authorities in Canada. The milestones vary depending on the government grant or loan. We have received loans and grants proceeds from Canadian government agencies of CAD\$45.8 million as of March 31, 2015.

Additional Facilities

Our agreement with Mitsui contemplates the potential construction and operation of an additional manufacturing facility. We have entered into a take-or-pay contract with Vinmar to purchase 100% of a planned 100,000 MT per year BDO/THF facility in North America, to be expanded by an additional 70,000 MT per year of succinic acid, with Vinmar off-taking 67% of the bio-succinic acid produced for 15 years. In addition, Vinmar plans to invest at least 10% in the equity of the facility and will help us to secure other funding to construct the planned facility. We anticipate that Vinmar and other potential parties will be equity partners in this facility, but we may also seek low interest loans and government grants to fund the facility, which would substantially reduce our equity funding requirement. Based on current estimates and assumptions, we expect our second manufacturing facility to have a projected initial BDO/THF capacity of 100,000 MT and bio-succinic acid capacity of 70,000 MT with construction costs of approximately \$500.0 million. This facility is expected to be mechanically complete in early 2018.

Our second take-or-pay contract with Vinmar also commits to off-take 75% of the production from a third bio-succinic acid plant with 200,000 MT per year capacity that we plan to commission in 2020. As part of the BDO take-or-pay agreement, Vinmar has an option to secure 100% of the output from a fourth manufacturing facility that would produce 100,000 metric tons of BDO per year and would be commissioned in 2022 or 2023.

Our business strategy is to leverage the value of our technology by building and operating production facilities around the world. However, depending on our access to capital and third-party demand for our technology, we may also enter into technology licenses on an opportunistic basis.

Performance Drivers

We expect that the fundamental drivers of our results of operations going forward will be the following:

Commercialization of our products. We commenced recognizing revenue from sales of our existing bio-succinic acid product in 2011. Our ability to grow revenue from this product will be dependent on expanding the addressable market for succinic acid using our low-cost, bio-based alternative. We also expect to grow our revenue base by developing new value-added applications and derivative products. The supply agreement we signed with PTTMCC Biochem Company Limited, or PTTMCC Biochem, on April 18, 2014 is an example of market development in new applications, and we expect to sign additional supply agreements in other new applications such as artificial leather, plasticizers, polyurethanes, personal care products and foams and heat transfer fluids, prior to Sarnia starting production. We also plan to develop and commercialize derivatives of succinic acid, such as BDO, and to target large and established chemical markets such as adipic acid, where succinic acid can partially substitute the incumbent chemical.

On April 18, 2014, we entered into a three year supply agreement with PTT MCC Biochem, a joint venture between PTT Public Company Limited and Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation that was established to produce and sell polybutylene succinate, or PBS, a biodegradable plastic made from succinic acid and BDO. PTTMCC is constructing a PBS plant in Thailand that is expected to be operational in the first half of 2015 and consume approximately 14,000 tons of succinic acid per year at full capacity. This supply agreement provides that we will exclusively supply a minimum of 80% of PTTMCC's total bio-succinic needs until the end of 2017, with approximately 50% of the total purchases under take-or-pay terms. We also entered into a second take-or-pay agreement with Vinmar on July 3, 2014, for 10,000 tons per year for 15 years from the Sarnia plant. These are two of many potential customers and applications that we are targeting for the bio-succinic acid that we plan to produce at our Sarnia facility, and we expect to enter into additional definitive supply agreements in advance of mechanical completion in the second quarter of 2015. These supply agreements reflect our ongoing efforts to expand the succinic acid addressable market into new applications such as PBS.

We have also entered into several agreements and MOUs that contemplate, but do not obligate, us to supply approximately 47,000 metric tons of bio-succinic acid until the end of 2017, and, as we continue construction of our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario, we are actively seeking to enter into definitive supply agreements and form new relationships with potential customers

Our revenue for future periods will be impacted by our ability to develop new applications and the speed with which we are able to bring our succinic acid derivatives to market. To accelerate this process, we are developing our sales and marketing capability and entering into distribution and joint development agreements with strategic partners. On January 22, 2014, we entered a take-or-pay supply contract with Vinmar to supply BDO and THF from a planned 100,000 MT facility. Under the terms of the 15-year master off-take agreement, Vinmar has committed to purchase 100% of the BDO and THF produced in a 100,000 MT per year capacity plant that we plan to build in North America and commission in 2018. We entered into a second take-or-pay agreement with Vinmar on July 3, 2014 for an additional 70,000 MT per year of bio-succinic acid, with Vinmar off-taking 67% of the bio-succinic acid produced for 15 years. Our second take-or-pay contract withVinmar also commits them to off-take 75% of the production from a third bio-succinic acid plant with 200,000 MT per year capacity that we plan to commission in 2020.

