#### REDWOOD TRUST INC Form 10-Q May 09, 2016

### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) <sup>X</sup> OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the Quarterly Period Ended: March 31, 2016

OR

#### oTRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_. Commission File Number 1-13759

REDWOOD TRUST, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)Maryland68-0329422(State or Other Jurisdiction of<br/>Incorporation or Organization)(I.R.S. EmployerIdentification No.)

One Belvedere Place, Suite 300 Mill Valley, California (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(415) 389-7373(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)Not Applicable(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share 76,964,286 shares outstanding as of May 2, 2016

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
Item 1. Financial Statements		
REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES		
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS		
(In Thousands, Except Share Data)	March 31,	December 31,
(Unaudited)	2016	2015
ASSETS <sup>(1)</sup>		
Residential loans, held-for-sale, at fair value	\$441,076	\$1,115,738
Residential loans, held-for-investment, at fair value	3,273,980	2,813,065
Commercial loans, held-for-sale, at fair value		39,141
Commercial loans, held-for-investment (includes \$69,674 and \$67,657 at fair value)	363,893	363,506
Real estate securities, at fair value	919,927	1,233,256
Mortgage servicing rights, at fair value	126,620	191,976
Cash and cash equivalents	305,115	220,229
Total earning assets	5,430,611	5,976,911
Restricted cash	2,137	5,567
Accrued interest receivable	19,766	23,290
Derivative assets	31,975	16,393
Other assets	242,391	197,886
Total Assets	\$5,726,880	\$6,220,047
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY <sup>(1)</sup>		
Liabilities		
Short-term debt	\$804,175	\$1,855,003
Accrued interest payable	15,522	8,936
Derivative liabilities	97,468	62,794
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	82,169	69,897
Asset-backed securities issued (includes $907,023$ and $996,820$ at fair value), net <sup>(2)</sup>	958,364	1,049,415
Long-term debt (includes \$65,181 and \$63,152 at fair value), net <sup>(2)</sup>	2,683,432	2,027,737
Total liabilities	4,641,130	5,073,782
Equity		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 180,000,000 shares authorized; 76,627,231 and	<sup>1</sup> 766	782
78,162,765 issued and outstanding	700	102
Additional paid-in capital	1,680,981	1,695,956
Accumulated other comprehensive income	56,712	91,993
Cumulative earnings	1,030,746	1,018,683
Cumulative distributions to stockholders		(1,661,149)
Total equity	1,085,750	1,146,265
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$5,726,880	\$6,220,047

Our consolidated balance sheets include assets of consolidated variable interest entities ("VIEs") that can only be used to settle obligations of these VIEs and liabilities of consolidated VIEs for which creditors do not have

(1)recourse to Redwood Trust, Inc. or its affiliates. At March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, assets of consolidated VIEs totaled \$1,102,195 and \$1,195,574, respectively. At March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, liabilities of consolidated VIEs totaled \$959,464 and \$1,050,861, respectively. See Note 4 for further discussion. At March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, Asset-backed securities issued, net included \$339 and \$542,

(2) respectively, of deferred debt issuance costs, and long-term debt, net included \$9,513 and \$10,438, respectively, of deferred debt issuance costs.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In Thousands, Except Share Data)	Three Mo March 31	onths Ende	d
(Unaudited)	2016	2015	
Interest Income			
Residential loans	\$31,400	\$25,009	
Commercial loans	9,460	10,914	
Real estate securities	21,095	27,775	
Other interest income	373	48	
Total interest income	62,328	63,746	
Interest Expense			
Short-term debt	(6,697)	(7,224	)
Asset-backed securities issued	(4,282)	(6,202	)
Long-term debt	(12,971)	(10,535	)
Total interest expense	(23,950)		)
Net Interest Income	38,378	39,785	
Provision for loan losses	(289)	(206	)
Net Interest Income After Provision	38,089	39,579	
Non-interest Income			
Mortgage banking activities, net	7,218	1,923	
Mortgage servicing rights income (loss), net	6,281	(10,924	)
Investment fair value changes, net	(19,538)	(1,145	)
Other income	955	809	
Realized gains, net	9,538	4,306	
Total non-interest income (loss), net	4,454	(5,031	)
Operating expenses	(30,452)	(25,063	)
Net income before provision for income taxes	12,091	9,485	
(Provision for) benefit from income taxes	(28)	5,316	
Net Income	\$12,063	\$ 14,801	
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.15	\$0.17	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.15	\$0.16	
Regular dividends declared per common share	\$0.28	\$ 0.28	
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	77,137,68	3283,360,31	12
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	77,137,68	8285,622,21	16

