AMERCO /NV/ Form 10-K June 13, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K for Annual and Transition Reports

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

(Mark One)

R ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006

or

£ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from ______ to _____ Commission **Registrant, State of Incorporation** I.R.S. Employer File Number **Address and Telephone Number** Identification No. 1-11255 **AMERCO** 88-0106815 (A Nevada Corporation) 1325 Airmotive Way, Ste. 100 Reno, Nevada 89502-3239 Telephone (775) 688-6300 2-38498 **U-Haul International, Inc.** 86-0663060 (A Nevada Corporation) 2727 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 Telephone (602) 263-6645

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Registrant Title of Class on Which Registered
AMERCO Series A 8 ½% Preferred Stock
U-Haul International, Inc.
None

Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Registrant Title of Class on Which Registered
AMERCO Common NASDAQ
U-Haul International, Inc. None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act Yes \pounds No R

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Act Yes £ No R

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes R No £

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" Rule 12b-2 of Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated filer £ Accelerated filer R Non-accelerated filer £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes £ No R

The aggregate market value of AMERCO common stock held by non-affiliates (i.e., stock held by person other than officers, directors and 5% shareholders of AMERCO) on September 30, 2005 was \$459,792,882. The aggregate market value was computed using the closing price for the common stock trading on NASDAQ on such date.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13, or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes R No £

21,284,604 shares of AMERCO Common Stock, \$0.25 par value were outstanding at June 1, 2006.

5,385 shares of U-Haul International, Inc. Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, were outstanding at June 1, 2006. None of these shares were held by non-affiliates.

Documents incorporated by reference: Portions of AMERCO's definitive Proxy Statement for the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is incorporated by reference into Part III of this report.

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PART I

Item 1. Business

Company Overview

We are North America's largest "do-it-yourself" moving and storage operator through our subsidiary U-Haul International, Inc. ("U-Haul"). U-Haul is synonymous with "do-it-yourself" moving and storage and is a leader in supplying products and services to help people move and store their household and commercial goods. Our primary service objective is to provide the best product and service to the most people at the lowest cost.

We rent our distinctive orange U-Haul trucks and trailers as well as offer self-storage rooms through a network of over 1,450 Company operated retail moving centers and 13,950 independent U-Haul dealers. In addition, we have an independent storage facility network with approximately 2,700 active affiliates. We also sell U-Haul brand boxes, tape and other moving and self-storage products and services to "do-it-yourself" moving and storage customers at all of our distribution outlets and through our eMove web site.

U-Haul is the most convenient supplier of products and services meeting the needs of North America's "do-it-yourself" moving and storage market. Our broad geographic coverage throughout the United States and Canada and our extensive selection of U-Haul brand moving equipment rentals, self-storage rooms and related moving and storage products and services provide our customers with convenient "one-stop" shopping.

Through Republic Western Insurance Company ("RepWest"), our property and casualty insurance subsidiary, we manage the property, liability and related insurance claims processing for U-Haul. Oxford Life Insurance Company ("Oxford"), our life insurance subsidiary, sells Medicare supplement, life insurance, annuities and other related products to non U-Haul customers and also administers the self-insured employee health and dental plans for Arizona employees of the Company.

We were founded in 1945 under the name "U-Haul Trailer Rental Company." Since 1945, we have rented trailers. Starting in 1959, we rented trucks on a one-way and in-town basis exclusively through independent U-Haul dealers. Since 1974, we have developed a network of U-Haul managed retail centers, through which we rent our trucks and trailers and sell moving and self-storage products and services to complement our independent dealer network.

AMERCO and U-Haul are each incorporated in Nevada. U-Haul's Internet address is www.uhaul.com. On AMERCO's investor relations web site, www.amerco.com, we post the following filings as soon as it is reasonably practical after they are electronically filed with or furnished to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"): our annual report on Form 10-K, our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, our current reports on Form 8-K, our proxy statement related to our annual meeting of stockholders, and any amendments to those reports or statements filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All such filings on our web site are available free of charge.

Products and Rental Equipment

Our customers are primarily "do-it-yourself" household movers. U-Haul moving equipment is specifically designed, engineered and manufactured for the "do-it-yourself" household mover. These "do-it-yourself" movers include individuals and families moving their belongings from one home to another, college students moving their belongings,

vacationers and sports enthusiasts needing extra space or having special towing needs, people trying to save on home furniture and home appliance delivery costs, and "do-it-yourself" home remodeling and gardening enthusiasts who need to transport materials.

As of March 31, 2006, our rental fleet consisted of approximately 93,000 trucks, 80,675 trailers and 33,500 tow devices. This equipment and our U-Haul brand of self-moving products and services are available through our network of managed retail moving centers and independent U-Haul dealers. Independent U-Haul dealers receive rental equipment from the Company, act as a rental agent and are paid a commission based on gross revenues generated from their U-Haul rentals.

Our rental truck chassis are manufactured by domestic and foreign truck manufacturers. These chassis are joined with the U-Haul designed and manufactured van boxes at U-Haul operated manufacturing and assembly facilities strategically located throughout the United States. U-Haul rental trucks feature our proprietary Lowest DeckSM, which provides our customers with extra ease of loading. The loading ramps on our trucks are the widest in the industry, which reduce the time needed to move belongings. Our Gentle Ride SuspensionSM helps our customers safely move delicate and prized possessions. Also, the engineers at our U-Haul Technical Center determined that the softest ride in our trucks was at the front of the van box. Consequently, they designed the part of the van box that hangs over the front cab of the truck to be the location for our customers to place their most fragile items during their move. We call this area Mom's Atti&M.

Our distinctive orange trailers are also manufactured at these same U-Haul operated manufacturing and assembly facilities. These trailers are well suited to the low profile of many of today's newly manufactured automobiles. Our engineering staff is committed to making our trailers easy to tow, aerodynamic and fuel efficient.

To provide our self-move customers with added value, our rental trucks and trailers are designed for fuel efficiency. To help make our rental equipment more trouble free, we perform extensive preventive maintenance and repairs.

We also provide customers with equipment to transport their vehicle. We provide three towing options, including: auto transport, in which all four wheels are off the ground, tow dolly, in which the front wheels of the towed vehicle are off the ground, and tow bar, where all four wheels are on the ground.

To help our customers load their boxes and larger household appliances and furniture, we offer several accessory rental items. Our utility dolly has a lightweight design and is easy to maneuver. Another rental accessory is our four wheel dolly, which provides a large, flat surface for moving dressers, wall units, pianos and other large household items. U-Haul appliance dollies provide the leverage needed to move refrigerators, freezers, washers and dryers easily and safely. These utility, furniture and appliance dollies, along with the low decks and the wide loading ramps on all U-Haul trucks and trailers, are designed for easy loading and unloading of our customers' belongings.

The total package U-Haul offers the "do-it-yourself" household mover doesn't end with trucks, trailers and accessory rental items. Our moving supplies include a wide array of affordably priced U-Haul brand boxes, tape and packing materials. We also provide specialty boxes for dishes, computers and sensitive electronic equipment, carton sealing tape, security locks, and packing supplies, like wrapping paper and cushioning foam. U-Haul brand boxes are specifically sized to make stacking and tiering easier.

Also, U-Haul is North America's largest seller and installer of hitches and towing systems. In addition to towing U-Haul equipment these hitching and towing systems can tow jet skis, motorcycles, boats, campers and horse trailers. Our hitches, ball mounts, and balls undergo stringent testing requirements. Each year, more than one million customers visit our locations for expertise on complete towing systems, trailer rentals and the latest in towing accessories.

U-Haul is also North America's largest retail propane distributor, with more than 980 retail centers offering propane. We employ trained, certified personnel to refill all propane cylinders, and our network of propane dispensing locations is the largest automobile alternative refueling network in North America.

Self-storage is a natural outgrowth of the self-moving industry. Conveniently located U-Haul self-storage rental facilities provide clean, dry and secure space for storage of household and commercial goods, with storage units ranging in size from 6 square feet to 845 square feet. We operate nearly 1,045 self-storage locations in North America, with more than 377,750 rentable rooms comprising approximately 33.2 million square feet of rentable storage space. Our self-storage centers feature a wide array of security measures, ranging from electronic property access control gates to individually alarmed storage units. At many centers, we offer climate controlled storage rooms to protect temperature sensitive goods such as video tapes, albums, photographs and precious wood furniture.

Additionally, we offer moving and storage protection packages such as Safemove and Safetow, protecting moving and towing customers with a damage waiver, cargo protection and medical and life coverage, and Safestor, protecting storage customers from loss on their goods in storage.

Our eMove web site, www.emove.com, is the largest network of customers and businesses in the self-moving and self-storage industry. The eMove network consists of channels where customers, businesses and service providers transact business. The eMove Moving Help marketplace connects "do-it-yourself" movers with independent service providers to assist movers pack, load, unload, clean, drive and other services. Thousands of independent service providers already participate in the eMove network.

Through the eMove Storage Affiliate Program, independent storage businesses can join the world's largest storage reservation system. Self-storage customers making a reservation through eMove can access all of the U-Haul self-storage centers and all of our independent storage affiliate partners for even greater convenience to meet their self-storage needs.

Description of Operating Segments

AMERCO has four reportable segments. They are Moving and Storage Operations (AMERCO, U-Haul and Real Estate), Property and Casualty Insurance, Life Insurance and SAC Holding II Corporation and its subsidiaries ("SAC Holding II") for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 and SAC Holdings for fiscal 2004 (see Note 2 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Principles of Consolidation).

Financial information for each of our Operating Segments is included in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements as part of Item 8 of this report.

Moving and Storage Operating Segment

Our "do-it-yourself" moving business consists of U-Haul truck and trailer rentals and U-Haul moving supply and service sales. Our storage business consists of U-Haul self-storage room rentals, self-storage related products and service sales and management of non-owned self-storage facilities.

Net revenue from our Moving and Storage operating segment were approximately 90.2%, 89.2% and 81.3% of consolidated net revenue in fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

During fiscal 2006, the Company added over 15,500 new trucks and over 3,000 new trailers to our existing rental fleet. These additions were a combination of U-Haul manufactured vehicles and purchases. As new trucks were added to the fleet, the Company rotated out of the fleet older trucks keeping the overall fleet size constant. The continued expansion and upgrading of our rental fleet will allow us to enter new markets and to achieve better utilization in existing markets.

Within our truck and trailer rental operation we are focused on expanding our independent dealer network to provide added convenience for our customers. U-Haul has approximately 13,950 dealers which are independent contractors, and are exclusive to U-Haul International, Inc. An independent dealer must maintain a singular fleet of U-Haul vehicles. U-Haul maximizes vehicle utilization by effective distribution of the truck and trailer fleets among the Company's centers and independent dealers. Utilizing its sophisticated reservations management system, the Company's centers and dealers electronically report their inventory in real-time, which facilitates matching equipment to customer demand.

At our owned and operated retail centers we have implemented several customer service initiatives. These initiatives include improving management of our rental equipment to provide our retail centers with the right type of rental equipment, at the right time and at the most convenient location for our customers, effective marketing of our broad line of self-moving related products and services, maintaining longer hours of operation to provide more convenience to our customers, and increasing staff by attracting and retaining "moonlighters" (part-time U-Haul employees with full-time jobs elsewhere) during our peak hours of operation.

Effective marketing of our self-moving related products and services, such as boxes, pads and insurance, helps our customers have a better moving experience and helps them protect their belongings from potential damage during the moving process. We are committed to providing a complete line of products selected with the "do-it-yourself" moving and storage customer in mind.

These actions are leveraged by over 1,450 Company operated retail centers and enable the Company to provide better customer service, which we believe has led to increased sales and increased productivity.

Our self-storage business consists of U-Haul self-storage room rentals, self-storage related products and service sales and management of self-storage facilities not owned by the Company.

U-Haul is one of the largest North American operators of self-storage and has been a leader in the self-storage industry since 1974. U-Haul operates over 377,750 storage rooms, approximately 33.2 million square feet of storage space with locations in 49 states and 10 Canadian provinces. U-Haul's owned and managed self-storage facility locations range in size up to 171,500 square feet of storage space, with individual storage units in sizes ranging from 6 square feet to 845 square feet.

The primary market for storage rooms is the storage of household goods. We believe that our self-storage services provide a competitive advantage through such things as Maximum Security ("MAX"), an electronic system that monitors the storage facility 24 hours a day; climate control; individually alarmed rooms; extended hour access; and an internet - based customer reservation and account management system.

eMove is an online marketplace that connects consumers to over 2,880 independent sellers of Moving Help® and Self-Storage services. Our network of customer-rated Affiliates provides pack and load help, cleaning help, self-storage and similar services, all over North America.

An individual or a company can connect to the eMove network by becoming an eMove Moving Help® Affiliate or an eMove Storage AffiliateTM. Moving Helpers assist customers with packing, loading, cleaning and unloading their truck or storage unit. The Storage Affiliate program enables independent self-storage facilities to expand their reach by connecting into a centralized 1-800 and internet reservation system and for a fee, receive an array of services including web-based management software, Secured Online Affiliated Rentals (S.O.A.R®), co-branded rental trucks, savings on insurance, credit card processing and more. Approximately 2,700 facilities are now registered on the eMove network.

With over 69,000 unedited reviews of independent vendors, the marketplace has facilitated Moving Help® and Self-Storage transactions all over North America. We believe that acting as an intermediary, with little added investment, serves the customer in a cost effective manner. Our goal is to further utilize our web-based technology platform to increase service to consumers and businesses in the moving and storage market.

Property and Casualty Insurance Operating Segment

RepWest provides loss adjusting and claims handling for U-Haul through regional offices across North America. Through the Company's affiliation with RepWest, U-Haul offers its customers moving and storage contents insurance products, branded Safemove and Safestor, respectively. The Safemove policy provides moving customers with a damage waiver, cargo protection and medical and life coverage. Management believes that its Safemove product is highly competitive, as competing policies contain deductibles, higher premiums and more confusing layers of coverage. We continue to focus on increasing the penetration of these products. The business plan for RepWest includes offering property and casualty products for other U-Haul related programs.

Net revenue from our Property and Casualty Insurance operating segment were approximately 1.8%, 2.1% and 5.2% of consolidated net revenue in fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Life Insurance Operating Segment

Oxford originates and reinsures annuities, ordinary life, group life and disability coverage, and Medicare supplement insurance. Oxford also administers the self-insured employee health and dental plans for Arizona employees of the Company.

Net revenue from our Life Insurance operating segment was approximately 6.7%, 7.6% and 7.8% of consolidated net revenue in fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

SAC Holdings Operating Segment

SAC Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries, and SAC Holding II Corporation and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as "SAC Holdings", own self-storage properties that are managed by U-Haul under property management agreements and act as independent U-Haul rental equipment dealers. AMERCO, through its subsidiaries, has contractual interests in certain of SAC Holdings' properties entitling AMERCO to potential future income based on the financial performance of these properties. With respect to SAC Holding II, AMERCO is considered the primary beneficiary of these contractual interests. Consequently, we include the results of SAC Holding II in the consolidated financial statements of AMERCO, as required by FIN 46(R).

Net revenue from our SAC Holdings operating segment was approximately 1.3%, 1.1% and 5.7% of consolidated net revenue in fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Employees

As of March 31, 2006, we employed approximately 17,500 people throughout North America with approximately 98% of these employees working within our Moving and Storage operating segment.

Sales and Marketing

We promote U-Haul brand awareness through direct and co-marketing arrangements. Our direct marketing activities consist of yellow pages, print and web based advertising as well as trade events, movie cameos of our rental fleet and boxes, and industry and consumer communications. Our rental equipment is our best form of advertisement. We support our independent U-Haul dealers through advertising of U-Haul moving and self-storage rentals, products and

services.

Our marketing plan includes maintaining our leadership position with U-Haul being synonymous with "do-it-yourself" moving and storage. We accomplish this by continually improving the ease of use and efficiency of our rental equipment, by providing added convenience to our retail centers through independent U-Haul dealers, and by expanding the capabilities of our eMove web site.

A significant driver of U-Haul's rental transaction volume is our utilization of an online reservation and sales system, through www.uhaul.com, www.eMove.com and our 24-hour 1-800-GO-U-HAUL telephone reservations system. The Company's 1-800-GO-U-HAUL telephone reservation line is prominently featured on nationwide yellow page advertising, its websites and on the outside of its vehicles, and is a major driver of customer lead sources.

Competition

Moving and Storage Operating Segment

The moving truck and trailer rental industry is large and highly competitive. There are two distinct users of rental trucks: commercial and "do-it-yourself" residential users. We focus primarily on the "do-it-yourself" residential user. Within this segment, we believe the principal competitive factors are convenience of rental locations, availability of quality rental moving equipment, breadth of essential products and services, and price. Our major competitors in the moving equipment rental market are Budget Car and Truck Rental Company and Penske Truck Leasing.

The self-storage market is large and highly fragmented. We believe the principal competitive factors in this industry are convenience of storage rental locations, cleanliness, security and price. Our primary competitors in the self-storage market are Public Storage Inc., Extra Space Storage, Inc., and Sovran Self-Storage Inc.

Insurance Operating Segments

The highly competitive insurance industry includes a large number of life insurance companies and property and casualty insurance companies. In addition, the marketplace now includes financial services firms offering both insurance and financial products. Some of the insurance companies are owned by stockholders and others are owned by policyholders. Many competitors have been in business for a longer period of time or possess substantially greater financial resources and broader product portfolios than our insurance companies. We compete in the insurance business based upon price, product design, and services rendered to agents and policyholders.

Corporate Governance

Corporate governance is typically defined as the system that allocates duties and authority among a Company's stockholders, board of directors and management. The stockholders elect the board and vote on extraordinary matters; the board is the Company's governing body; and management runs the day-to-day operations of the Company.

Our current AMERCO Board members are William E. Carty, John M. Dodds, Charles J. Bayer, John P. Brogan, Daniel R. Mullen, M. Frank Lyons, James P. Shoen and Edward J. Shoen.

Board Responsibilities and Structure

The primary responsibilities of the Board of Directors (the "Board") are oversight, counseling and providing direction to the management of the Company in the long-term interests of the Company and its stockholders.

The Board and its committees meet throughout the year on a set schedule, and also hold special meetings and act by written consent from time to time as needed. The Board has delegated various responsibilities and authority to different Board committees as generally described below. Committees regularly report on their activities and actions to the full Board.

Board Committees

The Board currently has an Audit, Executive Finance, Compensation, and Independent Governance Committees, as well as an Advisory Board.

Audit Committee. The Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities as to financial reporting, audit functions and risk management. The Audit Committee monitors the financial information that is provided to stockholders and others, the independence and performance of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm and internal audit department and the systems of internal control established by management and the Board.

The Audit Committee operates pursuant to a written charter approved by the Board. The Audit Committee is comprised of Charles J. Bayer, John M. Dodds, Daniel R. Mullen, and John P. Brogan, each qualifying as "independent" under special standards developed by the SEC and NASDAQ for members of audit committees, and each member has been determined by the Board to meet the qualifications of an "audit committee financial expert." Mr. John P. Brogan is designated the audit committee financial expert. Stockholders should understand that this designation is a disclosure requirement of the SEC related to Mr. Brogan's experience and understanding with respect to certain accounting and auditing matters. The designation does not impose on Mr. Brogan any duties, obligations or liability that are greater than are generally imposed on him as a member of the Audit Committee and the Board, and his designation as an audit committee financial expert pursuant to this SEC requirement does not affect the duties, obligations or liability of any other member of the Audit Committee or Board.

Executive Finance Committee. The Executive Finance Committee is authorized to act on behalf of the Board in approving any transaction involving the finances of the Company. The committee has the authority to give final approval for the borrowing of funds on behalf of the Company without further action or approval of the Board. The Executive Finance Committee is comprised of Edward J. Shoen, John P. Brogan and Charles J. Bayer.

Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee reviews the Company's executive compensation plans and policies, including benefits and incentives, to ensure that they are consistent with the goals and objectives of the Company. The committee reviews and makes recommendations to the Board regarding management recommendations for changes in executive compensation and monitors management plans and programs for the retention, motivation and development of senior management. The Compensation Committee is composed of John P. Brogan and John M. Dodds, independent directors of the Company.

Independent Governance Committee. The Independent Governance Committee is chaired by John P. Brogan, an independent member of the Board. Thomas W. Hayes, the former State Treasurer of California, and Paul A. Bible, a partner in the Reno-based law firm of Bible, Hoy & Trachok, are also members of this committee. Neither Mr. Hayes nor Mr. Bible are members of the Company's Board. The Independent Governance Committee evaluates the Company's corporate governance principles and standards and proposes to the Board any modifications which are deemed appropriate for sound corporate governance. The committee may review potential candidates for Board membership. The committee may review other matters as referred to it by the Board. The committee has the authority to and a budget from which to retain professionals. The committee membership term is one year and each member is determined by the Board to be free of any relationship that would interfere with his ability to exercise independent judgment as a member of this committee.

Advisory Board Members. In addition to the four committees described above, the Board authorized up to two Advisory Board Members. On June 4, 2003, the Board appointed Michael L. Gallagher as a member of the Advisory Board. Mr. Gallagher is a senior partner in the law firm Gallagher & Kennedy. Mr. Gallagher is also a director of

Pinnacle West Capital Corporation, Action Performance Companies, Inc. and the Omaha World Herald Company. On October 5, 2005 the Board appointed Barbara Smith Campbell as a second Advisory Board Member. Ms. Campbell is President of Consensus, LLC. and is also a trustee for the Donald W. Reynolds Foundation.

Recent Developments

Preferred Stock Dividends

On May 3, 2006, the Board of Directors of AMERCO declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.53125 per share on the Company's Series A 8½ % Preferred Stock. The dividend was paid on June 1, 2006 to holders of record on May 15, 2006.

Life Insurance Acquisition

On March 6, 2006, Christian Fidelity Life Insurance Company ("CFLIC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Oxford acquired Dallas General Life Insurance Company, a Texas-based insurer that primarily distributes Medicare supplement insurance. The purchase price was \$4.5 million and was effective February 28, 2006.

Mezzanine Loan

Various subsidiaries of Amerco Real Estate Company and U-Haul International, Inc. are borrowers under the CMBS Mezzanine Loan. The loan was originated by Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital, Inc. and is in the amount of \$19.4 million. The loan was entered into on August 12, 2005. On June 2, 2006, we have notified the lender of our intent to prepay the entire loan in full on August 30, 2006. There are no prepayment fees or penalties associated with the planned prepayment of this loan.

New Financings

On June 7, 2006, U-Haul International, Inc. and certain subsidiaries entered into a \$150.0 million term loan facility with BTMU Capital Corporation that is expected to be drawn down over the next several months to fund the acquisition of new rental trucks. The credit facility is secured by a portion of the Company's new truck rental fleet. The above discussion of select terms of the agreements and is qualified in its entirety by reference to our agreements with BTMU Capital Corporation filed as Exhibits 10.85, 10.86 and 10.87 hereto.

On June 7, 2006, U-Haul International, Inc. and certain subsidiaries entered into a \$50.0 million term loan facility with Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank that is expected to be drawn down over the next several months to fund the acquisition of new rental trucks. The credit facility is secured by a portion of the Company's new truck rental fleet. The above discussion of select terms of the agreements and is qualified in its entirety by reference to our agreements with Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank filed as Exhibits 10.91 and 10.92 hereto.

The existing Merrill Lynch Rental Truck Amortizing Loan and Revolving Credit Agreement were amended to clarify their security interests in only those trucks serving as collateral for those loans. The above discussion is merely a description of select terms of the amendments and is qualified in its entirety by reference to such amendments with Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corporation filed as Exhibits 10.88 and 10.89 hereto.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report on Form 10-K, including the documents incorporated by reference, contains "forward-looking statements" regarding future events and our future results. We may make additional written or oral forward-looking statements from time to time in filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") or otherwise. We believe such forward-looking statements are within the meaning of the safe-harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such statements may include, but are not limited to, projections of revenues, earnings or loss; estimates of capital expenditures, plans for future operations, products or services; financing needs and plans; our perceptions of our legal positions and anticipated outcomes of government investigations and pending litigation against us; liquidity; goals and strategies; plans for new business; growth rate assumptions, pricing, costs, and access to capital and leasing markets as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. The words "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "project" and similar to the foregoing. expressions identify forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. Factors that could significantly affect results include, without limitation, the risk factors enumerated at the end of this section, as well as the following: the Company's ability to operate pursuant to the terms of its credit facilities; the Company's ability to maintain contracts that are critical to its operations; the costs and availability of financing; the Company's ability to execute its business plan; the Company's ability to attract, motivate and retain key employees; general economic conditions; fluctuations in our costs to maintain and update our fleet and facilities; our ability to refinance our debt; changes in government regulations, particularly environmental regulations; our credit ratings; the availability of credit; changes in demand for our products; changes in the general domestic economy; the degree and nature of our competition; the resolution of pending litigation against the Company; changes in accounting standards and other factors described in this report or the other documents we file with the SEC. The above factors, the following disclosures, as well as other statements in this report and in the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements, could contribute to or cause such differences, or could cause our stock price to fluctuate dramatically. Consequently, the forward-looking statements should not be regarded as representations or warranties by the Company that such matters will be realized. The Company disclaims any intent or obligation to update or revise any of the forward-looking statements, whether in response to new information, unforeseen events, changed circumstances or otherwise.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following discussion of risk factors should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A), the consolidated financial statements and related notes. These risk factors may be important in understanding this Annual Report on Form 10-K or elsewhere.

We operate in a highly competitive industry.

The truck rental industry is highly competitive and includes a number of significant national, regional and local competitors. Competition is generally based on convenience of rental locations, availability of quality rental moving equipment, breadth of essential services and price. In our truck rental business, our primary competitors are Budget Car and Truck Rental Company and Penske Truck Leasing. Some of our competitors may have greater financial resources than we have. We can not assure you that we will be able to maintain existing rental prices or implement price increases.

The self-storage industry is large and highly fragmented. We believe the principle competitive factors in this industry are convenience of storage rental locations, cleanliness, security and price. Some of our primary competitors in the self-storage market are Public Storage, Inc., Extra Space Storage, Inc., and Sovran Self-Storage Inc. Competition in the market areas in which we operate is significant and affects the occupancy levels, rental sales and operating expenses of our facilities. Competition might cause us to experience a decrease in occupancy levels, limit our ability to raise rental sales and require us to offer discounted rates that would have a material affect on operating results.

Entry into the self-storage business through acquisition of existing facilities is possible for persons or institutions with the required initial capital. Development of new self-storage facilities is more difficult however, due to zoning, environmental and other regulatory requirements. The self-storage industry has in the past experienced overbuilding in response to perceived increases in demand. We cannot assure you that we will be able to successfully compete in existing markets or expand into new markets.

Control of AMERCO remains in the hands of a small contingent.

As of March 31, 2006, Edward J. Shoen, Chairman of the Board of Directors and President of AMERCO, James P. Shoen, a director of AMERCO, and Mark V. Shoen, an executive officer of AMERCO, collectively are beneficial owners of 8,967,632 shares (approximately 42.1%) of the outstanding common shares of AMERCO. Accordingly, Edward J. Shoen, Mark V. Shoen and James P. Shoen will be in a position to continue to influence the election of the members of the Board of Directors and approval of significant transactions. In addition, 2,031,070 shares (approximately 9.5%) of the outstanding common shares of AMERCO are held by our Employee Savings and Employee Stock Ownership Trust.

Our operations subject us to numerous environmental regulations and the possibility that environmental liability in the future could adversely affect our operations.

Compliance with environmental requirements of federal, state and local governments significantly affects our business. Among other things, these requirements regulate the discharge of materials into the water, air and land and govern the use and disposal of hazardous substances. Under environmental laws or common law principles, we can be held strictly liable for hazardous substances that are found on real property we have owned or operated. We are aware of issues regarding hazardous substances on some of our real estate and we have put in place a remedial plan at each site where we believe such a plan is necessary (see Note 17 of our Consolidated Financial Statements). We regularly make capital and operating expenditures to stay in compliance with environmental laws. In particular, we have managed a testing and removal program since 1988 for our underground storage tanks. Despite these compliance efforts, risk of environmental liability is part of the nature of our business.

Environmental laws and regulations are complex, change frequently and could become more stringent in the future. We cannot assure you that future compliance with these regulations, future environmental liabilities, the cost of defending environmental claims, conducting any environmental remediation or generally resolving liabilities caused by us or related third parties will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Our quarterly results of operations fluctuate due to seasonality and other factors associated with our industry.

Our business is seasonal and our results of operations and cash flows fluctuate significantly from quarter to quarter. Historically, revenues have been stronger in the first and second fiscal quarters due to the overall increase in moving activity during the spring and summer months. The fourth fiscal quarter is generally weakest, due to a greater potential for adverse weather conditions and other factors that are not necessarily seasonal. As a result, our operating results for a quarterly period are not necessarily indicative of operating results for an entire year.

We obtain our rental trucks from a limited number of manufacturers.

In the last ten years, we purchased most of our rental trucks from Ford Motor Company and General Motors Corporation. Although we believe that we could obtain alternative sources of supply for our rental trucks, termination of one or both of our relationships with these suppliers could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations for an indefinite period of time or we may not be able to obtain rental trucks under similar terms, if at all.

Our property and casualty insurance business has suffered extensive losses.

Between January 1, 2000 and December 31, 2004, RepWest, reported pretax losses totaling approximately \$164.0 million. These losses are primarily attributable to business lines that were unprofitable as underwritten. To restore profitability in RepWest, we have exited all non U-Haul related lines of business. RepWest's pretax earnings for fiscal 2006 were \$1.1 million primarily due to its exit from all non U-Haul lines of business. Although we believe the terminated lines are adequately reserved, we cannot assure that there will not be future adverse loss development.

Our life insurance business was downgraded by A.M. Best due to events surrounding the restructuring.

A.M. Best downgraded Oxford and its subsidiaries during AMERCO's restructuring to C+. Upon AMERCO's emergence from bankruptcy in March 2004, Oxford and its subsidiaries were upgraded to B-. The ratings were again upgraded in October 2004 to B. In October 2005, A.M. Best upgraded Oxford and its subsidiaries to B+ with a stable outlook. Prior to AMERCO's restructuring, Oxford was rated B++. Financial strength ratings are important external factors that can affect the success of Oxford's business plans. Accordingly, if Oxford's ratings, relative to its competitors, do not continue to improve, Oxford may not be able to retain and attract business as currently planned.

Our notes receivable from SAC Holdings.

At March 31, 2006, we held approximately \$203.7 million of notes receivable from SAC Holdings, of which \$75.1 million are related to SAC Holding II and have been eliminated in the consolidating financial statements. SAC Holdings is highly leveraged with significant indebtedness to others. We hold various junior unsecured notes of SAC Holdings. If SAC Holdings is unable to meet its obligations to its senior lenders, it could trigger a default of its obligations to us. In such an event of default, we could suffer a loss to the extent the value of the underlying collateral of SAC Holdings is inadequate to repay SAC Holding's senior lenders and our junior unsecured notes. We cannot assure you that SAC Holdings will not default on its loans to its senior lenders or that the value of SAC Holdings assets upon liquidation would be sufficient to repay us in full.

We face risks related to an SEC investigation and securities litigation.

The SEC has issued a formal order of investigation to determine whether we have violated Federal Securities laws. Although we have cooperated with the SEC in this matter and intend to continue to cooperate, the SEC may determine that we have violated Federal Securities laws. We cannot predict when this investigation will be completed or its outcome. If the SEC makes a determination that we have violated Federal Securities laws, we may face sanctions, including, but not limited to, significant monetary penalties and injunctive relief.

In addition, the Company has been named a defendant in a number of class action and related lawsuits. The findings and outcome of the SEC investigation may affect the class-action lawsuits that are pending. We are generally obligated, to the extent permitted by law, to indemnify our directors and officers who are named defendants in some of these lawsuits. We are unable to estimate what our liability in these matters may be, and we may be required to pay judgments or settlements and incur expenses in aggregate amounts that could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. Please refer to Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

There were no unresolved staff comments at March 31, 2006.

Item 2. Properties

The Company, through its legal subsidiaries, owns property, plant and equipment that are utilized in the manufacture, repair and rental of U-Haul equipment and storage space as well as providing office space for the Company. Such facilities exist throughout the United States and Canada. The Company also manages storage facilities owned by

others. The Company operates over 1,450 U-Haul retail centers, and operates 13 manufacturing and assembly facilities. We also operate over 245 fixed site-repair facilities located throughout the United States and Canada.

