

PROXYMED INC /FT LAUDERDALE/

Form 10-Q/A

December 15, 2004

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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

AMENDMENT No. 1

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2004**

o TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: **000-22052**

PROXYMED, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida

65-0202059

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1854 Shackleford Court, Suite 200, Atlanta, Georgia

30093

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(770) 806-9918

(Registrant's telephone number)

2555 Davie Road, Suite 110, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33317

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was

required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).

Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value
12,625,181 Shares as of May 7, 2004

Table of Contents**Explanatory Note**

The Company is filing this amended Form 10-Q/A to effect a restatement of its consolidated financial statements for the following items: (1) the value of the stock issued in connection with its acquisition of PlanVista should have been \$59.8 million; (2) additional disclosure should be provided regarding the Company's revenue recognition and reserve for doubtful accounts/bad debt policies; (3) the liquidation preference of the Series C 7% Convertible preferred stock disclosed on the face of the consolidated balance sheet should have been \$200,000; (4) the consolidated statement of operations should display a subtotal for net loss before income taxes; and (5) the Company should remove a reference to a third-party appraisal firm used in the valuation of the intangible assets of PlanVista.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations gives effect to the above items, where applicable.

Except for items discussed above, no other information has been updated for events occurring subsequently to the original filing on Form 10-Q on May 10, 2004. See Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

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Table of Contents**PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Balance Sheets**
(amounts in thousands except for share and per share data)

	March 31, 2004	December 31, 2003
	(unaudited) (as restated, see Note 13)	
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,381	\$ 5,333
Accounts receivable - trade, net	20,411	10,434
Notes and other receivables	274	187
Inventory, net	3,574	3,347
Other current assets	1,565	1,908
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current assets	36,205	21,209
Property and equipment, net	5,364	4,772
Goodwill	91,742	30,775
Purchased technology, capitalized software and other intangible assets, net	57,158	15,884
Restricted cash	250	291
Other long-term assets	512	199
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets	\$ 191,231	\$ 73,130
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Notes payable and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 5,850	\$ 1,712
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11,208	8,264
Deferred revenue and other current liabilities	1,646	721
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current liabilities	18,704	10,697
Convertible notes	13,137	13,137
Other long-term debt	21,269	2,057
Long-term deferred revenue and other long-term liabilities	104	1,461
	<hr/>	<hr/>

Total liabilities	<u>53,214</u>	<u>27,352</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Series C 7% Convertible preferred stock - \$.01 par value. Authorized 300,000 shares; issued 253,265 shares; outstanding 2,000 shares; liquidation preference \$200		
Common stock - \$.001 par value. Authorized 30,000,000 and 13,333,333 shares respectively; issued and outstanding 12,624,624 and 6,782,938 shares respectively		
	13	7
Additional paid-in capital	239,094	146,230
Accumulated deficit	(100,700)	(100,273)
Unearned compensation	(204)	
Note receivable from stockholder	<u>(186)</u>	<u>(186)</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>138,017</u>	<u>45,778</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 191,231</u>	<u>\$ 73,130</u>

See notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Operations****(unaudited)****(amounts in thousands except for share and per share data)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Net revenues:		
Transaction fees, cost containment services and license fees	\$ 15,886	\$ 12,560
Communication devices and other tangible goods	4,618	4,870
	<u>20,504</u>	<u>17,430</u>
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of transaction fees, cost containment services and license fees	4,270	4,258
Cost of laboratory communication devices and other tangible goods	4,019	3,954
Selling, general and administrative expenses	10,405	10,041
Depreciation and amortization	1,849	1,330
Loss on disposal of assets	4	125
	<u>20,547</u>	<u>19,708</u>
Operating loss	(43)	(2,278)
Interest expense, net	334	174
	<u>(377)</u>	<u>(2,452)</u>
Loss before income taxes	(377)	(2,452)
Provision for income taxes	50	
	<u>(427)</u>	<u>(2,452)</u>
Net loss	\$ (427)	\$ (2,452)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.36)
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding	8,570,731	6,782,938

See notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)
(amounts in thousands)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (427)	\$ (2,452)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operations:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,849	1,330
Provision for doubtful accounts	207	54
Provision for obsolete inventory	15	10
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	4	125
Non-cash interest income	(27)	
Stock option compensation charges	106	
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions and dispositions:		
Accounts and other receivables	(641)	(984)
Inventory	(241)	(148)
Other current assets	56	(262)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(51)	1,797
Accrued expenses of PlanVista paid by ProxyMed	(4,011)	
Deferred revenue	53	(38)
Other, net	(137)	74
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,245)	(494)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net cash acquired in acquisition	782	
Capital expenditures	(705)	(910)
Capitalized software	(380)	(276)
Collection of notes receivable	45	81
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		64
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash	40	(326)
Payments for acquisition-related costs	(776)	(3,860)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash used in investing activities	(994)	(5,227)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net proceeds from sale of common stock	24,100	
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	8,750	

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Draws on line of credit	4,900	
Repayment of line of credit	(4,400)	
Payment of notes payable, capital leases and long-term debt	(24,063)	(310)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	9,287	(310)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5,048	(6,031)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	5,333	16,378
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,347
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

See notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

- (a) **Basis of Presentation** The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of ProxyMed, Inc. and subsidiaries (ProxyMed or the Company) and the notes thereto have been prepared in accordance with the instructions of Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) and do not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, such information reflects all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of results for the interim periods.