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands)		Three Months			
(III Thousands)	Ended Ma	urch 31,			
(Unaudited)	2016	2015			
Net Income	\$12,063	\$14,801			
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Net unrealized (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities	(10,103)	5,053			
Reclassification of unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities to net income	(10,953)	(1,690)			
Net unrealized loss on interest rate agreements	(14,243)	) (8,442)			
Reclassification of unrealized loss on interest rate agreements to net income	18	31			
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(35,281)	) (5,048)			
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$(23,218)	\$9,753			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

(In Thousands, Except Share Data) (Unaudited)	Common Sto Shares	ock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Income		Cumulative Distributions to Stockholders	Total	
December 31, 2015	78,162,765	\$ 782	\$1,695,956	\$ 91,993	\$1,018,683	\$(1,661,149)	\$1,146,265	
Net income	_				12,063		12,063	
Other comprehensive loss				(35,281)	—		(35,281)	
Employee stock purchase	73,651	_	(152)	_	_	_	(152)	
and incentive plans								
Non-cash equity award compensation	_	_	5,782	_	_	_	5,782	
Share repurchases	(1,609,185)	(16)	(20,605)	_		_	(20,621)	
Common dividends declared	_	_		_	_	(22,306)	(22,306)	
March 31, 2016	76,627,231	\$ 766	\$1,680,981	\$ 56,712	\$1.030.746	\$(1,683,455)	\$1.085.750	
For the Three Months Ende			, ,,		, ,,-	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,	
(In Thousands, Except Shar			A 111.1 1	Accumulated		Cumulative		
Data)	Common S	tock	Additional	Other	Cumulative	Distributions	- 1	
							'L'otol	
(Unaudited)	Shares	Amoun	Paid-In tCapital	Comprehensiv		to	Total	
(Unaudited)	Shares		tCapital	Income	veEarnings	to Stockholders		
December 31, 2014				•		to		
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect			tCapital	Income	veEarnings \$ 906,867	to Stockholders	\$1,256,141	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of			tCapital	Income	veEarnings	to Stockholders		
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup>	83,443,141	\$ 834 —	tCapital \$1,774,030 —	Income \$ 140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015		\$ 834 —	tCapital	Income	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015 Net income	83,443,141	\$ 834 —	tCapital \$1,774,030 —	Income \$ 140,688  140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595 14,801	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869 14,801	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015 Net income Other comprehensive loss	83,443,141	\$ 834 —	tCapital \$1,774,030 —	Income \$ 140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015 Net income Other comprehensive loss Dividend reinvestment &	83,443,141	\$ 834 —	tCapital \$1,774,030 —	Income \$ 140,688  140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595 14,801	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869 14,801	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015 Net income Other comprehensive loss Dividend reinvestment & stock purchase plans	83,443,141 	\$ 834 	tCapital \$1,774,030  1,774,030  3,239	Income \$ 140,688  140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595 14,801	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869 14,801 (5,048) 3,241	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015 Net income Other comprehensive loss Dividend reinvestment &	83,443,141 	\$ 834 	tCapital \$1,774,030  1,774,030  	Income \$ 140,688  140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595 14,801	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869 14,801 (5,048)	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015 Net income Other comprehensive loss Dividend reinvestment & stock purchase plans Employee stock purchase and incentive plans Non-cash equity award	83,443,141 	\$ 834 	tCapital \$1,774,030  1,774,030  3,239 (184 )	Income \$ 140,688  140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595 14,801	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869 14,801 (5,048) 3,241 (183)	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015 Net income Other comprehensive loss Dividend reinvestment & stock purchase plans Employee stock purchase and incentive plans Non-cash equity award compensation	83,443,141 	\$ 834 	tCapital \$1,774,030  1,774,030  3,239	Income \$ 140,688  140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595 14,801	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278)	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869 14,801 (5,048) 3,241	
December 31, 2014 Cumulative effect adjustment - adoption of ASU 2014-13 <sup>(1)</sup> January 1, 2015 Net income Other comprehensive loss Dividend reinvestment & stock purchase plans Employee stock purchase and incentive plans Non-cash equity award	83,443,141 	\$ 834 	tCapital \$1,774,030  1,774,030  3,239 (184 )	Income \$ 140,688 	veEarnings \$ 906,867 9,728 916,595 14,801	to Stockholders \$(1,566,278) 	\$1,256,141 9,728 1,265,869 14,801 (5,048) 3,241 (183) 2,692 (24,162)	