SAC Holdings owns property, plant and equipment that are utilized in the sale of moving supplies, rental of self-storage rooms and U-Haul equipment. Such facilities exist throughout the United States and Canada. We manage the storage facilities under property management agreements whereby the management fees are consistent with management fees received by U-Haul for other properties owned by unrelated parties and previously managed by us.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Shoen

On September 24, 2002, Paul F. Shoen filed a derivative action in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, Washoe County, captioned Paul F. Shoen vs. SAC Holding Corporation et al., CV02-05602, seeking damages and equitable relief on behalf of AMERCO from SAC Holdings and certain current and former members of the AMERCO Board of Directors, including Edward J. Shoen, Mark V. Shoen and James P. Shoen as defendants. AMERCO is named a nominal defendant for purposes of the derivative action. The complaint alleges breach of fiduciary duty, self-dealing, usurpation of corporate opportunities, wrongful interference with prospective economic advantage and unjust enrichment and seeks the unwinding of sales of self-storage properties by subsidiaries of AMERCO to SAC Holdings over the last several years. The complaint seeks a declaration that such transfers are void as well as unspecified damages. On October 28, 2002, AMERCO, the Shoen directors, the non-Shoen directors and SAC Holdings filed Motions to Dismiss the complaint. In addition, on October 28, 2002, Ron Belec filed a derivative action in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, Washoe County, captioned Ron Belec vs. William E. Carty, et al., CV 02-06331 and on January 16, 2003, M.S. Management Company, Inc. filed a derivative action in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, Washoe County, captioned M.S. Management Company, Inc. vs. William E. Carty, et al., CV 03-00386. Two additional derivative suits were also filed against these parties. These additional suits are substantially similar to the Paul F. Shoen derivative action. The five suits assert virtually identical claims. In fact, three of the five plaintiffs are parties who are working closely together and chose to file the same claims multiple times. These lawsuits alleged that the AMERCO Board lacked independence. In reaching its decision to dismiss these claims, the court determined that the AMERCO Board of Directors had the requisite level of independence required in order to have these claims resolved by the Board. The court consolidated all five complaints before dismissing them on May 28, 2003. Plaintiffs appealed and, on September 12, 2005 the Nevada Supreme Court heard oral arguments. The parties are awaiting a ruling.

Securities Litigation

AMERCO is a defendant in a consolidated putative class action lawsuit entitled "In Re AMERCO Securities Litigation", United States District Court, Case No. CV-N-03-0050-ECR (RAM). The action alleges claims for violation of Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and sections 11, 12, and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933. The action alleges, among other things, that AMERCO engaged in transactions with the SAC entities that falsely improved AMERCO's financial statements and that AMERCO failed to disclose the transactions properly. The action has been transferred to the United States District Court, District of Arizona and assigned to Judge Bryan. Motions to Dismiss are fully briefed and are before the court. Prior to the ruling on the Motions to Dismiss, the parties have agreed to a settlement in principle, subject to final documentation and approval by the Court. The settlement in the amount of \$5.0 million, will be covered by AMERCO's D&O insurance carrier.

Securities and Exchange Commission

The SEC has issued a formal order of investigation to determine whether the Company has violated the Federal Securities laws. The Company has produced and delivered all requested documents and information and provided testimony from all requested witnesses to the SEC. The Company continues to cooperate with the SEC. We cannot predict the outcome of the investigation.

Environmental

In the normal course of business, AMERCO is a defendant in a number of suits and claims. AMERCO is also a party to several administrative proceedings arising from state and local provisions that regulate the removal and/or cleanup of underground fuel storage tanks. It is the opinion of management, that none of these suits, claims or proceedings involving AMERCO, individually or in the aggregate, are expected to result in a material loss.

Compliance with environmental requirements of federal, state and local governments significantly affects Real Estate's business operations. Among other things, these requirements regulate the discharge of materials into the water, air and land and govern the use and disposal of hazardous substances. Real Estate is aware of issues regarding hazardous substances on some of its properties. Real Estate regularly makes capital and operating expenditures to stay in compliance with environmental laws and has put in place a remedial plan at each site where it believes such a plan is necessary. Since 1988, Real Estate has managed a testing and removal program for underground storage tanks.

Based upon the information currently available to Real Estate, compliance with the environmental laws and its share of the costs of investigation and cleanup of known hazardous waste sites are not expected to have a material adverse effect on AMERCO's financial position or operating results. Real Estate expects to spend approximately \$7.6 million through 2011 to remediate these properties.

Other

The Company is named as a defendant in various other litigation and claims arising out of the normal course of business. In managements' opinion none of these other matters will have a material effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matter was submitted to a vote of the security holders of AMERCO or U-Haul during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report, through the solicitation of proxies or otherwise.

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

As of April 30, 2006 there were approximately 3,200 holders of record of the common stock. AMERCO's common stock is listed on NASDAQ (its principal market) under the trading symbol "UHAL". The number of shareholders' is derived using internal stock ledgers and utilizing Mellon Investor Services Stockholder listings.

The following table sets forth the high and the low sales price of the common stock of AMERCO for the periods indicated:

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	Year Ended March 31,								
	20	06			2005				
	High		Low		High		Low		
First quarter	\$ 56.10	\$	42.75	\$	29.50	\$	19.76		
Second quarter	\$ 63.61	\$	52.80	\$	38.03	\$	21.00		
Third quarter	\$ 73.68	\$	54.60	\$	46.54	\$	36.89		
Fourth quarter	\$ 101.24	\$	65.45	\$	48.23	\$	41.50		

The common stock of U-Haul is wholly-owned by AMERCO. As a result, no active trading market exists for the purchase and sale of such common stock.

Dividends

AMERCO does not have a formal dividend policy. The Board of Directors of AMERCO periodically considers the advisability of declaring and paying dividends in light of existing circumstances

U-Haul has not declared cash dividends to AMERCO during the three most recent fiscal years. On January 1, 2006, U-Haul paid a non-cash dividend to AMERCO in the form of a reduction in an intercompany payable.

See Note 20 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of certain statutory restrictions on the ability of the insurance subsidiaries to pay dividends to AMERCO.

See Note 11 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of AMERCO's preferred stock.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2006 we did not repurchase any shares of our equity securities.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following selected financial data should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A), and the consolidated financial statements and related notes in the Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Listed below is selected financial data for AMERCO and consolidated entities for the five years ended March 31:

	Year Ended March 31,									
		2006 2005 2004 2003								2002
			(In thousands, except share and per share data)							
Summary of Operations:					•	•				
Self-moving equipment										
rentals	\$	1,503,569	\$	1,437,895	\$	1,381,208	\$	1,293,732	\$	1,253,887
Self-storage revenues		122,119		114,155		247,640		238,938		223,135
Self-moving and										
self-storage products and										
service sales		223,721		206,098		232,965		223,677		225,510
Property management										
fees		21,195		11,839		259		89		88
Life insurance premiums		118,833		126,236		145,082		158,719		157,371
Property and casualty										
insurance premiums		26,001		24,987		92,036		149,206		253,799
Net investment and										
interest income		53,094		56,739		38,281		40,731		47,343
Other revenue		38,094		30,172		38,523		36,252		38,283
Total revenues		2,106,626		2,008,121		2,175,994		2,141,344		2,199,416
Operating expenses		1,080,990		1,122,197		1,179,996		1,182,222		1,212,403
Commission expenses		180,101		172,307		147,010		138,652		137,806
Cost of sales		113,135		105,309		111,906		115,115		122,694
Benefits and losses		117,160		140,343		217,447		248,349		376,673
Amortization of deferred										
policy acquisition costs		24,261		28,512		39,083		37,681		40,674
Lease expense		142,781		151,354		160,727		166,101		164,075
Depreciation, net of										
(gains) losses on disposal		142,817		121,103		148,813		137,446		102,957
Restructuring expense		-		-		44,097		6,568		-
Total costs and expenses		1,801,245		1,841,125		2,049,079		2,032,134		2,157,282
Earnings from operations		305,381		166,996		126,915		109,210		42,134
Interest expense		(69,481)		(73,205)		(121,690)		(148,131)		(109,465)
Fees on early										
extinguishment of debt										
(b)		(35,627)		-		-		-		-
Litigation settlement, net										
of costs, fees and				F						
expenses		-		51,341				- (20, 021)		(67,001)
Pretax earnings (loss)		200,273		145,132		5,225		(38,921)		(67,331)

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Income tax benefit										
(expense)		(79,119)		(55,708)		(8,077)		13,935		19,891
Net earnings (loss)		121,154		89,424		(2,852)		(24,986)		(47,440)
Less: Preferred stock										
dividends		(12,963)		(12,963)		(12,963)		(12,963)		(12,963)
Earnings (loss) available										
to common shareholders	\$	108,191	\$	76,461	\$	(15,815)	\$	(37,949)	\$	(60,403)
Net earnings (loss) per										
common share basic and										
diluted	\$	5.19	\$	3.68	\$	\$(0.76)	\$	(1.82)	\$	(2.87)
Weighted average										
common shares										
outstanding: Basic and										
diluted		20,857,108		20,804,773		20,749,998		20,824,618		21,063,720
Cash dividends declared										
and accrued	Α.	12.072	Φ.	10.060	Φ.	10.060	Φ.	12.002	Φ.	10.060
Preferred stock	\$	12,963	\$	12,963	\$	12,963	\$	12,963	\$	12,963
Balance Sheet Data:										
Property, plant and				1071160		4 4 7 4 00 7		1016015		4.026.026
equipment, net		1,535,165		1,354,468		1,451,805		1,946,317		1,936,076
Total assets		3,367,218		3,116,173		3,394,748		3,832,372		3,732,317
Capital leases		-		-		99,607		137,031		-
AMERCO's notes and		067604		= 00.000		0.62 =02		0.40.062		4 0 4 7 0 0 4
loans payable		965,634		780,008		862,703		940,063		1,045,801
SAC Holdings' notes and										
loans payable										
non-recourse to		76.000		77 47 4		70.627		466 701		561.00 5
AMERCO (a)		76,232		77,474		78,637		466,781		561,887
Stockholders' equity		695,604		572,839		503,846		327,448		381,524

⁽a) The amounts for fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively are for SAC Holding II; 2003 and 2002 include SAC Holdings.

⁽b) Includes the write off of debt issuance costs of

^{\$14.4} million.

Listed below is selected financial data for U-Haul International, Inc. for the five years ended March 31:

	Year Ended March 31,									
		2006		2005	JII GC	2004	•	2003		2002
					n tho	ousands)				
Summary of Operations:										
Self-moving equipment										
rentals	\$	1,503,569	\$	1,437,895	\$	1,380,991	\$	1,293,686	\$	1,253,695
Self-storage revenues		101,437		94,431		118,335		109,985		130,691
Self-moving and										
self-storage products and										
service sales		207,119		191,078		182,327		174,853		201,006
Property management fees		23,988		14,434		12,974		12,431		8,036
Net investment and interest										
income		24,894		22,030		21,504		29,358		22,686
Other revenue		36,926		27,489		35,580		18,378		27,795
Total revenues		1,897,933		1,787,357		1,751,711		1,638,691		1,643,909
Operating expenses		1,085,602		1,100,737		1,062,695		1,029,774		1,088,390
Commission expenses		189,599		181,315		176,165		166,334		150,691
Cost of sales		105,872		98,877		87,430		93,735		110,449
Lease expense		143,344		151,937		159,869		165,020		171,656
Depreciation, net of (gains)										
losses on disposal		131,803		114,038		125,093		112,815		92,351
Total costs and expenses		1,656,220		1,646,904		1,611,252		1,567,678		1,613,537
Earnings from operations		241,713		140,453		140,459		71,013		30,372
Interest income (expense)		(14,383)		15,687		8,560		(9,991)		(11,675)
Pretax earnings		227,330		156,140		149,019		61,022		18,697
Income tax expense		(87,910)		(59,160)		(52,992)		(21,211)		(6,117)
Net earnings	\$	139,420	\$	96,980	\$	96,027	\$	39,811	\$	12,580
Balance Sheet Data:										
Property, plant and										
equipment, net	\$	913,871	\$	796,361	\$	875,729	\$	736,499	\$	750,779
Total assets		1,505,813		1,516,286		1,452,361		1,235,497		1,099,195
Capital leases		-		-		99,607		14,793		14,793
Notes and loans payable		212,133		-		-		-		-
Stockholders' equity										
(deficit) (a)		(354,481)		701,198		601,514		499,380		458,639

⁽a) Fiscal 2006 include's a non-cash dividend to AMERCO in the amount of \$1,200,000,000.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

General

We begin Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) with the overall strategy of AMERCO, followed by a description of our operating segments and the strategy of our operating segments to give the reader an overview of the goals of our business and the direction in which our businesses and products are moving. This is followed by a discussion of the Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates that we believe are important to understanding the assumptions and judgments incorporated in our reported financial results. In the next section, we discuss our Results of Operations for fiscal 2006 compared with fiscal 2005, and for fiscal 2005 compared with fiscal 2004 beginning with an overview. We then provide an analysis of changes in our balance sheet and cash flows, and discuss our financial commitments in the sections entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources" and "Disclosures about Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments." We conclude this MD&A by discussing our outlook for fiscal 2007.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the other sections of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including "Item 1: Business", "Item 6: Selected Financial Data" and "Item 8: Financial Statements and Supplementary Data." The various sections of this MD&A contain a number of forward looking statements, as discussed under the caption "Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward Looking Statements", all of which are based on our current expectations and could be affected by the uncertainties and risk factors described throughout this filing and particularly under the section "Item 1A. Risk Factors". Our actual results may differ materially from these forward looking statements.

AMERCO has a fiscal year that ends on the 31st of March for each year that is referenced. Our insurance company subsidiaries have fiscal years that end on the 31st of December for each year that is referenced. They have been consolidated on that basis. Consequently, all references to our insurance subsidiaries' years 2005, 2004 and 2003 correspond to fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004 for AMERCO. The operating results and financial position of AMERCO's consolidated insurance operations are determined as of December 31st of each year.

Overall Strategy

Our overall strategy is to maintain our leadership position in the North American "do-it-yourself" moving and storage industry. We accomplish this by providing a seamless and integrated supply chain to the "do-it-yourself" moving and storage market. As part of executing this strategy, we leverage the brand recognition of U-Haul with our full line of moving and self-storage related products and services and the convenience of our broad geographic presence.

Our primary focus is to provide our customers with a wide selection of moving rental equipment, convenient self-storage rental facilities and related moving and self-storage products and services. We are able to expand our distribution and improve customer service by increasing the amount of moving equipment and storage rooms available for rent, expanding the number of independent dealers in our network and expanding and taking advantage of our growing eMove capabilities.

RepWest is focused on providing and administering property and casualty insurance to U-Haul, its customers, its independent dealers and affiliates. By exiting its non U-Haul lines of business we believe that RepWest will be able to focus its core competencies and financial resources to better support our overall strategy.

Oxford is focused on long-term capital growth through direct writing and reinsuring of annuity, life and Medicare supplement products primarily in the senior marketplace. Oxford is pursuing increased direct writing via acquisitions of insurance companies, expanded distribution channels and product development. In 2005, Oxford determined that it

would no longer pursue growth in the credit life and disability market and is exploring options to divest its current business through reinsurance. We believe this will enable Oxford to focus more on its core senior population demographic.

Description of Operating Segments

AMERCO has four reportable segments. They are Moving and Storage Operations (AMERCO, U-Haul and Real Estate), Property and Casualty Insurance, Life Insurance and SAC Holding II for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 and SAC Holdings for fiscal 2004. (See Notes 1, 21 and 21A to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-K.)

Moving and Storage Operating Segment

Our Moving and Storage Operating Segment consists of the rental of trucks, trailers and self-storage spaces primarily to the household mover as well as sales of moving supplies, towing accessories and propane. Operations are conducted under the registered trade name U-Haul® throughout the United States and Canada.

With respect to our truck, trailer and self-storage rental business, we are focused on expanding our dealer network, which provides added convenience for our customers and expanding the selection and availability of rental equipment to satisfy the needs of our customers.

With respect to our retail sales, U-Haul has developed a number of specialty packing boxes, Mover's Wrap and Smart Move tape. Mover's Wrap is a sticks-to-itself plastic stretch wrap used to bind, bundle, and fasten items when moving or storing. Additionally, U-Haul has added a full line of Smart Move tape products. Smart Move tape is a color coded packing tape that has the room printed right on it allowing customers to tape and label their belongings in one quick step.

eMove is an online marketplace that connects consumers to over 2,880 independent sellers of Moving Help® as well as 2,700 suppliers of Self-Storage services. Our network of customer-rated affiliates provides pack and load help, cleaning help, self-storage and similar services, all over North America.

An individual or a company can connect to the eMove network by becoming an eMove Moving Help® Affiliate or an eMove Storage AffiliateTM. Moving Helpers assist customers with packing, loading, cleaning and unloading their truck or storage unit. The Storage Affiliate program enables independent self-storage facilities to expand their reach by connecting into a centralized 1-800 and internet reservation system, and for a fee receive an array of services including web-based management software, Secured Online Affiliated Rentals (S.O.A.R®), co-branded rental trucks, savings on insurance, credit card processing and more. Approximately 2,700 independent self-storage facilities are now registered on the eMove network.

With over 69,000 unedited reviews of independent vendors, the marketplace has facilitated Moving Help® and Self-Storage transactions all over North America. We believe that acting as an intermediary, with little added investment, serves the customer in a cost effective manner. Our goal is to further utilize our web-based technology platform to increase service to consumers and businesses in the moving and storage market.

Property and Casualty Insurance Operating Segment

RepWest provides loss adjusting and claims handling for U-Haul through regional offices across North America. RepWest also underwrites components of the Safemove, Safetow and Safestor protection packages to U-Haul customers. We continue to focus on increasing the penetration of these products. The business plan for RepWest includes offering property and casualty products in other U-Haul related programs.

Life Insurance Operating Segment

Oxford provides life and health insurance products primarily to the senior market through the direct writing or reinsuring of annuities, life insurance, and Medicare supplement policies. Additionally, Oxford administers the self-insured employee health and dental plans for Arizona employees of the Company and provides insurance for the employee group life and disability coverage.

SAC Holdings Operating Segment

SAC Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries, and SAC Holding II Corporation and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as "SAC Holdings", own self-storage properties that are managed by U-Haul under property management agreements and act as independent U-Haul rental equipment dealers. AMERCO, through its subsidiaries, has contractual interests in certain SAC Holdings' properties entitling AMERCO to potential future income based on the financial performance of these properties. With respect to SAC Holding II, AMERCO is considered the primary beneficiary of these contractual interests. Consequently, we include the results of SAC Holding II in the consolidated financial statements of AMERCO, as required by FIN 46(R).

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the United States generally accepted accounting principles. The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying our accounting policies can have a significant impact on the results we report in our financial statements. Note 3 to our Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8 of this Form 10-K summarizes the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. Certain accounting policies require us to make difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain.

The accounting policies that we deem most critical to us and that require management's most difficult and subjective judgments includes our principles of consolidation, the recoverability of property, plant and equipment, the adequacy of insurance reserves, the recognition and measurement of impairment for investments, and the recognition and measurement of income tax assets and liabilities. These estimates are based on historical experience, observance of trends in particular areas, information and valuations available from outside sources and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances and which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual amounts may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions; such differences may be material.

We also have other policies that we consider key accounting policies, such as revenue recognition; however, these policies do not meet the definition of critical accounting estimates, because they do not generally require us to make estimates or judgments that are difficult or subjective. The accounting policies that we deem most critical to us, and involve the most difficult, subjective or complex judgments include the following:

Principles of Consolidation

The Company applies FIN 46(R), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" and ARB 51 in its principles of consolidation. ARB 51 addresses the policy when the company owns a majority of the voting or similar rights and exercises effective control. FIN 46(R) addresses arrangements where the company does not hold a majority of the voting or similar interests or a variable interest entity (VIE). The company is required to consolidate a VIE if it is determined it is the primary beneficiary.

As promulgated by FIN 46(R), a VIE is not self-supportive by having one or both of the following conditions: a) it has an insufficient amount of equity for it to finance its activities without receiving additional subordinated financial support or b) its owners do not hold the typical risks and rights of equity owners. This determination is made upon the creation of a variable interest and can be re-assessed should certain changes in the operations of a VIE, or its relationship with the primary beneficiary trigger a reconsideration under the provisions of FIN 46(R). After a triggering event occurs the most recent facts and circumstances are utilized in determining whether or not a company is a variable interest entity, which other company(s) have a variable interest in the entity, and whether or not the company's interest is such that it is the primary beneficiary.

The fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AMERCO, its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and SAC Holding II. The 2004 statements of operations, comprehensive income, and cash flows include all of those entities plus SAC Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries.

In fiscal 2003 and fiscal 2002, SAC Holding Corporation and SAC Holding II (together, "SAC Holdings") were considered special purpose entities and were consolidated based on the provisions of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 90-15. In fiscal 2004, the Company applied FIN 46(R) to its interests in SAC Holdings. Initially, the Company concluded that SAC Holdings were variable interest entities (VIE's) and that the Company was the primary beneficiary. Accordingly, the Company continued to include SAC Holdings in its consolidated financial statements.

In February, 2004, SAC Holding Corporation restructured the indebtedness of three subsidiaries and then distributed its interest in those subsidiaries to its sole shareholder. This triggered a requirement to reassess AMERCO's involvement with those subsidiaries, which led to the conclusion that based on current contractual and ownership interests between AMERCO and this entity, AMERCO ceased to have a variable interest in those three subsidiaries at that date.

Separately, in March 2004, SAC Holding Corporation restructured its indebtedness, triggering a similar reassessment of SAC Holding Corporation that led to the conclusion that SAC Holding Corporation was not a VIE and that AMERCO ceased to be the primary beneficiary of SAC Holding Corporation and its remaining subsidiaries. This conclusion was based on SAC Holding Corporation's ability to fund its own operations and execute its business plan without any future subordinated financial support.

Accordingly, at the dates AMERCO ceased to have a variable interest and ceased to be the primary beneficiary of SAC Holding Corporation and its current or former subsidiaries, it deconsolidated those entities. The deconsolidation was accounted for as a distribution of SAC Holding Corporations interests to the sole shareholder of the SAC entities. Because of AMERCO's continuing involvement with SAC Holding Corporation and its current and former subsidiaries, the distributions do not qualify as discontinued operations as defined by SFAS No. 144.

It is possible that SAC Holding Corporation could take actions that would require us to re-determine whether SAC Holding Corporation has become a VIE or whether we have become the primary beneficiary of SAC Holding Corporation. Should this occur, we could be required to consolidate some or all of SAC Holding Corporation with our financial statements.

Similarly, SAC Holding II could take actions that would require us to re-determine whether it is a VIE or whether we continue to be the primary beneficiary of our variable interest in SAC Holding II. Should we cease to be the primary beneficiary, we would be required to deconsolidate some or all of our variable interest in SAC Holding II from our financial statements.

Recoverability of Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Interest cost incurred during the initial construction of buildings and rental equipment is considered part of cost. Depreciation is computed for financial reporting purposes using the straight-line or an accelerated method based on a declining balance formula over the following estimated useful lives: rental equipment 2-20 years and buildings and non-rental equipment 3-55 years. Major overhauls to rental equipment are capitalized and are amortized over the estimated period benefited. Routine maintenance costs are charged to operating expense as they are incurred. Gains and losses on dispositions of property, plant and equipment are netted against depreciation expense when realized. Depreciation is recognized in amounts expected to result in the recovery of estimated residual values upon disposal, i.e., no gains or losses. During the first quarter of fiscal 2005, the Company lowered its estimates for residual values on new rental trucks and rental trucks purchased off TRAC leases from 25% of the original cost to 20%. In determining the depreciation rate, historical disposal experience, holding periods and trends in the market for vehicles are reviewed.

We regularly perform reviews to determine whether facts and circumstances exist which indicate that the carrying amount of assets, including estimates of residual value, may not be recoverable or that the useful life of assets is shorter or longer than originally estimated. Reductions in residual values (i.e., the price at which we ultimately expect to dispose of revenue earning equipment) or useful lives will result in an increase in depreciation expense over the life of the equipment. Reviews are performed based on vehicle class, generally subcategories of trucks and trailers. We assess the recoverability of our assets by comparing the projected undiscounted net cash flows associated with the related asset or group of assets over their estimated remaining lives against their respective carrying amounts. We consider factors such as current and expected future market price trends on used vehicles and the expected life of vehicles included in the fleet. Impairment, if any, is based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of those assets. If assets are determined to be recoverable, but the useful lives are shorter or longer than originally estimated, the net book value of the assets is depreciated over the newly determined remaining useful lives.

Fiscal 2006 marked the first time in ten years that the Company has acquired a significant number of new trucks via purchase rather than lease. Management performed an analysis of the expected economic value of new rental trucks and determined that additions to the fleet resulting from purchase should be depreciated on an accelerated method based upon a declining formula. The salvage value and useful life assumptions of the rental truck fleet remain unchanged.

The Company had previously used the straight-line method for new truck purchases. Under the new declining balances method (2.4 times declining balance) the book value of a rental truck is reduced 16% at the end of its first year, 70% by the end of its seventh year, and 80% at the end of year fifteen. Under the straight-line method the book value of a rental truck is reduced 5% at the end of its first year, 37% by the end of its seventh year, and 80% at the end of year fifteen.

For trucks purchased in fiscal 2006, the depreciation recorded under the declining balance method was approximately \$4.0 million greater that what would have been recorded under the straight-line method.

We typically sell our used vehicles at one of our sales centers throughout North America, on our web site at trucksales.uhaul.com or by calling 1-866-404-0355. Although we attempt to sell our used vehicles for prices approximating book value, the extent to which we are able to realize a gain on the sale of used vehicles is dependent upon various factors including the general state of the used vehicle market, the age and condition of the vehicle at the time of its disposal and depreciation rates with respect to the vehicle.

Insurance Reserves

Liabilities for life insurance and certain annuity policies are established to meet the estimated future obligations of policies in force, and are based on mortality and withdrawal assumptions from recognized actuarial tables which contain margins for adverse deviation. Liabilities for deferred annuity contracts consist of contract account balances that accrue to the benefit of the policyholders, excluding surrender charges. Liabilities for health, disability and other policies represent estimates of payments to be made on insurance claims for reported losses and estimates of losses incurred, but not yet reported.

Insurance reserves for RepWest and U-Haul are based upon actuarial estimates of losses expected to be incurred. These estimates are based on past claims experience and current claim trends as well as social and economic conditions such as changes in legal theories and inflation. Due to the nature of underlying risks and the high degree of uncertainty associated with the determination of the liability for future policy benefits and claims, the amounts to be ultimately paid to settle liabilities cannot be precisely determined and may vary significantly from the estimated liability.

A consequence of the long tail nature of the assumed reinsurance and the excess workers compensation lines of insurance that were written by RepWest is that it takes a number of years for claims to be fully reported and finally settled. Also, the severity of the commercial transportation and the commercial multiple peril programs can fluctuate unexpectedly.

Investments

For investments accounted for under SFAS No. 115, in determining if and when a decline in market value below amortized cost is other than temporary, management makes certain assumptions or judgments in its assessment including but not limited to: ability and intent to hold the security, quoted market prices, dealer quotes or discounted cash flows, industry factors, financial factors, and issuer specific information. Other-than-temporary impairment in value is recognized in the current period operating results.

Income Taxes

The Company records deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon the differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the financial statement carrying amounts. Management reviews any deferred tax assets for realization and establishes a valuation allowance in relation to such assets should we believe they may not be ultimately realized. As part of this assessment, management makes certain assumptions regarding future taxable income, timing of the reversals of timing differences, and implementation of tax planning strategies. A change in any of these assumptions can alter our valuation allowance and cause an increase or decrease in our effective tax rate that could materially impact our financial results.

The Company's tax returns are periodically reviewed by various taxing authorities. Despite our belief that all of our tax treatments are supportable, the final outcome of these audits may cause changes in our valuation allowance should we not prevail. These changes could materially impact our financial results. Our current tax rate is approximately 39.5 %.

AMERCO files a consolidated tax return with all of its legal subsidiaries, except for CFLIC which still files on a stand alone basis. SAC Holding Corporation and its legal subsidiaries and SAC Holding II Corporation and its legal subsidiaries file consolidated tax returns, which are in no way associated with AMERCO's consolidated returns.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On November 3, 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FSP SFAS 115-1 and SFAS 124-1: The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments. This FSP nullifies certain requirements of EITF 03-1 and supersedes EITF Topic No. D-44 "Recognition of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment upon the Planned Sale of a Security Whose Cost Exceeds Fair Value." This FSP addresses (1) the determination of when an investment is considered impaired, (2) whether such impairment is other than temporary, and (3) the measurement of an impairment loss. This FSP also includes accounting considerations subsequent to the recognition of an other-than-temporary impairment and requires certain disclosures about unrealized losses that have not been recognized as other-than-temporary impairments. FSP SFAS 115-1 and SFAS 124-1 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2005, with earlier application permitted. We do not believe that the application of FSP SFAS 115-1 and SFAS 124-1 will have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.

The AICPA issued Statement of Position SOP 05-1, on September 29, 2005, to provide guidance on accounting by insurance enterprises for internal policy replacements other than the replacement of traditional life contracts with universal-life contracts specifically addressed in FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 97. The guidance applies to both short-duration and long-duration insurance contracts under SFAS 60 and to investment contracts defined in SFAS 97. SOP 05-1 is effective for internal replacement transactions occurring in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with earlier application encouraged. Retroactive application to previously issued financial statements is not permitted. Initial application should be as of the start of the entity's fiscal year. We do not believe that the application of SOP 05-1 will have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.

Results of Operations

AMERCO and Consolidated Entities

Fiscal 2006 Compared with Fiscal 2005

Listed below on a consolidated basis are revenues for our major product lines for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005:

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2006		2005
	(In thou	ısands)	
Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 1,503,569	\$	1,437,895
Self-storage revenues	122,119		114,155
Self-moving and self-storage product and service sales	223,721		206,098
Property management fees	21,195		11,839
Life insurance premiums	118,833		126,236
Property and casualty insurance premiums	26,001		24,987
Net investment and interest income	53,094		56,739
Other revenue	38,094		30,172
Consolidated revenue	\$ 2,106,626	\$	2,008,121

During fiscal 2006, self-moving equipment rentals increased \$65.7 million with increases in truck, trailer, and support rental items. The increases are due to improved equipment utilization, pricing, and product mix that included the introduction of approximately 15,500 new trucks in fiscal 2006. In most cases, these trucks replaced older trucks removed from the fleet.

Self-storage revenues increased \$8.0 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005 as occupancy rates increased period over period.

Sales of self-moving and self-storage products and service sales increased \$17.6 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005 generally following the growth in self-moving equipment rentals. Support sales items, hitches, and propane all had increases for the year.

RepWest continued to exit from non U-Haul related lines of business. However, premium revenues increased \$1.0 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005 due to increases in retrospective premiums related to U-Haul business in fiscal 2006. Additionally, fiscal 2005 included the commutation of a non U-Haul related reinsurance contract reducing premium revenues.

Oxford's premium revenues declined \$7.4 million primarily as a result of decreased credit and Medicare supplement business, offset by growth in life insurance premiums.

Net investment and interest income decreased \$3.6 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005 due primarily to declining invested asset balances at the insurance companies.

As a result of the items mentioned above, revenues for AMERCO and its consolidated entities were \$2,106.6 million for fiscal 2006, compared with \$2,008.1 million for fiscal 2005.

Listed below are revenues and earnings (loss) from operations at each of our four operating segments for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, the insurance companies years ended are December 31, 2005 and 2004.

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2006		2005
	(In thou	usands)	
Moving and storage			
Revenues	\$ 1,900,468	\$	1,791,667
Earnings (loss) from operations	292,774		165,985
Property and casualty insurance			
Revenues	37,358		41,417
Earnings (loss) from operations	1,144		(14,814)
Life insurance			
Revenues	148,080		159,484
Earnings (loss) from operations	13,933		2,065
SAC Holding II			
Revenues	46,239		43,172
Earnings (loss) from operations	13,643		10,466
Eliminations			
Revenues	(25,519)		(27,619)
Earnings (loss) from operations	(16,113)		3,294
Consolidated Results			
Revenues	2,106,626		2,008,121
Earnings (loss) from operations	305,381		166,996

Total costs and expenses decreased \$39.9 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005. Total costs and expenses for both insurance companies decreased \$43.3 million due primarily to reductions in benefits and losses. Fiscal 2005 included a \$10.6 million charge for litigation at Oxford not present in fiscal 2006. Increases in operating costs associated with the improved business volume at Moving and Storage were offset by reductions in repair and maintenance expenses related to rotating the fleet. Trucks with higher maintenance costs are being replaced by new trucks with lower initial maintenance costs.

In our second quarter of fiscal 2006, hurricanes Katrina and Rita struck the Gulf Coast of the United States causing business interruption to a number of our operating facilities. We identified customers impacted by the hurricanes and our rapid response teams provided a variety of solutions to divert operations to alternate facilities and restore operations where possible. We have been able to redeploy assets and employees to service our customers in cases where the facilities remain inoperable or have not returned to full operating capacity. We lost approximately 150 trucks and 150 trailers during and after the devastation caused by these hurricanes. We maintain property and business interruption insurance coverage to mitigate the financial impact of these types of catastrophic events. Our insurance deductible is \$500,000 and was recorded in our second quarter.

During fiscal 2006, the Company received insurance proceeds of \$4.8 million, of this amount \$4.5 million was applied to the losses incurred on trucks and trailers and \$0.3 million was applied to the losses sustained at operating facilities. The net book value of the trucks and trailers lost during the 2005 hurricanes approximates \$1.1 million. Additional insurance recoveries are expected as facilities are fully restored and claims are filed.