The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2004 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The unaudited consolidated financial statements included herein should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2003 as filed with the SEC on December 15, 2004.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

- (b) **Revenue Recognition** Revenue is derived from the Company's Transaction Services and Laboratory Communication Solutions segments.

In its Transaction Services segment, the Company provides transaction and value-added services principally between physicians and insurance companies, and physicians and pharmacies. Such transactions and services include Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) claims submission and reporting, insurance eligibility verification, claims status inquiries, referral management, electronic remittance advice, patient statement processing, encounters, and cost containment transaction services including claims repricing and bill renegotiation. In the Laboratory Communication Solutions segment, the Company sells, rents and services intelligent remote reporting devices and provides lab order entry and results reporting through its software products.

Transaction Services revenues are derived from insurance payers, pharmacies and submitters (physicians and other entities including billing services, practice management software vendors, claims aggregators, etc.). Such revenues are recorded on a per transaction fee basis or a flat fee basis (per physician) and are recognized in the period the service is rendered. Agreements between the Company and payers or pharmacies are for one to three years on a non-exclusive basis. Agreements with submitters are for one year, renew automatically, and are generally terminable thereafter upon 30 to 90 days notice. Transaction fees vary according to the type of transaction and other factors, including volume level commitments primarily for payers.

Revenue from Medical Cost Containment business in the Transaction Services segment is recognized when the services are performed and are recorded net of their estimated allowances (see Note 2(c)). These revenues are primarily in the form of fees generated from the discounts the Company secures for the payers that access its provider network. The Company enters into agreements with its healthcare payer customers that require them to pay a percentage of the cost savings generated from the Company's network discounts with participating providers. These agreements are generally terminable upon 90 days notice. Revenue from a percentage of savings contract is generally recognized when the related claims processing and administrative services have been performed. The remainder of the Company's revenue from its Medical Cost Containment business is generated from customers that pay a monthly fee based on eligible employees enrolled in a benefit plan covered by the Company's health benefits payers' clients.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

Also in the Transaction Services segment, certain transaction fee revenue is subject to revenue sharing pursuant to agreements with resellers, vendors or gateway partners and is recorded as gross revenues in accordance with EITF No. 99-19, Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent. Such revenue sharing amounts are based on a per transaction amount or a percentage of revenue basis and may involve increasing amounts or percentages based on transaction or revenue volumes achieved.

Revenue from certain up-front fees charged primarily for the development of EDI for payers and the implementation of services for submitters in the Transaction Services segment is amortized ratably over three years, which is the expected life of the customer, in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, Revenue Recognition (SAB No. 104).

Revenue from support and maintenance contracts on the Company's products in both the Transaction Services and Laboratory Communication Solutions segments is recognized ratably over the contract period, which does not exceed one year. Such amounts are billed in advance and established as deferred revenue.

In the Company's Laboratory Communication Solutions segment, revenue from sales of inventory and manufactured goods is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the price is fixed or determinable and collectibility is probable in accordance with SAB No. 104.

Revenues from maintenance fees on laboratory communication devices are charged on an annual or quarterly basis and are recognized ratably over the service period. Service fees may also be charged on a per event basis and are recognized after the service has been performed.

Revenue from the rental of laboratory communication devices is recognized ratably over the applicable period of the rental contract. Such contracts require monthly rental payments and are for a one to three year term, then renewing for a similar period after the initial term is expired. Contracts may be cancelled upon 30 days notice. A significant amount of rental revenues are derived from contracts that are no longer under the initial non-cancelable term. At the end of the rental period, the customer may return or purchase the unit for fair market value. Upon sale of the revenue earning equipment, the gross proceeds are included in net revenues and the undepreciated cost of the equipment sold is included in cost of sales.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

- (c) Reserve for Doubtful Accounts/Bad Debt Estimates The Company relies on estimates to determine the bad debt expense and the adequacy of the reserve for doubtful accounts receivable. These estimates are based on the Company's historical experience and the industry in which it operates. If the financial condition of its customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required. Additionally, in the Medical Cost Containment business, the Company evaluates the collectibility of its accounts receivable based on a combination of factors, including historical collection ratios.

In circumstances where the Company is aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations, it records a specific reserve for bad debts against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to the amount it reasonably believes will be collected. For all other customers, the Company recognizes reserves for bad debts based on past write-off history and the length of time the receivables are past due. To the extent historical credit experience is not indicative of future performance or other assumptions used by management do not prevail, loss experience could differ significantly, resulting in either higher or lower future provision for losses.

- (d) Net loss per share Basic net loss per share of common stock is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution from the exercise or conversion of securities into common stock; however, the following shares were excluded from the calculation of net loss per share because their effects would have been antidilutive:

	March 31,	
	2004	2003
Common shares excluded in the computation of net loss per share:		
Convertible preferred stock	13,333	13,333
Stock options	1,677,840	1,130,092
Warrants	910,382	623,061
	2,601,555	1,766,486

Additionally, 238,989 shares issuable upon conversion of \$4.4 million in convertible notes (as a result of meeting the first revenue threshold in the fourth quarter of 2003) issued in connection with the Company's acquisition of MedUnite in December 2002 are excluded from the calculation for all periods presented because their effect would also be anti-dilutive.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

- (e) Stock Based Compensation ProxyMed applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB No. 25), and related interpretations in accounting for its stock-based compensation plans. The Company measures compensation expense related to the grant of stock options and stock-based awards to employees (including independent directors) in accordance with the provisions of APB No. 25. In accordance with APB No. 25, compensation expense, if any, is generally based on the difference between the exercise price of an option, or the amount paid for an award, and the market price or fair value of the underlying common stock at the date of the award or at the measurement date for variable awards. Stock-based compensation arrangements involving non-employees are accounted for under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, (SFAS No. 123) as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure (SFAS No. 148), under which such arrangements are accounted for based on the fair value of the option or award.