We are also engaging in a collaborative process with our customers to test and optimize new applications and derivative products such as BDO in order to ensure that they meet specifications in each of their potential applications. We will continue to seek to establish supply agreements and distribution agreements with strategic customers as we expand our markets and product offerings after Sarnia has been commissioned. For example, we recently entered into a five year exclusive supply agreement with Xuchuan Chemicals, a global leader in polyester polyols, to supply bio-based succinic acid from our Sarnia facility to be used in manufacturing cast polyurethane elastomers. Xuchuan is initially launching Polyurethane (PU) systems for cast polyurethane elastomers (CPU) made with bio-succinic acid. CPU is used in applications including automotive instruments, caster wheels, industrial and mining equipment, power tools, industrial tires, coating rolls, drive belts, mold makers and hoses. By replacing adipic acid with succinic acid, Xuchuan has produced CPUs that offer better properties: they are more abrasion/scratch resistant and more resistant to solvents. Other applications for our bio-based succinic acid include resins for shoe soles and synthetic leather.

Production capacity. Our ability to further lower our production costs and drive customer adoption of our product is dependent on our manufacturing expansion strategy. In particular, in our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario, we expect to benefit from significantly lower operating expenses than those in the large-scale demonstration facility in Pomacle, France due to lower expected raw material, utility and other costs. We also project direct labor costs, electricity costs and other raw material costs in Sarnia, Ontario, to be lower than in Pomacle, France. If we were to adjust the current costs of goods sold in the large-scale demonstration facility we operated in Pomacle, France for the lower expected raw material and utility costs, the economies of scale and the engineering design improvements we have incorporated into our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario, our gross profit from products sold would increase significantly. As a result, we expect to produce bio-succinic acid that is cost-competitive with succinic acid produced from oil priced as low as \$30 per barrel. We expect to further reduce costs by the transition from our E. coli-based technology to our yeast-based technology and by implementing on-going process improvements. We intend to capitalize on our first-to-market advantage by rapidly expanding our production capacity and building additional facilities. Our results will be impacted by the speed with which we execute on this strategy and the capital costs and operating expenses of each of these facilities.

Feedstock and other manufacturing input prices. We use sugars that can be derived from wheat, corn and other feedstocks. We intend to locate our facilities near readily available sources of sugars and other inputs, such as steam, electricity, hydrogen and carbon dioxide, in order to ensure reliable supply of cost-competitive feedstocks and utilities. While our process requires less sugar than most other renewable products and is therefore less vulnerable to sugar price increases relative to other bio-based processes, our margins will be affected by significant fluctuations in these required inputs.

Petroleum prices. We expect sales of our bio-based products to be impacted by the price of petroleum. In the event that petroleum prices increase, we may see increased demand for our products as chemical manufacturers seek lower-cost alternatives to petroleum-derived chemicals. Conversely, a long-term reduction in petroleum prices below \$30 per barrel may result in our products being less competitive with petroleum-derived alternatives. In addition, oil prices may also impact the cost of certain feedstocks we use in our process, which may affect our margins.

Recent Developments

Repayment of HTGC loan

On December 17, 2014, we voluntarily paid off the outstanding balance and terminated our loan agreement with HTGC. The payoff amount of \$22.4 million included the outstanding principal amount of \$19.2 million, an end of term charge of \$2.9 million, a prepayment fee of \$192,000, accrued interest of \$123,000, and other legal fees. In connection with such repayment, HTGC terminated its security interest in our assets which were subject to the loan agreement.

Tennenbaum Capital Partners (TCP) loan

On December 17, 2014, we entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "Agreement") with funds managed by TCP. The proceeds received were used to repay in full, the Loan and Security Agreement with HTGC that was entered into on June 27, 2013, and for general corporate purposes.