As a result of the aforementioned changes in revenues and expenses, earnings from operations improved to \$305.4 million for fiscal 2006, compared with \$167.0 million for fiscal 2005.

Interest expense for fiscal 2006 was \$105.1 million, compared with \$73.2 million in fiscal 2005. Fiscal 2006 results included a one-time, non-recurring charge of \$35.6 million before taxes which includes fees for early extinguishment of debt of \$21.2 million and the write-off of \$14.4 million of debt issuance costs. The expense related to the increase in average borrowings was partially offset by a reduction in the average borrowing rate resulting from the refinancing activities in fiscal 2006. The refinancing costs had the effect of decreasing, on a nonrecurring basis, earnings for the year ended March 31, 2006 by \$1.71 per share before taxes, in which the tax effect was approximately \$0.63 per share.

During the third quarter of fiscal 2005, the Company settled our litigation against our former auditor and received a settlement (net of attorneys' fees and costs) of \$51.3 million before taxes. The settlement had the effect of increasing, on a nonrecurring basis, earnings for the year ended March 31, 2005 by \$2.47 per share before taxes, in which the tax effect was approximately \$0.91 per share.

Income tax expense was \$79.1 million in fiscal 2006, compared with \$55.7 million in fiscal 2005.

Dividends accrued on our Series A preferred stock were \$13.0 million in both fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively.

As a result of the above mentioned items, net earnings available to common shareholders were \$108.2 million in fiscal 2006, compared with \$76.5 million in fiscal 2005.

The weighted average common shares outstanding: basic and diluted were 20,857,108 in fiscal 2006 and 20,804,773 in fiscal 2005.

Basic and diluted earnings per share in fiscal 2006 were \$5.19, compared with \$3.68 in fiscal 2005.

Fiscal 2005 Compared with Fiscal 2004

Listed below on a consolidated basis are revenues for our major product lines for fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004:

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2005		2004
	(In thou	ısands)	
Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 1,437,895	\$	1,381,208
Self-storage revenues	114,155		247,640
Self-moving and self-storage product and service sales	206,098		232,965
Property management fees	11,839		259
Life insurance premiums	126,236		145,082
Property and casualty insurance premiums	24,987		92,036
Net investment and interest income	56,739		38,281
Other revenue	30,172		38,523
Consolidated revenue	\$ 2,008,121	\$	2,175,994

During fiscal 2005, self-moving equipment rentals increased \$56.7 million through steady transaction volume, modest price increases and improved product mix.

Self-storage revenues decreased \$133.5 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004. Reported storage revenues were reduced by \$109.2 million due to the deconsolidation of SAC Holding Corporation in fiscal 2004, and were reduced by \$29.7 million as a result of the W.P. Carey Transactions (see footnote 9 for a more detailed discussion of the W.P. Carey Transactions). Storage revenues from remaining properties grew as a result of an increase in the number of rooms available for rent, higher occupancy rates and modest price increases.

Sales of self-moving and self-storage products and service sales decreased \$26.9 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004. Sales for the Moving and Storage segment increased \$8.7 million, while the deconsolidation of SAC Holding Corporation caused a decrease of \$36.0 million. Support sales items, hitches, and propane all had increases for the year.

RepWest continued to exit from non U-Haul related lines of business as a result premium revenues decreased \$67.0 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004.

Oxford's premium revenues declined \$18.8 million primarily as a result of the lingering effects of its rating downgrade by A.M. Best in 2003.

Net investment and interest income increased \$18.5 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004 due primarily to the deconsolidation of SAC Holding Corporation.

As a result of the items mentioned above, revenues for AMERCO and its consolidated entities were \$2,008.1 million for fiscal 2005, compared with \$2,176.0 million for fiscal 2004.

Listed below are revenues and earnings (loss) from operations at each of our four operating segments for fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004; for the insurance companies years ended are December 31, 2004 and 2003:

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2005		2004
	(In tho	usands)	
Moving and storage			
Revenues	\$ 1,791,667	\$	1,768,872
Earnings (loss) from operations	165,985		93,593
Property and casualty insurance			
Revenues	41,417		114,941
Earnings (loss) from operations	(14,814)		(35,950)
Life insurance			
Revenues	159,484		177,812
Earnings (loss) from operations	2,065		11,253
SAC Holdings			
Revenues	43,172		218,955
Earnings (loss) from operations	10,466		64,693
Eliminations			
Revenues	(27,619)		(104,586)
Earnings (loss) from operations	3,294		(6,674)
Consolidated Results			
Revenues	2,008,121		2,175,994
Earnings (loss) from operations	166,996		126,915

Total costs and expenses decreased \$208.0 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004 as a result of the productivity initiatives of U-Haul, the effect of the W.P. Carey Transaction and the deconsolidation of SAC Holding Corporation. The decrease in total costs and expenses was partially offset by payroll and benefit inflation, self-moving equipment impairment charges related to lease buy-outs, additional depreciation expense related to lower residual value assumptions, and litigation settlement costs of \$10.6 million at Oxford, net of insurance recoveries. Benefits and losses fell as a result of lower premium revenues at RepWest and Oxford. Benefits and losses included approximately \$8.5 million as a result of hurricane related losses at RepWest. The absence of restructuring costs in fiscal 2005 contributed to lower costs and expenses compared with fiscal 2004.

As a result of the aforementioned changes in revenues and expenses, earnings from operations improved to \$167.0 million for fiscal 2005, compared with \$126.9 million for fiscal 2004.

Interest expense for fiscal 2005 was \$73.2 million, compared with \$121.7 million in fiscal 2004. Lower interest expense in fiscal 2005 reflects the deconsolidation of SAC Holding Corporation, lower borrowings and a lower cost of borrowing.

During fiscal 2005, the Company settled its litigation against its former auditor and received a settlement (net of attorneys' fees and costs) of \$51.3 million before taxes. The settlement had the effect of increasing, on a nonrecurring basis, earnings for the year ended March 31, 2005 by \$2.47 per share before taxes, in which the tax effect was approximately \$0.91 per share.

Income tax expense was \$55.7 million in fiscal 2005, compared with \$8.1 million in fiscal 2004 and reflects our higher pretax earnings for fiscal 2005, net of an increase in tax in fiscal 2004 of \$4.8 million resulting from our settlement with the IRS for tax audits related to 1996 and 1997.

Dividends accrued on our Series A preferred stock were \$13.0 million in both fiscal 2005 and 2004.

As a result of the above mentioned items, net earnings (loss) available to common shareholders were \$76.5 million in fiscal 2005, compared with (\$15.8) million in fiscal 2004.

The weighted average common shares outstanding: basic and diluted were 20,804,773 in fiscal 2005 and 20,749,998 in fiscal 2004.

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share in fiscal 2005 were \$3.68, compared with (\$0.76) in fiscal 2004.

Moving and Storage

Fiscal 2006 Compared with Fiscal 2005

Listed below are revenues for the major product lines at our Moving and Storage operating segment for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005:

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2006		2005
	(In thou	ısands)	
Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 1,503,569	\$	1,437,895
Self-storage revenues	103,250		96,202
Self-moving and self-storage product and service sales	207,119		191,078
Property management fees	23,988		14,434
Net investment and interest income	30,025		29,902
Other revenue	32,517		22,156
Moving and Storage revenue	\$ 1,900,468	\$	1,791,667

During fiscal 2006, self-moving equipment rentals increased \$65.7 million with increases in truck, trailer, and support rental items. The increases are due to improved equipment utilization, pricing, and product mix that included the introduction of approximately 15,500 new trucks in fiscal 2006. In most cases, these trucks replaced older trucks removed from the fleet.

Self-storage revenues increased \$7.0 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005 generally in line with the increases in occupancy rates. Average occupancy based on room count has increased 5.5% in fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005.

Sales of self-moving and self-storage products and service increased \$16.0 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005. Retail sales generally increase in line with moving equipment rentals. In fiscal 2006 we have seen increases beyond this trend due to improved customer demand for towing accessories and propane. U-Haul is the largest single retail provider of propane and towing accessories in the United States through our Company owned and managed locations. The Company continues to improve its visibility as a provider of propane and towing accessories. Self-moving and storage related retail products continue to improve as we have increased our product offerings.

The Company owns and manages self-storage facilities. Self-storage revenues reported in the consolidated financial statements for Moving and Storage represent Company-owned locations only. Self-storage data for our owned storage locations is as follows:

Year Ended	March 31,
2006	2005

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	(In thousands, except occup	pancy rate)
Room count as of March 31	123	127
Square footage as of March 31	9,592	10,003
Average number of rooms occupied	107	108
Average occupancy rate based on room count	87.9%	82.4%
Average square footage occupied	8,516	8,514

Total costs and expenses increased \$2.7 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005. Commissions on self-moving equipment rentals and cost of sales increased in proportion to the related revenues. Operating expenses decreased \$26.1 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005. Increases in operating costs associated with the improved business volume were more than offset by reductions in repair and maintenance expenses related to rotating the fleet. Trucks with higher maintenance costs are being replaced by new trucks with lower initial maintenance costs. Overall total cost and expense increases were less than revenue increases for fiscal 2006.

During fiscal 2006, the Company received insurance proceeds of \$4.8 million, of this amount \$4.5 million was applied to the losses incurred on trucks and trailers and \$0.3 million was applied to the losses sustained at operating facilities. The net book value of the trucks and trailers lost during the 2005 hurricanes approximates \$1.1 million. Additional insurance recoveries are expected as facilities are restored and claims are filed.

As a result of the above mentioned changes in revenues and expenses, earnings from operations increased to \$292.8 million in fiscal 2006, compared with \$166.0 million for fiscal 2005.

Fiscal 2005 Compared with Fiscal 2004

Listed below are revenues for our major product lines at our Moving and Storage operating segment for fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004:

	Year Ended March 31,		
	2005		2004
	(In thou	ısands)	
Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 1,437,895	\$	1,381,208
Self-storage revenues	96,202		121,204
Self-moving and self-storage product and service sales	191,078		182,388
Property management fees	14,434		12,974
Net investment and interest income	29,902		38,459
Other revenue	22,156		32,639
Moving and Storage revenue	\$ 1,791,667	\$	1,768,872

During fiscal 2005, self-moving equipment rentals increased \$56.7 million primarily due to increased transaction volume, modest price increases and improved product mix.

Self-storage revenues decreased \$25.0 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004. The W.P Carey transaction accounted for a \$29.7 million decrease (see footnote 9 for a more detailed discussion of the W.P. Carey Transaction), while storage revenues at remaining properties grew as a result of an increase in the number of rooms available for rent, higher occupancy rates and modest price increases.

Sales of self-moving and self-storage products and service sales increased \$8.7 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004 generally following the growth in self-moving equipment rentals. Support sales items, hitches, and propane all had increases for the year.

The Company owns and manages self-storage facilities. Self-storage revenues reported in the consolidating financial statements for Moving and Storage represent Company-owned locations only. Self-storage data for our owned storage locations is as follows:

Year Ended	March 31,
2005	2004

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	(In thousands, except occup	pancy rate)
Room count as of March 31	127	175
Square footage as of March 31	10,003	14,206
Average number of rooms occupied	108	130
Average occupancy rate based on room count	82.4%	75.3%
Average square footage occupied	8,514	10,463

Total costs and expenses decreased \$32.1 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004. Commissions on self-moving equipment rentals and cost of sales increased in proportion to the related revenues. Expense decreased in fiscal 2005, due primarily to the absence of restructuring expenses of \$44.1 million.

As a result of the above mentioned changes in revenues and expenses, earnings from operations increased to \$166.0 million in fiscal 2005, compared with \$93.6 million for fiscal 2004.

U-Haul International, Inc.

Fiscal 2006 Compared with Fiscal 2005

Listed below are revenues for the major product lines at U-Haul International, Inc. for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005:

v ,	Year Ended March 31,			
	2006		2005	
	(In thou	ısands)		
Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 1,503,569	\$	1,437,895	
Self-storage revenues	101,437		94,431	
Self-moving and self-storage product and service sales	207,119		191,078	
Property management fees	23,988		14,434	
Net investment and interest income	24,894		22,030	
Other revenue	36,926		27,489	
U-Haul International, Inc. revenue	\$ 1,897,933	\$	1,787,357	

During fiscal 2006, self-moving equipment rentals increased \$65.7 million with increases in truck, trailer, and support rental items. The increases are due to improved equipment utilization, pricing, and product mix that included the introduction of approximately 15,500 new trucks in fiscal 2006. In most cases, these trucks replaced older trucks removed from the fleet.

Self-storage revenues increased \$7.0 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005 generally in line with the increases in occupancy rates. Average occupancy based on room count has increased 5.5% in fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005.

Sales of self-moving and self-storage products and service sales increased \$16.0 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005. Retail sales generally increase in line with moving equipment rentals. In fiscal 2006 we have seen increases beyond this trend due to improved customer demand for towing accessories and propane. U-Haul is the largest single retail provider of propane and towing accessories in the United States through our Company owned and managed locations. The Company continues to improve its visibility as a provider of propane and towing accessories. Self-moving and storage related retail products continue to improve as we have increased our product offerings.

Total costs and expenses increased \$9.3 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005. Commissions on self-moving equipment rentals and cost of sales increased in proportion to the related revenues. Operating expenses decreased \$15.1 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005. Increases in operating costs associated with the improved business volume were more than offset by reductions in repair and maintenance expenses related to rotating the fleet. Trucks with higher maintenance costs are being replaced by new trucks with lower initial maintenance costs. Depreciation expense increased \$17.8 million for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005 primarily due to buy-outs of leases, new truck purchases and certain residual value adjustments on the rental trucks. The buy-outs of the leases are

the primary reason for the \$8.6 million decrease in lease expense for fiscal 2006, compared to fiscal 2005. Overall total cost and expense increases were less than revenue increases for fiscal 2006.

During fiscal 2006, the Company received insurance proceeds of \$4.8 million, of this amount \$4.5 million was applied to the losses incurred on trucks and trailers and \$0.3 million was applied to the losses sustained at operating facilities. The net book value of the trucks and trailers lost during the 2005 hurricanes approximates \$1.1 million. Additional insurance recoveries are expected as facilities are fully restored as claims are filed.

As a result of the above mentioned changes in revenues and expenses, earnings from operations increased to \$241.7 million in fiscal 2006, compared with \$140.5 million for fiscal 2005.

Fiscal 2005 Compared with Fiscal 2004

Listed below are revenues for the major product lines at U-Haul International, Inc. for fiscal 2005 and fiscal 2004:

ř î	Year Ended March 31,			
	2005		2004	
	(In thou	ısands)		
Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 1,437,895	\$	1,380,991	
Self-storage revenues	94,431		118,335	
Self-moving and self-storage product and service sales	191,078		182,327	
Property management fees	14,434		12,974	
Net investment and interest income	22,030		21,504	
Other revenue	27,489		35,580	
U-Haul International, Inc. revenue	\$ 1,787,357	\$	1,751,711	

During fiscal 2005, self-moving equipment rentals increased \$56.9 million with increases in truck, trailer, and support rental items. The increases are due to improved equipment utilization, pricing, and product mix.

Self-storage revenues decreased \$23.9 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004 due to the W.P Carey transaction (see footnote 9 for a more detailed discussion of the W.P. Carey Transaction), while storage revenues at remaining properties grew as a result of an increase in the number of rooms available for rent, higher occupancy rates and modest price increases.

Sales of self-moving and self-storage products and service sales increased \$8.8 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004 generally following the growth in self-moving equipment rentals. Support sales items, hitches, and propane all had increases for the year.

Total costs and expenses increased \$35.7 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004. Commissions on self-moving equipment rentals and cost of sales increased in proportion to the related revenues. Operating expenses increased \$38.0 million for fiscal 2005, compared to fiscal 2004, due primarily to increased repair and maintenance costs and personnel and benefit expense.

As a result of the above mentioned changes in revenues and expenses, earnings from operations remained constant at \$140.5 million for fiscal 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Republic Western Insurance Company

2005 Compared with 2004

Premium revenues were \$26.0 million and \$25.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. U-Haul related premiums were \$20.2 million and \$18.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Other non U-Haul lines of business were \$5.8 million and \$6.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Net investment income was \$11.4 million and \$16.4 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. The reduction was due to a decrease in RepWest's invested asset base and gains on capital assets sold in 2004.

Benefits and losses incurred were \$22.6 million and \$39.7 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. The decrease resulted from reduced exposure to non U-Haul policies combined with the absence of approximately \$8.5 million of incurred losses in 2004 due to hurricane claims.

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs were \$2.9 million and \$4.7 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. The decreases are due to a reduction of in-force business related to the exit of non U-Haul lines of business.

Operating expenses were \$10.8 million and \$11.8 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. The decrease was due to a reduction of general administrative expenses resulting from the exit of the non U-Haul lines of business.

Earnings (loss) from operations were \$1.1 million and (\$14.8) million for 2005 and 2004, respectively.

2004 Compared with 2003

Premium revenues were \$25.0 million and \$93.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The overall decrease is due to RepWest exiting non U-Haul lines of business. U-Haul related premiums were \$18.9 million and \$23.6 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The decrease was a result of RepWest being under DOI supervision and the "C" rating by A.M. Best. Premium revenues on non U-Haul lines of business were \$6.1 million and \$69.6 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Net investment income was \$16.4 million and \$21.7 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The reduction was due to a decrease in the RepWest's invested asset base.

Benefits and losses incurred were \$39.7 million and \$109.4 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The decreases resulted from reduced exposure resulting from RepWest's decision to exit its non U-Haul lines of business, which was offset by the losses from the Florida hurricanes and additional reserves added to the long-tailed programs.

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs was \$4.7 million and \$14.1 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The decrease is due to decreased premium writings.

Operating expenses were \$11.8 million and \$27.4 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The decrease was due to decreased commissions, as well as, a reduction of general administrative expenses due to the exit of the non U-Haul lines of business.

Losses from operations were \$14.8 million and \$36.0 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The loss in 2004 was the result of approximately \$8.5 million in incurred losses and related expenses resulting from the hurricanes that hit the Southeastern United States in the summer and fall of 2004, as well as additional reserves recorded for RepWest's cancelled lines of business.

The following table illustrates the change in unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses. The first line represents reserves as originally reported at the end of the stated year. The second section, reading down, represents cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years with respect to that reserve. The third section, reading down, represents revised estimates of the original recorded reserve as of the end of successive years. The last section compares the latest revised estimated reserve amount to the reserve amount as originally established. This last section is cumulative and should not be summed.

	Unpaid Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses											
					D	ecember 31,						
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004		
						In thousands)						
Unpaid Loss and Loss Adjustment												
•	\$341,981	\$ 332,674	\$ 384,816 \$	344,748 \$	334,858	\$ 382,651 \$	448,987 \$	399,447	\$416,259	\$ 380,875		
Paid (Cumulative) as of:	33.041	22.224		- 2006				-2.054	75.004	(50)		
One year later	89,041	89,336	103,752	82,936	117,025	130,471	130,070	100,851	73,384	44,679		
Two years later	150,001	161,613	174,867	164,318	186,193	203,605	209,525	164,255	114,426	_		
Three years later	195,855	208,168	216,966	218,819	232,883	255,996	266,483	201,346	-	-		
Four years later	226,815	232,726	246,819	255,134	264,517	299,681	295,268	-	-	-		
Five years later	243,855	250,312	269,425	274,819	295,997	320,629	-	-	-	-		
Six years later	254,204	263,645	282,598	297,354	314,281	-	-	-	-	-		
Seven years later	264,120	274,249	300,814	311,963	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Eight years later	273,205	289,614	314,322	-	_	-	-	-	-	_		
Nine years later	286,708	298,449	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Ten years later	294,806	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Reserved Re-estimated as of:												
One year later Two years				339,602	383,264	433,222	454,510	471,029		388,859		
later	369,852	342,164	361,306	371,431	432,714	454,926	523,624	480,713	456,171	-		
Three years later	328,445	346,578	369,598	429,598	437,712	517,361	500,566	521,319	-	-		
Four years later	331,897 339,665			413,476 443,696	480,200 524,548	543,554 558,765	571,045	-	-	-		

	Five years										
	later										
	Six years	217 661	260 220	420 O21	477 075	520 675					
	later	347,664	369,320	428,031	477,975	520,675	-	-	-	-	-
	Seven years	244 451	207 107	450.700	405 220						
	later	344,451	396,197	450,728	485,228	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Eight years	260 140	400.000	461.000							
	later	360,149	423,928	461,082	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Nine years										
	later	378,778	418,177	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Ten years										
	later	364,992	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Cumulative										
I	Redundancy										
	•	\$ (23,011)\$	(85,503)	(76,266)\$	(140,480)\$	5 (185,817)\$ (176.114)\$	(122,058)\$	(121,872)\$	(39,912)\$	(7,984
	Retro	1 (-) -) 1	())	(11)	(-,, -	()) (, , , , ,	())	, , ,	(= -)-	(1)2
	Premium										
	Recoverable	623	1,582	3,037	(1,879)	6,797	5,613	21,756	7,036	374	2,233
	Re-estimated	023	1,502	3,037	(1,07)	0,777	3,013	21,750	7,050	371	2,233
	Reserve:										
	Amount	φ (22.2 00) φ	(02.021)	(72.220) ¢	(1.42.250) \$	· (170,020)	170 501\0	(100.202) \$	(11402C) ¢	(20 5 20) ¢	(5.751
((Cumulative)	\$ (22,388)\$	(83,921)	(75,229)\$	(142,339)\$	5 (179,020) \$ (1/0,501)\$	(100,302)\$((114,830)\$	(39,338)\$	(5,751)

Activity in the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses for RepWest is summarized as follows:

		Year Ended December 31,						
	2005			2004		2003		
			(I	n thousands)				
Balance at January 1	\$	380,875	\$	416,259	\$	399,447		
Less: reinsurance recoverable		189,472		177,635		146,622		
Net balance at January 1		191,403		238,624		252,825		
Incurred related to:								
Current year		6,429		17,960		56,454		
Prior years		16,161		21,773		53,127		
Total incurred		22,590		39,733		109,581		
Paid related to:								
Current year		3,774		13,570		22,931		
Prior years		44,679		73,384		100,851		
Total paid		48,453		86,954		123,782		
Net balance at December 31		165,540		191,403		238,624		
Plus: reinsurance recoverable		181,388		189,472		177,635		
Balance at December 31	\$	346,928	\$	380,875	\$	416,259		

The liability for incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses (net of reinsurance recoverable of \$181.4 million) decreased by \$25.9 million in 2005. The decrease is a result of eliminating unprofitable programs.

Oxford Life Insurance Company

2005 Compared with 2004

Premium revenues were \$120.4 million and \$127.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Medicare supplement premiums decreased by \$5.7 million due to lapses on closed lines being greater than new business written on active lines. Credit insurance premiums decreased \$3.8 million. Oxford is no longer writing credit insurance. Oxford expects the majority of the existing credit policies to earn out over the next three years. Life premiums increased \$1.6 million primarily due to increased sales from the final expense product. Annuitizations increased \$0.4 million, while other health premiums increased slightly. Other income decreased \$2.5 million in the current year, compared to the prior year primarily due to decreased surrender charge income.

Net investment income was \$22.0 million and \$23.5 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to realized losses on the sale of investments in the current year. Investment yields were consistent between the two years.

Benefits and losses incurred were \$85.7 million and \$91.5 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. This decrease was primarily a result of a \$5.4 million decrease in Medicare supplement benefits due to reduced exposure and a slightly improved loss ratio. All other lines combined for a \$0.4 million decrease.

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs (DAC) and the value of business acquired (VOBA) was \$21.4 million and \$23.8 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. These costs are amortized for life and health policies as the premium is earned over the term of the policy; and for deferred annuities in relation to interest spreads. Annuity amortization decreased \$1.9 million from 2004 primarily due to reduced surrender activity. Other segments combined for a \$0.5 million decrease primarily due to a decline in new business volume.

Operating expenses were \$27.0 million and \$42.2 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. The decrease is primarily due to a \$10.6 million accrual in the prior year for the Kocher settlement as well as reduced legal and overhead expenses in the current year. Included in operating expenses for the current year is \$0.7 million of expense related to the write-off of goodwill associated with a subsidiary engaged in selling credit insurance. Non-deferrable commissions decreased \$2.3 million due to decreased sales of Medicare supplement and credit products.

Earnings from operations were \$13.9 million and \$2.1 million for 2005 and 2004, respectively. The increase is due primarily to the prior year accrual of \$10.6 million related to the Kocher settlement as well as improved loss ratios in the Medicare supplement and other health lines of business.

2004 Compared with 2003

Premiums revenues were \$127.7 million, \$147.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Medicare supplement premiums decreased by \$8.2 million from 2003 due to lapses on closed lines being greater than new business written on active lines. Credit insurance premiums decreased \$6.9 million from 2003 due to fewer accounts resulting from the rating downgrade by A.M. Best. Life, other health, and annuity premiums decreased \$5.0 million from 2003 primarily from reduced life insurance sales and fewer annuitizations.

Net investment income was \$23.5 million and \$19.0 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Benefits and losses incurred were \$91.5 million and \$103.5 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. Medicare supplement benefits decreased \$5.8 million from 2003 due primarily to reduced exposure. Credit insurance benefits decreased \$2.8 million from 2003 due to reduced exposure and improved disability experience. Life insurance benefits decreased \$3.6 million from 2003 as new business declined and existing exposure decreased. All other lines had increases of \$0.2 million from 2003.

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs (DAC) and the value of business acquired (VOBA) was \$23.8 million and \$25.0 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. Annuity amortization increased \$0.8 million from 2003 primarily due to increased surrender activity. Other segments, primarily credit, had decreases of \$2.0 million from 2003 due to decreased new business volume.

Operating expenses were \$42.2 million and \$38.1 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The \$10.6 million accrual related to the Kocher settlement, net of insurance recoveries, accounted for the majority of the variance. Non-deferrable commissions have decreased \$5.5 million from 2003 primarily due to decreased sales of Medicare supplement and life products.

Earnings from operations were \$2.1 million and \$11.3 million for 2004 and 2003, respectively. The decrease in 2004 from 2003 is due primarily to the \$10.6 million accrual for the Kocher settlement offset by improved investment income, and positive loss experience in the Medicare supplement and credit insurance segments.

SAC Holding II

Fiscal 2006 Compared with Fiscal 2005

Listed below are revenues for the major product lines at SAC Holding II for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005:

	Year Ended March 31,					
	2006		2005			
	(In thou					
Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 9,498	\$	9,008			
Self-storage revenues	18,869		17,953			
Self-moving and self-storage product and service sales	16,602		15,020			
Other revenue	1,270		1,191			
Segment revenue	\$ 46,239	\$	43,172			

Total revenues were \$46.2 million in fiscal 2006, compared with \$43.2 million in fiscal 2005. The increase was driven by self-moving and self-storage product and service sales. This increase grew in conjunction with increases in self-storage revenues due to improved occupancy and pricing.

Total costs and expenses were \$32.6 million in fiscal 2006, compared with \$32.7 million in fiscal 2005.

Earnings from operations were \$13.6 million in fiscal 2006, compared with \$10.5 million in fiscal 2005.

Fiscal 2005 Compared with Fiscal 2004

Listed below are revenues for the major product lines at SAC Holding II for fiscal 2005 and SAC Holdings for fiscal 2004:

Year Ended	l March 31,				
2005	2004				
(In tho	(In thousands)				

Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 9,008	\$ 29,155
Self-storage revenues	17,953	126,436
Self-moving and self-storage product and service sales	15,020	50,577
Other revenue	1,191	12,787
Segment revenue	\$ 43,172	\$ 218,955

During March 2004, SAC Holding Corporation ceased to be a VIE and AMERCO ceased being the primary beneficiary of SAC Holding Corporation. As a result of this, AMERCO deconsolidated its interests in SAC Holding Corporation at that time. AMERCO remains the primary beneficiary of its contractual variable interests in SAC Holding II Corporation for fiscal 2005 and 2004.

Revenues for fiscal 2005 fell \$175.8 million, primarily as a result of the above mentioned deconsolidation.

Total costs and expenses were \$32.7 million in fiscal 2005, compared with \$154.3 million in fiscal 2004. Total costs and expenses fell \$121.6 million, primarily as a result of the above mentioned deconsolidation.

Earnings from operations were \$10.5 million in fiscal 2005 compared with \$64.7 million in fiscal 2004. Earnings from operations fell \$54.2 million in fiscal 2005 compared with fiscal 2004, primarily as a result of the above mentioned deconsolidation.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We believe that our current capital structure will allow us to achieve our operational plans and goals, and provide us with sufficient liquidity for the next three to five years. The majority of the debt obligations currently in place mature in fiscal 2010 or 2015. This allows us to focus on our operations and business to further improve liquidity in the long term. We believe that these improvements will enhance our access to capital markets. However, there is no assurance that future cash flows will be sufficient to meet our outstanding obligations or our future capital needs.

Our financial condition remains strong. At March 31, 2006, cash and short-term investments totaled \$155.5 million, compared with \$56.0 million at March 31, 2005. Total short-term and long-term debt, were \$965.6 million at March 31, 2006, compared with \$780.0 million at March 31, 2005, and represented 1.4 times stockholders' equity for both periods.

A summary of our cash flows for fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004 is shown in the table below:

	Year Ended March 31,							
	2006		2005		2004			
Cash flow from operating activities	\$ 270,508	\$	220,697	\$	(62,818)			
Cash flow from investing activities	(258,836)		36,176		60,187			
Cash flow from financing activities	88,018		(282,497)		17,369			
Effects of exchange rate on cash	(186)		22		(15)			
Net cash flow	99,504		(25,602)		14,723			
Cash at the beginning of the period	55,955		81,557		66,834			
Cash at the end of the period	\$ 155,459	\$	55,955	\$	81,557			

Cash provided by operating activities increased in fiscal 2006, compared with fiscal 2005 due primarily to improved operating performance. The Moving and Storage segment experienced increased operating cash flows as collected revenues outpaced increased total costs and expenses. Operating cash flows from the insurance companies declined from fiscal 2005 as business volume declined.

Net cash used in investing activities increased in fiscal 2006, compared with fiscal 2005 due primarily to higher capital expenditures in the Moving and Storage segment. Capital expenditures increased in fiscal 2006 due to planned manufacturing of rental vehicles to replace our older rental fleet; additionally, the Company continued to buyout trucks and trailers at the expiration of their TRAC lease.

Cash provided by financing activities increased in fiscal 2006, compared with cash used in financing activities in fiscal 2005 due to higher debt borrowings used to fund increased capital requirements and the absence of capital lease payments also contributed to the overall increase of cash provided by financing activities.

Liquidity and Capital Resources and Requirements of Our Operating Segments

Moving and Self-Storage

To meet the needs of our customers, U-Haul maintains a large fleet of rental equipment. Capital expenditures have primarily reflected new rental equipment acquisitions and the buyouts of existing fleet from TRAC leases. The capital to fund these expenditures has historically been obtained internally from operations and the sale of used equipment, and externally from lease financing. In the future we anticipate that our internally generated funds will be used to service the existing debt and support operations. U-Haul estimates that during the next three fiscal years, at least \$340.0 million each year will be reinvested in the truck and trailer rental fleet. This investment will be funded through external lease financing, debt financing and internally from operations and sales of used equipment. Management considers several factors including cost and tax consequences when selecting a method to fund capital expenditures. Because the Company has utilized all of its net operating loss carry forwards, there will be more of a focus on financing the fleet through asset-backed debt. Net capital expenditures were \$322.2 million and \$40.7 million for fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Real Estate has traditionally financed the acquisition of self-storage properties to support U-Haul's growth through debt financing and funds from operations and sales. U-Haul's growth plan in self-storage is primarily focused on eMove, which does not require acquisition or construction of self-storage properties by the Company. This primary focus does not preclude the Company from using debt and internally generated funds to finance storage acquisitions or construction in the future.

Property and Casualty Insurance

As of December 31, 2005, RepWest had no notes and loans due in less than one year and its accounts payable, accrued expenses and other policyholders' funds and liabilities were approximately \$5.2 million. RepWest's financial assets (cash, receivables, short-term investments, other investments, fixed maturities and related party assets) at December 31, 2005, were \$456.0 million. State insurance regulations restrict the amount of dividends that can be paid to stockholders of insurance companies. As a result, RepWest's assets are generally not available to satisfy the claims of AMERCO or its legal subsidiaries.

Stockholder's equity was \$137.4 million, \$154.8 million, and \$169.0 million at December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 respectively. RepWest paid \$27.0 million in dividends to its parent during 2005; payment was effected by a reduction in intercompany accounts. The decrease was offset by increases from earnings and gains from the sale of real estate to affiliated entities recorded directly to additional paid in capital. RepWest does not use debt or equity issues to increase capital and therefore has no exposure to capital market conditions other than through its investment portfolio.

Life Insurance

Other than amounts payable to AMERCO, Oxford had no other notes and loans payable in less than one year. Its accounts payable, accrued expenses were approximately \$3.2 million. Oxford's financial assets (cash, receivables, short-term investments, other investments and fixed maturities) at December 31, 2005 were approximately \$702.0 million. State insurance regulations restrict the amount of dividends that can be paid to stockholders of insurance companies. As a result, Oxford's funds are generally not available to satisfy the claims of AMERCO or its legal subsidiaries.