Under SFAS No. 123, as amended by SFAS No. 148, compensation cost for the Company's stock-based compensation plans would be determined based on the fair value at the grant dates for awards under those plans. Had the Company adopted SFAS No. 123 in accounting for its stock option plans, the Company's consolidated net loss and net loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 would have been adjusted to the pro forma amounts indicated as follows:

In thousands except for per share data	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Net loss, as reported	\$ (427)	\$ (2,452)
Deduct: Total stock-based employee pro forma compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects (1)	(376)	(150)
Addback charges already taken for intrinsic value of options	14	
Pro forma net loss	\$ (789)	\$ (2,602)
Basic and diluted net loss per common share:		
As reported	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.36)
Pro forma	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.38)

(1) The following ranges of assumptions were used in the calculation of pro forma compensation expense for the periods presented:

Risk-free interest rate	3.8% - 4.1%	3.7% - 4.1%
Expected life	10 years	10 years
Expected volatility	75% - 76%	81%
Dividend yield	0%	0%

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

- (f) New Accounting Pronouncements In April 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (SFAS No. 149). SFAS No. 149 amends and clarifies accounting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133,

Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities . SFAS No. 149 is effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003, except for certain provisions that relate to SFAS No. 133 implementation issues that have been effective for fiscal quarters that began prior to June 15, 2003 and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. Since currently the Company does not have derivative instruments, the Company does not believe that the implementation of SFAS No. 149 will have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity (SFAS No. 150). SFAS No. 150 specifies that instruments within its scope embody obligations of the issuer and that, therefore, the issuer must classify them as liabilities. SFAS No. 150 requires issuers to classify as liabilities the following three types of freestanding financial instruments: (1) mandatory redeemable financial instruments; (2) obligations to repurchase the issuer s equity shares by transferring assets; and (3) certain obligations to issue a variable number of shares. SFAS No. 150 defines a freestanding financial instrument as a financial instrument that (1) is entered into separately and apart from any of the entity s other financial instruments or equity transactions; or (2) is entered into in conjunction with some other transaction and can be legally detached and exercised on a separate basis. For all financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, SFAS No. 150 is effective immediately. For all other instruments of public companies, SFAS No. 150 went into effect at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. For contracts that were created or modified before May 31, 2003 and still exist at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003, entities should record the transition to SFAS No. 150 by reporting the cumulative effect of a change in an accounting principle. SFAS No. 150 prohibits entities from restating financial statements for earlier years presented. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 150 to have a material impact on its financial statements.

- (g) Reclassifications Prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Such reclassifications include the movement of direct labor and manufacturing overhead from selling, general and administrative expenses to cost of tangible products sold in the Laboratory Communications Solutions segment to better reflect the production of tangible products in this segment.

<u>In thousands</u>	Three Months Ended March 31, 2003	
	As Originally Reported	As Reclassified
Cost of transaction fees, services and license fees	\$ 4,271	\$ 4,258
Cost of laboratory communication devices and other tangible goods	\$ 3,222	\$ 3,954
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$10,760	\$10,041

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

(2) Acquisition of PlanVista

On March 2, 2004, the Company acquired all of the capital stock of PlanVista Corporation, a publicly-held company located in Tampa, Florida and Middletown, New York that provides medical cost containment and business process outsourcing solutions, including claims repricing services, for the medical insurance and managed care industries, as well as services for healthcare providers, including individual providers, preferred provider organizations and other provider groups for 3,600,000 shares of ProxyMed common stock issued to PlanVista's shareholders. In addition, ProxyMed assumed debt and other liabilities of PlanVista, and incurred \$1.3 million in acquisition related expenses. The value of these shares was \$59.8 million based on the average closing price of ProxyMed's common stock for the day of and the two days before and after the announcement of the definitive agreement on December 8, 2003 in accordance with EITF No. 99-12, *Determination of the Measurement Date for the Market Price of Acquirer Securities Issued in Purchase Business Combination*. Additionally, ProxyMed raised \$24.1 million in a private placement sale of its common stock to various entities affiliated with General Atlantic Partners and Commonwealth Associates to partially fund repayment of PlanVista's debts and other obligations outstanding at the time of the acquisition (see Note 6). The acquisition enables the Company to enter into a new line of business, provide new end-to-end services, increase sales opportunities with payers, strengthen business ties with certain customers, expand technological capabilities, reduce operating costs and enhance its public profile.

The Company had previously entered into a joint marketing agreement with PlanVista for the sale of PlanVista's services in June 2003. As part of that agreement, PlanVista granted the Company a warrant to purchase 15% of the number of outstanding shares of PlanVista common stock on a fully-diluted basis as of the time of exercise for \$1.95 per share. The warrant was exercisable immediately and expired in December 2003. The warrant was accounted for at its cost under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 18, *The Equity Method of Accounting for Investments in Common Stock* since it did not meet the conditions necessary to be accounted for under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*. Upon expiration of the warrant in December 2003, the Company recorded an impairment loss in the amount \$0.5 million (representing the initial value of the warrant and calculated using a Black Scholes model) which was reflected in other expense in the Company's consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

Following consummation of the acquisition, PlanVista's common stock was delisted from the Over the Counter Bulletin Board, and each share of PlanVista's outstanding common stock was cancelled and converted into the right to receive 0.08271 of a share of the Company's common stock and each holder of PlanVista series C preferred stock received 51.5292 shares of the Company's common stock in exchange for each share of PlanVista series C preferred stock, representing approximately 23% of the Company's common stock on a fully converted basis, and the holders of the Company's outstanding stock, options and warrants retained approximately 77% of the Company.