On January 1, 2015, we adopted ASU 2014-13, "Measuring the Financial Assets and the Financial Liabilities of a Consolidated Collateralized Financing Entity," and recorded this cumulative-effect adjustment, which represents the net effect of adjusting the assets and liabilities of the consolidated Sequoia collateralized financing entities

("CFEs") from amortized historical cost to fair value.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands) (Unaudited)	Three Months Ended March 31,
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	2016 2015
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$12,063 \$14,801
Amortization of premiums, discounts, and securities issuance costs, net Depreciation and amortization of non-financial assets	(7,568) (9,176) 277 143
Purchases of held-for-sale loans	(1,245,068) (2,558,425)
Proceeds from sales of held-for-sale loans	1,336,617 2,455,452
Principal payments on held-for-sale loans	23,518 14,394
Net settlements of derivatives	(1,154 ) (19,373 )
Provision for loan losses	289 206
Non-cash equity award compensation expense	5,782 2,692
Market valuation adjustments	15,848 19,435
Realized gains, net	(9,538) (4,306)
Net change in:	
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	(30,056) (38,394)
Accrued interest payable, deferred tax liabilities, and accrued expenses and other liabilities	4,966 3,476
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	105,976 (119,075)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Purchases of loans held-for-investment	— (7,600 )
Proceeds from sales of loans held-for-investment	6,298 —
Principal payments on loans held-for-investment	125,631 101,754
Purchases of real estate securities	(48,446) (15,613)
Proceeds from sales of real estate securities	340,798 77,293
Principal payments on real estate securities	22,401 26,313
Purchase of mortgage servicing rights	(5,397) (5,173)
Proceeds from sales of mortgage servicing rights	28,268 17,235
Net change in restricted cash	3,430 (97 )
Net cash provided by investing activities	472,983 194,112
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	1 005 000 1 (41 000
Proceeds from borrowings on short-term debt	1,027,320 1,641,380
Repayments on short-term debt	(2,078,148 (1,933,04))
Proceeds from issuance of asset-backed securities	— 420 (50.0(0)) (00.010)
Repayments on asset-backed securities issued	(50,868) (80,918)
Deferred securities issuance costs	- (32 )
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	771,287 354,932
Repayments on long-term debt	(118,146) —
Net settlements of derivatives	(73) 658
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	77 134
Net payments on repurchase of common stock	(22,987) — (218)
Taxes paid on equity award distributions	(229) $(318)$ $(24.162)$
Dividends paid	(22,306) $(24,162)$ $(40,047)$
Net cash used in financing activities	(494,073) (40,947)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	84,886 34,090
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	220,229 269,730 \$205,115 \$202,820
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$305,115 \$303,820

Supplemental Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the period for: Interest \$18,634 \$15,032 Taxes 64 38 Supplemental Noncash Information: \$— Real estate securities retained from loan securitizations \$6,282 Retention of mortgage servicing rights from loan securitizations and sales 3,463 15,675 Transfers from loans held-for-sale to loans held-for-investment 660,818 447,840 Transfers from loans held-for-investment to loans held-for-sale 54,747 \_\_\_\_ Transfers from residential loans to real estate owned 2,042 3,166 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### Note 1. Organization

Redwood Trust, Inc., together with its subsidiaries, focuses on investing in mortgage- and other real estate-related assets and engaging in mortgage banking activities. We seek to invest in real estate-related assets that have the potential to generate attractive cash flow returns over time and to generate income through our mortgage banking activities. We operate our business in three segments: Residential Investments, Residential Mortgage Banking, and Commercial. Redwood was incorporated in the State of Maryland on April 11, 1994, and commenced operations on August 19, 1994. References herein to "Redwood," the "company," "we," "us," and "our" include Redwood Trust, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires.

Redwood Trust, Inc. has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal Revenue Code"), beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 1994. We generally refer, collectively, to Redwood Trust, Inc. and those of its subsidiaries that are not subject to subsidiary-level corporate income tax as "the REIT" or "our REIT." We generally refer to subsidiaries of Redwood Trust, Inc. that are subject to subsidiary-level corporate income tax as "our operating subsidiaries" or "our taxable REIT subsidiaries" or "TRS."

We sponsor our Sequoia securitization program, which we use for the securitization of residential mortgage loans. References to Sequoia with respect to any time or period generally refer collectively to all the then consolidated Sequoia securitization entities for the periods presented. We have also engaged in securitization transactions in order to obtain financing for certain of our securities and commercial loans.