Pursuant to the Agreement, TCP agreed to make a senior secured term loan of \$25 million (the "Facility"), which was funded on December 18, 2014, net of a 2.0% commitment fee. The term loan is repayable over 36 months after closing at a floating interest rate per annum that is the greater of 9.50% or the 3 month LIBOR rate plus 9.27%, and is subject to an end of term charge of 8.25% based on the \$25 million loaned (the "End of Term Fee") payable on the date on which the term loan is paid or becomes due and payable in full. There will be an initial interest-only period until September 30, 2015, which may be extended for a first additional period of three months and a second additional period of six months, subject to certain conditions. At our option, we may prepay some or all of the loan balance, subject to a prepayment fee equal to 3% of the amount prepaid during the term of the Agreement (and a pro rata portion of the End of Term Fee if the prepayment is less than the full amount of the Facility).

The loan obligations are secured by a security interest on substantially all of our assets (subject to certain exceptions), including our intellectual property, but excluding certain identified licenses from third parties and our equity interest in our subsidiary, BioAmber Sarnia subject to the conditions specified in the Agreement. The security interest does not apply to any assets owned by BioAmber Sarnia, the entity that will own our Sarnia facility.

Davy license

On December 11, 2014, we entered into a license agreement with Johnson Matthey Davy Technologies, or Davy. We intend to use the technology licensed from Davy in our planned 100,000 ton per year capacity plant that uses bio-succinic acid as the feedstock to produce 70,000 tons of BDO and 30,000 tons of THF. We also secured the right to license the Davy technology for two additional BDO/THF plants. As of March 31, 2015, an amount of \$1.1 million was incurred as license fees and recorded as intangible asset in the consolidated balance sheets.

Termination notice of DuPont license agreement

On April 20, 2015, we elected to terminate our license with DuPont for their BDO catalysts as a result of the decision to pursue the BDO technology licensed from Davy. As a result, the carrying value of the DuPont license of \$1.1 million was written-off.

Public Offering

On May 6, 2015, we completed the initial closing of a follow-on public offering and issued 3,900,000 shares of common stock, at an offering price to the public of \$9.00 per share. The offering also included a 30-day option granted to the underwriters to purchase an additional 585,000 shares of common stock at the public offering price, less underwriting discounts and commissions. The gross aggregate proceeds from the initial closing of this secondary public offering was approximately \$35.1 million, with a net proceeds of approximately \$32.8 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses payable by us. As of May 11, 2015, the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares of common stock had not been exercised.

The completion of this public offering at a public offering price of \$9.00 per share triggered an adjustment to the exercise price of the outstanding warrants to purchase common stock issued upon the completion of the IPO. The

exercise price of such warrants was reduced from \$11.00 per whole share of common stock to \$9.00 per whole share of common stock, pursuant to the terms of such warrants.

Financial Operations Overview

Revenue

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of products and services in the ordinary course of our activities and is presented net of discounts.

We expect revenue to grow as our sales and marketing efforts continue and our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario reaches the commercial production stage during the second quarter of 2015. We currently sell products manufactured in Pomacle, France.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold consists of the cost to produce finished goods at the large-scale demonstration facility in Pomacle, France under a tolling arrangement that ended on December 31, 2014. The costs to produce product in this facility was higher than we expect to incur in the future at Sarnia due to the higher raw material costs such as sugar and utilities, the amount of fixed costs relative to the

total production capacity available to us, and the inefficiencies created by the need to stop production from time to time to allocate the capacity to other parties. Going forward, from the succinic acid produced in Sarnia, we expect our cost of goods sold as a percent of revenues to decrease as we will transition from a demo plant production to a full scale commercial production and will benefit from efficiencies in utilizing our yeast in our fermentation process at our Sarnia facility.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of general and administrative expenses, research and development expenses, net, sales and marketing expenses, depreciation of property and equipment, amortization of intangible assets, impairment losses, write-offs of property and equipment and intangible assets and foreign exchange gains and losses.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses consist of personnel costs (salaries, and other personnel-related expenses, including stock-based compensation), recruitment and relocation expenses, accounting and legal fees, business travel expenses, rent and utilities for the administrative offices, web site design, press releases, membership fees, office supplies, corporate insurance programs administration expenses related to our Sarnia facility, and other miscellaneous expenses.

We expect these expenses to increase in the future as we hire additional management, operational employees and finance and administration staff to respond to a growing revenue base and add infrastructure to support it.