A preliminary allocation of the purchase price is as follows:

In thousands	
Common stock issued	\$ 59,760
Acquisition-related costs	1,328
Other adjustments	(642)
	60,446
Allocation of purchase price:	
Cash and cash equivalents	(782)
Accounts receivable, net	(9,470)
Other current assets	(395)
Property and equipment, net	(658)
Customer relationships	(24,600)
Provider network	(16,200)
Technology platforms	(1,180)
Other long-term assets	(360)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	7,834
Income taxes payable	562
Notes payable, debt and other obligations	44,889
Other long-term liabilities	881
	\$ 60,967

The excess of the consideration paid over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired in the amount of \$61.0 million was recorded as goodwill. The Company has not yet determined whether any or all of this goodwill will be deductible for income tax purposes. The weighted average useful life of the customer relationships is approximately 12.0 years, the weighted average useful life of the provider network is 10.0 years, and the weighted average useful life of the technology platforms is 4.5 years. The valuation of PlanVista's provider network and technology platforms was based on management's estimates which included consideration of a replacement cost methodology while the value of the customer relationships was calculated on a discounted cash flow model.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

At the time of its acquisition by the Company, PlanVista was involved in various lawsuits and threatened litigation. These pre-acquisition contingencies include: (i) a disputed New York State tax liability for which the Company is still evaluating the merits of the case and cannot yet draw a conclusion as to outcome and (ii) three other cases that preceded the acquisition of PlanVista for which the Company is still evaluating the merits of the cases and cannot yet draw conclusions as to outcome. Management intends to either settle or determine a potential exposure for each of the aforementioned cases within 12 months from the acquisition date of PlanVista.

Additionally, the Company wrote-off against goodwill \$0.6 million of other liabilities related to the marketing agreement with PlanVista from June 2003. The results of PlanVista's operations have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since March 2004 in its Transaction Services segment.

The issuance of the 3,600,000 shares of Company common stock to the PlanVista stockholders was registered under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to the Company's registration statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-111024) (the Registration Statement) filed with the SEC and declared effective on February 2, 2004.

In connection with this transaction, on March 1, 2004, the Company's shareholders approved (1) an amendment to the Company's articles of incorporation to increase the total number of authorized shares of the Company's common stock from 13,333,333 shares to 30,000,000 shares; (2) the issuance of 1,691,227 shares of the Company's common stock at \$14.25 per share in a private equity offering valued at \$24.1 million (to retire debt of PlanVista and pay certain expenses associated with the merger); (3) the issuance of 3,600,000 shares of the Company's common stock in connection with the PlanVista merger; and (4) an amendment to the Company's 2002 Stock Option Plan to increase the total number of shares available for issuance from 600,000 to 1,350,000. Additionally, one director of PlanVista was appointed to the Company's board of directors.

All officers and employees of PlanVista, with the exception of PlanVista's chief financial officer, continued employment with the Company.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

Additionally, certain officers, directors and employees of PlanVista were granted options to purchase an aggregate of 200,000 shares of ProxyMed common stock at an exercise price of \$17.74 per share. Of these options, 173,120 will vest two-thirds on the first anniversary date of the grant and one-third on the third anniversary date of the grant. Since the exercise price was less than the market price as of the date of issuance, the Company is recording periodic non-cash compensation charges over the vesting period of the options based on the intrinsic value method. For the three months ended March 31, 2004, the Company recorded a non-cash compensation charge of \$14,000 for these options. The balance of 26,880 options was granted to PlanVista's former Chief Financial Officer in connection with a consulting arrangement with him. Fifty percent of these options vested immediately upon the change of control and 25% will each vest after three and six months. The Company recorded a charge of approximately \$0.1 million in compensation expense associated with this grant in the three months ended March 31, 2004 utilizing a Black-Scholes model using the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 1.2%, expected life of 9 months, expected volatility of 42% and no dividend yield.

The following unaudited pro forma summary presents the consolidated results of operations of ProxyMed and PlanVista as if the acquisitions of these businesses had occurred on January 1, 2003. These pro forma results do not necessarily represent results that would have occurred if the acquisition had taken place on that date, or of results that may occur in the future.

In thousands (except for per share data)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Revenues	\$ 26,172	\$ 25,484
Cost of sales	\$ 10,145	\$ 9,498
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 12,693	\$ 13,906
Operating income (loss)	\$ 700	\$ (533)
Interest expense, net	\$ 150	\$ 485
Net loss	\$ (91)	\$ (1,349)
Basic and diluted net loss per share of common stock	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.11)

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

(3) Inventory

Inventory consists of the following at March 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003:

In thousands	March 31, 2004	December 31, 2003
	(unaudited)	
Materials, supplies and component parts	\$ 1,973	\$ 2,018
Work in process	824	591
Finished goods	819	746
	3,616	3,355
Less: obsolescence reserve	(42)	(8)
	\$ 3,574	\$ 3,347

(4) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

- (a) **Goodwill** The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill for the three months ended March 31, 2004 by operating segment are as follows:

In thousands	Transaction Services	Laboratory Communication Solutions	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2003	\$ 28,673	\$ 2,102	\$ 30,775
Goodwill acquired during the period	60,967		60,967
	\$ 89,640	\$ 2,102	\$ 91,742