Note 2. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements presented herein are at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015. These interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") — as prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") — have been condensed or omitted according to these SEC rules and regulations. Management believes that the disclosures included in these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. In the opinion of management, all normal and recurring adjustments to present fairly the financial condition of the company at March 31, 2016 and results of operations for all periods presented have been made. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 should not be construed as indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

In the second quarter of 2015, we began to specifically identify derivatives that are used to hedge our exposure to market interest rate risk associated with our mortgage servicing right ("MSR") investments. As a result, beginning in the second quarter of 2015, we changed our income statement presentation to include the change in market value of these derivatives in the line item "Mortgage servicing rights income (loss), net." As we previously managed our market interest rate risk on a portfolio-wide basis and did not necessarily rely on derivatives to hedge our MSRs, we cannot conform prior periods to the current presentation. Therefore, in periods prior to the second quarter of 2015 presented in our consolidated statements of income, amounts in "Mortgage servicing rights income (loss), net." do not reflect the impact of hedging. These changes and year-over-year comparisons are discussed in further detail in Part I, Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Additionally, in the first quarter of 2016, we began to present the changes in fair value of certain investments and their associated derivatives in the new line item "Investment fair value changes, net" on our consolidated statements of income and began to present income from mortgage banking activities in "Mortgage banking activities, net" on our consolidated statements of income. We conformed the presentation of prior periods related to this change for consistency of comparison. See Notes 18 and 19 for additional detail on the components of these income statement line items.

### REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2016 (Unaudited) Note 2. Basis of Presentation - (continued)

#### Principles of Consolidation

In accordance with GAAP, we determine whether we must consolidate transferred financial assets and variable interest entities ("VIEs") for financial reporting purposes. We currently consolidate the assets and liabilities of certain Sequoia securitization entities where we maintain an ongoing involvement, as well as an entity formed in connection with a commercial securitization we engaged in during 2012 ("Commercial Securitization"). We also consolidated the assets and liabilities of an entity formed in connection with a resecuritization transaction we engaged in ("Residential Resecuritization") from its creation in 2011 through the fourth quarter of 2015, when the debt of the entity was repaid, the assets of the entity were distributed to us, and the entity was dissolved. Each securitization entity is independent of Redwood and of each other and the assets and liabilities are not owned by and are not legal obligations of Redwood Trust, Inc. Our exposure to these entities is primarily through the financial interests we have retained, although we are exposed to certain financial risks associated with our role as a sponsor, manager, or depositor of these entities or as a result of our having sold assets directly or indirectly to these entities.

For financial reporting purposes, the underlying loans and securities owned at the consolidated Sequoia entities, the Residential Resecuritization entity, and the Commercial Securitization entity are shown under residential and commercial loans and real estate securities on our consolidated balance sheets. The asset-backed securities ("ABS") issued to third parties by these entities are shown under ABS issued. In our consolidated statements of income, we record interest income on the loans and securities owned at these entities and interest expense on the ABS issued by these entities as well as other income and expenses associated with these entities' activities.

See Note 4 for further discussion on principles of consolidation.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires us to make a number of significant estimates. These include estimates of fair value of certain assets and liabilities, amounts and timing of credit losses, prepayment rates, and other estimates that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of certain revenues and expenses during the reported periods. It is likely that changes in these estimates (e.g., valuation changes due to supply and demand, credit performance, prepayments, interest rates, or other reasons) will occur in the near term. Our estimates are inherently subjective in nature and actual results could differ from our estimates and the differences could be material.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Significant Accounting Policies

Included in Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K is a summary of our significant accounting policies. Provided below is a summary of additional accounting policies that are significant to the company's consolidated financial condition and results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Newly Adopted Accounting Standards Updates ("ASUs")

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-05, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud-Computing Arrangement." This new guidance provides additional guidance on accounting for fees paid in a cloud-computing arrangement that contains a software license. This new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. We adopted this guidance, as required, in the first quarter of 2016, which did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

#### REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs." This new guidance requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the associated debt liability, consistent with the presentation of a debt discount. This new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years, and is required to be applied on a retrospective basis. We adopted this guidance, as required, in the first quarter of 2016 and now present our deferred securities issuance costs as a reduction to the related liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets for all periods presented. At March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, we included \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, of deferred securities issuance costs as a reduction to our ABS issued and presented it as ABS issued, net on our consolidated balance sheets and, for both periods, we included \$10 million of deferred securities issuance costs as a reduction to our long-term debt and presented it as Long-term debt, net on our consolidated balance sheets. In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, "Consolidation (Topic 810) - Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis." This new guidance provides a new scope exception for certain money market funds, makes targeted amendments to the current consolidation guidance, and ends the deferral granted to investment companies from applying the VIE guidance. This new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. We adopted this guidance, as required, in the first quarter of 2016, which did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Other Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2016, the FASB issued 2016 ASU 2016-09, "Compensation - Stock compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting." This new guidance is to simplify the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including related income tax accounting, classification of awards, and classification on the statement of cash flows. This new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. We plan to adopt this new guidance by the required date and do not believe it will have a material impact to our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases." This new guidance requires lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. This new guidance retains a dual lease accounting model, which requires leases to be classified as either operating or capital leases for lessees, for purposes of income statement recognition. This new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. We plan to adopt this new guidance by the required date and we are currently evaluating the impact that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements.

#### REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01,"Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." This new guidance amends accounting related to the classification and measurement of investments in equity securities and the presentation of certain fair value changes for financial liabilities measured at fair value. This new guidance also amends certain disclosure requirements associated with the fair value of financial instruments and it is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. We are currently evaluating the impact that this update will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." The update modifies the guidance companies use to recognize revenue from contracts with customers for transfers of goods or services and transfers of nonfinancial assets, unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards. The guidance also requires new qualitative and quantitative disclosures, including information about contract balances and performance obligations. In July 2015, the FASB approved a one year deferral of the effective date. Accordingly, the update is effective for us in the first quarter of 2018 with retrospective application to prior periods presented or as a cumulative effect adjustment in the period of adoption. Early adoption is permitted in the first quarter of 2017. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)." This new guidance provides additional implementation guidance on how an entity should identify the unit of accounting for the principal versus agent evaluations. We are currently evaluating the impact these updates will have on our consolidated financial statements. Balance Sheet Netting

Certain of our derivatives and short-term debt are subject to master netting arrangements or similar agreements. Under GAAP, in certain circumstances we may elect to present certain financial assets, liabilities and related collateral subject to master netting arrangements in a net position on our consolidated balance sheets. However, we do not report any of these financial assets or liabilities on a net basis, and instead present them on a gross basis on our consolidated balance sheets.

The table below presents financial assets and liabilities that are subject to master netting arrangements or similar agreements categorized by financial instrument, together with corresponding financial instruments and corresponding collateral received or pledged at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 3.1 – Offsetting of Financial Assets, Liabilities, and Collateral

ruote off officetting of Finant	141 1 100000, EI	aointico, ana e	onatorar			
March 31, 2016 (In Thousands) Assets <sup>(2)</sup>	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Amounts Offset in Consolidated Balance Sheet	Net Amounts of Assets (Liabilities) Presented in Consolidated Balance Sheet	Offset in C Balance Sh Financial	Consolidated neet <sup>(1)</sup> Cash	Net Amount
	<b>* • •</b> • • • • •	<i>.</i>	<b>* * 1</b> 100	+ (10 0 <b>9</b> C)	<i><b>•</b> (1 = 0 + )</i>	<b>.</b>
Interest rate agreements	\$24,188	\$ –	-\$ 24,188	\$(18,926)	\$ (4,581)	\$681
TBAs	2,843	—	2,843	(1,339)		1,504
Total Assets	\$27,031	\$ -	-\$ 27,031	\$(20,265)	\$ (4,581 )	\$2,185
Liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>						
Interest rate agreements	\$(92,100)	\$ –	-\$ (92,100)	\$18,926	\$73,174	<b>\$</b> —
TBAs	(3,739)		(3,739)	1,339	1,680	(720)
Futures	(1,324)		(1,324)		1,324	(
i uturos	(1,527)		(1,521)		1,521	

Loan warehouse debt	(368,679 ) —	(368,679	) 368,679	_	
Security repurchase agreements	(435,496 ) —	(435,496	) 435,496		
Total Liabilities	\$(901,338) \$	-\$ (901,338	) \$824,440	\$ 76,178	\$(720)

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

December 31, 2015 (In Thousands)	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Amounts Offset in Consolidate Balance Sheet	ed	Net Amounts of Assets (Liabilities) Presented in Consolidated Balance Sheet	Gross Amou Offset in Co Balance She Financial Instruments	nsolidated	Net Amount
Assets <sup>(2)</sup>							
Interest rate agreements	\$7,781	\$	_	-\$7,781	\$(5,651)	\$(1,917)	\$213
Credit default index swaps	1,207			1,207		(720)	487
TBAs	2,734			2,734	(1,898)	(293)	543
Total Assets	\$11,722	\$	_	-\$11,722	\$(7,549)	\$ (2,930)	\$1,243
Liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>							
Interest rate agreements	\$(58,366)	\$	_	-\$(58,366)	\$5,651	\$ 52,715	\$—
TBAs	(2,519)			(2,519)	1,898	7	(614)
Futures	(445)			(445)		445	_
Loan warehouse debt	(1,023,740)			(1,023,740)	1,023,740		_
Security repurchase agreements	(693,641)			(693,641)	693,641		_
Total Liabilities	\$(1,778,711)	\$	_	-\$(1,778,711)	\$1,724,930	\$ 53,167	\$(614)