Oxford's stockholder's equity was \$127.3 million, \$115.0 million, and \$121.0 million at December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The increase resulted from earnings of \$8.9 million, \$9.8 million of related party gains from the sale of real estate recorded directly to additional paid-in capital, offset by a \$6.4 million decrease in other comprehensive income. Oxford does not use debt or equity issues to increase capital and therefore has no exposure to capital market conditions other than through its investment portfolio.

SAC Holding II

SAC Holding II operations are funded by various mortgage loans and unsecured notes. SAC Holding II does not utilize revolving lines of credit to finance its operations or acquisitions. Certain of SAC Holding II loan agreements contain restrictive covenants and restrictions on incurring additional subsidiary indebtedness.

Cash Provided from Operating Activities by Operating Segments

Moving and Self-Storage

Cash provided by operating activities was \$276.1 million, \$226.5 million and \$60.7 million in fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Cash provided by operating activities increased in fiscal 2006, compared with fiscal 2005 due primarily to improved operating performance.

Property and Casualty Insurance

Cash used by operating activities was \$28.9 million, \$31.6 million, and \$86.1 million for the years ending December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003, respectively. The decrease in cash used by operating activities was the result of RepWest's exiting its non U-Haul lines of business and the associated reduction of reserves in the lines exited.

RepWest's cash and cash equivalents and short-term investment portfolio were \$106.2 million, \$90.3 million, and \$62.1 million at December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003, respectively. This balance reflects funds in transition from maturity proceeds to long term investments. This level of liquid assets, combined with budgeted cash flow, is adequate to meet periodic needs. Capital and operating budgets allow RepWest to schedule cash needs in accordance with investment and underwriting proceeds.

Life Insurance

Cash provided (used) by operating activities from Oxford were (\$0.7) million, \$24.8 million and \$20.9 million for the years ending December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. 2005 includes the \$10.6 million settlement payment related to the Kocher lawsuit.

In addition to cash flows from operating activities, a substantial amount of liquid funds are available through Oxford's short-term portfolio. At December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, short-term investments amounted to \$33.0 million, \$113.8 million and \$124.7 million, respectively. Management believes that the overall sources of liquidity will continue to meet foreseeable cash needs.

SAC Holding II

Cash provided (used) by operating activities at SAC Holding II was \$2.8 million and \$1.1 million for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, respectively. Cash of \$8.2 million was used by operating activities in fiscal 2004 for SAC Holdings. The primary use of cash in fiscal 2004 was the deconsolidation of SAC Holding Corporation.

Liquidity and Capital Resources - Summary

We believe we have the financial resources needed to meet our business requirements including capital expenditures for the investment in and expansion of our rental fleet, rental equipment and storage space, working capital requirements and our preferred stock dividend program.

For a more detailed discussion of our long-term debt and borrowing capacity, please see footnote 9 "Borrowings" to the "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements."

Disclosures about Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

The following table provides contractual commitments and contingencies as of March 31, 2006:

	Payment due by Period (as of March 31, 2006)									
Contractual Obligations	Total		Prior to 03/31/07		04/01/07 03/31/09		04/01/09 03/31/11			April 1, 2011 and hereafter
					(In	thousands)				
Notes and loans payable -										
Principal	\$	875,634	\$	30,239	\$	81,527	\$	303,724	\$	460,144
Notes and loans payable - Interest		322,697		51,030		93,724		73,465		104,478
Revolving credit agreement -										
Principal		90,000		-		-		90,000		-
Revolving credit agreement -										
Interest		23,448		5,309		10,618		7,521		-
AMERCO's operating leases		429,164		124,943		167,153		102,575		34,493
SAC Holding II Corporation notes										
and loans*		151,320		1,313		3,078		3,728		143,201
Elimination of SAC Holding II										
obligations to AMERCO		(75,088)		_		-		-		(75,088)
Total contractual obligations	\$	1,817,175	\$	212,834	\$	356,100	\$	581,013	\$	667,228

As presented above, contractual obligations on debt and guarantees represent principal payments while contractual obligations for operating leases represent the notional payments under the lease arrangements.

^{*} These notes and loans represent obligations of SAC Holding II issued to third party lenders and AMERCO through its subsidiaries.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company uses off-balance sheet arrangements where the economics and sound business principles warrant their use.

AMERCO utilizes operating leases for certain equipment and facilities with terms expiring substantially through 2034, with the exception of one land lease expiring in 2079. In the event of a shortfall in proceeds from the sales of the underlying rental equipment assets, AMERCO has guaranteed approximately \$193.1 million of residual values at March 31, 2006 for these assets at the end of their respective lease terms. AMERCO has been leasing rental equipment since 1987. Thus far, we have experienced no residual value shortfalls.

AMERCO has used off-balance sheet arrangements in connection with the expansion of our self-storage business. The Company currently manages the self-storage properties of SAC Holdings (see Note 19 of our Consolidated Financial Statements).

The Company currently manages the self-storage properties owned or leased by SAC Holdings, Mercury, 4 SAC, 5 SAC, Galaxy, and Private Mini Storage Realty ("Private Mini") pursuant to a standard form of management agreement, under which the Company receives a management fee of between 4% and 10% of the gross receipts plus reimbursement for certain expenses. The Company received management fees, exclusive of expenses, of \$22.5 million, and \$14.4 million from the above mentioned entities during fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively. This management fee is consistent with the fee received for other properties the Company previously managed for third parties. SAC Holdings, 4 SAC, 5 SAC, Galaxy and Private Mini are substantially controlled by Blackwater. Mercury is substantially controlled by Mark V. Shoen. James P. Shoen, a significant shareholder and director of AMERCO, has an interest in Mercury.

At March 31, 2006, subsidiaries of SAC Holdings, 4 SAC, 5 SAC, Galaxy and Private Mini acted as U-Haul independent dealers. The financial and other terms of the dealership contracts with the aforementioned companies and their subsidiaries are substantially identical to the terms of those with the Company's other 13,950 independent dealers. During fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, the Company paid the above mentioned entities \$36.8 million and \$33.1 million, respectively in commissions pursuant to such dealership contracts.

The Company leases space for marketing company offices, vehicle repair shops and hitch installation centers from subsidiaries of SAC Holdings, 5 SAC and Galaxy. Total lease payments pursuant to such leases were \$2.7 million in both fiscal 2006 and 2005. The terms of the leases are similar to the terms of leases for other properties owned by unrelated parties that are leased to the Company.

During fiscal 2006 subsidiaries of the Company held various junior unsecured notes of SAC Holdings. Substantially all of the equity interest of SAC Holdings is controlled by Blackwater, wholly-owned by Mark V. Shoen, a significant shareholder and executive officer of AMERCO. The Company does not have an equity ownership interest in SAC Holdings, except for minority investments made by RepWest and Oxford in a SAC Holdings-controlled limited partnership which holds Canadian self-storage properties. The Company recorded interest income of \$19.4 million and \$22.0 million, and received cash interest payments of \$11.2 million and \$11.7 million, from SAC Holdings during fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005. The largest aggregate amount of notes receivable outstanding during fiscal 2006 and the aggregate notes receivable balance at March 31, 2006 was \$203.7 million, of which \$75.1 million is with SAC Holding II and have been eliminated in the consolidating financial statements.

These agreements with Blackwater entities, excluding dealer agreements, provided revenue of \$38.7 million, expenses of \$2.7 million and cash flows of \$27.5 million during fiscal 2006. Revenues and commission expenses related to the Dealer Agreements were \$171.5 million and \$36.7 million, respectively.

Fiscal 2007 Outlook

We have many developments which we believe should positively affect performance in fiscal 2007. We believe the momentum in our Moving and Storage Operations will continue. The revenue gains during fiscal 2006 were primarily due to improved pricing, product mix, occupancy, and utilization.

In fiscal 2007 we are working towards increasing transaction volume, product mix and utilization for self-moving equipment rentals. Investing in our truck fleet is a key initiative to reach this goal. Over the past year we have placed over 14,300 of our large and mid-size rental trucks in service, along with approximately 3,000 new trailers and approximately 1,200 pickup trucks and cargo vans. We continue to manufacture our large and mid-size rental trucks and expect to produce approximately 15,000 additional vehicles and 4,200 additional trailers during the next year. This investment is expected to increase the number of rentable equipment days available to meet our customer demands and to reduce future spending on repair costs and equipment downtime. In fiscal 2007 we are working towards increasing our storage occupancy at existing sites, adding new affiliates and building new locations. We believe that additional occupancy gains in our current portfolio of locations can be realized in fiscal 2007. We continue to add new storage affiliates through our eMove Storage Affiliate program and plan for growth in this program in fiscal 2007. Additionally, we are developing new facilities that will increase our overall capacity in future years.

At RepWest, our plans to exit non U-Haul related lines of business are progressing well. Additionally, RepWest will continue to provide loss adjusting and claims handling for U-Haul and underwrite components of the Safemove, Safetow and Safestor protection packages to U-Haul customers.

At Oxford, the recent ratings upgrade by A.M. Best in October 2005 to B+ should support the expansion of its distribution capabilities.

Quarterly Results (unaudited)

The quarterly results shown below are derived from unaudited financial statements for the eight quarters beginning April 1, 2004 and ending March 31, 2006. The Company believes that all necessary adjustments have been included in the amounts stated below to present fairly, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, such results. Moving and Storage operations are seasonal and proportionally more of the Company's revenues and net earnings from its Moving and Storage operations are generated in the first and second quarters of each fiscal year (April through September). The operating results for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results for any future period.

	Quarter Ended							
	I	March 31, 2006	D	ecember 31, 2005	Se	eptember 30, 2005		June 30, 2005 (a)
		(In thousands, except for share and per share data)						
Total revenues	\$	445,982	\$	495,670	\$	605,516	\$	559,458
Earnings from operations		19,164		45,419		128,238		112,560
Net earnings		1,800		15,170		69,122		35,062
Earnings (loss) available to								
common shareholders		(1,440)		11,929		65,881		31,821
Weighted average common shares								
outstanding: basic and diluted		20,887,258		20,865,684		20,848,620		20,836,458
Earnings (loss) per common share								
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.07)	\$	0.57	\$	3.16	\$	1.53

	Quarter Ended							
	March 31, 2005	Γ	December 31, 2004 (b)	Se	eptember 30, 2004		June 30, 2004	
	(In thousands, except for share and per share data)							
Total revenues (c)	\$ 414,259	\$	461,497	\$	579,420	\$	552,945	
Earnings (loss) from operations	(28,676)		291		104,193		91,188	
Net earnings (loss)	(29,600)		21,546		53,059		44,419	
Earnings (loss) available to								
common shareholders	(32,840)		18,305		49,818		41,178	
Weighted average common shares								
outstanding: basic and diluted	20,824,296		20,813,805		20,801,525		20,788,074	
Earnings (loss) per common share								
Basic and diluted	\$ (1.57)	\$	0.88	\$	2.39	\$	1.98	

⁽a) The first quarter fiscal 2006 results included nonrecurring fee of \$21.2 million on early extinguishment of debt and a write off of \$14.4 million of debt issuance costs.

⁽b) The third quarter fiscal 2005 results included nonrecurring litigation proceeds of \$51.3 million.

⁽c) Quarterly amounts include certain reclassifications to conform to current period presentation.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and currency exchange rates. To mitigate these risks, we may utilize derivative financial instruments, among other strategies. We do not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. We do not believe that inflation has or will have a direct impact on our operations.

Interest Rate Risk

The exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our variable rate debt obligations. We have used interest rate swap and cap agreements to reduce our exposure to changes in interest rates.

		Expiration		
Notional Amount	Effective Date	Date	Fixed Rate	Floating Rate
\$ 100,000,000 (a)	6/8/2005	6/8/2008	3.97%	3 Month LIBOR
100,000,000 (a)	6/8/2005	6/8/2010	4.09%	3 Month LIBOR
142,264,071 (a)	5/10/2006	4/10/2012	5.06%	1 Month LIBOR
200,000,000 (b)	5/17/2004	5/17/2006	3.00%	3 Month LIBOR
50,000,000 (b)	5/17/2004	5/17/2007	3.00%	3 Month LIBOR
(a) interest rate swap agre	ement			

- (b) interest rate cap agreement

As of March 31, 2006, the Company had approximately \$434.3 million of variable rate debt obligations. If LIBOR were to increase or decrease 100 basis points, the increase or decrease in interest expense on the variable rate debt would increase or decrease future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$4.3 million annually (before consideration of the effect of the above derivative contracts).

Additionally, our insurance subsidiaries' fixed income investment portfolio's expose the Company to interest rate risk. This interest rate risk is the price sensitivity of a fixed income security to change in interest rates. As part of our insurance companies' asset and liability management, actuaries estimate the cash flow patterns of our existing liabilities to determine their duration. These outcomes are compared to the characteristics of the assets that are currently supporting these liabilities assisting management in determining an asset allocation strategy for future investments that management believes will mitigate the overall effect of interest rates.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

The exposure to market risk for changes in foreign currency exchange rates relates primarily to our Canadian business. Approximately 2.5%, 2.6% and 3.0% of our revenue in fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively was generated in Canada. The result of a 10.0% change in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the Canadian dollar would not be material. We typically do not hedge any foreign currency risk since the exposure is not considered material.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting and Consolidated Financial Statements of AMERCO and its consolidated subsidiaries including the notes to such statements and the related schedules are set forth on pages F-3 through F-63 and are thereby incorporated herein.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Attached as exhibits to this Form 10-K are certifications of the registrants' Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Accounting Officer (CAO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), which are required in accordance with Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). This "Controls and Procedures" section includes information concerning the controls and controls evaluation referred to in the certifications. Following this discussion is the report of BDO Seidman LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, regarding its audit of AMERCO's internal control over financial reporting and of management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting set forth below in this section. This section should be read in conjunction with the certifications and the BDO Seidman, LLP report for a more complete understanding of the topics presented.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of the CEO, CAO, and CFO, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as such term is defined in the Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) (Disclosure Controls) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-K. Our Disclosure Controls are designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act, such as this Form 10-K, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Our disclosure Controls are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the CEO, CAO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based upon the controls evaluation, our CEO, CAO and CFO have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-K, our Disclosure Controls were effective.

Management Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Management assessed our internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2006, the end of our fiscal year. Management based its assessment on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Management's assessment included evaluation of such elements as the design and operating effectiveness of key financial reporting controls, process documentation, accounting policies, and our overall control environment. This assessment is supported by testing and monitoring performed both by our Internal Audit organization and our Finance organization.

Based on our assessment, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the fiscal year. We reviewed the results of management's assessment with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

Our independent registered public accounting firm, BDO Seidman, LLP, has audited management's assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and has issued their report, which is included below.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

The Company's management, including the CEO, CAO and CFO, does not expect that our Disclosure Controls or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. The design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Further, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

New Financings

On June 7, 2006, U-Haul International, Inc. and certain subsidiaries entered into a \$150.0 million term loan facility with BTMU Capital Corporation that is expected to be drawn down over the next several months to fund the acquisition of new rental trucks. The credit facility is secured by a portion of the Company's new truck rental fleet. The above discussion of select terms of the agreements and is qualified in its entirety by reference to our agreements with BTMU Capital Corporation filed as Exhibits 10.85, 10.86 and 10.87 hereto.

On June 7, 2006, U-Haul International, Inc. and certain subsidiaries entered into a \$50.0 million term loan facility with Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank that is expected to be drawn down over the next several months to fund the acquisition of new rental trucks. The credit facility is secured by a portion of the Company's new truck rental fleet. The above discussion of select terms of the agreements and is qualified in its entirety by reference to our agreements with Bayerische Hypo-und Vereinsbank filed as Exhibits 10.91 and 10.92 hereto.

The existing Merrill Lynch Rental Truck Amortizing Loan and Revolving Credit Agreement were amended to clarify their security interests in only those trucks serving as collateral for those loans. The above discussion is merely a description of select terms of the amendments and is qualified in its entirety by reference to such amendments with Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corporation filed as Exhibits 10.88 and 10.89 hereto.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Board of Directors and Stockholders AMERCO Reno, Nevada

We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting that AMERCO and consolidated entities (the "Company") maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2006, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2006, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2006, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of March 31, 2006 and 2005 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, other comprehensive income / (loss), and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2006, and our report dated June 10, 2006 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

Los Angeles, California

June 10, 2006

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrants

The information regarding Directors and Executive Officers and Section 16(a) Compliance appearing in our 2006 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference to AMERCO's definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the commission within 120 days after the close of the fiscal year.

The Company has adopted a code of ethics that applies to all directors, officers and employees of the Company, including the Company's principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer. A copy of our Code of Ethics has been filed as an exhibit hereto, and is posted on the AMERCO Investor Relations home page at www.amerco.com. We intend to satisfy the disclosure requirements under Item 10 of Form 8-K regarding any amendment to, or waiver from, a provision of this code of ethics by posting such information on the Company's website, at the web address and location specified above.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information regarding Executive Compensation appearing in our 2006 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference to AMERCO's definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the commission within 120 days after the close of the fiscal year; provided, however, that the "Board Report on Executive Compensation" and the "Performance Graph" contained in the 2006 Proxy Statement are not incorporated by reference herein.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The information appearing in our 2006 Proxy Statement under the heading "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" is incorporated herein by reference to AMERCO's definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the commission within 120 days after the close of the fiscal year.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information appearing in our 2006 Proxy Statement under the heading "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions" is incorporated herein by reference to AMERCO's definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the commission within 120 days after the close of the fiscal year.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information appearing in our 2006 Proxy Statement under the heading "Relationship with Independent Auditors" is incorporated by herein by reference to AMERCO's definitive proxy statement, which will be filed with the commission within 120 days after the close of the fiscal year.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules, and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this Report:

	Page No.
1. Financial Statements:	
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-1
Independent Auditors' Report	F-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets - March 31, 2006 and 2005	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Operations - Years Ended March 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity - Years Ended March 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) - Years Ended March 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004	F-6
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows - Years Ended March 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004	F-7
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-8 - F-55
2. Additional Information:	
Summary of Earnings of Independent Rental Fleets	F-56 - F-57
Financial Statement Schedules required to be filed by Item 8 and	
3. Paragraph (d) of this Item 15:	
Condensed Financial Information of Registrant - Schedule 1	F-58 - F-61
Valuation and Qualifying Accounts - Schedule II	F-62
Supplemental Information (For Property-Casualty Insurance Underwriters) - Schedule V	F-63

All other schedules are omitted as the required information is not applicable or the information is presented in the financial statements or related notes thereto.

(b) Exhibits:

Exhibit Number Description

Page or Method of Filing

	Joint Plan of Reorganization of AMERCO and AMERCO Real Estate Company	Olincorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 20, 2003, file no. 1-11255
2.2	Disclosure Statement Concerning th Debtors' Joint Plan of Reorganization	eIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 20, 2003, file no. 1-11255
2.3		fIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's eQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2003, file no. 1-11255
3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation o AMERCO	fIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Registration Statement on form S-4 filed March 30, 2004, file no. 1-11255
3.2	Restated By-Laws of AMERCO	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1996, file no. 1-11255

Exhibit Number	Description	Page or Method of Filing						
3.3	Restated Articles of Incorporation o U-Haul International, Inc.	fIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2003, file no. 1-11255						
3.4	Bylaws of U-Haul International, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2003, file no. 1-11255						
4.3	among SAC Holding Corporation and	identure dated as of March 15, 2004, Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current mong SAC Holding Corporation and Report on Form 8-K filed on March 26, 2004, AC Holding II Corporation and Lawfile no. 1-11255 ebenture Trust Company of New York						
4.4	Rights Agreement, dated as of August 7 1998	',Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1998, file no. 1-11255						
10.1*		tIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual pReport on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1993, file no. 1-11255						
10.1A*	First Amendment to the AMERCOIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Employee Savings, Profit Sharing and Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March Employee Stock Ownership Plan 31, 2000, file no. 1-11255							
10.3	_	,						
10.5	U-Haul Dealership Contract	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year end March 31, 1993, file no. 1-11255						
10.6	Share Repurchase and Registration Right Agreement with Paul F. Shoen	sIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1993, file no. 1-11255						
10.7	ESOP Loan Credit Agreement	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1990, file no. 1-11255						
10.8	ESOP Loan Agreement	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March						

31, 1990, file no. 1-11255

10.9	Employee Savings, Profit Sharing and Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March						
	Employee Stock Ownership Plan	31, 1990, file no. 1-11255					
10.10	Amended Indemnification Agreement	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1990, file no. 1-11255					
10.11	Indemnification Trust Agreement	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1990, file no. 1-11255					
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<u>Exhibit</u>

Number Description

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- 10.13 Management Agreement between FourIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation andReport on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 1997, file no. 1-11255
- 10.17 Management Agreement between FiveIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation andReport on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 1999, file no. 1-11255
- 10.18 Management Agreement between EightIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation andReport on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 1999, file no. 1-11255
- 10.19 Management Agreement between NineIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation andReport on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 1999, file no. 1-11255
- 10.20 Management Agreement between TenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation and Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 1999, file no. 1-11255
- 10.21 Management Agreement between Six-AIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation and Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 2000, file no. 1-11255
- 10.22 Management Agreement between Six-BIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation and Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 2000, file no. 1-11255
- 10.23 Management Agreement between Six-CIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation and Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 2000, file no. 1-11255
- 10.24 Management Agreement between ElevenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual SAC Self-Storage Corporation andReport on Form 10-K for the year ended March subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 2000, file no. 1-11255
- 10.25 Management Agreement between TwelveIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form SAC Self-Storage Corporation and S-4 Registration Statement, no. 333-114042 subsidiaries of AMERCO
- 10.26 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form Thirteen SAC Self-Storage CorporationS-4 Registration Statement, no. 333-114042 and subsidiaries of AMERCO
- 10.27 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form Fourteen SAC Self-Storage CorporationS-4 Registration Statement, no. 333-114042

and subsidiaries of AMERCO

- 10.28 Management Agreement between FifteenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's SAC Self-Storage Corporation andQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter subsidiaries of AMERCO ended December 31, 2000, file no. 1-11255
- 10.29 Management Agreement between SixteenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's SAC Self-Storage Corporation andQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter subsidiaries of AMERCO ended December 31, 2000, file no. 1-11255
- 10.30 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Seventeen SAC Self-Storage CorporationReport on Form 10-K for the year ended March and subsidiaries of AMERCO 31, 2001, file no. 1-11255

<u>Exhibit</u>

Number Description

Page or Method of Filing

- 10.31 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Eighteen SAC Self-Storage CorporationOuarterly Report on Form 10-O for the quarter and U-Haul ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 10.32 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Nineteen SAC Self-Storage LimitedQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Partnership and U-Haul ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 10.33 Management Agreement between TwentyIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's SAC Self-Storage Corporation and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter U-Haul ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 10.34 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Twenty-One SAC Self-StorageQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Corporation and U-Haul ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 10.35 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Twenty-Two SAC Self-StorageQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 Corporation and U-Haul 10.36 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Twenty-Three SAC Self-StorageQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 Corporation and U-Haul 10.37 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Twenty-Four SAC Self-Storage LimitedQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Partnership and U-Haul ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 10.38 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Twenty-Five SAC Self-Storage LimitedQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Partnership and U-Haul ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 10.39 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Twenty-Six SAC Self-Storage LimitedQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the guarter Partnership and U-Haul ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 10.40 Management Agreement betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Twenty-Seven SAC Self-Storage LimitedQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Partnership and U-Haul ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 10.42 Promissory Note between SAC HoldingIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Corporation and Oxford Life InsuranceOuarterly Report on Form 10-O for the quarter ended September 30, 2002, file no. 1-11255 Company
- 10.42A Amendment and Addendum to Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form Promissory Note between SAC HoldingS-4 Registration Statement, no. 373-114042

- Corporation and Oxford Life Insurance Company
- 10.45 Fixed Rate Note between SAC HoldingIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form Corporation and U-Haul International,S-4 Registration Statement, no. 333-114042 Inc.
- 10.46 Promissory Note between SAC HoldingIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form Corporation and U-Haul International,S-4 Registration Statement, no. 333-114042 Inc.
- 10.47 Amended and Restated Promissory NoteIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form between SAC Holding Corporation and S-4 Registration Statement, no. 333-114042 U-Haul International, Inc. (in an aggregate principal amount up to \$21,000,000)

Exhibit

Number Description

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- 10.48 Amended and Restated Promissory NoteIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form between SAC Holding Corporation and S-4 Registration Statement, no. 333-114042 U-Haul International, Inc. (in an aggregate principal amount up to \$47,500,000)
- 10.49 Amended and Restated Promissory NoteIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Form between SAC Holding Corporation and S-4 Registration Statement, no. 333-114042 U-Haul International, Inc. (in an aggregate principal amount up to \$76,000,000)
- 10.50 Property Management Agreement Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2004, file no. 1-11255
- 10.51 Property Management Agreements amongIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Three-A through Three-D SACQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Self-Storage Limited Partnership and theended June 30, 2004, file no. 1-11255 subsidiaries of U-Haul International, Inc.
- 10.52 U-Haul Dealership Contract betweenIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's U-Haul Leasing & Sales Co., and U-HaulQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Moving Partners, Inc. ended June 30, 2004, file no. 1-11255
- 10.53 Property Management AgreementIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's between Mercury Partners, LP, MercuryQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter 99, LLC and U-Haul Self-Storageended June 30, 2004, file no. 1-11255 Management (WPC), Inc.
- 10.54 Property Management AgreementIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's between Three-SAC Self-StorageQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Corporation and U-Haul Co. (Canada), ended June 30, 2004, file no. 1-11255 Ltd.
- 10.55** Settlement and Release Agreement amongIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, AMERCO,Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter and SAC Holding Corporation ended December 31, 2004, file no. 1-11255
- 10.56 Property Management Agreement amongIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's subsidiaries of U-Haul International andQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter Galaxy Storage Two, L.P. ended December 31, 2004, file no. 1-11255
- 10.57 Kocher Settlement and ReleaseIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Agreement Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 8, 2005, file no. 1-11255

	Merrill Lynch Commitment Letter (re firstIncorporated by reference to AMERCO' mortgage loan) Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 13, 2 no. 1-11255				
10.59	Notice of Early Termination (re Well Fargo Loan and Security Agreement)	lsIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 13, 2005, file no. 1-11255			
10.60	Notice of Redemption (re 9% Senio Secured Notes due 2009)	DrIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 13, 2005, file no. 1-11255			
10.61	Morgan Stanley Commitment Letter	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 13, 2005, file no. 1-11255			
10.62	Merrill Lynch Commitment Letter (1 loan to Amerco Real Estate Company)	reIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 13, 2005, file no. 1-11255			
10.63	Notice of Redemption (re 12% Senio Subordinated Notes due 2011)	orIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 13, 2005, file no. 1-11255			
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Exhibit

Number Description

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- 10.64 Refinance Closing Docs
- Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. 1-11255
- 10.65 Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current dated June 8, 2005, among Amerco RealReport on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. Estate Company, Amerco Real Estate1-11255
 Company of Texas, Inc., Amerco Real
 Estate Company of Alabama Inc., U-Haul
 Co. of Florida, Inc., U-Haul International,
 Inc. and Merrill Lynch Commercial
 Finance Corp.
- 10.66 Security Agreement dated June 8, 2005, Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current by Amerco Real Estate Company, AmercoReport on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. Real Estate Company of Texas, Inc.,1-11255

 Amerco Real Estate Company of Alabama, Inc., U-Haul Co. of Florida, Inc., U-Haul International, Inc. and the Marketing Grantors named therein in favor of Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corp.
- 10.67 Guarantee, dated June 8, 2005, by U-HaulIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current International, Inc. in favor of MerrillReport on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. Lynch Commercial Finance Corp. 1-11255
- 10.68 Promissory Note, dated June 8, 2005 byIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Amerco Real Estate Company, AmercoReport on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. Real Estate Company of Texas, Inc.,1-11255

 Amerco Real Estate Company of Alabama, Inc., U-Haul Co. of Florida, Inc. and U-Haul International, Inc.
- 10.69 Form of Mortgage, Security Agreement, Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Assignment of Rents and Fixture Filing, Report on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. dated June 8, 2005 in favor of Morgan1-11255

 Stanley Mortgage Capital Inc.
- 10.70 Form of Promissory Note, dated June 8,Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current 2005, in favor of Morgan StanleyReport on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. Mortgage Capital Inc. 1-11255
- 10.71 Form of Mortgage, Security Agreement, Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Assignment of Rents and Fixture Filing, Report on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. dated June 8, 2005, in favor of Merrill1-11255

- Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc.
- 10.72 Form of Promissory Note, dated June 8,Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current 2005, in favor of Merrill Lynch MortgageReport on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2005, file no. Lending, Inc. 1-11255
- 10.75 Credit Agreement, dated June 28, 2005, Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current among U-Haul Leasing & Sales Co., Report on Form 8-K, filed July 6, 2005, file no. U-Haul Company of Arizona and U-Haul1-11255
 International, Inc. and Merrill Lynch
 Commercial Finance Corporation.
- 10.76 Security Agreement, dated June 28, 2005, Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current among U-Haul Leasing & Sales Co., Report on Form 8-K, filed July 6, 2005, file no. U-Haul Company of Arizona and U-Haul1-11255
 International, Inc. in favor of Merrill
 Lynch Commercial Finance Corporation.
- 10.77 Guarantee, dated June 28, 2005, made by Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current U-Haul International, Inc. in favor of Report on Form 8-K, filed July 6, 2005, file no. Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance1-11255 Corporation.

Exhibit

Number Description

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- 10.78 Property Management AgreementIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's between Subsidiaries of U-Haul and FiveQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter SAC RW MS, LLC., dated August 17,ended September 30, 2005, file no. 1-11255 2005.
- 10.79 Credit agreement, dated November 10, Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current 2005, among U-Haul Leasing & SalesReport on Form 8-K, filed November 17, 2005, Co., U-Haul Company of Arizona andfile no. 1-11255
 U-Haul International, Inc. and Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corporation.
- 10.80 Property Management AgreementIncorporated by reference to AMERCO's between Subsidiaries of U-Haul and FiveQuarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter SAC 905, LLC., dated September 23,ended December 31, 2005, file no. 1-11255 2005.
- 10.81 Property Management AgreementsFiled herewith between Subsidiaries of U-Haul and subsidiaries of PM Partners, LP, dated June 25, 2005.
- 10.82 Property Management AgreementsFiled herewith between Subsidiaries of U-Haul and subsidiaries of PM Preferred Properties, LP., dated June 25, 2005
- 10.83 Promissory note, dated December 1, 2005, Filed herewith by Private Mini Storage Realty, LP in favor of AMERCO.
- 10.84 Promissory note dated December 1, 2005Filed herewith by PMSI Investments, LP in favor of U-Haul International, Inc.
- 10.85 Credit Agreement executed June 7, 2006, Filed herewith among U-Haul Leasing & Sales Co., U-Haul Co. of Arizona and U-Haul International, Inc. and BTMU Capital Corporation.
- 10.86 Security and CollateralFiled herewith Agreement executed June 7, 2006, by U-Haul International, Inc., U-Haul Leasing and Sales Co., U-Haul Co. of Arizona, BTMU Capital Corporation, and

Orange Truck Trust 2006

- 10.87 Guarantee executed June 7, 2006, madeFiled herewith by U-Haul International, Inc. and AMERCO in favor of BTMU Capital Corp. and Orange Truck Trust 2006.
- 10.88 First Amendment to Security AgreementFiled herewith (Aged Truck Revolving Loan Facility) executed June 7, 2006, among U-Haul Leasing and Sales Co., U-Haul Co. of Arizona, and U-Haul International, Inc., in favor of Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corp.
- 10.89 First Amendment to Security AgreementFiled herewith (New Truck Term Loan Facility) executed June 7, 2006, among U-Haul Leasing and Sales Co., U-Haul Co. of Arizona, and U-Haul International, Inc., in favor of Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corp.

Exhibit Number	<u>Description</u>	Page or Method of Filing
10.90	Credit Agreement dated June 6, 2006 among U-Haul Leasing and Sales Co. U-Haul Co. of Arizona, and U-Hau International, Inc., and HVB	,
10.91	Security Agreement dated June 6, 2006 among U-Haul Leasing and Sales Co. U-Haul Co. of Arizona, and U-Haul International, Inc. in favor of HVB	,
10.92	Guarantee dated June 6, 2006, made by U-Haul International, Inc. in favor of HVB	
14	Code of Ethics	Incorporated by reference to AMERCO's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 5, 2004, file no. 1-11255
21	Subsidiaries of AMERCO	Filed herewith
23.1	Consent of BDO Seidman, LLP	Filed herewith
23.2	Consent of Semple & Cooper (re: SAC Holding II)	CFiled herewith
24	Power of Attorney	See signature page
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Edward J. Shoen, President and Chairman of the Board of AMERCO and U-Hau International, Inc.	n
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification o Jason A. Berg, Chief Accounting Office of AMERCO	
31.3	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification o Robert T. Peterson, Chief Financia Officer of U-Haul International, Inc.	
32.1	Certification of Edward J. Shoen President and Chairman of the Board o AMERCO and U-Haul International, Inc pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	f
32.2	Certification of Jason A. Berg, Chie	

Accounting Officer of AMERCO pursuant

to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- 32.3 Certification of Robert T. Peterson, ChiefFurnished herewith Financial Officer of U-Haul International, Inc. pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 99.1 Letter of Preferability Regarding ChangeFiled herewith in LIFO Approach From Internal Index to External Index From BDO Seidman, LLP.