Research and Development Expenses, Net

Research and development expenses, net consist primarily of fees paid for contract research and internal research costs in connection with the development, expansion and enhancement of our proprietary technology platform. These costs also include personnel costs (salaries and other personnel-related expenses, including stock-based compensation), expenses incurred in our facility located in Plymouth, Minnesota, laboratory supplies, research consultant costs, patent and trademark maintenance costs, royalties, professional and consulting fees and business travel expenses. It also includes development costs for bringing our Sarnia facility in line for production.

We expect research and development expenses, including our patent maintenance expenses, to increase as we continue to invest in the deployment and implementation of our bio-succinic acid and derivative technologies in a commercial scale manufacturing facility. We expect to continue conducting our research and development in-house by utilizing our 27,000 square foot facility in Plymouth, Minnesota. Certain research and development activities that can be performed more effectively by outside consultants will be performed with their respective expertise as required.

Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of personnel costs (salaries, and other personnel-related expenses, including stock-based compensation), marketing services, product development costs, advertising, selling and distributor costs and feasibility study fees.

We expect to increase our sales and marketing efforts as we look to establish additional strategic alliances, grow our commercial customer base and expand our product offerings. As we transition to our commercial operations in our facility in Sarnia, Ontario, we expect to significantly increase our sales and marketing personnel and programs to support the expected expansion of our business. This may include increasing the use of distributors and other commercial partners where deemed appropriate.

Depreciation of Property and Equipment and Amortization of Intangible Assets

Depreciation of property and equipment consists primarily of the depreciation of our office furniture, research and development equipment and computer equipment, which is depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Amortization of intangible assets consists primarily of the amortization of computer software and licenses, which are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. We expect depreciation of property and equipment to increase significantly as our planned manufacturing facilities are put in to use. As of March 31, 2015, we received \$36.2 million in government grants and loans in relation to our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario, of which, \$17.2 million was applied as a reduction of construction in-progress. This will result in reduced depreciation expense over the useful life of the asset.

Foreign Exchange Loss

We expect to conduct operations throughout the world. Our financial position and results of operations will be affected by economic conditions in countries where we plan to operate and by changing foreign currency exchange rates. We are exposed to changes in exchange rates in Europe and Canada. The Euro and the Canadian dollar are our most significant foreign currency exchange risks. A strengthening of the Euro and the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar may increase our revenues and expenses since they are expressed in U.S. dollars. As we move our production to our manufacturing facility under construction in Sarnia, Ontario, we expect our foreign currency risk to continue as a significant portion of our uses of cash will be denominated in Canadian dollars while our sources of cash will be primarily in U.S. dollars and in Euros. We will monitor foreign currency exposures and will look to mitigate exposures through normal business operations such as manufacturing and selling in the same currencies where practical or buying required currencies at spot where advantageous. We may use forward contracts or currency swaps to mitigate any remaining exposures.

Amortization of Deferred Financing Costs and Debt Discounts

Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discounts consists primarily of costs from past financings that are recognized over the life of the funding instrument and will continue to increase in line with the expenses incurred to obtain future financing. Those costs are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis, which is approximately the effective interest method, over the term of the related debt. Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discounts also includes the accretion of the debt discount on the interest free or low-interest loans received from the government agencies if the expenditures for which the loans were received have not yet been incurred.

Financial Charges (Income), Net

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, financial charges (income), include interest on long-term debt, end of term accretion charge from the TCP loan and the recognition of gains or losses resulting from the mark-to-market adjustment required at the balance sheet date on the warrants issued in connection with our initial public offering, or IPO completed on May 9, 2013.

We account for common stock warrants in accordance with applicable accounting guidance provided in ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity, as either derivative liabilities or as equity instruments depending on the specific terms of the warrant agreement. Derivative warrant liabilities were valued using the Black-Scholes pricing model at the date of initial issuance and using the closing value as quoted on the New York Stock Exchange at each subsequent balance sheet date.