Amounts presented in these columns are limited in total to the net amount of assets or liabilities presented in the prior column by instrument. In certain cases, there is excess cash collateral or financial assets we have pledged to a counterparty (which may, in certain circumstances, be a clearinghouse) that exceed the financial liabilities subject

(1)to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement. Additionally, in certain cases, counterparties may have pledged excess cash collateral to us that exceeds our corresponding financial assets. In each case, any of these excess amounts are excluded from the table although they are separately reported in our consolidated balance sheets as assets or liabilities, respectively.

Interest rate agreements, TBAs, and futures are components of derivatives instruments on our consolidated (2) balances sheets. Loan warehouse debt, which is secured by residential and commercial mortgage loans, and

security repurchase agreements are components of Short-term debt on our consolidated balance sheets. For each category of financial instrument set forth in the table above, the assets and liabilities resulting from individual transactions within that category between us and a counterparty are subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement with that counterparty that provides for individual transactions to be aggregated and treated as a single transaction. For certain categories of these instruments, some of our transactions are cleared and settled through one or more clearinghouses that are substituted as our counterparty. References herein to master netting arrangements or similar agreements include the arrangements and agreements governing the clearing and settlement of these transactions through the clearinghouses. In the event of the termination and close-out of any of those transactions, the corresponding master netting agreement or similar agreement provides for settlement on a net basis. Any such settlement would include the proceeds of the liquidation of any corresponding collateral, subject to certain limitations on termination, settlement, and liquidation of collateral that may apply in the event of the bankruptcy or insolvency of a party. Such limitations should not inhibit the eventual practical realization of the principal benefits of those transactions or the corresponding master netting arrangement or similar agreement and any corresponding collateral.

#### Note 4. Principles of Consolidation

GAAP requires us to consider whether securitizations we sponsor and other transfers of financial assets should be treated as sales or financings, as well as whether any VIEs that we hold variable interests in – for example, certain legal entities often used in securitization and other structured finance transactions – should be included in our consolidated financial statements. The GAAP principles we apply require us to reassess our requirement to consolidate VIEs each quarter and therefore our determination may change based upon new facts and circumstances pertaining to each VIE. This could result in a material impact to our consolidated financial statements during subsequent reporting periods. Analysis of Consolidated VIEs

As of March 31, 2016, the VIEs we are required to consolidate include certain Sequoia securitization entities and the Commercial Securitization entity. In addition, we consolidated the Residential Resecuritization from its creation in 2011 through the fourth quarter of 2015, when the VIE was dissolved. Each of these entities is independent of Redwood and of each other and the assets and liabilities of these entities are not owned by and are not legal obligations of ours. Our exposure to these entities is primarily through the financial interests we have retained, although we are exposed to certain financial risks associated with our role as a sponsor, manager, or depositor of these entities or as a result of our having sold assets directly or indirectly to these entities. The following table presents a summary of the assets and liabilities of these VIEs. Intercompany balances have been eliminated for purposes of this presentation.

Table 4.1 – Assets and Liabilities of Consolidated VIEs

1 abic + 1 - Assets and Liabilities of Col	iisoiiuaicu	VILS	
March 31, 2016	Sequoia	Commercial	Total
(Dollars in Thousands)	Entities	Securitization	Total
Residential loans, held-for-investment	\$930,027	\$ —	\$930,027
Commercial loans, held-for-investment	_	164,626	164,626
Restricted cash	147	136	283
Accrued interest receivable	1,038	1,290	2,328
Other assets	4,884	47	4,931
Total Assets	\$936,096	\$ 166,099	\$1,102,195
Accrued interest payable	\$519	\$ 242	\$761
Asset-backed securities issued	907,023	51,680	958,703
Total Liabilities	\$907,542	\$ 51,922	\$959,464
Number of VIEs	20	1	21

Note 4. Principles of Consolidation - (continued)