- (b) **Other Intangible Assets** The carrying amounts of other intangible assets as of March 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003, by category, are as follows:

In thousands	March 31, 2004 (unaudited)	December 31, 2003
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	Carrying Accumulated			Carrying Accumulated		
	Amount	Amortization	Net	Amount	Amortization	Net
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Capitalized software	\$ 2,168	\$ (315)	\$ 1,853	\$ 1,788	\$ (183)	\$ 1,605
Purchased technology	10,306	(3,555)	6,751	9,126	(3,194)	5,932
Customer relationships	34,394	(1,905)	32,489	9,793	(1,446)	8,347
Provider network	16,200	(135)	16,065	_____	_____	_____
	<u>\$63,068</u>	<u>\$ (5,910)</u>	<u>\$57,158</u>	<u>\$20,707</u>	<u>\$ (4,823)</u>	<u>\$15,884</u>

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

Amortization expense of other intangible assets was \$1.1 million and \$0.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

As of March 31, 2004, estimated future amortization expense of other intangible assets is as follows:

In thousands	
2004 (remaining quarters)	\$ 5,454
2005	7,181
2006	6,935
2007	6,633
2008	6,155
	\$32,358

(5) Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following at March 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003:

In thousands	March 31, 2004	December 31, 2003
	(unaudited)	
Accounts payable	\$ 4,271	\$ 2,956
Accrued payroll and related costs	3,236	1,860
Accrued vendor rebates and network fees payable	1,589	1,198
Acquisition related costs	39	459
Other accrued expenses	2,073	1,791
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 11,208	\$ 8,264

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

(6) **Debt Obligations**

- (a) **Senior Debt** As a result of the acquisition of PlanVista, the Company assumed and guaranteed a \$20.4 million secured obligation to PVC Funding Partners, LLC (an investment company related to Commonwealth Associates, LP). This obligation is payable in monthly installments of \$0.2 million and matures on May 1, 2005. It currently bears an interest rate of 6%, payable monthly in cash, which increases to 10% on December 1, 2004. Under the covenants of the senior debt obligation, PlanVista (as a wholly-owned subsidiary) is limited in its ability to upstream cash to ProxyMed (as the parent company). Additionally, the assets of PlanVista are not eligible collateral for the Company's asset-based line of credit due to covenants of the senior debt. As of March 31, 2004, the balance of this Senior Debt is \$20.4 million.
- (b) **Convertible Notes** On December 31, 2002, the Company issued \$13.4 million in uncollateralized convertible promissory notes at 4% to the former shareholders of MedUnite as part of the consideration paid in its acquisition of MedUnite. Interest is payable quarterly in cash in arrears. The convertible promissory notes are payable in full on December 31, 2008 unless converted earlier upon the meeting of certain aggregate revenue triggers by the former shareholders. After an offsetting claim by the Company in October 2003 in the amount of \$0.3 million, the outstanding balance of these notes is \$13.1 million. Additionally, as a result of the reduction in principal, the notes are now convertible into 716,968 shares of the Company's common stock subject to achieving the revenue triggers. The first revenue trigger was met in the fourth quarter of 2003.
- (c) **Notes Payable** In February 2003, the Company financed \$0.3 million for a certain liability insurance policy required for the MedUnite acquisition over 24 months at 5.25% to a third-party. At March 31, 2004, the note has an outstanding balance of \$0.1 million and is collateralized by a letter of credit in the amount of \$0.2 million (supported with restricted cash).

In March 2003, the Company restructured \$3.4 million in accounts payable and accrued expenses acquired from MedUnite and outstanding at December 31, 2002 to one vendor by paying \$0.8 million in cash and financing the balance of \$2.6 million with an unsecured note payable over 36 months at 8% commencing in March 2003. At March 31, 2004, the balance of this note payable is \$1.8 million.

In April 2003, the Company financed a net total of \$2.0 million (\$2.8 million in accounts payable and accrued expenses offset by \$0.8 million in accounts receivable) existing at December 31, 2002 from MedUnite to NDCHealth by issuing an unsecured note payable over 24 months at 6%. At March 31, 2004, the balance of this note payable is \$1.3 million.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

In January 2004, the Company financed \$0.3 million of liability insurance policy premium with an unsecured note, payable over 9 months at 4.9% to a third-party. At March 31, 2004, the balance of this note is \$0.3 million.

As a result of the acquisition of PlanVista, the Company also assumed notes payable to two former board members of PlanVista. The combined balance of these notes is \$0.5 million at March 31, 2004. One of these board members has been appointed as director of ProxyMed as a result of the acquisition. These notes bear interest at prime plus 4% (which has been accrued through and totals \$0.1 million at March 31, 2004). Both principal and interest are due on December 1, 2004.

Additionally, the Company also assumed an unsecured note payable that financed a certain liability policy of PlanVista that was required as part of the acquisition. This note matures in November 2004 and bears interest at 8.5% payable to a third-party. At March 31, 2004, the balance of this note was \$0.5 million.

- (d) **Revolving Credit Facility** In February 2004, the Company drew down \$4.4 million on its revolving credit facility to provide bridge funding in its acquisition of PlanVista. This amount was repaid in March 2004. At March 31, 2004, there was \$0.5 million drawn on this line of credit which was subsequently repaid in April 2004.