^{*} Indicates compensatory plan arrangement.

^{**} A portion of this exhibit has been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Stockholders AMERCO Reno, Nevada

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AMERCO and consolidated entities (the "Company") as of March 31, 2006 and 2005 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, other comprehensive income / (loss), and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2006. We have also audited the schedules listed in the accompanying index. These financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedules based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of SAC Holding II Corporation for 2006 and 2005, which statements reflect total assets of \$152.3 million and \$152.4 million as of March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and total revenues of \$46.2 million and \$43.2 million for the years then ended, respectively. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for such consolidated entity, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and schedules are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and schedules, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements and schedules. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at March 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements and schedules taken as a whole. The summary of earnings of independent rental fleet information included on pages F-56 through pages F-57 is presented for purposes of additional analysis of the consolidated financial statements rather that to present the earnings of the independent trailer fleets. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the earnings of the independent trailer fleets. However, such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and schedules and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements and schedules taken as a whole.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2006, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) and our report dated June 10, 2006 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Los Angeles, California June 10, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholder SAC Holding II Corporation (A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Blackwater Investments, Inc.)

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of SAC Holding II Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Blackwater Investments, Inc. (the "Company"), as of March 31, 2006 and 2005 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholder's deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended. The financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at March 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations, stockholder's deficit and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Semple & Cooper, LLP Certified Public Accountants Phoenix, Arizona May 31, 2006

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AMERCO AND CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31,		
	2006		2005
	(In	thousands)	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 155,45		55,955
Reinsurance recoverables and trade receivables, net	230,17		240,593
Notes and mortgage receivables, net	2,53	52	1,965
Inventories, net	64,91	9	63,658
Prepaid expenses	53,26	52	29,045
Investments, fixed maturities and marketable equities	695,95	8	635,178
Investments, other	209,36	51	345,207
Deferred policy acquisition costs, net	47,82	.1	52,543
Other assets	102,09	14	84,895
Related party assets	270,46	8	252,666
	1,832,05	13	1,761,705
Property, plant and equipment, at cost:			
Land	175,78	5	151,145
Buildings and improvements	739,60	13	686,225
Furniture and equipment	281,37	'1	265,216
Rental trailers and other rental equipment	201,27	'3	199,461
Rental trucks	1,331,89	1	1,252,018
SAC Holding II Corporation - property, plant and equipment	79,21	7	77,594
	2,809,14	-0	2,631,659
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,273,97	(5)	(1,277,191)
Total property, plant and equipment	1,535,16	55	1,354,468
Total assets	\$ 3,367,21	8 \$	3,116,173
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	235,87	' 8	237,134
AMERCO's notes and loans payable	965,63	4	780,008
SAC Holding II Corporation notes and loans payable, non-recourse to			
AMERCO	76,23	2	77,474
Policy benefits and losses, claims and loss expenses payable	800,41	.3	805,330
Liabilities from investment contracts	449,14	.9	503,838
Other policyholders' funds and liabilities	7,70)5	11,613
Deferred income	21,34	-6	38,743
Deferred income taxes	108,09	2	78,124
Related party liabilities	7,16	55	11,070
Total liabilities	2,671,61	4	2,543,334
Commitments and contingencies (notes 9, 15,16,17 and 19)			
Stockholders' equity:			
Series preferred stock, with or without par value, 50,000,000 shares			
authorized:			
Series A preferred stock, with no par value, 6,100,000 shares authorized;			
6,100,000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2006 and 2005		-	-

Series B preferred stock, with no par value, 100,000 shares authorized; none

issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2006 and 2005	-	-
Series common stock, with or without par value, 150,000,000 shares		
authorized:		
Series A common stock of \$0.25 par value, 10,000,000 shares		
authorized;		
3,716,181 shares issued as of March 31, 2006 and 2005	929	929
Common stock of \$0.25 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized;		
38,269,518		
issued as of March 31, 2006 and 2005	9,568	9,568
Additional paid-in capital	367,655	350,344
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(28,902)	(24,612)
Retained earnings	773,784	665,593
Cost of common shares in treasury, net (20,701,096 shares as of		
March 31, 2006 and 2005)	(418,092)	(418,092)
Unearned employee stock ownership plan shares	(9,338)	(10,891)
Total stockholders' equity	695,604	572,839
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,367,218	\$ 3,116,173

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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AMERCO AND CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Years Ended March 31,					
	2006	2006 2005			2004	
	(In thousand	(In thousands, except share and per sh			share data)	
Revenues:						
Self-moving equipment rentals	\$ 1,503,569	\$	1,437,895	\$	1,381,208	
Self-storage revenues	122,119		114,155		247,640	
Self-moving and self-storage products and service						
sales	223,721		206,098		232,965	
Property management fees	21,195		11,839		259	
Life insurance premiums	118,833		126,236		145,082	
Property and casualty insurance premiums	26,001		24,987		92,036	
Net investment and interest income	53,094		56,739		38,281	
Other revenue	38,094		30,172		38,523	
Total revenues	2,106,626		2,008,121		2,175,994	
Costs and expenses:						
Operating expenses	1,080,990		1,122,197		1,179,996	
Commission expenses	180,101		172,307		147,010	
Cost of sales	113,135		105,309		111,906	
Benefits and losses	117,160		140,343		217,447	
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	24,261		28,512		39,083	
Lease expense	142,781		151,354		160,727	
Depreciation, net of (gains) losses on disposals	142,817		121,103		148,813	
Restructuring expenses	-		-		44,097	
Total costs and expenses	1,801,245		1,841,125		2,049,079	
Earnings from operations	305,381		166,996		126,915	
Interest expense	(69,481)		(73,205)		(121,690)	
Fees on early extinguishment of debt	(35,627)		-		-	
Litigation settlement, net of costs, fees and expenses	-		51,341		-	
Pretax earnings	200,273		145,132		5,225	
Income tax expense	(79,119)		(55,708)		(8,077)	
Net earnings (loss)	121,154		89,424		(2,852)	
Less: Preferred stock dividends	(12,963)		(12,963)		(12,963)	
Earnings (loss) available to common shareholders	\$ 108,191	\$	76,461	\$	(15,815)	
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 5.19	\$	3.68	\$	(0.76)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic and diluted	20,857,108		20,804,773		20,749,998	

Related party revenues for fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, net of eliminations, were \$29.2 million, \$25.8 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

Related party costs and expenses for fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, net of eliminations, were \$32.6 million, \$26.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Description	Series A Common Stock, \$0.25 Par Value	Common Stock, \$0.25 Par Value		Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Income (Loss) (a)			Less: Unearned Employee Stock Ownership Plan Sto Shares	Total ockholders' Equity
Balance as of				(III ti	nousunus)			
March 31, 2003	\$ 1,416	\$ 9,081	\$ 239,049	\$ (49,716)	\$ 562,173	\$ (421,378)	\$ (13,177) \$	327,448
Decrease in market value of released				· · · /				
ESOP shares	-	-	(311)	-	-	-	-	(311)
Foreign currency translation	-	-	-	4,936	-	-	-	4,936
Unrealized gain on investments				27,896				27,896
Net loss	-	-	-	27,890	(2,852)	-	-	(2,852)
Preferred stock	-	-	-	_	(2,032)	-	-	(2,032)
dividends: Series A (\$2.13 per share for								
fiscal 2004)	-	-	-	-	(12,963)	-	-	(12,963)
Contribution from			110.004					110.004
related party	-	-	110,994	-	-	-	-	110,994
SAC Holding Corporation								
distribution	-	-	-	1,487	42,774	3,199	-	47,460
Treasury stock								
transactions	-	-	-	-	-	87	-	87
Release of unearned ESOP shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,151	1,151
Net activity	_	_	110,683	34,319	26,959	3,286	1,151	176,398
Balance as of			110,000	0 1,015	20,505	2,200	1,101	1,0,0,0
March 31, 2004	\$ 1,416	\$ 9,081	\$ 349,732	\$ (15,397)	\$ 589,132	\$ (418,092)	\$ (12,026) \$	503,846
Increase in market value of released				, ,		, , ,	• • •	
ESOP shares	-	-	612	-	-	-	-	612
Foreign currency								
translation	-	-	-	1,569	-	-	-	1,569
Fair market value of				47				477
cash flow hedge	-	-	-	47	-	-	-	47
Unrealized loss on investments				(10.921)				(10.921)
Net earnings	-	-	-	(10,831)	89,424	-	-	(10,831) 89,424
ret carmings	<u>-</u>		-	<u>-</u>	(12,963)	-	<u>-</u>	(12,963)
	_	_		_	(12,703)	_		(12,703)

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Preferred stock									
dividends: Series A									
(\$2.13 per share for									
fiscal 2005)									
Exchange of shares	(487)	487	,	_	_	_	-	_	_
Release of unearned	()								
ESOP shares	_	_		_	_	_	_	1,135	1,135
Net activity	(487)	487		612	(9,215)	76,461	-	1,135	68,993
Balance as of						•			·
March 31, 2005	\$ 929	\$ 9,568	\$	350,344	\$ (24,612) \$	665,593	\$ (418,092) \$	(10,891) \$	572,839
Increase in market		,		,		•			•
value of released									
ESOP shares	-	-		2,955	-	-	-	-	2,955
Foreign currency									
translation	-	-		-	(903)	-	-	-	(903)
Fair market value of									
cash flow hedge	-	-		-	4,581	-	-	-	4,581
Unrealized loss on									
investments	-	-		-	(7,968)	-	-	-	(7,968)
Net earnings	-	-		-	-	121,154	-	-	121,154
Preferred stock									
dividends: Series A									
(\$2.13 per share for									
fiscal 2006)	-	-		-	-	(12,963)	-	-	(12,963)
Contribution from									
related party	-	-		14,356	-	-	-	-	14,356
Release of unearned									
ESOP shares	-	-		-	-	-	-	1,553	1,553
Net activity	-	-	_	17,311	(4,290)	108,191	-	1,553	122,765
Balance as of									
March 31, 2006	\$ 929	\$ 9,568	\$	367,655	\$ (28,902) \$	773,784	\$ (418,092) \$	(9,338) \$	695,604

⁽a) The opening March 31, 2003 balances for Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Retained Earnings were adjusted for the correction of an immaterial error in the amount of \$6.0 million.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Y	ears E	nded March 31	.,				
	2006 2005				2004			
	(In thousands)							
Comprehensive income (loss):								
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 121,154	\$	89,424	\$	(2,852)			
Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax:								
Foreign currency translation	(903)		1,569		6,423			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments, net	(7,968)		(10,831)		27,896			
Fair market value of cash flow hedges	4,581		47		-			
Total comprehensive income	\$ 116,864	\$	80,209	\$	31,467			
-								

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	2006					
		(]	In thousands)			
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 121,	154 \$	89,424	\$ (2,852)	2)	
Depreciation	133,	447	118,091	144,889	9	
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	24,	261	28,512	39,083	3	
Change in provision for losses on trade receivables	(183)	(506)	(27)	1)	
Change in provision for losses on mortgage notes	(2,	230)	-		-	
Provision (reduction) for inventory reserves	2,	458	(1,000)	(26)	7)	
Net loss on sale of real and personal property	9,	370	3,012	3,924	4	
Net (gain) loss on sale of investments	2,	408	616	(1,962	2)	
Write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs	13,	629	-		-	
Deferred income taxes	28,	429	61,113	96,042	2	
Net change in other operating assets and liabilities:						
Trade receivables	10,	661	32,189	6,88	7	
Inventories	(3,	596)	(9,856)	73:	5	
Prepaid expenses	(28,	809)	(6,702)	8,674	4	
Capitalization of deferred policy acquistion costs	(12,	110)	(8,873)	(17,23)	1)	
Other assets	(1,	457)	(23,887)	2,190	6	
Related party assets	(8,	090)	74,780	(247,16)	1)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	36,	596	(96,022)	39,280	0	
Policy benefits and losses, claims and loss expenses						
payable	(4,	918)	(15,618)	(15,894	4)	
Other policyholders' funds and liabilities	(3,	908)	7,910	(8,57	7)	
Deferred income	(2,	588)	(14,407)	12,763	3	
Related party liabilities	(44,	016)	(18,079)	(123,070	6)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	270,	508	220,697	(62,818	8)	
Cash flow from investment activities:						
Purchase of:						
Property, plant and equipment	(344,	382)	(284,966)	(198,44)	3)	
Short term investments	(534,	106)	(16,830)		-	
Fixed maturity investments	(260,	138)	(98,211)	(77,384	4)	
Equity securities		-	(6,349)	(1,730	6)	
Other asset investments, net		-	-	63′	7	
Real estate		-	(63)	(17,150	6)	
Mortgage loans	(8,	868)	(2,750)	(450	0)	
Proceeds from sales of:						
Property, plant and equipment	59,	960	243,707	63,175	5	
Short term investments	600,	850	10,866		-	
Fixed maturity investments	159,	616	152,024	243,490	0	
Equity securities	6,	769	56	3,452	2	
Preferred stock	11,	650	15,803	16,882	2	
Real estate	36,	388	16,185	6,338	8	
Mortgage loans	11,	762	5,368	16,374	4	

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Payments from notes and mortgage receivables	1,663	1,336	5,008
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(258,836)	36,176	60,187
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Borrowings from credit facilities	1,277,047	129,355	997,014
Principal repayments on credit facilties	(1,093,342)	(213,405)	(888,184)
Debt issuance costs	(29,588)	-	(24,831)
Leveraged Employee Stock Ownership Plan -			
Repayment from loan	1,553	1,135	1,151
Payoff of capital leases	-	(99,609)	-
Preferred stock dividends paid	(12,963)	(29,167)	(3,241)
Investment contract deposits	20,322	26,331	50,990
Investment contract withdrawals	(75,011)	(97,137)	(115,530)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	88,018	(282,497)	17,369
Effects of exchange rate on cash	(186)	22	(15)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	99,504	(25,602)	14,723
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	55,955	81,557	66,834
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$ 155,459	\$ 55,955	\$ 81,557

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AMERCO AND CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

AMERCO has a fiscal year that ends on the 31st of March for each year that is referenced. Our insurance company subsidiaries have fiscal years that end on the 31st of December for each year that is referenced. They have been consolidated on that basis. Consequently, all references to our insurance subsidiaries' years 2005, 2004 and 2003 correspond to fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004 for AMERCO. The operating results and financial position of AMERCO's consolidated insurance operations are determined as of December 31st of each year.

Accounts denominated in non-U.S. currencies have been re-measured into U.S. dollars. Certain amounts reported in previous years have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. The opening March 31, 2003 balances for Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Retained Earnings were adjusted for the correction of an immaterial error in the amount of \$6.0 million.

Note 2: Principles of Consolidation

The fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AMERCO, its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and SAC Holding II Corporation and its subsidiaries ("SAC Holding II"). The fiscal 2004 statements of operations, comprehensive income, and cash flows include all of those entities plus SAC Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries.

In fiscal 2003 and 2002, SAC Holding Corporation and SAC Holding II Corporation (collectively referred to as "SAC Holdings") were considered special purpose entities and were consolidated based on the provision of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 90-15.

In February 2004, SAC Holding Corporation restructured the indebtedness of three subsidiaries and then distributed its interest in those subsidiaries to its sole shareholder. This triggered a requirement to reassess AMERCO's involvement with those subsidiaries, which led to the conclusion that based on the current contractual and ownership interests between AMERCO and this entity, AMERCO ceased to have a variable interest in those three subsidiaries at that date.

In March 2004, SAC Holding Corporation restructured its indebtedness, triggering a similar reassessment of SAC Holding Corporation that led to the conclusion that SAC Holding Corporation was not a VIE and that AMERCO ceased to be the primary beneficiary of SAC Holding Corporation and its remaining subsidiaries. This conclusion was based on SAC Holding Corporation's ability to fund its own operations and execute its business plan without any future subordinated financial support.

Accordingly, at the dates AMERCO ceased to have a variable interest in or ceased to be the primary beneficiary of SAC Holding Corporation and its current or former subsidiaries, it deconsolidated those entities. The deconsolidation was accounted for as a distribution of SAC Holding Corporations interests to the sole shareholder of the SAC entities. Because of AMERCO's continuing involvement with SAC Holding Corporation and its current and former subsidiaries, the distributions do not qualify as discontinued operations as defined by SFAS No. 144.

It is possible that SAC Holding Corporation could take actions that would require us to re-determine whether SAC Holding Corporation has become a VIE or whether we have become the primary beneficiary of SAC Holding

Corporation. Should this occur, we could be required to consolidate some or all of SAC Holding Corporation with our financial statements.

Similarly, SAC Holding II could take actions that would require us to re-determine whether it is a VIE or whether we continue to be the primary beneficiary of our variable interest in SAC Holding II. Should we cease to be the primary beneficiary, we would be required to deconsolidate some or all of our variable interest in SAC Holding II from our financial statements.

Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Description of Legal Entities

AMERCO, a Nevada corporation ("AMERCO"), is the holding company for:

U-Haul International, Inc. ("U-Haul"),

Amerco Real Estate Company ("Real Estate"),

Republic Western Insurance Company ("RepWest") and its wholly-owned subsidiary

North American Fire & Casualty Insurance Company ("NAFCIC"),

Oxford Life Insurance Company ("Oxford") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries

North American Insurance Company ("NAI")

Christian Fidelity Life Insurance Company ("CFLIC"),

Unless the context otherwise requires, the term "Company", "we", "us" or "our" refers to AMERCO and all of its legal subsidiaries.

Description of Operating Segments

AMERCO has four reportable segments. They are Moving and Storage Operations, Property and Casualty Insurance, Life Insurance and SAC Holding II for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 and SAC Holdings for fiscal 2004.

Moving and Storage operations include AMERCO, U-Haul, and Real Estate and the wholly-owned subsidiaries of U-Haul and Real Estate and consist of the rental of trucks and trailers, sales of moving supplies, sales of towing accessories, sales of propane, the rental of self-storage spaces to the "do-it-yourself" mover and management of self-storage properties owned by others. Operations are conducted under the registered trade name U-Haul® throughout the United States and Canada.

Property and Casualty Insurance includes RepWest and its wholly-owned subsidiary. RepWest provides loss adjusting and claims handling for U-Haul through regional offices across North America. RepWest also underwrites components of the Safemove, Safetow and Safestor protection packages to U-Haul customers.

Life Insurance includes Oxford and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Oxford originates and reinsures annuities, ordinary life, group life, disability coverage and Medicare supplement insurance. Oxford also administers the self-insured employee health and dental plans for Arizona employees of the Company.

SAC Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries, and SAC Holding II Corporation and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as "SAC Holdings", own self-storage properties that are managed by U-Haul under property management agreements and act as independent U-Haul rental equipment dealers. AMERCO, through its subsidiaries, has contractual interests in certain SAC Holdings' properties entitling AMERCO to potential future income based on the financial performance of these properties. With respect to SAC Holding II, AMERCO is considered the primary beneficiary of these contractual interests. Consequently, we include the results of SAC Holding II in the consolidated financial statements of AMERCO, as required by FIN 46(R).

Note 3: Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The accounting policies that we deem most critical to us and that require management's most difficult and subjective judgments include the principles of consolidation, the recoverability of property, plant and equipment, the adequacy of insurance reserves, the recognition and measurement of impairments for investments accounted for under SFAS No. 115, and the recognition and measurement of income tax assets and liabilities. The actual results experienced by the Company may differ from management's estimates.

AMERCO AND CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers cash equivalents to be highly liquid debt securities with insignificant interest rate risk with original maturities from the date of purchase of three months or less.

Financial Instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits. Accounts at each United States financial institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$100,000. Accounts at each Canadian financial institution are insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation (CDIC) up to \$100,000 CAD per account. At March 31, 2006, and March 31, 2005, the Company had approximately \$143.8 million and \$44.5 million, respectively, in excess of FDIC and CDIC insured limits. To mitigate this risk, the Company selects financial institutions based on their credit ratings and financial strength.

Investments

Fixed Maturities. Fixed maturity investments consist of either marketable debt or redeemable preferred stocks. As of the balance sheet dates, these investments are classified as available-for-sale or held-to-maturity investments are recorded at cost, as adjusted for the amortization of premiums or the accretion of discounts. Available-for-sale investments are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses recorded net of taxes and applicable adjustments to deferred policy acquisition costs in stockholders' equity. Fair value for these investments is based on quoted market prices, dealer quotes or discounted cash flows. The cost of investments sold is based on the specific identification method.

For investments accounted for under FAS 115, in determining if and when a decline in market value below amortized cost is an other than a temporary impairment, management makes certain assumptions or judgments in its assessment including but not limited to: ability to hold the security, quoted market prices, dealer quotes, discounted cash flows, industry factors, financial factors, and issuer specific information. Other than temporary impairments, to the extent of the decline, as well as realized gains or losses on the sale or exchange of investments are recognized in the current period operating results.

Mortgage Loans and Notes on Real Estate. Mortgage loans and notes on real estate are reported at their unpaid balance, net of any allowance for possible losses and any unamortized premium or discount.

Recognition of Investment Income. Interest income from bonds and mortgage notes is recognized when it becomes earned. Dividends on common and preferred stocks are recognized on the ex-dividend dates. Realized gains and losses on the sale or exchange of investments are recognized at the trade date.

Fair Values

Fair values of cash equivalents approximate cost due to the short period of time to maturity. Fair values of short-term investments, investments available-for-sale, long-term investments, mortgage loans and notes on real estate, and interest rate cap and swap contracts are based on quoted market prices, dealer quotes or discounted cash flows. Fair values of trade receivables approximate their recorded value.

Limited credit risk exists on trade receivables due to the diversity of our customer base and their dispersion across broad geographic markets. The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of temporary cash investments, trade receivables and notes receivable. The Company places its temporary cash investments with financial institutions and limits the amount of credit exposure to any one financial institution.

The Company has mortgage receivables, which potentially expose the Company to credit risk. The portfolio of notes is principally collateralized by mini-warehouse storage facilities and other residential and commercial properties. The Company has not experienced losses related to the notes from individual notes or groups of notes in any particular industry or geographic area. The estimated fair values were determined using the discounted cash flow method and using interest rates currently offered for similar loans to borrowers with similar credit ratings.

Other investments including short-term investments are substantially current or bear reasonable interest rates. As a result, the carrying values of these financial instruments approximate fair value. The fair value of long-term debt is based on current rates at which the Company could borrow funds with similar remaining maturities and approximates the carrying amount due to its recent issuance.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company's primary objective for holding derivative financial instruments is to manage interest rate risk. The Company's derivative instruments are recorded at fair value under SFAS No. 133 and are included in prepaid expenses.

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to reduce its exposure to interest rate volatility. The exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our variable rate debt obligations. We have used interest rate swap and interest rate cap agreements to provide for matching the gain or loss recognition on the hedging instrument with the recognition of the changes in the cash flows associated with the hedged asset or liability attributable to the hedge risk or the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transaction. On June 8, 2005 the Company entered into separate interest rate swap contracts for \$100.0 million of our variable rate debt over a three year term and for \$100.0 million of our variable rate debt over a five year term, which were designated as cash flow hedges effective July 1, 2005. On May 13, 2004 the Company entered into separate interest rate cap contracts for \$200.0 million of our variable rate debt over a two year term and for \$50.0 million of our variable rate debt over a three year term, however these contracts were designated as cash flow hedges effective July 11, 2005 when the debt was paid down by \$222.4 million. On November 15, 2005 the Company entered into a forward starting interest rate swap contract for \$142.3 million of a variable rate debt over a six year term, that started on May 10, 2006, in conjunction with the expiration of the \$200.0 million interest rate cap.

The hedging relationship of the cap agreements is considered to be perfectly effective for the portion of the instrument hedging debt. Therefore all changes in the interest rate caps fair value (including changes in the option's time value), except for changes in the interest rate caps fair value associated with un-hedged amounts, are charged to accumulated other comprehensive income. The change in each caplets' respective allocated fair value amount is reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings when each of the hedged forecasted transactions (the quarterly interest payments) impact earnings and when interest payments are either made or received. For the year ended March 31, 2006 the Company recorded \$0.6 million to interest expense related to these cap agreements which is offset by \$1.5 million of interest income representing the portion of the caps in excess of the balance of related debt that impacted earnings during the period.

The hedging relationship of the interest rate swap agreements is not considered to be perfectly effective. Therefore, for each reporting period an effectiveness test is performed. For the portion of the change in the interest rate swaps fair value deemed effective, this is charged to accumulated other comprehensive income. The remaining ineffective portion is charged to interest expense for the period. The change in each of the swaps fair value amounts are reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings each quarter when interest payments are made or received. For the year ended March 31, 2006 the Company recorded \$1.0 million to interest income related to these swap agreements of which \$1.1 million of interest income represented the ineffective component of the swap that impacted earnings during the period.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Inventories, net

Inventories were as follows:

		March 31,					
	20	006		2005			
		(In thousands)					
Truck and trailer parts and accessories (a)	\$	52,089	\$	50,095			
Hitches and towing components (b)		13,766		12,199			
Moving supplies and propane (b)		6,257		6,098			
Subtotal		72,112		68,392			
Less: LIFO reserves		(5,693)		(3,234)			
Less: excess and obsolete reserves		(1,500)		(1,500)			
Total	\$	64,919	\$	63,658			

(a) Primarily held for internal usage, including equipment manufacturing and repair

(b) Primarily held for retail sales

Inventories consist primarily of truck and trailer parts and accessories used to manufacture and repair rental equipment as well as products and accessories available for retail sale. Inventory is held at Company-owned locations; our independent dealers do not hold any of the Company's inventory.

Inventory cost is primarily determined using the last-in, first-out method ("LIFO"). Inventories valued using LIFO consisted of approximately 95% and 93% of the total inventories for March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Had the Company utilized the first-in, first-out method ("FIFO"), stated inventory balances would have been \$5.7 million and \$3.2 million higher at March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. In fiscal 2006, the effect on income due to liquidation of a portion of the LIFO inventory was \$0.1 million. In fiscal 2006, the Company began utilizing the inventory price index computation ("IPIC") method of computing changes in LIFO pools compared to the internal index method used in prior periods which is considered a preferable method and the effect of the change on current income is not considered material. This change reduced the time and expense of the calculation without resulting in a material effect to the financial statements.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Interest cost incurred during the initial construction of buildings and rental equipment is considered part of cost. Depreciation is computed for financial reporting purposes using the straight-line or an accelerated declining method based on a declining balances formula over the following estimated useful lives: rental equipment 2-20 years and buildings and non-rental equipment 3-55 years. Major overhauls to rental equipment are capitalized and are amortized over the estimated period benefited. Routine maintenance costs are charged to operating expense as they are incurred. Gains and losses on dispositions of property, plant and equipment are netted against depreciation expense when realized. The amount of loss netted against depreciation expense amounts to \$9.2 million, \$3.0 million and \$3.9 million during fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Depreciation is recognized in amounts expected to result in the recovery of estimated residual values upon disposal, i.e., no gains or

losses. During the first quarter of fiscal 2005, the Company lowered its estimates for residual values on new rental trucks and rental trucks purchased off TRAC leases from 25% of the original cost to 20%. In determining the depreciation rate, historical disposal experience, holding periods and trends in the market for vehicles are reviewed.

We regularly perform reviews to determine whether facts and circumstances exist which indicate that the carrying amount of assets, including estimates of residual value, may not be recoverable or that the useful life of assets is shorter or longer than originally estimated. Reductions in residual values (i.e., the price at which we ultimately expect to dispose of revenue earning equipment) or useful lives will result in an increase in depreciation expense over the life of the equipment. Reviews are performed based on vehicle class, generally subcategories of trucks and trailers. We assess the recoverability of our assets by comparing the projected undiscounted net cash flows associated with the related asset or group of assets over their estimated remaining lives against their respective carrying amounts. We consider factors such as current and expected future market price trends on used vehicles and the expected life of vehicles included in the fleet. Impairment, if any, is based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of those assets. If assets are determined to be recoverable, but the useful lives are shorter or longer than originally estimated, the net book value of the assets is depreciated over the newly determined remaining useful lives.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2005, based on an economic market analysis, the Company decreased the estimated residual value of certain rental trucks. The effect of the change decreased earnings from operations for fiscal 2005 by \$2.1 million or \$0.10 per share before taxes, in which the tax effect was approximately \$0.04 per share. The in-house analysis of sales of trucks compared the truck model, size, age and average residual value of units sold. Based on the analysis, the estimated residual values are being decreased to approximately 20% of historic cost. The adjustment reflects management's best estimate, based on information available, of the estimated residual value of these rental trucks.

Fiscal 2006 marked the first time in ten years that the Company has acquired a significant number of new trucks via purchase rather than lease. Management performed an analysis of the expected economic value of new rental trucks and determined that additions to the fleet resulting from purchases should be depreciated on an accelerated method based upon a declining formula. The salvage value and useful life assumptions of the rental truck fleet remain unchanged. This represents management's best estimate based on information available, of the appropriate method of depreciation for trucks purchased new.

The Company had previously used the straight-line method for new truck purchases. Under the new declining balances method (2.4 times declining balance) the book value of a rental truck is reduced 16% at the end of its first year, 70% by the end of its seventh year, and 80% at the end of year fifteen. Under the straight-line method the book value of a rental truck is reduced 5% at the end of its first year, 37% by the end of its seventh year, and 80% at the end of year fifteen.

The effect of the change in depreciation for trucks purchased in the current fiscal year decreased earnings from operations for fiscal 2006 by \$4.0 million or \$0.20 per share before taxes, in which the tax effect was approximately \$0.08 per share.

We typically sell our used vehicles at one of our sales centers throughout North America, on our web site at trucksales.uhaul.com or by calling 1-866-404-0355. Although we typically sell our used vehicles for prices approximating book value, the extent to which we are able to realize a gain on the sale of used vehicles is dependent upon various factors including the general state of the used vehicle market, the age and condition of the vehicle at the time of its disposal and depreciation rates with respect to the vehicle.

The carrying value of surplus real estate, which is lower than market value at the balance sheet date, was \$7.9 million and \$9.0 million for fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively, and is included in Investments, other.

Receivables

Accounts receivable include trade accounts from moving and self-storage customers and dealers, insurance premiums and amounts due from ceding re-insurers, less management's estimate of uncollectible accounts.

Insurance premiums receivable for policies that are billed through contracted agents are recorded net of commission's payable. A commission payable is recorded as a separate liability for those premiums that are billed direct.

Reinsurance recoverables includes case reserves and actuarial estimates of claims incurred but not reported ("IBNR"). These receivables are not expected to be collected until after the associated claim has been adjudicated and billed to the re-insurer. The reinsurance recoverables may have little or no allowance for doubtful accounts due to the fact that

reinsurance is typically procured from carriers with strong credit ratings. Furthermore, the Company does not cede losses to a re-insurer if the carrier is deemed financially unable to perform on the contract. Also, reinsurance recoverables includes insurance ceded to other insurance companies.

Notes and mortgage receivables include accrued interest and are reduced by discounts and amounts considered by management to be uncollectible.

Policy Benefits and Losses, Claims and Loss Expenses Payable

Oxford's liabilities for life insurance and certain annuity and health policies are established to meet the estimated future obligations of policies in force, and are based on mortality and withdrawal assumptions from recognized actuarial tables which contain margins for adverse deviation. Oxford's liabilities for deferred annuity contracts consist of contract account balances. Liabilities for health, disability and other policies represents estimates of payments to be made on insurance claims for reported losses and estimates of losses incurred, but not yet reported.

AMERCO AND CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

RepWest's liability for reported and unreported losses is based on RepWest's historical data along with industry averages. The liability for unpaid loss adjustment expenses is based on historical ratios of loss adjustment expenses paid to losses paid. Amounts recoverable from re-insurers on unpaid losses are estimated in a manner consistent with the claim liability associated with the re-insured policy. Adjustments to the liability for unpaid losses and loss expenses as well as amounts recoverable from re-insurers on unpaid losses are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

Self-Insurance Reserves

U-Haul retains the risk for certain public liability and property damage programs related to the rental equipment. The consolidated balance sheets include \$295.6 million and \$249.1 million as of March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Such liabilities are recorded within policy benefits and losses payable. Management takes into account losses incurred based upon actuarial estimates, past experience, current claim trends, as well as social and economic conditions. This liability is subject to change in the future based upon changes in the underlying assumptions including claims experience, frequency of incidents, and severity of incidents.

Additionally, as of March 31, 2006 and 2005 the consolidated balance sheets include liabilities of \$4.9 million and \$6.7 million for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, respectively, related to Company provided medical plan benefits for eligible employees. The Company estimates this liability based on actual claims outstanding as of the balance sheet date as well as an actuarial estimate of claims incurred but not reported. This liability is reported net of estimated recoveries from excess loss reinsurance policies with unaffiliated insurers. These amounts are recorded in accounts payable on the consolidated balance sheet.