December 31, 2015	Sequoia	Commercial	Total
(Dollars in Thousands)	Entities	Securitization	
Residential loans, held-for-investment	\$1,021,870	\$ —	\$1,021,870
Commercial loans, held-for-investment		166,016	166,016
Real estate securities			
Restricted cash	228	137	365
Accrued interest receivable	1,131	1,297	2,428
Other assets	4,895		4,895
Total Assets	\$1,028,124	\$ 167,450	\$1,195,574
Accrued interest payable	\$555	\$ 249	\$804
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	100		100
Asset-backed securities issued, net	996,820	53,137	1,049,957
Total Liabilities	\$997,475	\$ 53,386	\$1,050,861
Number of VIEs	21	1	22

Analysis of Unconsolidated VIEs with Continuing Involvement

Since 2012, we have transferred residential loans to 26 Sequoia securitization entities sponsored by us and accounted for these transfers as sales for financial reporting purposes, in accordance with ASC 860. We also determined we were not the primary beneficiary of these VIEs as we lacked the power to direct the activities that will have the most significant economic impact on the entities. For the transferred loans where we held the servicing rights prior to the transfer and continue to hold the servicing rights, we recorded MSRs on our consolidated balance sheets, and classified those MSRs as Level 3 assets. We also retained senior and subordinate securities in these securitizations that we classified as Level 3 assets. Our continuing involvement in these securitizations is limited to customary servicing obligations associated with retaining residential MSRs (which we retain a third-party sub-servicer to perform) and the receipt of interest income associated with the securities we retained.

The following table presents information related to securitization transactions that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

Table 4.2 - Securitization Activity Related to Unconsolidated VIEs Sponsored by Redwood

	Three
	Months
	Ended
	March 31,
(In Thousands)	20 <b>26</b> 15
Principal balance of loans transferred	\$ <b>-\$</b> 338,796
Trading securities retained, at fair value	—3,423
AFS securities retained, at fair value	
MSRs recognized	—1,872

REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

Note 4. Principles of Consolidation - (continued)

The following table summarizes the cash flows during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 between us and the unconsolidated VIEs sponsored by us.

Table 4.3 - Cash Flows Related to Unconsolidated VIEs Sponsored by Redwood

	Three Months		
	Ended March		
	31,		
(In Thousands)	2012015		
Proceeds from new transfers	\$—\$341,716		
MSR fees received	3,5233770		
Funding of compensating interest	(7)9(90)		
Cash flows received on retained securities	11,11921,645		

The following table presents the key weighted-average assumptions used to measure MSRs and securities retained at the date of securitization.

Table 4.4 - Assumptions Related to Assets Retained from Unconsolidated VIEs Sponsored by Redwood

	Three Months Ended March	Three Months Ended	
	31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
At Date of Securitization	MSRs Subordinate Securities	MSRs	Subordinate Securities
Prepayment rate	N/A N/A	5%-19 %	8 %
Discount rates	N/A N/A	11 %	6 %
Credit loss assumptions	N/A N/A	N/A	0.25 %

Note 4. Principles of Consolidation - (continued)

The following table presents additional information at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, related to unconsolidated VIEs sponsored by Redwood and accounted for as sales since 2012. Table 4.5 – Unconsolidated VIEs Sponsored by Redwood

(In Thousands)	March 31,	December 31,
	2016	2015
On-balance sheet assets, at fair value:		
Interest-only, senior and subordinate securities, classified as trading	\$32,434	\$ 258,697
Senior and subordinate securities, classified as AFS	274,380	272,715
Mortgage servicing rights	39,220	56,984
Maximum loss exposure <sup>(1)</sup>	\$346,034	\$ 588,396
Assets transferred:		
Principal balance of loans outstanding	\$7,055,574	\$7,318,167
Principal balance of delinquent loans 30+ days delinquent	15,235	18,300
	1 3 7 3 5 1	• • • •

Maximum loss exposure from our involvement with unconsolidated VIEs pertains to the carrying value of our securities and MSRs retained from these VIEs and represents estimated losses that would be incurred under severe,

(1) hypothetical circumstances, such as if the value of our interests and any associated collateral declines to zero. This does not include, for example, any potential exposure to representation and warranty claims associated with our initial transfer of loans into a securitization.