Debt as of March 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003 is as follows:

In thousands	March 31, 2004	December 31, 2003
	(unaudited)	
Senior debt	\$ 20,395	\$
Convertible debt	13,137	13,137
Notes payable	4,925	3,769
	38,457	16,906
Less: current maturities	5,850	1,712
	\$ 32,607	\$ 15,194

As of March 31, 2004, debt payments over the next several years are as follows. The amounts assume no conversion of the convertible debt:

In thousands	
2004 (remaining quarters)	\$ 5,042
2005	20,073

2006	205
2007	
2008	<u>13,137</u>
	<u>\$38,457</u>

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

(7) Equity Transactions

- (a) Sale of Common Stock On March 2, 2004, the Company sold an aggregate of 1,691,227 shares of unregistered common stock at \$14.25 per share in a private placement to General Atlantic Partners 77, L.P., GAP Coinvestments III, LLC, GAP Coinvestments IV, LLC, Gapstar, LLC, GAPCO GmbH & Co. KG., PVC Funding Partners, LLC, ComVest Venture Partners, L.P., Shea Ventures, LLC, and Robert Priddy (the Purchasers) resulting in net proceeds of \$24.1 million. No placement agent was used in this transaction. The Company has agreed to grant the Purchasers certain demand and piggy back registration rights. The proceeds from this transaction were used with other available funds to retire certain debts of PlanVista and to fund certain costs associated with the Company's acquisition of PlanVista.
- (b) Stock Options During the three months ended March 31, 2004, the Company granted 241,373 stock options at exercise prices between \$17.74 and \$19.25 per share to employees. Such options are for a ten-year term and vest equally over the three years following the date of the grant. However, of these options, 173,120 options granted to employees of PlanVista upon its acquisition by ProxyMed will vest two-thirds on the first anniversary date of the grant and one-third on the third anniversary date of the grant. As described in Note 2, since these options were granted at an exercise price of \$17.74, which was below the \$19.00 market price at the time of issuance, the Company will record periodic non-cash compensation charges over the vesting period of the options based on the intrinsic value method. For the three months ended March 31, 2004, the Company recorded a charge of \$14,000 for these options.

In March 2004, 26,880 options at an exercise price of \$17.74 per share were granted to PlanVista's former Chief Financial Officer in connection with a consulting arrangement with him. Fifty percent of these options vested immediately upon the change of control and 25% will each vest after three and six months. The Company recorded \$0.1 million in compensation expense associated with this grant in the three months ended March 31, 2004 based on the Black-Scholes method of valuation.

Additionally, in March 2004, 15,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$17.50 per share were granted to a new director upon appointment to the Company's board of directors as result of the acquisition of PlanVista. Such options are for a ten-year term and vest equally over the three years following the date of the grant.

- (c) Exercise of Warrants On March 25, 2004, General Atlantic Partners exercised 549,279 warrants it received in April 2002 with an exercise price of \$15.93 for \$8.75 million in cash.

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

(8) Segment Information

ProxyMed operates in two reportable segments that are separately managed: Transaction Services (formerly known as Electronic healthcare transaction processing) and Laboratory Communication Solutions. Transaction Services includes transaction, cost containment and value-added services principally between physicians and insurance companies (Payer Services and Medical Cost Containment Services) and physicians and pharmacies (Prescription Services); and Laboratory Communication Solutions includes the sale, lease and service of communication devices principally to laboratories and the contract manufacturing of printed circuit boards (Laboratory Services). The results for the Transaction Services and Laboratory Communication Solutions segments do not include an allocation of Corporate overhead in assessing the operating performance of the respective segments. For financial reporting purposes, the assets of the Company's Corporate segment have been combined with those of its Transaction Services Segment since they are intertwined with the operation of the other segment. International sales are attributable to the Laboratory Communications Solutions segment.

In thousands	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Net revenues by operating segment:		
Transaction Services	\$ 14,594	\$ 11,291
Laboratory Communication Solutions	5,910	6,139
	\$ 20,504	\$ 17,430
Net revenues by geographic location:		
Domestic	\$ 20,456	\$ 17,160
International(1)	48	270
	\$ 20,504	\$ 17,430
Operating income (loss) by operating segment:		
Transaction Services	\$ 797	\$ (1,941)
Laboratory Communication Solutions	257	587
Corporate	(1,097)	(924)
	\$ (43)	\$ (2,278)

	March 31, 2004	December 31, 2003
	(as restated, see Note 13)	
Total assets by operating segment:		
Transaction Services	\$ 179,213	\$ 54,052
Laboratory Communication Solutions	12,018	12,053
Corporate		7,025
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 191,231	\$ 73,130
	<hr/>	<hr/>

(1) All amounts transacted in US Dollars

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

(9) Income Taxes

As of March 31, 2004, the Company had a net deferred tax asset of approximately \$67.4 million, which was fully offset by a valuation allowance. Realization of the net deferred tax asset is dependent upon the Company generating sufficient taxable income prior to the expiration of the federal net operating loss carryforwards. The Company will adjust this valuation reserve if, during future periods, management believes the Company will generate sufficient taxable income to realize the net deferred tax asset. The provision for income taxes reported in the statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2004 reflect approximately \$50,000 primarily for state income taxes.

(10) Loss on Disposal of Assets

As a result of the consolidation of the ProxyMed and MedUnite offices in Atlanta during the three months ended March 31, 2003, the Company recorded \$0.1 million in losses primarily related to the disposition of certain assets owned and leased that were acquired in the acquisition of MDP Corporation in 2001.