Revenue Recognition

Self-moving rentals are recognized for the period that trucks and moving equipment are rented. Self-storage revenues, based upon the number of paid storage contract days, are recognized as earned during the period. Sales of self-moving and self-storage related products are recognized at the time that title passes and the customer accepts delivery. Insurance premiums are recognized over the policy periods. Interest and investment income are recognized as earned.

Advertising

All advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense was \$31.3 million in fiscal 2006, \$32.9 million in fiscal 2005 and \$32.7 million in fiscal 2004.

Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

Commissions and other costs that fluctuate with, and are primarily related to the acquisition or renewal of certain insurance premiums, are deferred. For Oxford, these costs are amortized in relation to revenue such that costs are realized as a constant percentage of revenue. For RepWest, these costs are amortized over the related contract periods, which generally do not exceed one year.

Environmental Costs

Liabilities are recorded when environmental assessments and remedial efforts, if applicable, are probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated. The amount of the liability is based on management's best estimate of undiscounted future costs. Certain recoverable environmental costs related to the removal of underground storage tanks or related contamination are capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful lives of the properties. These costs improve the safety or efficiency of the property or are incurred in preparing the property for sale.

Income Taxes

AMERCO files a consolidated tax return with all of its legal subsidiaries, except for CFLIC, which files on a stand alone basis. SAC Holding Corporation and its legal subsidiaries and SAC Holding II Corporation and its legal subsidiaries file consolidated tax returns, which is in no way associated with AMERCO's consolidated returns. In accordance with SFAS No. 109, the provision for income taxes reflects deferred income taxes resulting from changes in temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) consists of net income, foreign currency translation adjustments, unrealized gains and losses on investments and the fair market value of interest rate hedges, net of the related tax effects.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On November 3, 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FSP SFAS 115-1 and SFAS 124-1: The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments. This FSP nullifies certain requirements of EITF 03-1 and supersedes EITF Topic No. D-44 "Recognition of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment upon the Planned Sale of a Security Whose Cost Exceeds Fair Value." This FSP addresses (1) the determination of when an investment is considered impaired, (2) whether such impairment is other than temporary, and (3) the measurement of an impairment loss. This FSP also includes accounting considerations subsequent to the recognition of an other-than-temporary impairment and requires certain disclosures about unrealized losses that have not been recognized as other-than-temporary impairments. FSP SFAS 115-1 and SFAS 124-1 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2005, with earlier application permitted. We do not believe that the application of this FSP will have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.

The AICPA issued Statement of Position SOP 05-1, on September 29, 2005, to provide guidance on accounting by insurance enterprises for internal policy replacements other than the replacement of traditional life contracts with universal-life contracts specifically addressed in FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 97. The guidance applies to both short-duration and long-duration insurance contracts under SFAS 60 and to investment contracts defined in SFAS 97. SOP 05-1 is effective for internal replacement transactions occurring in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with earlier application encouraged. Retroactive application to previously issued financial statements is not permitted. Initial application should be as of the start of the entity's fiscal year. We do not believe that the application of SOP 05-1 will have a material effect on our results of operations or financial position.

Note 4: Earnings Per Share

Net income for purposes of computing earnings per common share is net income minus preferred stock dividends. Preferred stock dividends include accrued dividends of AMERCO.

The shares used in the computation of the Company's basic and diluted earnings per common share were as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,								
		2006		2005		2004			
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$	5.19	\$	3.68	\$	(0.76)			
Weighted average common share outstanding:									
Basic and diluted		20,857,108		20,804,773		20,749,998			

The weighted average common shares outstanding listed above exclude post-1992 shares of the employee stock ownership plan that have not been committed to be released. The unreleased shares net of shares committed to be released were 393,174, 456,254 and 505,453 as of March 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively.

6,100,000 shares of preferred stock have been excluded from the weighted average shares outstanding calculation because they are not common stock and they are not convertible into common stock.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 5: Reinsurance Recoverables and Trade Receivables, Net

Reinsurance recoverables and trade receivables, net were as follows:

	Marc	h 31,	
	2006		2005
	(In thou	ısands)	
Reinsurance recoverable	\$ 182,382	\$	190,836
Paid losses recoverable	15,366		15,764
Trade accounts receivable	17,789		13,627
Accrued investment income	7,654		7,703
Premiums and agents' balances	1,962		3,799
E&O recovery receivable	-		2,200
Independent dealer receivable	763		864
Other receivable	5,465		7,191
	231,381		241,984
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,202)		(1,391)
	\$ 230,179	\$	240,593

Note 6: Notes and Mortgage Receivables, Net

Notes and mortgage receivables, net were as follows:

		March 31,			
	2	006		2005	
		(In thou	sands)		
Notes, mortgage receivables and other, net of discount	\$	2,926	\$	4,589	
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(394)		(2,624)	
	\$	2,532	\$	1,965	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 7: Investments

Held-to Maturity Investments

Held-to maturity investments at December 31, 2005 were as follows:

	A	mortized Cost	τ	Gross Jnrealized Gains	U	Gross nrealized Losses]	Estimated Market Value
				(In thou	sands	3)		
U.S. treasury securities and government								
obligations	\$	613	\$	107	\$	-	\$	720
Mortgage-backed securities		409		6		-		415
	\$	1,022	\$	113	\$	-	\$	1,135

Held-to maturity investments at December 31, 2004 were as follows:

	A	mortized Cost	U	Gross Inrealized Gains	Uı	Gross nrealized Losses]	Estimated Market Value
				(In thou	sands)		
U.S. treasury securities and government								
obligations	\$	566	\$	133	\$	-	\$	699
Mortgage-backed securities		864		23		(2)		885
	\$	1,430	\$	156	\$	(2)	\$	1,584

The adjusted cost and estimated market value of held-to maturity investments in debt securities at December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, by contractual maturity, were as follows:

	December 31, 2005 Estimated					December 31, 2004 Estimated			
	Amortized Cost		Market Value		Amortized Cost		Market Value		
Due in one year or less	\$	169	\$	172	\$	-	\$	-	
Due after one year through five years		203		228		260		287	
Due after five years through ten years		167		210		220		285	
After ten years		74		110		86		127	
		613		720		566		699	
Mortgage backed securities		409		415		864		885	

\$ 1,022 \$ 1,135 \$ 1,430 \$ 1,584

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities as borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

The Company deposits bonds with insurance regulatory authorities to meet statutory requirements. The adjusted cost of bonds on deposit with insurance regulatory authorities was \$13.0 million at December 31, 2005 and \$12.9 million at December 31, 2004.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Available-for-Sale Investments

Available-for-sale investments at December 31, 2005 were as follows:

	Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses More than 12 Months		Gross Unrealized Losses Less than 12 Months		Estimated Market Value
					(In	thousands)			
U.S. treasury securities and government obligations	\$	55,075	\$	1,385	\$	(126)	\$	(391)	\$ 55,943
U.S. government agency		,		,				,	,
mortgage-backed securities		45,480		573		(47)		(219)	45,787
Obligations of states and political									
subdivisions		1,568		1		(24)		(3)	1,542
Corporate securities		458,658		9,672		(3,538)		(3,843)	460,949
Mortgage-backed securities		112,432		670		(641)		(879)	111,582
Redeemable preferred stocks		18,531		517		-		-	19,048
Common stocks		184		-		(70)		(29)	85
	\$	691,928	\$	12,818	\$	(4,446)	\$	(5,364)	\$ 694,936

Available-for-sale investments at December 31, 2004 were as follows:

	Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses More than 12 Months		Gross Unrealized Losses Less than 12 Months		stimated Market Value
					(In t	thousands)			
U.S. treasury securities and									
government obligations	\$	28,249	\$	1,840	\$	(28)	\$	(56)	\$ 30,005
U.S. government agency									
mortgage-backed securities		9,718		344		-		-	10,062
Obligations of states and political									
subdivisions		788		22		-		-	810
Corporate securities		460,687		20,861		(3,303)		(1,274)	476,971
Mortgage-backed securities		78,329		1,752		(1,931)		(169)	77,981
Redeemable preferred stocks		30,058		1,220		-		-	31,278
Common stocks		7,476		46		-		(881)	6,641
	\$	615,305	\$	26,085	\$	(5,262)	\$	(2,380)	\$ 633,748

The above tables include gross unrealized losses that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The Company sold available-for-sale securities with a fair value of \$170.6 million in 2005, \$167.5 million in 2004, and \$267.9 million in 2003. The gross realized gains on these sales totaled \$5.1 million in 2005, \$2.3 million in 2004 and \$5.3 million in 2003. The Company realized gross losses on these sales of \$3.3 million in 2005, \$1.7 million in 2004 and \$3.1 million in 2003.

The unrealized losses of more than twelve months in the table above are considered temporary declines. The Company tracks each investment with an unrealized loss and evaluates them on an individual basis for other than temporary impairments including obtaining corroborating opinions from third party sources, performing trend analysis and reviewing underlying management's future plans. Certain of these investments had declines determined by management to be other than temporary and the Company recognized these write-downs through earnings in the amounts of approximately \$5.3 million in 2005, \$4.3 million in 2004 and \$5.0 million in 2003.

The adjusted cost and estimated market value of available-for-sale investments in debt securities at December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, by contractual maturity, were as follows:

		Decembe	r 31,	2005	December 31, 2004					
		Amortized		Estimated Market	,	Amortized		Estimated Market		
	-	Cost		Value		Cost		Value		
	(I				n thousands)					
Due in one year or less	\$	58,593	\$	58,466	\$	110,679	\$	112,058		
Due after one year through five years		216,188		216,119		181,455		185,890		
Due after five years through ten										
years		154,656		154,490		109,108		113,076		
After ten years		131,344		135,147		98,200		106,824		
		560,781		564,222		499,442		517,848		
Mortgage backed securities		112,432		111,581		78,329		77,981		
Redeemable preferred stocks		18,531		19,048		30,058		31,278		
Equity securities		184		85		7,476		6,641		
	\$	691,928	\$	694,936	\$	615,305	\$	633,748		

Investments, other

The carrying value of other investments was as follows:

	March 31,				
	2006		2005		
	(In thousands)				
Short-term investments	\$ 129,325	\$	193,525		
Real estate	25,344		93,178		
Mortgage loans, net	48,392		51,196		
Policy loans	5,027		5,185		
Other	1,273		2,123		
	\$ 209,361	\$	345,207		

Short-term investments primarily consist of securities with fixed maturities of three months to one year from acquisition date.

Mortgage loans are carried at the unpaid balance, less an allowance for possible losses and any unamortized premium or discount. The allowance for possible losses was \$1.2 million and \$1.0 million as of March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The estimated fair value of these loans as of March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively approximated the carrying value. These loans represent first lien mortgages held by the Company's insurance subsidiaries.

Real estate obtained through foreclosures and held for sale and equity investments are carried at the lower of cost or fair market value.

Insurance policy loans are carried at their unpaid balance.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 8: Net Investment and Interest Income

Net investment and interest income, were as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,									
	2006		2005	2005						
Fixed maturities	\$ 39,918	\$	41,594	\$	50,044					
Real estate	6,593		12,836		10,879					
Insurance policy loans	309		160		498					
Mortgage loans	5,788		6,312		7,173					
Short-term, amounts held by ceding reinsurers, net										
and other investments	5,253		(2,442)		1,616					
Investment income	57,861		58,460		70,210					
Less: investment expenses	(2,422)		(3,154)		(6,511)					
Less: interest credited on annuity policies	(16,888)		(20,509)		(27,042)					
Investment income-Related party	14,543		21,942		1,624					
Net investment and interest income	\$ 53,094	\$	56,739	\$	38,281					

Interest income increased in fiscal 2005 compared with fiscal 2004 primarily as a result of the deconsolidation of SAC Holding Corporation.

Note 9: Borrowings

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt was as follows:

			March 31,					
	2006 Rate (a)	Maturities	2006		2005			
			(In thou	isands))			
Real estate loan (floating)	6.70%	2010	\$ 242,585	\$	-			
Senior mortgages	5.47%-5.75%	2015	531,309		-			
Mezzanine loan (floating)	10.28%	2007	19,393		-			
Fleet loan (amortizing term)	6.45%	2012	82,347		-			
Fleet loan (revolving credit)	6.45%	2010	90,000		-			
Revolving credit facility	-	-	-		84,862			
Senior amortizing notes (secured)	-	-	-		346,500			
Senior notes, second lien (secured)	-	-	-		200,000			
Senior notes, subordinated (secured)	-	-	-		148,646			
			\$ 965,634	\$	780,008			

(a) Interest rate as of March 31, 2006

AMERCO AND CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Real Estate Backed Loans

Real Estate Loan

Amerco Real Estate Company and certain of its subsidiaries and U-Haul Company of Florida are borrowers under a Real Estate Loan. The lender is Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corp. The original amount of the Real Estate Loan was \$465.0 million and is due June 10, 2010. The borrowers have the right to extend the maturity twice, for up to one year each time. U-Haul International, Inc. is a guarantor of this loan.

The Real Estate Loan requires monthly principal and interest payments, with the unpaid loan balance and accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. The Real Estate Loan is secured by various properties owned by the borrowers. The principal payments of \$222.4 million made in the second quarter were sufficient to allow us to make interest only payments in the third and fourth quarters of fiscal 2006.

The interest rate, per the provisions of the Loan Agreement, is the applicable London Inter-Bank Offer Rate ("LIBOR") plus the applicable margin. At March 31, 2006 the applicable LIBOR was 4.70% and the applicable margin was 2.0%, the sum of which was 6.70%. The applicable margin ranges from 2.00% to 2.75% and is based on the ratio of the excess of the average daily amount of loans divided by a fixed percentage of the appraised value of the properties collateralizing the loan, compared with the most recently reported twelve months of Combined Net Operating Income ("NOI"), as that term is defined in the Loan Agreement.

The default provisions of the Real Estate Loan include non-payment of principal or interest and other standard reporting and change-in-control covenants. There are limited restrictions regarding our use of the funds.

Senior Mortgages

Various subsidiaries of Amerco Real Estate Company and U-Haul International, Inc. are borrowers under the Senior Mortgages. The lenders for the Senior Mortgages are Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc. and Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital Inc. The Senior Mortgages are in the aggregate amount of \$474.2 million and are due July 2015. The Senior Mortgages require average monthly principal and interest payments of \$3.0 million with the unpaid loan balance and accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. The Senior Mortgages are secured by certain properties owned by the borrowers. The interest rates, per the provisions of the Senior Mortgages, are 5.68% per annum for the Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending Agreement and 5.52% per annum for the Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital Agreement. The default provisions of the Senior Mortgages include non-payment of principal or interest and other standard reporting and change-in-control covenants. There are limited restrictions regarding our use of the funds.

U-Haul Company of Canada is the borrower under a mortgage backed loan. The loan was arranged by Merrill Lynch Canada and is in the amount of \$9.7 million (\$11.4 million Canadian currency). The loan is secured by certain properties owned by the borrower. The loan was entered into on June 29, 2005 at a rate of 5.75%. The loan requires monthly principal and interest payments with the unpaid loan balance and accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. It has a twenty-five year amortization with a maturity of July 1, 2015. The default provisions of the loan include non-payment of principal or interest and other standard reporting and change-in-control covenants. There are limited restrictions regarding our use of the funds.

A subsidiary of Amerco Real Estate Company is a borrower under a mortgage backed loan. The lender is Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital, Inc. and the loan is in the amount of \$23.9 million. The loan was entered into on August

17, 2005 at a rate of 5.47%. The loan is secured by certain properties owned by the borrower. The loan requires monthly principal and interest payments with the unpaid loan balance and accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. It has a twenty-five year amortization with a maturity of September 17, 2015. The default provisions of the loan include non-payment of principal or interest and other standard reporting and change-in-control covenants. There are limited restrictions regarding our use of the funds.

Various subsidiaries of Amerco Real Estate Company and U-Haul International, Inc. are borrowers under a mortgage backed loan. The lender is Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB and the loan is in the amount of \$23.5 million. The loan was entered into on October 6, 2005 at a rate of 5.72%. The loan is secured by certain properties owned by the borrower. The loan requires monthly principal and interest payments with the unpaid loan balance and accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. It has a twenty-five year amortization with a maturity of October 11, 2015. The default provisions of the loan include non-payment of principal or interest and other standard reporting and change-in-control covenants. There are limited restrictions regarding our use of the funds.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Mezzanine Loan

Various subsidiaries of Amerco Real Estate Company and U-Haul International, Inc. are borrowers under the CMBS Mezzanine Loan. The loan was originated by Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital, Inc. and is in the amount of \$19.4 million. The loan was entered into on August 12, 2005. The interest rate per the provision of the loan agreement is the applicable LIBOR plus a margin of 5.65%. At March 31, 2006 the applicable LIBOR was 4.63%. The loan requires monthly principal and interest payments with the unpaid loan balance and accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. It has a ten year amortization with a maturity of September 1, 2007. Amerco Real Estate Company and U-Haul International, Inc. are guarantors of the loan. The default provisions of the loan include non-payment of principal or interest and other standard reporting and change-in-control covenants. There are limited restrictions regarding our use of the funds. On June 2, 2006, we notified the lender of our intent to prepay the entire loan in full on August 30, 2006. There are no prepayment fees or penalties associated with the planned prepayment of this loan.

Fleet Loans

Rental Truck Amortizing Loan

U-Haul International, Inc. and several of its subsidiaries are borrowers under an amortizing term loan. The lender is Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corp. The maximum amount that can be borrowed is \$150.0 million and is due six years following the last draw down. As of March 31, 2006 the Company had drawn \$86.2 million and funded the remaining \$63.9 million in April 2006. The Company's outstanding balance at March 31, 2006 was \$82.3 million due to payments made of \$3.9 million during fiscal 2006.

The Rental Truck Amortizing Loan requires monthly principal and interest payments, with the unpaid loan balance and accrued unpaid interest due at maturity. The Rental Truck Amortizing Loan can be used to purchase new trucks between the months of November 2005 through June 2006. The interest rate, per the provision of the Loan Agreement, is the applicable LIBOR plus a margin between 1.50% and 1.75%. At March 31, 2006 the applicable LIBOR was 4.70% and the applicable margin was 1.75%. The default provisions of the loan include non-payment of principal or interest and other standard reporting and change-in-control covenants.

Revolving Credit Agreement

U-Haul International, Inc. and several of its subsidiaries are borrowers under a revolving credit facility. The lender is Merrill Lynch Commercial Finance Corp. The maximum amount that can be drawn is \$150.0 million and is due July 2010. As of March 31, 2006 the Company had \$60.0 million available under this revolving credit facility.

The Revolving Credit Agreement requires monthly interest payments, with the unpaid loan balance and accrued unpaid interest due at maturity. The Revolving Credit Agreement is secured by various older rental trucks. The maximum amount that we can draw down under the Revolving Credit Agreement reduces by \$50.0 million after the third year and another \$50.0 million after the fourth year. The interest rate, per the provision of the Loan Agreement, is the applicable LIBOR plus a margin of 1.75%. At March 31, 2006 the applicable LIBOR was 4.70%. The default provisions of the loan include non-payment of principal or interest and other standard reporting and change-in-control covenants.

Annual Maturities of AMERCO consolidated Notes and Loans Payable

The annual maturity of AMERCO consolidated long-term debt as of March 31, 2006 for the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

	March 31,												
		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011	Tł	nereafter	
	(In thousands)												
Notes payable, secured	\$	30,239	\$	48,853	\$	32,674	\$	74,717	\$	319,007	\$	460,144	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

SAC Holding II Corporation Notes and Loans Payable to Third Parties

SAC Holding II Corporation notes and loans payable to third parties were as follows:

		March 31,				
	2	2006 2005				
		(In thousands)				
Notes payable, secured, 7.87% interest rate, due 2027	\$	76,232	\$	77,474		

Secured notes payable are secured by deeds of trusts on the collateralized land and buildings. Principal and interest payments on notes payable to third party lenders are due monthly in the amount of \$0.6 million. Certain notes payable contain provisions whereby the loans may not be prepaid at any time prior to the maturity date without payment to the lender of a Yield Maintenance Premium, as defined in the loan agreements.

On March 15, 2004, the SAC entities issued \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of 8.5% senior notes due 2014 (the "new SAC Notes"). SAC Holding Corporation and SAC Holding II Corporation are jointly and severally liable for these obligations. The proceeds from this issuance flowed exclusively to SAC Holding Corporation and as such SAC Holding II has recorded no liability for this.

Annual Maturities of SAC Holding II Corporation Notes and loans Payable to Third Parties

The annual maturity of SAC Holding II Corporation long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

		March 31,												
		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011	Th	ereafter		
	(In thousands)													
Notes payable, secured	\$	1,313	\$	1,422	\$	1,656	\$	1,791	\$	1,937	\$	68,113		

W.P. Carey Transactions

In 1999, AMERCO, U-Haul and Real Estate entered into financing agreements for the purchase and construction of self-storage facilities with the Bank of Montreal and Citibank (the "leases" or the "synthetic leases"). Title to the real property subject to these leases was held by non-affiliated entities.

These leases were amended and restated on March 15, 2004. In connection with such amendment and restatement, we paid down approximately \$31.0 million of lease obligations and entered into leases with a three year term, with four one year renewal options. After such pay down, our lease obligation under the amended and restated synthetic leases was approximately \$218.5 million.

On April 30, 2004, the amended and restated leases were terminated and the properties underlying these leases were sold to UH Storage (DE) Limited Partnership, an affiliate of W. P. Carey. U-Haul entered into a ten year operating lease with W. P. Carey (UH Storage DE) for a portion of each property (the portion of the property that relates to U-Haul's truck and trailer rental and moving supply sales businesses). The remainder of each property (the portion of the property that relates to self-storage) was leased by W. P. Carey (UH Storage DE) to Mercury Partners, LP ("Mercury") pursuant to a twenty year lease. These events are referred to as the "W. P. Carey Transactions." As a result of

the W. P. Carey Transactions, we no longer have a capital lease related to these properties.

The sales price for these transactions was \$298.4 million and cash proceeds were \$298.9 million. The Company realized a gain on the transaction of \$2.7 million, which is being amortized over the life of the lease term.

As part of the W. P. Carey Transactions, U-Haul entered into agreements to manage these properties (including the portion of the properties leased by Mercury). These management agreements allow us to continue to operate the properties as part of the U-Haul moving and self-storage system.

U-Haul's annual lease payments under the new lease are approximately \$10.0 million per year, with Consumer Price Index ("CPI") inflation adjustments beginning in the sixth year of the lease. The lease term is ten years, with a renewal option for an additional ten years. Upon closing of the W. P. Carey Transactions, we made a \$22.9 million earn-out deposit, providing us with the opportunity to be reimbursed for certain capital improvements we previously made to the properties, and a \$5.0 million security deposit. U-Haul met the requirements under the lease regarding the return of the earn-out deposit which was refunded in fiscal 2006.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The property management agreement we entered into with Mercury provides that Mercury will pay U-Haul a management fee based on gross self-storage rental revenues generated by the properties. During fiscal 2006, U-Haul received \$3.4 million in management fees from Mercury.

Note 10: Interest on Borrowings

Interest Expense

Cost's associated with loans outstanding was as follows:

	Y	Zear e	nded March 31,				
	2006		2005		2004		
	(In thousands)						
Interest expense	\$ 61,285	\$	62,706	\$	76,007		
Capitalized interest	(151)		(186)		(270)		
Amortization of transaction costs	3,871		3,321		1,825		
Interest (income) expense resulting from							
derivatives	(1,655)		1,137		-		
Write-off of transactions costs related to							
early extinguishment of debt	14,384		-		-		
Fees on early extinguishment of debt	21,243		-		-		
Total AMERCO interest expense	98,977		66,978		77,562		
SAC Holding II interest expense (a)	12,840		14,187		80,963		
Less: Intercompany transactions (a)	(6,709)		(7,960)		(36,835)		
Total SAC Holding II interest expense (a)	6,131		6,227		44,128		
Total	\$ 105,108	\$	73,205	\$	121,690		

⁽a) Fiscal 2006 and 2005 contain only SAC Holding II Corporation, 2004 includes SAC Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries

Interest paid in cash by AMERCO amounted to \$59.8 million, \$57.6 million and \$76.6 million for fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Early extinguishment fees paid in cash by AMERCO was \$21.2 million in fiscal 2006.

The exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our variable rate debt obligations. We have used interest rate swap and interest rate cap agreements to provide for matching the gain or loss recognition on the hedging instrument with the recognition of the changes in the cash flows associated with the hedged asset or liability attributable to the hedged risk or the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transaction. On June 8, 2005 the Company entered into separate interest rate swap contracts for \$100.0 million of our variable rate debt over a three year term and for \$100.0 million of our variable rate debt over a five year term, which were designated as cash flow hedges effective July 1, 2005. On May 13, 2004 the Company entered into separate interest rate cap contracts for \$200.0 million of our variable rate debt over a two year term and for \$50.0 million of our variable rate debt over a three year term, however these contracts were designated as cash flow hedges effective July 11, 2005 when the Real Estate loan was paid down by \$222.4 million. On November 15, 2005 the Company entered into a forward starting

interest rate swap contract for \$142.3 million of a variable rate debt over a six year term that started on May 10, 2006.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Interest Rates

Interest rates and Company borrowings were as follows:

	Revolving Credit Activity						
		Year Ended March 31,					
		2006		2005		2004	
		(In the	ousands	, except interest	rates)	1	
Weighted average interest rate during the year		5.95%	ı	5.69%		6.75%	
Interest rate at year end		6.45%	1	6.43%		5.50%	
Maximum amount outstanding during the year	\$	158,011	\$	164,051	\$	205,000	
Average amount outstanding during the year	\$	96,710	\$	46,771	\$	174,267	
Facility fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,333	

Note 11: Stockholders' Equity

The Serial common stock may be issued in such series and on such terms as the Board shall determine. The Serial preferred stock may be issued with or without par value. The 6,100,000 shares of Series A, no par, non-voting, 8½% cumulative preferred stock that are issued and outstanding are not convertible into, or exchangeable for, shares of any other class or classes of stock of AMERCO. Dividends on the Series A preferred stock are payable quarterly in arrears and have priority as to dividends over the common stock of AMERCO.

Note 12: Comprehensive Income (Loss)

A summary of accumulated comprehensive income (loss) components were as follows:

	Foreign Currency Translation	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	Fair Market Value of Cash Flow Hedge	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
		(In the	ousands)	
Balance at March 31, 2004	\$ (34,913) \$ 19,516	\$ -	\$ (15,397)
Foreign currency translation - U-Haul	1,569	-	-	1,569
Unrealized gain on investments	-	(10,831)	-	(10,831)
Change in fair value of cash flow				
hedge	-	-	47	47
Balance at March 31, 2005	(33,344	8,685	47	(24,612)
Foreign currency translation - U-Haul	(903	-	-	(903)
Unrealized gain on investments	-	(7,968)	-	(7,968)
Change in fair value of cash flow				
hedge	-	-	4,581	4,581

Balance at March 31, 2006 \$ (34,247) \$ 717 \$ 4,628 \$ (28,902)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 13: Provision for Taxes

Income before taxes and the provision for taxes consisted of the following:

	Year Ended March 31,				
	2006		2005		2004
		(In	thousands)		
Pretax earnings (loss):					
U.S.	\$ 199,847	\$	143,840	\$	(1,166)
Non-U.S.	426		1,292		6,391
Total pretax earnings	\$ 200,273	\$	145,132	\$	5,225
Provision for taxes:					
Federal:					
Current	\$ 49,652	\$	30,539	\$	9,705
Deferred	16,239		17,801		(4,494)
State:					
Current	6,115		5,752		3,147
Deferred	6,329		1,616		(1,395)
Non-U.S.:					
Current	439		-		1,114
Deferred	345		-		-
Total income tax expense	\$ 79,119	\$	55,708	\$	8,077

Income taxes paid in cash amounted to \$43.3 million, \$30.0 million, and \$4.0 million for fiscal 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The difference between the tax provision at the statutory federal income tax rate and the tax provision attributable to income before taxes was as follows:

	Year ended March 31,				
	2006	2005	2004		
	(In	percentages)			
Statutory federal income tax rate	35.00%	35.00%	35.00%		
Increase (reduction) in rate resulting from:					
State and foreign taxes, net of federal benefit	4.41%	3.16%	36.43%		
Canadian subsidiary loss	(0.07)%	(0.31)%	(20.51)%		
Interest on deferred taxes	0.44%	0.43%	12.04%		
Tax-exempt interest expense	-%	-%	(0.42)%		
IRS Settlement	-%	-%	91.11%		
Other	(0.27)%	0.10%	0.93%		
Effective tax rate	39.51%	38.38%	154.58%		

Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

		March 31,			
	2006			2005	
		(In thou	sands)		
Deferred tax assets:					
Net operating loss and credit carry forwards	\$	7,906	\$	27,183	
Accrued expenses		102,159		102,962	
Policy benefit and losses, claims and loss expenses payable, net		17,476		21,048	
Unrealized gains		677		7,235	
Total deferred tax assets		128,218		158,428	
Deferred tax liabilities:					
Property, plant and equipment		221,578		214,562	
Deferred policy acquisition costs		7,608		12,367	
Other		7,124		9,623	
Total deferred tax liabilities		236,310		236,552	
Net deferred tax liability	\$	108,092	\$	78,124	

Under the provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1984 (the Act), the balance in Oxford's account designated "Policyholders' Surplus Account" is frozen at its December 31, 1983 balance of \$19.3 million. Federal income taxes (Phase III) will be payable thereon at applicable current rates if amounts in this account are distributed to the stockholder or to the extent the account exceeds a prescribed maximum. Oxford did not incur a Phase III liability for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003.

At March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005, AMERCO has alternative minimum tax credit carry forwards of \$0 and \$17.8 million, respectively, which do not have an expiration date, and may only be utilized in years in which regular tax exceeds alternative minimum tax.

SAC Holdings II began to file tax returns in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2003, and has net operating losses of \$18.2 million and \$20.6 million in fiscal years ending March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005, respectively, to offset taxable income in future years. These carry forwards expire in 2025 and 2026.

Under certain circumstances and sections of the Internal Revenue Code, a change in ownership for tax purposes will limit the amount of net operating loss carry forwards that can be used to offset future taxable income.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 14: Employee Benefit Plans

Profit Sharing Plans

The Company provides tax-qualified profit sharing retirement plans for the benefit of eligible employees, former employees and retirees in the U.S. and Canada. The plans are designed to provide employees with an accumulation of funds for retirement on a tax-deferred basis and provide for annual discretionary employer contributions. Amounts to be contributed are determined by the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company under the delegation of authority from the Board of Directors, pursuant to the terms of the Profit Sharing Plan. No contributions were made to the profit sharing plan during fiscal 2006, 2005 or 2004.

The Company also provides an employee savings plan which allows participants to defer income under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

ESOP Plan

The Company sponsors a leveraged employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) that generally covers all employees with one year or more of service. The ESOP shares initially were pledged as collateral for its debt which was originally funded by U-Haul. As the debt is repaid, shares are released from collateral and allocated to active employees, based on the proportion of debt service paid in the year. When shares are scheduled to be released from collateral, prorated over the year, the Company reports compensation expense equal to the current market price of the shares scheduled to be released, and the shares become outstanding for earnings per share computations. ESOP compensation expense was \$3.3 million and \$1.8 million for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, respectively. Listed below is a summary of these financing arrangements as of fiscal year-end:

Financing Date	tstanding as March 31, 2006	2006	Intere	est Payments 2005	2004
o de la companya de			(In	thousands)	
June, 1991	\$ 11,600	\$ 1,070	\$	1,008	\$ 1,159
March, 1999	80	9		8	11
February, 2000	524	53		54	74
April, 2001	119	10		9	12

Shares are released from collateral and allocated to active employees based on the proportion of debt service paid in the plan year. Contributions to the Plan Trust (ESOT) during fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$2.3 million, \$2.1 million and \$2.1 million, respectively.

Shares held by the Plan were as follows:

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	Year Ended March 31,		
	2006	2005	
	(In thousands)		
Allocated shares	1,474		1,514
Unreleased shares	569		652
Fair value of unreleased shares	\$ 41,726	\$	21,554

For purposes of the above schedule, the fair value of unreleased shares issued prior to 1992 is defined as the historical cost of such shares. The fair value of unreleased shares issued subsequent to December 31, 1992 is defined as the trading value of such shares as of March 31, 2006 and March 31, 2005, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Insurance Plans

Oxford insures various group life and group disability insurance plans covering employees of the Company. Premiums earned by Oxford on these policies were \$3.5 million, \$3.3 million and \$4.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003, respectively. The group life premiums are paid by the Company and those amounts were eliminated from the Company's financial statements in consolidation. The group disability premiums are paid by the covered employees.