The following table presents key economic assumptions for assets retained from unconsolidated VIEs and the sensitivity of their fair values to immediate adverse changes in those assumptions at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 4.6 – Key Assumptions and Sensitivity Analysis for Assets Retained from Unconsolidated VIEs Sponsored by Redwood

March 31, 2016 (Dollars in Thousands)	MSRs	Senior Securities	Subordinate Securities	
Fair value at March 31, 2016	\$39,220	\$22,177	\$284,637	
Expected life (in years) <sup>(2)</sup>	4	4	11	
Prepayment speed assumption (annual CPR) <sup>(2)</sup>	21 %	14 %	13 %	
Decrease in fair value from:				
10% adverse change	\$2,423	\$1,297	\$969	
25% adverse change	5,800	3,039	2,459	
Discount rate assumption <sup>(2)</sup>	11 %	11 %	6 %	
Decrease in fair value from:				
100 basis point increase	\$1,024	\$650	\$21,432	
200 basis point increase	2,012	1,264	40,189	
Credit loss assumption <sup>(2)</sup>	N/A	0.25 %	0.25 %	
Decrease in fair value from:				
10% higher losses	N/A	\$15	\$1,213	
25% higher losses	N/A	38	3,042	

Note 4. Principles of Consolidation - (continued)

December 31, 2015 (Dollars in Thousands)	MSRs		Senior Securitie	s	Subordin Securitie	
Fair value at December 31, 2015	\$56,984		\$248,570	)	\$282,842	2
Expected life (in years) <sup>(2)</sup>	7		5		12	
Prepayment speed assumption (annual CPR) <sup>(2)</sup>	11 9	%	10	%	12	%
Decrease in fair value from:						
10% adverse change	\$2,868		\$2,042		\$901	
25% adverse change	6,119		4,810		2,278	
Discount rate assumption <sup>(2)</sup>	11 9	70	5	%	6	%
Decrease in fair value from:						
100 basis point increase	\$2,711		\$10,029		\$21,981	
200 basis point increase	4,745		19,365		41,156	
Credit loss assumption <sup>(2)</sup>	N/A		0.25	%	0.25	%
Decrease in fair value from:						
10% higher losses	N/A		\$35		\$1,244	
25% higher losses	N/A		86		3,129	

(1) Senior securities included \$22 million and \$31 million of interest only securities as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

(2) Expected life, prepayment speed assumption, discount rate assumption, and credit loss assumption presented in the tables above represent weighted averages.

Analysis of Third-Party VIEs

Third-party VIEs are securitization entities in which we maintain an economic interest, but do not sponsor. Our economic interest may include several securities from the same third-party VIE, and in those cases, the analysis is performed in consideration of all of our interests. The following table presents a summary of our interests in third-party VIEs at March 31, 2016, grouped by security type.

Table 4.7 – Third-Party Sponsored VIE Summary

(Dollars in Thousands)	March 31, 2016
Mortgage Backed Securities	
Senior	\$146,030
Re-REMIC	162,970
Subordinate	304,113
Total Investments in Third Darty Conserved VIEs	¢ < 12 112

Total Investments in Third-Party Sponsored VIEs \$613,113

We determined that we are not the primary beneficiary of any third-party VIEs, as we do not have the required power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of these entities. Specifically, we do not service or manage these entities or otherwise solely hold decision making powers that are significant. As a result of this assessment, we do not consolidate any of the underlying assets and liabilities of these third-party VIEs – we only account for our specific interests in them.

Our assessments of whether we are required to consolidate a VIE may change in subsequent reporting periods based upon changing facts and circumstances pertaining to each VIE. Any related accounting changes could result in a

material impact to our financial statements.

REDWOOD TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

#### Note 5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

For financial reporting purposes, we follow a fair value hierarchy established under GAAP that is used to determine the fair value of financial instruments. This hierarchy prioritizes relevant market inputs in order to determine an "exit price" at the measurement date, or the price at which an asset could be sold or a liability could be transferred in an orderly process that is not a forced liquidation or distressed sale. Level 1 inputs are observable inputs that reflect quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. Level 2 inputs are observable inputs other than quoted prices for an asset or liability that are obtained through corroboration with observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs (e.g., our own data or assumptions) that are used when there is little, if any, relevant market activity for the asset or liability required to be measured at fair value.

In certain cases, inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level at which the fair value measurement falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability being measured.

Note 5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments - (continued)

The following table presents the carrying values and estimated fair values of assets and liabilities that are required to be recorded or disclosed at fair value at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Table 5.1 - Carrying Values and Fair Values of Assets and Liabilities

	March 31, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
(In Thousands)	Value	Value	Value	Value
Assets				
Residential loans, held-for-sale				
At fair value	\$439,674	\$439,674	\$1,114,305	\$1,114,305
At lower of cost or fair value	1,402	1,594	1,433	1,635
Residential loans, held-for-investment <sup>(1)</sup>				
At fair value	3,273,980	3,273,980		