(11) Supplemental Cash Flow Information

In thousands	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Cash paid for interest	\$ 198	\$ 151
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

In January 2004, the Company financed \$0.3 million of a liability insurance policy premium with an unsecured note, payable over 9 months at 4.9% to a third-party.

In March 2004, the Company issued 3,600,000 shares of common stock in connection with its acquisition of PlanVista valued at \$59.8 million (see Notes 2 and 7).

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PROXYMED, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited), Continued

(12) Commitments and Contingencies

At the time of its acquisition by the Company, PlanVista was involved in various lawsuits and threatened litigation. These pre-acquisition contingencies include: (i) a disputed New York State tax liability for which the Company is still evaluating the merits of the case and cannot yet draw a conclusion as to outcome and (ii) three other cases that preceded the acquisition of PlanVista for which the Company is still evaluating the merits of the cases and cannot yet draw conclusions as to outcome. In the ordinary course of business, the Company is subject to various pending and threatened litigation, none that management is able to determine will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(13) Restatement

Subsequent to the issuance of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2004, the Company determined that (1) the value of the stock issued in connection with its acquisition of PlanVista should have been \$59.8 million; (2) additional disclosure should be provided regarding the Company's revenue recognition and reserve for doubtful accounts/bad debt policies; (3) the liquidation preference of the Series C 7% Convertible preferred stock disclosed on the face of the consolidated balance sheet should have been \$200,000; (4) the consolidated statement of operations should display a subtotal for net loss before income taxes; and (5) the Company should remove a reference to a third-party appraisal firm used in the valuation of the intangible assets of PlanVista.

The impact of the restatement for Item (1) described above is as follows for the periods noted:

In thousands	March 31, 2004	
	As Previously Reported	As Restated
Goodwill	\$100,382	\$ 91,742
Total assets	\$199,871	\$191,231
Additional paid-in capital	\$247,734	\$239,094
Total stockholders' equity	\$146,657	\$138,017
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$199,871	\$191,231

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ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations (MD&A) is provided as a supplement to our consolidated financial statements on this Form 10-Q/A and notes thereto and those included in Part IV starting on Page F-7 of our Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2003 and to provide an understanding of our results of operations, financial condition, and changes in financial condition. Our MD&A is organized as follows:

Introduction This section provides a general description of our business, summarizes the significant acquisitions we completed in the last two years, and provides a brief overview of our operating segments.

Restatement of Financial Statements This section briefly describes the restatement of our previously filed consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations This section provides our analysis and outlook for the line items on our consolidated statement of operations on both a company-wide and segment basis.

Liquidity and Capital Resources This section provides an analysis of our liquidity and cash flows, as well as our discussion of our debts and other commitments.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates This section discusses those accounting policies that are considered to be both important to our financial condition and results of operations, and require us to exercise subjective or complex judgments in their application. In addition, all of our significant accounting policies, including our critical accounting policies, are summarized in Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements in this Form 10-Q/A and starting on Page F-7 in our Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2003.

New Accounting Pronouncements This section includes a discussion of recently published accounting authoritative literature that may have an impact on our historical or prospective results of operations or financial condition.

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Introduction

We are the nation's second largest provider-based electronic healthcare transaction services company. We provide connectivity services and related value-added products to physicians, payers, pharmacies, medical laboratories, and other healthcare providers and suppliers. Our services support a broad range of financial, clinical and administrative transactions, and are HIPAA-certified through Claredi, an independent certification and testing services company specializing in HIPAA compliance. To facilitate these services, we operate *PhoenixTM*, our secure national electronic information platform, which provides physicians and other healthcare providers with direct connectivity to one of the industry's largest list of payers, the industry's largest list of chain and independent pharmacies and the largest list of clinical laboratories. Our corporate headquarters is located in Atlanta, Georgia, and our products and services are provided from various operational facilities located throughout the United States. We also operate our clinical computer network and portions of our financial and real-time production computer networks from a secure, third-party co-location site also located in Atlanta, Georgia. All of our revenues are generated domestically.

Our primary strategy is focused on leveraging our leading position as an independent back-end connectivity provider to small physician offices. Through strategic relationships and partnerships with front-end solution providers, our goal is to drive more healthcare transactions through *PhoenixTM* while remaining neutral in the battle for the physician's desktop. Additionally, we expect that there will be opportunities to increase revenues by cross-selling our existing products and services to our current customer base of physicians and other healthcare providers, as well as revenue opportunities from the development of new services from our development efforts, including Internet-based transaction services. We remain committed to developing additional capabilities and value-added products and services, and to expanding our back-end connectivity network. In conjunction with this philosophy, we have recently introduced *ProxyMed.net*, our new web portal for providers, and *Phoenix^{EXM}*, our new transaction processing platform which has been HIPAA-certified through Claredi. We have also added new services offerings for our payer customers through our acquisition of PlanVista Corporation (PlanVista) on March 2, 2004 for claims re-pricing services and First Data Corporation for a jointly marketed suite of services being offered under the brand name FirstProxy.

Restatement of Financial Statements

As discussed in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements, our financial statements have been restated. The accompanying MD&A gives effect to that restatement.