Post Retirement and Post Employment Benefits

The Company provides medical and life insurance benefits to its eligible employees and their dependents upon retirement from the Company. The retirees must have attained age sixty-five and earned twenty years of full-time service upon retirement for coverage under the medical plan. The medical benefits are capped at a \$20,000 lifetime maximum per covered person. The benefits are coordinated with Medicare and any other medical policies in force. Retirees who have attained age sixty-five and earned at least ten years of full-time service upon retirement from the Company are entitled to group term life insurance benefits. The life insurance benefit is \$2,000 plus \$100 for each year of employment over ten years. The plan is not funded and claims are paid as they are incurred. The Company has elected to use a December 31 measurement date for its post retirement benefit disclosures as of March 31.

The components of net periodic post retirement benefit cost were as follows:

• •	Ţ	ear En	ded March 31	,	
	2006		2005		2004
		(In	thousands)		
Service cost for benefits earned during the period	\$ 373	\$	316	\$	315
Interest cost on accumulated postretirement benefit	306		313		331
Other components	(299)		(317)		(293)
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost	\$ 380	\$	312	\$	353

The fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 post retirement benefit liability included the following components:

The fiscal 2000 and fiscal 2005 post retirement benefit hability included the following components.						
		Year Ended March 31,				
	2	006		2005		
		(In thou	isands)			
Beginning of year	\$	5,376	\$	5,074		
Service cost for benefits earned during the period		373		316		
Interest cost on accumulated post retirement benefit		306		313		
Benefit payments and expense		(417)		(116)		
Actuarial (gain) loss		2,545		(211)		
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation		8,183		5,376		
Unrecognized net gain		1,563		4,406		
Total post retirement benefit liability	\$	9,746	\$	9,782		

The discount rate assumptions in computing the information above were as follows:

	Yea	r Ended March 31,	
	2006	2005	2004
		(In percentages)	
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation	5.75%	5.75%	6.25%

The discount rate represents the expected yield on a portfolio of high grade (AA to AAA rated or equivalent) fixed income investments with cash flow streams sufficient to satisfy benefit obligations under the plan when due. Fluctuations in the discount rate assumptions primarily reflect changes in U.S. interest rates. The estimated health care cost inflation rates used to measure the accumulated post retirement benefit obligation was 5.00% in fiscal 2006, which was projected to decline annually to an ultimate rate of 4.20% in fiscal 2013.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

If the estimated health care cost inflation rate assumptions were increased by one percent, the accumulated post retirement benefit obligation as of fiscal year-end would increase by approximately \$272,973 and the total of the service cost and interest cost components would increase by \$55,626. A decrease in the estimated health care cost inflation rate assumption of one percent would decrease the accumulated post retirement benefit obligation as of fiscal year-end by \$307,943 and the total of the service cost and interest cost components would decrease by \$60,870.

Post employment benefits provided by the Company, other than retirement, are not material.

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid:

		Amount
	(In	thousands)
Year-ended:		
2007	\$	230
2008		261
2009		296
2010		337
2011		376
2012 through 2016		2,826
Total	\$	2,826 4,326

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 15: Reinsurance and Policy Benefits and Losses, Claims and Loss Expenses Payable

During their normal course of business, our insurance subsidiaries assume and cede reinsurance on both a coinsurance and a risk premium basis. They also obtain reinsurance for that portion of risks exceeding their retention limits. The maximum amount of life insurance retained on any one life is \$150,000.

	A	Direct mount (a)	Ceded to Other ompanies	fr C	Assumed com Other companies chousands)	A	Net mount (a)	Percentage of Amount Assumed to Net
Year ended December 31, 2005								
Life insurance in force	\$	586,835	\$ 120,220	\$	1,642,876	\$	2,109,491	78%
Premiums earned:								
Life	\$	8,708	\$ 1,862	\$	7,211	\$	14,057	51%
Accident and health		91,986	1,887		10,071		100,170	10%
Annuity		2,174	-		2,432		4,606	53%
Property and casualty		22,559	3,288		6,730		26,001	26%
Total	\$	125,427	\$ 7,037	\$	26,444	\$	144,834	
Year ended December 31, 2004								
Life insurance in force	\$	1,147,380	\$ 336,575	\$	1,785,441	\$	2,596,246	69%
Premiums earned:								
Life	\$	9,372	\$ 6,106	\$	8,365	\$	11,631	72%
Accident and health		99,402	6,715		17,726		110,413	16%
Annuity		1,901	-		2,291		4,192	55%
Property and casualty		29,965	10,235		5,257		24,987	21%
Total	\$	140,640	\$ 23,056	\$	33,639	\$	151,223	
Year ended December 31, 2003								
Life insurance in force	\$	1,134,051	\$ 218,682	\$	1,842,666	\$	2,758,035	67%
Premiums earned:								
Life	\$	17,300	\$ 2,840	\$	7,626	\$	22,086	35%
Accident and health		109,135	5,346		14,561		118,350	12%
Annuity		1,954	-		2,692		4,646	58%
Property and casualty		106,599	32,969		18,406		92,036	20%
Total	\$	234,988	\$ 41,155	\$	43,285	\$	237,118	

⁽a) Balances are reported net of inter-segment transactions.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Premiums eliminated in consolidation were as follows:

	RepWest		Oxford
	(In the	usands)	
2005	\$ -	\$	1,519
2004	-		1,474
2003	1,206		2,671

To the extent that a re-insurer is unable to meet its obligation under the related reinsurance agreements, RepWest would remain liable for the unpaid losses and loss expenses. Pursuant to certain of these agreements, RepWest holds letters of credit at years-end in the amount of \$5.2 million from re-insurers and has issued letters of credit in the amount of \$12.3 million in favor of certain ceding companies.

Policy benefits and losses, claims and loss expenses payable for RepWest were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2005	2004		
	(In thousands)			
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expense	\$ 346,928	\$	380,875	
Reinsurance losses payable	3,475		7,516	
Unearned premiums	2,557		2,992	
Total	\$ 352,960	\$	391,383	

Activity in the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses for RepWest is summarized as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2005		2004		2003
			(In	thousands)		
Balance at January 1	\$	380,875	\$	416,259	\$	399,447
Less reinsurance recoverable		189,472		177,635		146,622
Net balance at January 1		191,403		238,624		252,825
Incurred related to:						
Current year		6,429		17,960		56,454
Prior years		16,161		21,773		53,127
Total incurred		22,590		39,733		109,581
Paid related to:						
Current year		3,774		13,570		22,931
Prior years		44,679		73,384		100,851
Total paid		48,453		86,954		123,782
Net balance at December 31		165,540		191,403		238,624
Plus reinsurance recoverable		181,388		189,472		177,635

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Balance at December 31	\$ 346 928	\$ 380 875	\$ 416 259

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 16: Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

The Company leases a portion of its rental equipment and certain of its facilities under operating leases with terms that expire at various dates substantially through 2034 with the exception of one land lease expiring in 2079. At March 31, 2006, AMERCO has guaranteed \$193.1 million of residual values for these rental equipment assets at the end of the respective lease terms. Certain leases contain renewal and fair market value purchase options as well as mileage and other restrictions. At the expiration of the lease, the Company has options to renew the lease, purchase the asset for fair market value, or sell the asset to a third party on behalf of the lessor. AMERCO has been leasing equipment since 1987 and has experienced no material losses relating to these types of residual value guarantees.

Lease expenses were as follows:

	Year Ended March 31,						
	2006	2005			2004		
	(In thousands)						
Lease expense	\$ 142,781	\$	151,354	\$	160,727		

Lease commitments for leases having terms of more than one year were as follows:

	Property, Plant and Equipment		Rental Equipment		Total
			(In	thousands)	
Year-ended March 31:					
2007	\$	11,726	\$	124,943	\$ 136,669
2008		11,498		92,072	103,570
2009		11,260		75,081	86,341
2010		10,896		62,589	73,485
2011		10,679		39,986	50,665
Thereafter		36,618		34,493	71,111
Total	\$	92,677	\$	429,164	\$ 521,841

Note 17: Contingencies

Shoen

On September 24, 2002, Paul F. Shoen filed a derivative action in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, Washoe County, captioned Paul F. Shoen vs. SAC Holding Corporation et al., CV02-05602, seeking damages and equitable relief on behalf of AMERCO from SAC Holdings and certain current and former members of the AMERCO Board of Directors, including Edward J. Shoen, Mark V. Shoen and James P. Shoen as defendants. AMERCO is named a nominal defendant for purposes of the derivative action. The complaint alleges breach of fiduciary duty, self-dealing, usurpation of corporate opportunities, wrongful interference with prospective economic advantage and unjust enrichment and seeks the unwinding of sales of self-storage properties by subsidiaries of

AMERCO to SAC Holdings over the last several years. The complaint seeks a declaration that such transfers are void as well as unspecified damages. On October 28, 2002, AMERCO, the Shoen directors, the non-Shoen directors and SAC Holdings filed Motions to Dismiss the complaint. In addition, on October 28, 2002, Ron Belec filed a derivative action in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, Washoe County, captioned Ron Belec vs. William E. Carty, et al., CV 02-06331 and on January 16, 2003, M.S. Management Company, Inc. filed a derivative action in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, Washoe County, captioned M.S. Management Company, Inc. vs. William E. Carty, et al., CV 03-00386. Two additional derivative suits were also filed against these parties. These additional suits are substantially similar to the Paul F. Shoen derivative action. The five suits assert virtually identical claims. In fact, three of the five plaintiffs are parties who are working closely together and chose to file the same claims multiple times. These lawsuits alleged that the AMERCO Board lacked independence. In reaching its decision to dismiss these claims, the court determined that the AMERCO Board of Directors had the requisite level of independence required in order to have these claims resolved by the Board. The court consolidated all five complaints before dismissing them on May 28, 2003. Plaintiffs appealed and, on September 12, 2005 the Nevada Supreme Court heard oral arguments. The parties are awaiting a ruling.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Securities Litigation

AMERCO is a defendant in a consolidated putative class action lawsuit entitled "In Re AMERCO Securities Litigation", United States District Court, Case No. CV-N-03-0050-ECR (RAM). The action alleges claims for violation of Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 there under, section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and sections 11, 12, and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933. The action alleges, among other things, that AMERCO engaged in transactions with the SAC entities that falsely improved AMERCO's financial statements and that AMERCO failed to disclose the transactions properly. The action has been transferred to the United States District Court, District of Arizona and assigned to Judge Bryan. Motions to Dismiss are fully briefed and are before the court. Prior to the ruling on the Motions to Dismiss, the parties have agreed to a settlement in principle, subject to final documentation and approval by the Court. The settlement in the amount of \$5.0 million, will be covered by AMERCO's D&O insurance carrier.

Securities and Exchange Commission

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has issued a formal order of investigation to determine whether the Company has violated the Federal Securities laws. The Company has produced and delivered all requested documents and information and provided testimony from all requested witnesses to the SEC. The Company continues to cooperate with the SEC. We cannot predict the outcome of the investigation.

Environmental

In the normal course of business, AMERCO is a defendant in a number of suits and claims. AMERCO is also a party to several administrative proceedings arising from state and local provisions that regulate the removal and/or cleanup of underground fuel storage tanks. It is the opinion of management, that none of these suits, claims or proceedings involving AMERCO, individually or in the aggregate, are expected to result in a material loss.

Compliance with environmental requirements of federal, state and local governments significantly affects Real Estate's business operations. Among other things, these requirements regulate the discharge of materials into the water, air and land and govern the use and disposal of hazardous substances. Real Estate is aware of issues regarding hazardous substances on some of its properties. Real Estate regularly makes capital and operating expenditures to stay in compliance with environmental laws and has put in place a remedial plan at each site where it believes such a plan is necessary. Since 1988, Real Estate has managed a testing and removal program for underground storage tanks.

Based upon the information currently available to Real Estate, compliance with the environmental laws and its share of the costs of investigation and cleanup of known hazardous waste sites are not expected to have a material adverse effect on AMERCO's financial position or operating results. Real Estate expects to spend approximately \$7.6 million through 2011 to remediate these properties.

Other

The Company is named as a defendant in various other litigation and claims arising out of the normal course of business. In managements' opinion none of these other matters will have a material effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

AMERCO AND CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 18: Preferred Stock Purchase Rights

The Board of Directors of AMERCO adopted a stockholder-rights plan in July 1998. The rights were declared as a dividend of one preferred share purchase right for each outstanding share of the common stock of AMERCO. The dividend distribution was payable on August 17, 1998 to stockholders of record on that date. When exercisable, each right will entitle its holder to purchase from AMERCO one one-hundredth of a share of AMERCO Series C Junior Participating Preferred Stock (Series C), no par value, at a price of \$132.00 per one one-hundredth of a share of Series C, subject to adjustment. AMERCO has created a series of 3,000,000 shares of authorized but not issued preferred stock for the Series C stock authorized in this stockholder-rights plan.

The rights will become exercisable if a person or group of affiliated or associated persons acquire or obtain the right to acquire beneficial ownership of 10% or more of the common stock without approval of a majority of the Board of Directors of AMERCO. The rights expire on August 7, 2008 unless earlier redeemed or exchanged by AMERCO.

In the event AMERCO is acquired in a merger or other business combination transaction after the rights become exercisable, each holder of a right would be entitled to receive that number of shares of the acquiring company's common stock equal to the result obtained by multiplying the then current purchase price by the number one one-hundredths of a share of Series C for which a right is then exercisable and dividing that product by 50% of the then current market price per share of the acquiring company.

Note 19: Related Party Transactions

AMERCO has engaged in related party transactions and has continuing related party interests with certain major stockholders, directors and officers of the consolidated group as disclosed below. Management believes that the transactions described below and in the related notes were consummated on terms equivalent to those that would prevail in arm's-length transactions.

During fiscal 2006 subsidiaries of the Company held various junior unsecured notes of SAC Holdings. Substantially all of the equity interest of SAC Holdings is controlled by Blackwater, wholly-owned by Mark V. Shoen, a significant shareholder and executive officer of AMERCO. The Company does not have an equity ownership interest in SAC Holdings, except for minority investments made by RepWest and Oxford in a SAC Holdings-controlled limited partnership which holds Canadian self-storage properties. The Company recorded interest income of \$19.4 million and \$22.0 million, and received cash interest payments of \$11.2 million and \$11.7 million, from SAC Holdings during fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005. The largest aggregate amount of notes receivable outstanding during fiscal 2006 and the aggregate notes receivable balance at March 31, 2006 was \$203.7 million, of which \$75.1 million is with SAC Holding II and have been eliminated in the consolidating financial statements.

Interest accrues on the outstanding principal balance of junior notes of SAC Holdings that the Company holds at a stated rate of basic interest. A fixed portion of that basic interest is paid on a monthly basis.

Additional interest is paid on the same payment date based on the amount of remaining basic interest and of the cash flow generated by the underlying property. This amount is referred to as the "cash flow-based calculation."

To the extent that this cash flow-based calculation exceeds the amount of remaining basic interest, contingent interest is paid on the same monthly date as the fixed portion of basic interest. To the extent that the cash flow-based calculation is less than the amount of remaining basic interest, the additional interest payable on the applicable monthly date is limited to the amount of that cash flow-based calculation. In such a case, the excess of the remaining basic interest over the cash flow-based calculation is deferred. In addition, subject to certain contingencies, the junior notes provide that the holder of the note is entitled to receive 90% of the appreciation realized upon, among other things, the sale of such property by SAC Holdings.

The Company currently manages the self-storage properties owned or leased by SAC Holdings, Mercury, 4 SAC, 5 SAC, Galaxy, and Private Mini Storage Realty ("Private Mini") pursuant to a standard form of management agreement, under which the Company receives a management fee of between 4% and 10% of the gross receipts plus reimbursement for certain expenses. The Company received management fees, exclusive of expenses, of \$22.5 million, and \$14.4 million from the above mentioned entities during fiscal 2006 and 2005, respectively. This management fee is consistent with the fee received for other properties the Company previously managed for third parties. SAC Holdings, 4 SAC, 5 SAC, Galaxy and Private Mini are substantially controlled by Blackwater. Mercury is substantially controlled by Mark V. Shoen. James P. Shoen, a significant shareholder and director of AMERCO, has an interest in Mercury.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

RepWest and Oxford currently hold a 46% limited partnership interest in Securespace Limited Partnership ("Securespace"), a Nevada limited partnership. A SAC Holdings subsidiary serves as the general partner of Securespace and owns a 1% interest. Another SAC Holdings subsidiary owns the remaining 53% limited partnership interest in Securespace. Securespace was formed by SAC Holdings to be the owner of various Canadian self-storage properties. RepWest's and Oxford's investment in Securespace is included in Related Party Assets and is accounted for using the equity method. We do not believe that the carrying amount of their investments in Securespace is in excess of fair value.

The Company leases space for marketing company offices, vehicle repair shops and hitch installation centers from subsidiaries of SAC Holdings, 5 SAC and Galaxy. Total lease payments pursuant to such leases were \$2.7 million in both fiscal 2006 and 2005. The terms of the leases are similar to the terms of leases for other properties owned by unrelated parties that are leased to the Company.

At March 31, 2006, subsidiaries of SAC Holdings, 4 SAC, 5 SAC, Galaxy and Private Mini acted as U-Haul independent dealers. The financial and other terms of the dealership contracts with the aforementioned companies and their subsidiaries are substantially identical to the terms of those with the Company's other 13,950 independent dealers. During fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005, the Company paid the above mentioned entities \$36.8 million and \$33.1 million, respectively in commissions pursuant to such dealership contracts.

These agreements with Blackwater entities, excluding dealer agreements, provided revenue of \$38.7 million, expenses of \$2.7 million and cash flows of \$27.5 million during fiscal 2006. Revenues and commission expenses related to the Dealer Agreements were \$171.5 million and \$36.7 million, respectively.

SAC Holdings was established in order to acquire self-storage properties. These properties are being managed by the Company pursuant to management agreements. The sale of self-storage properties by the Company to SAC Holdings has in the past provided significant cash flows to the Company and the Company's outstanding loans to SAC Holdings entitle the Company to participate in SAC Holdings' excess cash flows (after senior debt service).

Management believes that its sales of self-storage properties to SAC Holdings has provided a unique structure for the Company to earn moving equipment rental revenues and management fee income from the SAC Holdings self-storage properties the Company manages and to participate in SAC Holdings' excess cash flows as described above.

Independent fleet owners own approximately 2.4% of all U-Haul rental trailers. There are approximately 835 independent fleet owners, including certain officers, directors, employees and stockholders of AMERCO. Such AMERCO officers, directors, employees and stockholders owned less than 1.0% of all U-Haul rental trailers during fiscal 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Payments to these individuals under this program are de minimis (less than one thousand dollars per quarter, per person). All rental equipment is operated under contract with U-Haul whereby U-Haul administers the operations and marketing of such equipment and in return receives a percentage of rental fees paid by customers. Based on the terms of various contracts, rental fees are distributed to U-Haul (for services as operators), to the fleet owners (including certain subsidiaries and related parties of U-Haul) and to rental dealers (including Company-operated U-Haul Centers).

In February 1997, AMERCO, through its insurance subsidiaries, invested in the equity of Private Mini, a Texas-based self-storage operator. RepWest invested \$13.5 million and had a direct 30.6% interest and an indirect 13.2% interest. Oxford invested \$11.0 million and had a direct 24.9% interest and an indirect 10.8% interest. On June 30, 2003, RepWest and Oxford exchanged their respective interests in Private Mini for certain real property owned by 4 SAC

and 5 SAC. The exchanges were non-monetary and were recorded on the basis of the book values of the assets exchanged.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

During 1997, Private Mini secured a \$225.0 million line of credit with a financing institution, which was subsequently reduced in accordance with its terms to \$125.0 million in December 2001. Under the terms of this credit facility, AMERCO entered into a support party agreement with Private Mini whereby upon default or noncompliance with certain debt covenants by Private Mini, AMERCO assumes responsibility in fulfilling all obligations related to this credit facility. In 2003, the support party obligation was bifurcated into two separate support party obligations; one consisting of a \$55.0 million support party obligation and one consisting of a \$70.0 million support party obligation. At March 31, 2003, \$55.0 million of AMERCO's support party obligation had been triggered. AMERCO satisfied the \$55.0 million obligation by issuing notes to the Private Mini creditor, and we correspondingly increased our receivable from Private Mini by \$55.0 million. Interest from Private Mini on this receivable is being recorded by AMERCO on a regular basis. The Company expects to fully recover this amount. Under the terms of FIN 45, the remaining \$70.0 million support party obligation was recognized by the Company as a liability at March 31, 2004 and March 31, 2003. This resulted in AMERCO increasing Other Liabilities by \$70.0 million and increasing our receivable from Private Mini by an additional \$70.0 million. At March 31, 2005, the Company revalued the FIN 45 liability to \$2.9 million. Effective July 15, 2005 the \$70.0 million support party obligation was terminated and AMERCO is no longer obligated on behalf of Private Mini. The \$2.9 million liability recorded in the Company's books was eliminated at the time the support party obligation was terminated. Private Mini is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of 4 SAC and 5 SAC.

In prior years, U-Haul sold various properties to SAC Holding Corporation at prices in excess of U-Haul's carrying values resulting in gains which U-Haul deferred and treated as additional paid-in capital. The transferred properties have historically been stated at the original cost basis as the gains were eliminated in consolidation. In March 2004, these deferred gains were recognized and treated as contributions from a related party in the amount of \$111.0 million as a result of the deconsolidation of SAC Holding Corporation.

In August 2005, RepWest completed the sale of three storage properties to 5 SAC and the sale of nineteen storage properties to Real Estate, for approximately \$50.5 million. The gains realized by RepWest were recorded directly to additional paid-in capital. The purchase price was based upon existing re-purchase agreements management believes were consummated on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's-length transactions.

In October 2005, Oxford completed the sale of three storage properties to 5 SAC, one storage property to Real Estate and was fully repaid by U-Haul on a mortgage note secured by twenty-five storage properties. These transactions totaled approximately \$38.0 million. The gains realized by Oxford were recorded directly to additional paid-in capital. The purchase price was based upon existing re-purchase agreements management believes were consummated on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's-length transactions.

Related Party Assets

	March 31,		
	2006	2005	
	(In thou	isands)	
Private Mini notes, receivables and interest	\$ 74,427	\$	70,887
Oxford note receivable from SAC Holding Corporation	5,040		5,040
U-Haul notes receivable from SAC Holding Corporation	123,578		123,578

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U-Haul interest receivable from SAC Holding Corporation	42,189	35,960
U-Haul receivable from SAC Holding Corporation	5,688	1,028
SAC Holding II receivable from parent	2,900	2,202
U-Haul receivable from Mercury	2,342	2,185
Oxford and RepWest investment in Securespace	11,585	11,225
Other	2,719	561
	\$ 270,468	\$ 252,666

AMERCO AND CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Related Party Liabilities

	M	March 31,				
	2006	2005				
	(In t	housands)				
SAC Holding II Corporation payable to affiliate	\$ 7,165	5 \$ 11,070				

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 20: Statutory Financial Information of Insurance Subsidiaries

Applicable laws and regulations of the State of Arizona require RepWest and Oxford to maintain minimum capital and surplus determined in accordance with statutory accounting principles. Audited statutory net income and statutory capital and surplus for the years-ended are listed below:

		Year Ended December 31,					
	2	2005		2004		2003	
			(In t	housands)			
RepWest:							
Audited statutory net income (loss)	\$	1,825	\$	(5,262)	\$	(17,051)	
Audited statutory capital and surplus		89,824		64,789		69,122	
NAFCIC:							
Audited statutory net income (loss)		(82)		(494)		732	
Audited statutory capital and surplus		3,681		3,759		4,001	
Oxford:							
Audited statutory net income		10,237		10,736		3,335	
Audited statutory capital and surplus		101,466		83,396		64,034	
CFLIC:							
Audited statutory net income		1,470		2,410		4,057	
Audited statutory capital and surplus		22,455		20,981		22,545	
NAI:							
Audited statutory net income		3,076		1,718		3,067	
Audited statutory capital and surplus		16,150		14,442		12,489	

The amount of dividends that can be paid to shareholders by insurance companies domiciled in the State of Arizona is limited. Any dividend in excess of the limit requires prior regulatory approval. At December 31, 2005, Oxford cannot distribute any of its statutory surplus as dividends without regulatory approval. RepWest paid \$27.0 million in non-cash dividends to its parent during 2005; payment was effected by a reduction in intercompany accounts. Consequently, at December 31, 2005, RepWest did not have any statutory surplus available for distribution without regulatory approval.

On May 20, 2003, RepWest consented to an Order for Supervision issued by the State of Arizona Department of Insurance ("DOI"). The DOI determined that RepWest's level of risk based capital ("RBC") allowed for regulatory control. Pursuant to this order and Arizona law, during the period of supervision, RepWest could not engage in certain activities without the prior approval of the DOI. The order was abated on June 9, 2005.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 21: Financial Information by Geographic Area

Financial information by geographic area for fiscal 2006 is as follows:

Year Ended	United States			Canada	Consolidated				
	(All amounts are in thousands U.S. \$'s)								
March 31, 2006									
Total revenues	\$	2,054,138	\$	52,488	\$	2,106,626			
Depreciation and amortization, net of (gains) losses									
on disposal		161,704		5,374		167,078			
Interest expense		68,722		759		69,481			
Pretax earnings		199,847		426		200,273			
Income tax expense		78,335		784		79,119			
Identifiable assets		3,298,249		68,969		3,367,218			

Financial information by geographic area for fiscal 2005 is as follows:

Year Ended	Ur	nited States	(Canada	Consolidated				
	(All amounts are in thousands U.S. \$'s)								
March 31, 2005									
Total revenues	\$	1,956,719	\$	51,402	\$	2,008,121			
Depreciation and amortization, net of (gains) losses									
on disposal		145,167		4,448		149,615			
Interest expense (income)		73,231		(26)		73,205			
Pretax earnings		143,840		1,292		145,132			
Income tax expense		55,708		-		55,708			
Identifiable assets		3,044,012		72,161		3,116,173			

Financial information by geographic area for fiscal 2004 is as follows:

Year Ended	United States			Canada		onsolidated		
	(All amounts are in thousands U.S. \$'s)							
March 31, 2004								
Total revenues	\$	2,109,831	\$	66,163	\$	2,175,994		
Depreciation and amortization, net of (gains) losses								
on disposal		180,538		7,358		187,896		
Interest expense		118,310		3,380		121,690		
Pretax earnings (loss)		(1,166)		6,391		5,225		
Income tax expense		6,963		1,114		8,077		
Identifiable assets		3,328,411		66,337		3,394,748		

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 21A: Consolidating Financial Information by Industry Segment

AMERCO has four reportable segments. They are Moving and Storage Operations, Property and Casualty Insurance, Life Insurance and SAC Holding II. Management tracks revenues separately, but does not report any separate measure of the profitability for rental vehicles, rentals of self-storage spaces and sales of products that are required to be classified as a separate operating segment and accordingly does not present these as separate reportable segments. Deferred income taxes are shown as liabilities on the consolidating statements.

This section includes condensed consolidating financial information which presents the condensed consolidating balance sheets as of March 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively and the related condensed consolidating statements of operations and condensed consolidating cash flow statements for the years ended March 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively for:

- (a) Moving and Storage Operations comprised of AMERCO, U-Haul, and Real Estate and the subsidiaries of U-Haul and Real Estate
- (b) RepWest and its subsidiary
- (c) Oxford and its subsidiaries
- (d) SAC Holding II and its subsidiaries

The information includes elimination entries necessary to consolidate AMERCO, the parent with its subsidiaries and SAC Holding II and its subsidiaries.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the parent using the equity method of accounting.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Note 21A: Financial Information by Consolidating Industry Segment:

Consolidating balance sheets by industry segment as of March 31, 2006 are as follows:

_			_								
		Moving &	Storage				AMER	CO Legal	Group		
							Property				
							&				
						Ioving &	Casualty	Life			
			Real			0	Insurance 1				AM
	AMERCO	U-Haul	Estate	Eliminations	Co	nsolidated	(a)	(a) E	Eliminations	C	ons
							(In thou	icande)			
Assets:							(III tilot	isanus)			
Cash and cash											
equivalents	\$ 7	\$ 140,499 \$	856	\$ -	\$	141,362	\$ 9,815 9	4,027	\$ -	\$	
Reinsurance	,	Ψ 1.0,.,, Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	1 .1,0 02	,,010	, .,	Ψ	4	
recoverables											
and trade											
receivables,											
net	_	17,325	25	_		17,350	199,908	12,921	_		1
Notes and		- ,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,) -			
mortgage											
receivables,											
net	-	1,333	1,199	_		2,532	_	_	_		
Inventories,											
net	-	63,585	-	-		63,585	-	-	-		
Prepaid											
expenses	2,051	51,166	-	-		53,217	-	-	-		
Investments,											
fixed											
maturities and											
marketable											
equities	-	_	-	-		-	108,563	587,395	-		(
Investments,											
other		1,314	7,853			9,167	113,456	86,738	-		
Deferred											
policy											
acquisition											
costs, net	-	_	-	-		-	1,160	46,661	-		
Other assets	2	54,390	40,866	-		95,258	2,027	438	-		
Related party											
assets	1,219,703	262,330	12,671	(1,147,881)	(d)	346,823	24,293	10,915	(30,156)	(d)	
	1,221,763	591,942	63,470	(1,147,881)		729,294	459,222	749,095	(30,156)		1,9
Investment in											
subsidiaries	(262,277)	-	-	526,979	(c)	264,702	-	-	(264,702)	(c)	

Investment in SAC Holding II	(14,275)	-	-	-	(14,275)	_		
Total investment in subsidiaries and SAC								
Holding II	(276,552)	-	-	526,979	250,427	-	- (264,702)	
Property, plant and equipment, at cost:								
cost: Land	_	29,159	146,626	_	175,785	-		1
Buildings and		47,107	140,020		173,705	-	-	
improvements Furniture and	-	78,244	661,359	-	739,603	-		7
equipment	2,590	260,902	17,879		281,371	-		
Rental trailers and other rental								
equipment	-	201,273	-	-	201,273	-		2
Rental trucks	-	1,331,891	-	-	1,331,891	-		1,3
SAC Holding II - property, plant and								
equipment (b)	2 500	1 001 460	005 061	-	2 720 022	-	-	2.1
Less:	2,590	1,901,469	825,864	-	2,729,923	-		2,7
Accumulated depreciation	(334)	(987,598)	(285,687)		(1,273,619)			(1,2
Total property, plant and	(337)	(901,370)	(203,007)		(1,273,017)	-	-	(1,2
equipment	2,256	913,871	540,177	_	1,456,304	-		1,4
	947,467 \$	\$ 1,505,813 \$	\$ 603,647 \$	(620,902)	\$ 2,436,025 \$45	59,222 \$ 749	9,095 \$ (294,858)	\$ 3,3
(a) Balances as of December 31, 2005								
(b) Included in the \$95,876, and furn	niture and eq		_	s and improve	ements of			
(c) Eliminate inv subsidiaries and								
Holding II (d) Eliminate intercompany receivables and payables								
(e) Eliminate gai property from U- SAC Holding II								

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Consolidating balance sheets by industry segment as of March 31, 2006 are as follows:

Consolidating ba	alance sheets		_	of March 31,	2006 a	are as folio		~~ .			
		Moving &	Storage					RCO Lega	al Group		
	AMERCO	U-Haul	Real Estate	Eliminations	,	Moving & Storage onsolidated	Insurance		e Eliminations		AME Conso
	AMILICO	U-11au1	Estate	Ellimations	C 0.	listinanca	ι (α)	(u)	Ellimianons		Onse
							(In th	ousands)			
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued	\$ 23,405	\$ 203,243 \$	5 4,988	ф <u></u>	\$	231,636	¢	\$ 3,188	o & _		\$ 23
expenses AMERCO's	\$ 23,403	\$ 205,245 p	4,900	\$ -	\$	231,030	\$ -	\$ 3,100	3 \$ -	4	Ď 25
notes and loans											
payable		212,133	753,501	-		965,634	-				96
SAC Holding II Corporation notes and loans payable, non-recourse to AMERCO		212,133	-	_		-	_				
Policy benefits											
and losses, claims and loss expenses											
payable		295,567				295,567	352,960	151,886	6 -		80
Liabilities from investment contracts	-	-	-	_		-	-	449,149			44
Other policyholders' funds and								- 40			
liabilities	-	-	-	-		-	5,222	2,483	3 -		
Deferred income	_	14,412	_	_		14,412	6,136		_		2
Income Deferred	-	14,412	-	-		14,412	0,150				
income taxes	181,355	-		-		181,355	(46,219)) 2,907	7 -		13
Related party liabilities	201	1,134,939	26,994			14,253	3,728	12,175	5 (30,156)		
Total liabilities	204,961	1,860,294	785,483	(1,147,881)		1,702,857	321,827	621,788	8 (30,156)		2,61
Stockholders' equity:											
Series preferred stock:											