Income Taxes

We are subject to income taxes in Luxembourg, the United States and Canada. We have incurred significant losses and have not generated taxable income in these jurisdictions, with the exception of Canada. In the future, we expect to become subject to taxation based on the statutory rates in effect in the countries in which we operate and our effective tax rate could fluctuate accordingly. We have incurred net losses since our inception and have not recorded any federal, state or foreign current income tax provisions, with the exception of (i) recognition of unrecognized tax benefits since inception, (ii) a recovery of income taxes in the 258 day period ended September 30, 2009, and (iii) recognition of current income taxes in Canada. We have a full valuation allowance against our net deferred tax assets. Additionally, under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, our net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits may be limited if a cumulative change in ownership of more than 50% is deemed to have occurred within a three year period. We have not performed a detailed analysis to determine whether an ownership change under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code has occurred after each of our previous issuances of shares of common stock and warrants.

Equity Participation in Losses of Equity Method Investments

Equity participation in losses of equity method investments consist primarily of our share of losses incurred by AmberWorks LLC. We recognize our 50% share of losses incurred by AmberWorks LLC, a joint venture formed on February 15, 2012.

Comparison of Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and Three Months Ended March 31, 2014

The following table shows the amounts of the listed items from our consolidated statements of operations for the periods presented, showing period-over-period changes:

	Three months ended March 31, 2015	ended March 31, 2014	\$ Increase (decrease)	
D	(In thous	(in thousands)		
Revenues	ф Э <i>С</i> 7	ф 2 л 1	¢ 1.C	
Product sales	\$367	\$351	\$16	
Total revenues	367	351	16 20	
Cost of goods sold	310	280	30	
Gross (loss) profit	57	71	(14)	
Operating expenses	2 (20	2 0 1 0	(201)	
General and administrative	2,628	-	(291)	
Research and development, net	4,609	3,314	1,295	
Sales and marketing	1,153	1,111	42	
Depreciation of property and equipment and				
amortization of intangible assets	72	60	12	
Foreign exchange loss	55	168	(113)	
Operating expenses	8,517	7,572	945	
operating expenses	0,517	1,512	775	
Operating loss	8,460	7,501	959	
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discounts	66	73	(7)	
Financial charges (income), net	431	12,353	(11,922)	
Other expense (income), net	(22)		(22)	
Loss before income taxes	8,935	19,927	(10,992)	
Income taxes	33	25	8	
Net loss	8,968	19,952	(10,984)	
Net loss attributable to:				
BioAmber Inc. shareholders	8,258	19,911	(11,653)	
Non-controlling interest	710	41	669	
	8,968	19,952	(10,984)	

Product sales

Product sales increased from \$351,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$367,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 due to an increase in the volume sold, partially offset by a decrease in average selling price.

Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold increased from \$280,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 to \$310,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015. This was driven by an increase in the volume sold, partially reduced by a decrease in

the average cost per unit sold due to the previous inventory reserve taken.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$291,000 to \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease is driven by a reduction of the professional fees and other public company associated costs due to efficiency gains from the first year of being public, which is partially offset by an increase in stock-option compensation expense due to vesting of additional options granted.

Research and development expenses, net

Research and development expenses, net, increased by \$1.3 million to \$4.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. This was driven primarily by an increase in expenses related to the commissioning and start-up of the Sarnia plant, partially offset by a decrease in non-capitalized BDO development work and a decrease in expense related to the termination of the Pomacle toll-manufacturing access in December 31, 2014.

Sales and marketing expenses

Sales and marketing expenses remained relatively stable for the three months ended March 31, 2015, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Foreign exchange loss

The foreign exchange loss decreased by \$113,000 from a loss of \$168,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to a loss of \$55,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease was driven by a strengthening of the U.S. Dollar versus the Canadian Dollar during the 3 months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014, which impacted the Canadian Dollar cash balances being carried on our books to meet vendor obligations for the Sarnia Project.

Financial charges (income), net

Financial charges (income), net comprised of a charge of \$431,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to \$12.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease is mainly due to the mark-to-market adjustment change of approximately \$11.3 million for the warrants that were part of the units issued in our IPO.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

From inception through May 11, 2015, we have funded our operations primarily through an aggregate of \$256.4 million from public offerings of our equity securities, private placements of our equity securities, and the sale of shares issued by a subsidiary and convertible notes, CAD\$45.8 million from loan and grants proceeds from various Canadian government agencies and \$24.5 million from a loan with TCP. In July 2014 and May 2015, we completed public offerings of our common stock for aggregate net proceeds of \$68.8 million, after underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses payable by us.

The expected cash needs for the construction of our manufacturing facility in Sarnia, Ontario are \$125.0 million +/-10%, of which is expected to be funded by us through available cash, low-interest loans, governmental grants, and Mitsui's capital contribution. We began commissioning and start-up of this facility in March 2015. In addition, we will require funds for our research and development programs and for general corporate purposes. Based on these funding activities, the additional equity expected from our partner Mitsui, the cash on hand at March 31, 2015, combined with the previously committed funding from grants and loans not yet drawn as of March 31, 2015 and the proceeds received from the May 2015 public offering, we believe that we have sufficient cash to fund its operations for at least the next twelve months.

There are certain covenants in our debt and grant agreements, which are discussed in the notes to our consolidated financial statements. We are in compliance with all of the covenants provided in each of these agreements. We expect to continue to be in compliance with these covenants in the future.

The following table sets forth the major sources and uses of cash for each of the periods set forth below:

Three months ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands)

Net cash used in operating activities	(5,923)	(4,867)
Net cash used in investing activities	(29,468)	(13,409)
Net cash provided by financing activities	11,413	8,124

Operating activities

The cash from operating activities is primarily used for general and administrative expenses and research and development activities. These include expenses on research and development projects, consultancy and advisory fees from third parties, licensing and royalty expenses, payroll expenses, legal and accounting expenses and office rent and utilities.

Cash used in operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2015 of \$6.0 million reflected our net loss of \$9.0 million, which was adjusted for non-cash net charges of \$1.5 million and a positive change in operating assets and liabilities of \$1.5 million. Non-cash expense adjustments included primarily stock-based compensation of \$1.5 million. The amount of operating assets and liabilities is a net inflow of \$1.5 million due to an increase in current liabilities and a decrease in current assets.

Cash used in operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2014 of \$4.9 million reflected our net loss of \$20.0 million, which was adjusted for non-cash net charges of \$13.5 million and a positive change in operating assets and liabilities of \$1.6 million. Non-cash expense adjustments included stock-based compensation of \$1.5 million and financial charges of \$11.8 million for the mark-to-market accounting for warrants that were part of the units issued in our IPO and the end of term charge on long-term debt. The amount of operating assets and liabilities is a net inflow of \$1.6 million due to an increase in current assets that offset an increase in current liabilities.

Investing activities

Cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2015 of \$29.0 million included property and equipment purchases mostly related to the building of our facility in Sarnia, Ontario, and \$0.4 million of an investment in an equity method investments.

Cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2014 of \$13.4 million included property and equipment purchases primarily related to the building of our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario.

Financing activities

Cash provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2015 of \$11.4 million represents, a capital contribution by Mitsui in our BioAmber Sarnia joint venture of \$2.1 million, the loan and grant proceeds from various canadian government agencies of \$9.5 million, offset by deferred financing costs of \$0.1 million.

Cash provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2014 of \$8.1 million represents a capital contribution by Mitsui maintaining their 30% equity in our BioAmber Sarnia joint venture.

Off-balance Sheet Arrangements

During the periods presented, we did not have, and we do not currently have, any relationships with unconsolidated entities, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As such, management is required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that it believes are reasonable based on the information available. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the periods presented. The significant accounting policies which management believes are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results include fair value determination of assets, liabilities, fair value of intangible assets and goodwill, useful lives of intangible assets, income taxes, stock-based compensation and value of certain equity and debt instruments. These critical accounting policies are the same as those detailed in the notes to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

For information on recent accounting pronouncements, see "Recently adopted and recently issued accounting guidance" in the notes to the consolidated financial statements appearing in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk Interest Rate Risk

We had unrestricted cash totaling \$26.0 million at March 31, 2015. These amounts were deposited in current and interest-bearing accounts and were held for working capital purposes. Our primary objective is to preserve our capital for the purpose of constructing our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario, Canada and funding our operations. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes. Our three-year term loan with TCP bears interest at 9.50% or the 3 month LIBOR rate plus 9.27%. If the LIBOR rate were to increase, the interest rate for the remaining term of the loan would increase.

Commodity Price Risk

We use glucose in our processes, which can be derived from corn, wheat and other feedstocks. Thus, our raw material is sensitive to price fluctuations in feedstock commodities. Prices of corn, wheat and other feedstocks are subject to fluctuations due to unpredictable factors such as weather, quantities planted and harvested, changes in national and global supply and demand, and government programs and policies.