Series A											
preferred stock	-	-	-	_		-	-	-	-		
Series B											
preferred stock	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		
Series A											
common stock	929	-	-	-		929	-	-	-		
Common stock	9,568	540	1	(541)	(b)	9,568	3,300	2,500	(5,800)	(b)	
Additional											
paid-in capital	413,726	121,230	147,481	(268,711)	(b)	413,726	80,369	26,271	(106,640)	(b)	41
Accumulated											
other											
comprehensive											
income (loss)	(28,902)	(29,996)	-	29,996	(b)	(28,902)	386	331	(717)	(b)	(2
Retained											
earnings											
(deficit)	765,277	(436,917)	(329,318)	766,235	(b)	765,277	53,340	98,205	(151,545)	(b)	76
Cost of											
common shares											
in treasury, net	(418,092)	-	-	-		(418,092)	-	-	-		(41
Unearned	· ·										
employee stock											- 1
ownership plan											- 1
shares	-	(9,338)				(9,338)	_	-	-		(
Total											
stockholders'											
equity (deficit)	742,506	(354,481)	(181,836)	526,979		733,168	137,395	127,307	(264,702)		73
Total liabilities											
and											
stockholders'											
equity	\$ 947,467	\$1,505,813 \$	603,647 \$	(620,902)	ø	\$ 2,436,025	\$459,222	\$ 749,095	\$ (294,858)	\$	3,34
	Ψ ,	Ψ 2,2 2 2 ,	002,	(==,		, ,	Ψ .= . ,	Ψ···,	Ψ (, , ,		-,-
(a) Balances as											
of December											
31, 2005											- 1
(b) Eliminate in	vestment in										
subsidiaries and											
Holding II	0110										
(c) Eliminate in	tercompany										
receivables and											
(d) Eliminate ga		f property									
from U-Haul to											
Hom o man to	of the field in	g II									

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Consolidating balance sheets by industry segment as of March 31, 2005 are as follows:

		Moving & S	Storage			ΔMFR	.CO Legal	Group			
		Moving &	Storage		Property						
						&					
					Moving &	Casualty	Life				
	A MED GO	** ** 1	Real	T11	Storage	Insurance 1		4	AN		
	AMERCO	U-Haul	Estate	Eliminations	Consolidated	(a)	(a) E	liminations	Con		
					C	In thousand	a)				
Assets:					(.	iii uiousaiiu	8)				
Cash and cash											
equivalents	\$ 14 \$	37,626 \$	4,327	\$ -	\$ 41,967	\$ 10,638	\$ 2,992 \$	\$ -	\$		
Reinsurance			,								
recoverables											
and trade											
receivables,											
net	-	13,074	26	-	13,100	211,821	15,672	-			
Notes and											
mortgage											
receivables,		1,020	945		1,965						
Inventories,	-	1,020	743	-	1,903	-		<u>-</u>			
net	_	62,489	_	_	62,489	_	_	_			
Prepaid		,			,						
expenses	4,863	24,036	-	-	28,899	-	-	-			
Investments,											
fixed											
maturities and											
marketable						100.000	525 150				
equities Investments,	-	-	-	-	-	100,028	535,150	-			
other		936	8,056		8,992	144,839	191,376				
Deferred	_	930	0,030	-	0,992	144,039	191,370				
policy											
acquisition											
costs, net	_	_	-	_	-	1,273	51,270	-			
Other assets	14,207	59,582	1,737	-	75,526		1,215	-			
Related party											
assets	452,350	521,162	12,600	(650,371)	(d) 335,741	56,479	32,216	(92,042)	(d)		
	471,434	719,925	27,691	(650,371)	568,679	528,993	829,891	(92,042)	1.		
Investment in											
subsidiaries	1,236,082	-	-	(966,249)	(c) 269,833	-	-	(269,833)	(c)		
Investment in											
SAC Holding	(14.650)				(14 650)	`					
II	(14,659)	-	-	-	(14,659)	, -	-	-			

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Total									
investment in subsidiaries									
and SAC									
Holding II	1,221,423	_	_	(966,249)	255,174	_	- (20	69,833)	
	-,,			(***)				0,000	
Property, plant and									
equipment, at cost:									
Land Buildings and	_	21,265	129,880	-	151,145	-	-	-	
improvements	-	84,921	601,304	-	686,225	-	-	-	
Furniture and									
equipment	292	247,219	17,705	-	265,216	-	-	-	
Rental trailers and other									
rental		100 461			100 461				
equipment Rental trucks	-	199,461 1,252,018	-	-	199,461 1,252,018	-	-	-	1
SAC Holding	-	1,232,018	-	-	1,232,018	-	-	-	1,
II - property,									
plant and									
equipment (b)	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	
	292	1,804,884	748,889	-	2,554,065	-	-	-	2,
Less:									
Accumulated									
depreciation	(255)	(1,008,523)	(269,990)	-	(1,278,768)	-	-	-	(1,
Total property,	,								
plant and equipment	37	796,361	478,899		1,275,297				1,
equipment	31	790,301	470,099	_	1,273,297	-	-	-	1,
Total assets	\$ 1,692,894 \$	5 1,516,286 \$	506,590 9	\$ (1,616,620)	\$ 2,099,150 \$ 5	528,993 \$ 829	9,891 \$ (30	61,875)	\$ 3,
(a) Balances as of December 31, 2004	S								
(b) Included in	this caption is	land of \$56,9	60, building	gs and improve	ements of				
\$94,620, and fo				ı					
(c) Eliminate in		_							
subsidiaries an	d SAC								
Holding II									
(d) Eliminate									
intercompany receivables									
and payables									
(e) Eliminate g	ain on sale of								
property from									
SAC Holding l									
_									

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Consolidating balance sheets by industry segment as of March 31, 2005 are as follows:

Consolidating ba	alance sheets r		_	of March 31, 2	2005 are as folio					
		Moving & S	Storage				CO Legal	Group		
	AMERCO	U-Haul	Real Estate l	Eliminations	Moving & Storage Consolidated	Insurance 1		Eliminations		AME onso
						Ø .1	1 \			
Liabilities:						(In the	ousands)			
Accounts										
payable and										
accrued										
expenses	\$ 17,330 \$	\$ 198,322 \$	\$ 2,736	s -	\$ 218,388	\$ - 5	\$ 17,745	\$ -	\$	3 23
AMERCO's			, = ,.	Ψ		-	Ψ,	Ψ		
notes and loans										
payable	780,008	-	-	-	780,008	-	-	-		78
SAC Holding II	L									
Corporation										
notes and loans										
payable,										
non-recourse to										
AMERCO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Policy benefits										
and losses,										
claims and loss										
expenses		240.052			240.052	201 202	164.004			90
payable	-	249,053	-	-	249,053	391,383	164,894	-		80
Liabilities from										
investment	_	_	_	_	_	_	503,838	_		50
Other	-	-	-	-	_	_	303,030	-		Ju
policyholders'										
funds and										
liabilities			_	_	_	8,669	2,944	_		1
Deferred						0,002	2,211			1
income	_	11,716	2	_	11,718	12,143	14,279	_		3
Deferred		±=,.			- ,.	,-	 ,-			
income taxes	158,415	-7	-	-	158,415	(46,948)	(1,121)) -		11
Related party	,				,		, ,	,		
liabilities	115,499	355,997	249,692	(650,371)	(c) 70,817	8,910	12,315	(92,042)	(c)	
Total liabilities	1,071,252	815,088	252,430	(650,371)	1,488,399		714,894			2,48
Stockholders'										
equity:										
Series preferred										
stock:										

Series A preferred stock	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Series B	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
preferred stock	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Series A										
common stock	929	-	-	-	929	-	-	-		
Common stock	9,568	540	1	(541)	(b) 9,568	3,300	2,500	(5,800)	(b)	
Additional										
paid-in capital	396,415	121,230	147,481	(268,711)	(b) 396,415	69,922	16,435	(86,357)	(b)	39
Accumulated										
other										
comprehensive	(0.4.610)	(22.244)		22.244	(1) (04.610)	1.070	6.006	(0, (0,7)	<i>a</i> >	10
income (loss)	(24,612)	(33,344)	-	33,344	(b) (24,612)	1,879	6,806	(8,685)	(b)	(2
Retained										
earnings (deficit)	657,434	623,663	106,678	(730,341)	(b) 657,434	79,735	89,256	(168,991)	(b)	65
Cost of	037,434	023,003	100,078	(730,341)	(0) 037,434	19,133	69,230	(100,991)	(0)	O.
common shares										
in treasury, net	(418,092)	_	_	_	(418,092)	_	_	_		(41
Unearned	(110,072)				(110,072)					(11
employee stock										
ownership plan										
shares	-	(10,891)	-	-	(10,891)	-	-	-		(1
Total										
stockholders'										
equity (deficit)	621,642	701,198	254,160	(966,249)	610,751	154,836	114,997	(269,833)		61
Total liabilities										
and										
stockholders'				h (4 54 5 5 2 0)		* ***	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4.064.055	4	
equity	\$ 1,692,894 \$	1,516,286 \$	506,590 \$	5 (1,616,620)	\$ 2,099,150	\$ 528,993	\$ 829,891	\$ (361,875)	\$	3,09
(a) Dalamana aa										
(a) Balances as of December										
31, 2004										
(b) Eliminate in	vestment in									
subsidiaries and										
Holding II	. 5710									
(c) Eliminate in	tercompany									
receivables and										
(d) Eliminate ga		operty								
from U-Haul to	SAC Holding I	П								

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Consolidating income statements by industry segment for period ending March 31, 2006 are as follows:

		Moving &	Storage				AME	RCO Legal	Group		
		1,10,1118	Dioragi				Property		Group		
							&				
						Moving &		Life			
			Real			_	•	e Insurance			AMERCO
	AMERCO	U-Haul	Estate J	Eliminations	(Consolidated			Eliminations		Consolidat
							(In t	thousands)			
Revenues:											
Self-moving											
equipment											
rentals	\$ -	\$ 1,503,569	\$ -	\$ -	5	\$ 1,503,569	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	9	\$ 1,503,56
Self-storage											
revenues	-	101,437	1,813	-		103,250	-	-	-		103,25
Self-moving &											
self-storage											
products &											
service sales	-	207,119	-	-		207,119	-	-	-		207,11
Property											1
management											
fees	-	23,988	-	-		23,988	-	-	-		23,98
Life insurance									510)		
premiums	-	- /	-	-		-	-	120,352	(1,519)	(c)	118,83
Property and											
casualty											
insurance							- 204				
premiums	-	_	-	-		-	26,001	-	-	(c)	26,00
Net investment											
and interest	7 100	21.024	22			50.005	257	21.064	(2.740)	(1)	7 2.00
income	5,108	·	23	-		30,025			,	` ′	59,80
Other revenue	459	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	61,910	(66,778)				-,	` ′		37,53
Total revenues	5,567	1,897,933	63,746	(66,778)		1,900,468	37,358	148,080	(5,809)		2,080,09
Costs and											
expenses:											
Operating	12.700		1.105			7.7.7.40		000			3.50.05
expenses	12,722	1,085,602	6,197	(66,778)	(b)	1,037,743	10,769	27,009	(14,647)	(b,c)	1,060,87
Commission						: 22 700					: 00 #0
expenses	-	,	_	_		189,599		-	-		189,59
Cost of sales	-	105,872	-	-		105,872	-	-	-		105,87
Benefits and								3 = 700	2.220		
losses		_				-	,_,			(c)	117,16
Amortization of	-	-		-			2,855	21,406			24,26
deferred policy											

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acquisition											
Costs	81	143,344	66			143,491					143,49
Lease expense Depreciation,	01	143,344	00			143,491					143,47
_											
net of (gains) losses on											
disposals	79	131,803	9,071			140,953					140,95
Total costs and	19	131,003	9,071			140,733					140,53
	12 882	1 656 220	15 224	(66 778)		1 617 650	26 214	124 147	(5.800)		1 792 21
expenses Equity in	12,882	1,656,220	15,334	(66,778)		1,617,658	36,214	134,147	(5,809)		1,782,21
Equity in											
earnings of subsidiaries	163,004			(152 (24))	(f)	9,580			(0.580)	(f)	
	103,004			(153,424)	(f)	9,500			(9,580)	(f)	
Equity in											!
earnings of	294					201					25
SAC Holding II	384	-	-	-		384	-	-	-		38
Total - equity in											
earnings of											
subsidiaries and	162 200			(152, 424)		0.064			(0.500)		25
SAC Holding II	163,388	-	-	(153,424)		9,964		-	(9,580)		38
Earnings from	156 072	241 712	40 410	(152 424)		202 774	1 1 1 1 1	12 022	(0.500)		200 25
operations	156,073	241,713	48,412	(153,424)		292,774	1,144	13,933	(9,580)		298,27
Interest income	(24.626)	(14 202)	(24.221)			(62.350)					(62.25
(expense)	(24,636)	(14,383)	(24,331)	-		(63,350)		-			(63,35
Fees on early											!
extinguishment	(25 (27)					(25 627)					(25.60
of debt	(35,627)	227.220	24.001	(152,424)		(35,627)	- 1 1 1 1	12.022	(0.500)		(35,62
Pretax earnings	95,810	227,330	24,081	(153,424)		193,797	1,144	13,933	(9,580)		199,29
Income tax											İ
benefit	24.006	(07.010)	(10.077)			(72.001)	(512)	(4.00.4)			470.4C
(expense)	24,996	(87,910)				(72,991)	(513)	(4,984)	(0.500)		(78,48
Net earnings	120,806	139,420	14,004	(153,424)		120,806	631	8,949	(9,580)		120,80
Less: Preferred	(10.062)					(10.062)					(12.06
stock dividends	(12,963)	-	-	-		(12,963)	-	-	-		(12,96
Earnings											
available to											
common	\$ 107.042 ¢	120, 420	14.004	\$ (150 40A)		107.042 ((21.6	2.040 ¢	(0.500)	¢	107.0/
	\$ 107,843 \$	139,420 3	§ 14,004 s	\$ (153,424)	1	\$ 107,843 \$	631 \$	\$ 8,949 \$	(9,580)	\$	5 107,84
(a) Balances for											İ
the year ended											İ
December 31,											İ
2005											
(b) Eliminate inte	1										
lease income and											
commission inco	me										
(c) Eliminate											
intercompany											
premiums											
(d) Eliminate											
intercompany											
interest on debt											

(e) Eliminate gain on sale of surplus property from U-Haul to SAC Holding II

(f) Eliminate equity in earnings of subsidiaries and equity in earnings of SAC Holding II

(g) Eliminate management fees charged to SAC Holding II and other intercompany operating expenses

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Consolidating income statements by industry segment for period ending March 31, 2005 are as follows:

		Moving & S	Storage				RCO Legal	Group		
					ļ	Property				
					Moving &	& Casualty	Life			
			Real		•	•	Insurance			AMERCO
	AMERCO	U-Haul		Eliminations	Consolidated	(a)		: Eliminations		Consolidate
	AMERCO	U-Haui	Estate 1	Ellimiauons	Consolidated	(a)	(a) 1	Millianons		Ulisulidate
						(In th	nousands)			
Revenues:						(0 4341111,			
Self-moving										
equipment										ļ
rentals	\$ - \$	\$ 1,437,895 \$		- \$	\$ 1,437,895	\$ -	\$ -	- \$	9	\$ 1,437,895
Self-storage										
revenues	-	94,431	1,771	-	96,202	-	-	-		96,202
Self-moving										1
& self-storage										
products &										
service sales	-	191,078	-	-	191,078	-	-	-		191,078
Property										
management		1.1.42.4			14.424					14.42
fees	-	14,434	-	-	14,434	-	-	-		14,434
Life insurance	r						127 710	(1.474)	(a)	126 220
premiums Property and	-	_	_	-	_	-	127,710	(1,474)	(c)	126,236
Property and casualty										
insurance										
premiums	_			_	_	24,987		_		24,987
Net						21,701				21,50
investment										
and interest										
income	7,796	22,030	76	, <u> </u>	29,902	16,430	23,476	(5,109)	(d)	64,699
Other revenue		27,489	56,116			_	8,298		(b)	29,691
Total			,				,			
revenues	8,348	1,787,357	57,963	(62,001)	1,791,667	41,417	159,484	(7,346)		1,985,222
Costs and										
expenses:										
Operating										
expenses	18,065	1,100,737	7,051	(62,001) (t	b) 1,063,852	11,787	42,166	(16,504)	(b,c)	1,101,30
Commission										
expenses	-	181,315	-	-	181,315	-	-	-		181,31
Cost of sales	-	98,877		-	98,877	-	-	-		98,877
Benefits and						50 5 00	24 472	2.4.50		1.10.0.11
losses	-	-	-	-	-	39,733	91,452	9,158	(c)	140,343

28,512

4,711

23,801

Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs											
Lease expense Depreciation, net of (gains)	90	151,937	37	-		152,064	-	-	-		152,064
losses on disposals	31	114,038	4,811	-		118,880	-	-	-		118,880
Total costs and expenses	18,186	1,646,904	11,899	(62,001)		1,614,988	56,231	157,419	(7,346)		1,821,292
Equity in earnings of	: 22 672			::1= 105)	100	(2.462)			2.452	40	
subsidiaries Equity in	108,673	-	-	(117,135)	(f)	(8,462)	-	-	8,462	(f)	
earnings of SAC Holding	(2.222)					(2.222)					(2.02)
II Total - equity	(2,232)	-	-	-		(2,232)	-	-	-		(2,232
in earnings of subsidiaries and SAC											
Holding II	106,441	-	-	(117,135)		(10,694)	-	-	8,462		(2,232
Earnings (loss) from											
operations	96,603	140,453	46,064	(117,135)		165,985	(14,814)	2,065	8,462		161,698
Interest income											
(expense)	(70,235)	15,687	(12,430)	-		(66,978)	_	_	-		(66,978
Litigation settlement, net of costs, fees											
and expenses	51,341	-	-	-		51,341	-	-	-		51,341
Pretax earnings											
(loss)	77,709	156,140	33,634	(117,135)		150,348	(14,814)	2,065	8,462		146,061
Income tax											
benefit (expense)	11,367	(59,160)	(13,479)	_		(61,272)	5,104	(817)	-		(56,985
Net earnings											
(loss)	89,076	96,980	20,155	(117,135)		89,076	(9,710)	1,248	8,462		89,076
Less: Preferred stock	25.050					2.20					
dividends Earnings (loss) available to common	(12,963)	-	-	-		(12,963)	-	-	-		(12,963
	\$ 76,113 \$	96,980 \$	\$ 20,155 \$	\$ (117,135)	\$	76,113 \$	\$ (9,710)\$	\$ 1,248 \$	8,462	\$	\$ 76,113

(a) Balances for the year ended December 31, 2004 (b) Eliminate intercompany lease income and commission income (c) Eliminate intercompany premiums (d) Eliminate intercompany interest on debt (e) Eliminate gain on sale of surplus property from U-Haul to SAC Holding II (f) Eliminate equity in earnings of subsidiaries and equity in earnings of SAC Holding II (g) Eliminate management fees charged to SAC Holding II and other intercompany operating expenses

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Consolidating income statements by industry segment for period ending March 31, 2004 are as follows

		Moving &	Storage			AMFI	RCO Legal	Group		
		Wild villig W	Jiorage			Property	teo Legar	Group		
						&				
					Moving &	Casualty	Life			
			Real		Storage	•	Insurance			AMERCO
	AMERCO	U-Haul		Eliminations	Consolidated			Elimination		Consolidate
						()	()			
						(In t	housands)			
Revenues:										
Self-moving										
equipment										
rentals	\$ - \$	1,380,991	\$ 217	\$ -	\$1,381,208	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 1,381,208
Self-storage										
revenues	-	118,335	2,869	-	121,204	-	-	-		121,204
Self-moving										
& self-storage										
products &										
service sales	-	182,327	61	-	182,388	-	-	-		182,388
Property										
management										
fees	-	12,974	-	-	12,974	-	-	-		12,974
Life insurance								/a · ·		
premiums	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,753	(2,671)	(c)	145,082
Property and										
casualty										
insurance						02.242		(1.200)		02.02
premiums	-	-	-	-	-	93,242	-	(1,206)	(c)	92,036
Net										
investment and interest										
income	866	21,504	16,089		38,459	21,699	19,046	(4,088)	(d)	75,116
Other revenue		35,580	56,668	(61,159) (b)		21,099	11,013	(2,497)	(b)	41,155
Total	1,330	55,500	50,000	(01,139) (0	32,039	_	11,013	(4,471)	(U)	41,13.
revenues	2,416	1,751,711	75,904	(61,159)	1,768,872	114,941	177,812	(10,462)		2,051,163
10 (011405	2,710	1,/01,/11	75,704	(01,137)	1,700,072	117,771	177,012	(10,702)		2,031,10
Costs and										
expenses:										
Operating										
expenses	37,080	1,062,695	8,063	(61,159) (b)	1,046,679	27,403	38,111	(15,056)	(b,c)	1,097,137
Commission	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	-,	(1 ,127)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			(1,020)	(-,-)	, , - 0
expenses	_	176,165	_	-	176,165	-	_	_		176,165
Cost of sales	-	87,430	26	-	87,456	_	_	_		87,456
Benefits and										,

losses

(c)

4,594

- 109,362 103,491

217,44

			_								
Amortization											
of deferred											
policy											
acquisition							11106	24.057			20.004
costs	706	150.000	2.650	-		-	14,126	24,957	-		39,083
Lease expense	786	159,869	2,653	_		163,308	_	-	_		163,308
Depreciation,											
net of (gains)											
losses on	20	127.002	4.200			122 241					120.241
disposals	39	125,093	4,209	-		129,341	-	-	- 1		129,341
Restructuring	44.007					44.007					44.007
expenses	44,097	-	-			44,097	_	-	-		44,097
Total costs	02.002	1 (11 050	14.051	(61.150)		1 (47 046	150.001	166.550	(10.4(0)		1.054.02
and expenses	82,002	1,611,252	14,951	(61,159)		1,647,046	150,891	166,559	(10,462)		1,954,034
Equity in											
earnings of	00 260			(115.050)	(f)	(16 692)			16 600	(f)	
subsidiaries	98,368	-	-	(115,050)	(f)	(16,682)	-	-	16,682	(f)	
Equity in											
earnings of SAC											
SAC Holdings	(11,551)					(11,551)					(11,551
Total - equity	(11,331)					(11,331)					(11,55.
in earnings of											
subsidiaries											
and SAC											
Holdings	86,817	_	_	(115,050)		(28,233)	_	_	16,682		(11,551
Earnings	00,017			(113,050)		(20,233)			10,002		(11,00
(loss) from											
operations	7,231	140,459	60,953	(115,050)		93,593	(35,950)	11,253	16,682		85,578
Interest	7	1,	00,	(111)		2-1-	(00,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000	,-	20,		- ,
income											
(expense)	(56,968)	8,560	(29,154)	-		(77,562)	-	-	-		(77,562
Pretax											
earnings											
(loss)	(49,737)	149,019	31,799	(115,050)		16,031	(35,950)	11,253	16,682		8,016
Income tax											
benefit											
(expense)	45,690	(52,992)	(12,776)	_		(20,078)	12,508	(4,493)			(12,063
Net earnings											
(loss)	(4,047)	96,027	19,023	(115,050)		(4,047)	(23,442)	6,760	16,682		(4,047
Less:											
Preferred											
stock											
dividends	(12,963)	-	-	-		(12,963)	-	-	-		(12,963
Earnings											
(loss)											
available to											
common											
shareholders	\$(17,010)\$	96,027 \$	\$ 19,023 \$	\$ (115,050)	\$	(17,010)\$	\$ (23,442)\$	6,760 \$	\$ 16,682	\$	\$ (17,010
(a) Balances											
C 41											

for the year

ended

December 31,

2003

(b) Eliminate

intercompany lease

income and commission

income

(c) Eliminate

intercompany

premiums

(d) Eliminate

intercompany

interest on

debt

(e) Eliminate gain on sale of surplus

property from U-Haul to SAC

Holdings

(f) Eliminate equity in earnings of subsidiaries

and equity in earnings of SAC Holdings

(g) Eliminate management fees charged to SAC Holdings

and other intercompany operating expenses

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Consolidating cash flow statements by industry segment for the year ended March 31, 2006, are as follows:

							CO Legal			AME
		Moving & S	Storage				oup			Conso
						Property				
						& C1	T 'C.			
			D sol		_	Casualty	Life	Λ.	MEDCO	SAC
	AMEDCO	II IIoul	Real Estate	EliminationCo	•		Insurance		MERCO	_
	AMERCO	U-Haul	Estate	Elimination	msomateu	l (a)	(a) E	Eliminatio 6 0	nsonuateu	l II E
Cash flows										
from										
operating										
activities:						(In thousa	ands)			
Net earnings						(III LIIOUS.	anas,			
(loss)	\$ 120,806 \$	\$ 139,420 \$	8 14,004	\$ (153,424)\$	8 120,806	\$ 631	\$ 8,949	\$ (9,580)\$	120,806	\$ 384
Earnings from	Ψ 1=0,000.	, 10,,	.,	Ψ (200, 12.)	120,000	Ψ	Ψ 0,2	Ψ (>,===),	120,000	Ψ
consolidated										
entities	(163,388)	-	-	153,424	(9,964)	_	_	9,580	(384)	_
Depreciation	79	121,817	9,687		131,583	_		-	131,583	2,424
Amortization		,	,		,				,	,
of deferred										
policy										
acquisition										
costs	-				-	2,855	21,406	-	24,261	-
Change in										
provision for										
losses on trade										
receivables	-	(188)	-	-	(188)	-	5	-	(183)	-
Change in										
provision for										
losses on										
mortgage										
notes	-	(2,230)	-	_	(2,230)	-	-	-	(2,230)	-
Change in										
provision for										
inventory										
reserve	-	2,458	-	-	2,458	-	-	-	2,458	-
Net (gain) loss										
on sale of real										
and personal										
property	-	9,986	(616)) -	9,370	-	-	-	9,370	-
Net (gain) loss										
on sale of										
investments	-	-	-	-	-	1,377	1,031	-	2,408	-
	13,629	-	-	-	13,629	-	-	-	13,629	-

Write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs										
Deferred income taxes Net change in	22,940	(8)	-	-	22,932	3,526	(300)	-	26,158	2,006
other operating assets and liabilities:										
Reinsurance recoverables										
and trade receivables		(3,999)	1		(3,998)	11,913	2,746		10,661	
Inventories	-	(3,431)	-	_	(2 (21)	11,915	2,740	-	(3,431)	(165
Prepaid		(0, 101)			(0,101)				(0, 101)	(100
expenses	3,142	(32,052)	-	-	(28,910)	-	-	-	(28,910)	101
Capitalization of deferred policy acquisition										
costs	_	_	_	_	_	(2,742)	(9,368)	_	(12,110)	_
Other assets	576	10,345	(14,684)	_	(3,763)	1,661	777	-	(1,325)	(132)
Related party assets	(218)	(14,223)	(79)	_	(14,520)	4,932	(181)	_	(9,769)	(698)
Accounts payable and accrued	(210)	(11,223)	(12)		(11,520)	1,552	(101)		(3,103)	(070)
expenses	30,128	23,089	(4,009)	_	49,208	_	(12,735)	-	36,473	123
Policy benefits and losses, claims and loss expenses										
payable	-	46,514	-	_	46,514	(38,423)	(13,009)	-	(4,918)	-
Other policyholders' funds and										
liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	(3,447)	(461)	-	(3,908)	-
Deferred .		0.670	(2)		2 (70	(6,007)	554		(0.702)	105
income Related party	-	2,672	(2)	_	2,670	(6,007)	554	-	(2,783)	195
liabilities	(447)	(55,594)	_	_	(56,041)	(5,182)	(140)	21,252	(40,111)	(1,475)
Net cash provided (used) by operating	()	(00,00)			(50,011)	(5,162)	(110)	21,232	(10,111)	(1,170)
activities	27,247	244,576	4,302	-	276,125	(28,906)	(726)	21,252	267,745	2,763
Cash flows from investing										

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activities:										
Purchases of:										
Property, plant	(5.200)	7.1 (500)			:222.446)			22.250	7 (2 750)	
and equipment	(2,298)	(314,793)	(65,025)	-	(382,116)	-	-	39,358	(342,758)	(1,624)
Short term						(245.050)	(200 156)		(524 106)	ļ
investments	-	-	-	-	-	(245,950)	(288,156)	-	(534,106)	-
Fixed maturity						(51.021)	(200, 117)		(260 138)	
investments Mortgage	_	-	-	-	-	(51,021)	(209,117)		(260,138)	-
Mortgage loans							(8,868)		(0.068)	ľ
Proceeds from		-		-	-	-	(8,000)	-	(8,868)	-
sales of:										
Property, plant										
and equipment	_	59,301	659	_	59,960	_	_	_	59,960	_!
Short term		37,301	057		37,700				37,700	
investments				_	_	229,590	371,260	_	600,850	
Fixed maturity						227,0	3/1,		000,02	
investments	_	_	-	-	-	28,863	130,753	-	159,616	_'
Equity										
securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,769	-	6,769	_'
Preferred										
stock					-	10,030	1,620		11,650	
Real estate	-	-	-	-	-	56,571	19,175	(39,358)	36,388	-
Mortgage										
loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,014	(21,252)	11,762	_!
Payments										
from notes										
and mortgage										
receivables	-	1,917	(254)	-	1,663	-	-	-	1,663	-
Net cash										
provided										
(used) by										
investing	(2.200)	(252 575)	(51.500)		(220, 402)	20.002	56.450	(21.252)	(257.010)	(1.604
activities	(2,298)	(253,575)	(64,620)	-	(320,493)			(21,252)	(257,212)	(1,624
() D-1						(page 1 of	(2)			
(a) Balance										
for the year ended										
December 31,										
2005										
2003										
F-49										
1 -42										1

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Continuation of consolidating cash flow statements by industry segment for the year ended March 31, 2006, are as follows:

				AND GOV.				AMERCO				
	M	oving & Stor		AMERCO Legal Group				as Canadidated				
	IVIC		Property	oup			Consolidated					
					&							
					Moving &		Life			SAC		
			Real		•	Insurance I			AMERCO			Total
	AMERCO	U-Haul	Estat E limi	inat	ti on solidated			ina	tionsolidated	_	inat	a on solida
Cash flows												
from												
financing activities:					C	In thousand	le)					
Borrowings					(1	III uiousana	18)					
from credit												
facilities	80,266	244,447	952,334	_	1,277,047	-	_	-	1,277,047	_	-	1,277,0
Principal												
repayments												
on credit												
facilities	(860,274)	(12,970)	(218,856)	-	(1,092,100)) -	-	-	(1,092,100)	(1,242)	-	(1,093,3
Debt issuance		(5.142)	(24.445)		(20.500				(20.500)			(20.5
costs Leveraged	-	(5,143)	(24,445)	-	(29,588)) -	-	-	(29,588)	-	-	(29,5
Employee												
Stock												
Ownership												
Plan -												
repayments												
from loan	-	1,553	-	-	1,553	-	-	-	1,553	-	-	1,5
Proceeds from												
(repayment												
of)												
intercompany loans	768,015	(115 829)	(652,186)				_		_		_	
Preferred	700,013	(113,027)	(032,100)									
stock												
dividends												
paid	(12,963)	-	-	-	(12,963)) -	-	-	(12,963)	-	-	(12,9
Investment												
contract												
deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,322	-	20,322	-	-	20,3
Investment contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	(75,011)	-	(75,011)	-	-	(75,0

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withdrawals											
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(24.056)	112.050	54 017		142.040		(54.690)		90 260	(1.242)	00
activities	(24,956)	112,058	56,847	-	143,949	-	(54,689)	-	89,260	(1,242) -	88,
Effects of exchange rate on cash	_	(186)	-	_	(186)	-	-	_	(186)		(
Increase (decrease) in											
cash and cash equivalents	(7)	102,873	(3,471)	_	99,395	(823)	1,035	_	99,607	(103) -	99,
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	(1)	102,073	(3,171)		77,373	(023)	1,033		77,007	(103)	,
period	14	37,626	4,327	-	41,967	10,638	2,992	-	55,597	358 -	55,
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$	7 \$	140,499 \$	856	\$ - \$	141,362	\$ 9,815 \$	\$ 4,027	\$ - \$	155,204 \$	S 255 \$ - \$	155,
– .						(page 2 of 2)					
(a) Balance for the year ended December 31, 2005											
F-50											

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Consolidating cash flow statements by industry segment for the year ended March 31, 2005, are as follows:

		Moving &	Storage			AMERCO as Consolidated					
	AMERCO	J	Real		Moving & (Storage I	nsuranceIn	Life surance		MERCO nsolidated	SAC Holding d II Eli	minati റി
Cash flows from operating activities:					(.	In thousand	ds)				
Net earnings (loss) Earnings from consolidated	\$ 89,076	\$ 96,980	\$ 20,155	\$ (117,135)\$	89,076	\$ (9,710)\$	1,248 \$	5 8,462 \$	89,076	\$ (2,232)\$	2,580 \$
entities Depreciation	(106,441)	107,234	8,603	117,135	10,694 115,868	-	-	(8,462)	2,232 115,868	2,783	(2,232) (560)
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition						4 711	22 001		20 512		
costs Provision for losses on accounts	_	_	-	-	-	4,711	23,801	-	28,512	_	-
receivables Provision for inventory	-	(620)	-	-	(620)	-	-	-	(620)	114	-
reserves Net (gain) loss on sale	_	(1,000)	-	_	(1,000)	_	_	_	(1,000)	-	-
of real and personal property	_	6,804	(3,792)	_	3,012	-	-				