Foreign Currency Risk

We currently conduct our operations in U.S. dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros, which exposes us to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The facility under construction in Sarnia, Ontario will require Canadian dollar funding as well as U.S. dollar funding. We will monitor the amounts and timing of foreign currency exposures related to the construction of the facility and will look to mitigate exposure through normal business operations such as carrying appropriate foreign currency deposits and sourcing as much funding in Canadian dollars as practicable. We may use forward contracts or currency swaps to mitigate any remaining exposure.

Once we complete our facility in Sarnia, Ontario, we expect our foreign currency risk to increase as our sources of cash will be primarily in U.S. dollars, while our uses of cash will be primarily in Canadian dollars. We will monitor foreign currency exposures and will look to mitigate exposures through normal business operations such as manufacturing and selling in the same currencies where practical.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of March 31, 2015, our management, with the participation of our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of March 31, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level in ensuring that material information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules, regulations and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, including ensuring that such material information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Controls

Our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally,

controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We may be, from time to time, involved in the normal course of business in various legal proceedings. Rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission require the description of material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary, routine litigation incident to our business, and advise that proceedings ordinarily need not be described if they primarily involve damages claims for amounts (exclusive of interest and costs) not individually exceeding 10% of the current assets of the registrant and its subsidiaries on a

consolidated basis. We are not presently a party to any legal proceedings that, if determined adversely to us, would individually or taken together have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, financial condition or cash flows. There may be claims or actions pending or threatened against us of which we are currently not aware and the ultimate disposition of which would have a material adverse effect on us.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2015, sets forth information relating to important risks and uncertainties that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results. Except to the extent that information disclosed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relates to such risk factors (including, without limitation, the matters described in Part I, Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations"), there have been no material changes to our risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed on March 16, 2015. However, those risk factors continue to be relevant to an understanding of our business, financial condition and operating results and, accordingly, you should review and consider such risk factors in making any investment decision with respect to our securities.

Item 2. Unregistered Sale of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds Use of Proceeds

The Form S-1 Registration Statement (Registration No. 333-177917) relating to our initial public offering, or IPO, was declared effective by the SEC on May 9, 2013, and the offering closed on May 14, 2013. The net offering proceeds to us after deducting underwriters' discounts and commissions of approximately \$5.6 million and other offering expenses of approximately \$2.7 million was approximately \$71.7 million. As of March 31, 2015, we have used all of the proceeds from the IPO for capital contributions relating to the construction of the initial phase of our planned facility in Sarnia, Ontario and for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

Item 5. Other Information

The Securities and Exchange Commission recently provided guidance to issuers such as BioAmber regarding the use of social media to disclose material non-public information. In this regard, investors and others should note that we announce material financial information using our company website (www.bio-amber.com), our investor relations website (investor.bio-amber.com), SEC filings, press releases, public conference calls and webcasts. Information about BioAmber, its business, and its results of operations may also be announced by posts on the following social media channels:

BioAmber's Twitter feed (www.twitter.com/BioAmber)

BioAmber's Facebook feed (www.facebook.com/bioamber)

BioAmber's LinkedIn feed (www.linkedin.com/company/bioamber-inc.)

The information that we post on these social media channels could be deemed to be material information. As a result, we encourage investors, the media, and others interested in BioAmber to review the information that we post on these

social media channels. These channels may be updated from time to time on BioAmber's investor relations website.

Item 6. Exhibits The exhibits listed below are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description	Filed or Furnished Herewith	Incorpo Form	orated by Referen SEC File No.	nce Exhibit	Filing Date
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation		S-1	333-177917	3.1	4/11/13
3.2	Amended and Restated By-laws		S-1	333-177917	3.2	4/11/13
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate		S-1	333-177917	4.1	4/11/13
4.2	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant		S-1	333-177917	4.6	5/9/13
31.1	Certification of the Principal Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	X				
31.2	Certification of the Principal Chief Financial Officer pursuant Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Х				
32.1*	Certification of the Principal Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002					
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	Х				
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	X X				

101.CAL

XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document	X
	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	X

*The certification furnished in Exhibit 32.1 hereto are deemed to accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and will not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that the Registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

BIOAMBER INC.

May 11, 2015

By: /s/ Jean-François Huc Jean-François Huc President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ François Laurin François Laurin Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)