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Acquisitions

On December 31, 2002, we acquired all of the outstanding stock of MedUnite, Inc. (MedUnite) for \$10 million in cash and an aggregate of \$13.4 million principal amount of 4% convertible promissory notes. In addition, we paid approximately \$6.7 million in transaction and exit related costs (which were originally estimated at \$8.3 million). Interest on the convertible notes is payable in cash on a quarterly basis. The convertible promissory notes (now currently payable at a maturity value of \$13.1 million after a claim setoff against the escrow in December 2003) are payable in full on December 31, 2008, and are convertible into an aggregate of 716,968 shares (originally 731,322 shares before the claim setoff) of our common stock if the former shareholders of MedUnite achieve certain revenue-based triggers over the next three and one-half year period. The shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes will be registered by us promptly after a conversion trigger event is met. The first threshold trigger was reached during the fourth quarter of 2003 and the convertible notes were reduced to \$13.1 million at December 31, 2003 as a result of a claim against the escrow. The operations of MedUnite are reflected with our operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2003. Additionally, we spent much of the 2003 year integrating the operations of MedUnite into our existing operations, and currently the organizations are run and managed as one operating unit. As a result, meaningful separate results and statistics for MedUnite are no longer available.

On March 2, 2004, we acquired PlanVista (a company that provides medical cost containment and business process outsourcing solutions for the medical insurance and managed care industries, as well as services for health care providers, including individual providers, preferred provider organizations and other provider groups for 3,600,000 shares of our common stock issued to PlanVista shareholders valued at \$59.8 million, based on the average closing price of our common stock for the day of and the two days before and after December 8, 2003, the date of the announcement of the definitive agreement). We also assumed debt and other liabilities of PlanVista, and incurred \$1.3 million in acquisition-related costs. Additionally, we raised \$24.1 million in a private placement sale of our common stock to General Atlantic Partners, Commonwealth Associates and other parties to partially fund repayment of certain of PlanVista's debts and other obligations outstanding at the time of the acquisition. The merger enables us to enter into a new line of business, provide new end-to-end services, increase sales opportunities with payers, strengthen business ties with certain customers, expand technological capabilities, reduce operating costs and enhance our public profile.

Upon completion of the acquisition, each share of PlanVista's outstanding common stock was cancelled and converted into the right to receive 0.08271 of a share of our common stock and each holder of PlanVista series C preferred stock received 51.5292 shares of our common stock in exchange for each share of PlanVista series C preferred stock, representing approximately 23% of our common stock on a fully converted basis, and the holders of our outstanding stock, options and warrants retained approximately 77% of ProxyMed. PlanVista's operations are included in our Transaction Services segment commencing March 2004.

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In connection with this acquisition, our shareholders approved (1) an amendment to our articles of incorporation to increase the total number of authorized shares of the Company's common stock from 13,333,333 shares to 30,000,000 shares, (2) the issuance of 1,691,229 shares of our common stock at \$14.25 per share in a private equity offering valued at \$24.1 million (to retire a portion of debt of PlanVista and pay certain expenses associated with the merger), (3) the issuance of 3,600,000 shares of our common stock in connection with the merger, and (4) an amendment to our 2002 Stock Option Plan to increase the total number of shares available for issuance from 600,000 to 1,350,000.

Operating Segments

We operate in two reportable segments that are separately managed: Transaction Services (formerly known as Electronic healthcare transaction processing) and Laboratory Communication Solutions. Transaction Services includes transaction and value-added services principally between physicians and insurance companies (Payer Services) and physicians and pharmacies (Prescription Services); and Laboratory Communication Solutions includes the sale, lease and service of communication devices principally to laboratories and the contract manufacturing of printed circuit boards (Laboratory Services). The results for the Transaction Services and Laboratory Communication Solutions segments do not include an allocation of Corporate overhead in assessing the operating performance of the respective segments. Commencing in March 2004, the operations of PlanVista are included in our Transaction Services segment (Medical Cost Containment Services).

Table of Contents**Results of Operations****Three Months Ended March 31, 2004 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2003.**

Net Revenues. Consolidated net revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2004 increased by \$3.1 million or 17.6% to \$20.5 million from consolidated net revenues of \$17.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2003. Net revenues classified by our reportable segments are as follows:

In thousands	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Transaction Services	\$ 14,594	\$ 11,291
Laboratory Communication Solutions	5,910	6,139
	<u>\$ 20,504</u>	<u>\$ 17,430</u>

Net revenues in our Transaction Services segment increased by 29.3% over the 2003 period. This increase is primarily due to the acquisition of PlanVista.

For the 2004 period, approximately 71% of our revenues came from our Transaction Services segment compared to 65% from this segment for the 2003 period. For the remainder of 2004 and beyond, it is anticipated that our greatest growth will come from this segment.

Laboratory Communication Solutions segment net revenues decreased by 3.7% from the 2003 period. While our revenues in this segment started the year slowly, most of our revenues in this segment come from the sale of fixed assets to our lab and contract-manufacturing customers. We anticipate that a strengthening economy will help to improve revenue for our Laboratory Communications Solutions segment over the balance of the year.

A summary of the number of transactions we processed for the periods presented is as follows:

In thousands	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Core transactions (1)	49,875	49,601
Encounters	9,967	6,878
	<u>59,842</u>	<u>56,479</u>

(1) Includes 375,000 cost containment transactions in the 2004 period from ProxyMed's acquisition of PlanVista. Core transactions represent all transactions except for encounters. Encounters are an administrative reporting transaction for payers but do not generate revenue for the provider who must submit them. Accordingly, rather than submitting on a routine basis, most providers choose to periodically "catch up" on their submissions, creating monthly and quarterly swings in

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both the number of encounters we process and what percentage of our transaction mix they represent. Since encounters are at a significantly lower price point than claims, these swings make it difficult to easily analyze our quarter-over-quarter growth in our core business. In addition, we do not expect our encounter volume to grow on an annual basis, as payers are not expanding the capitated service model that is the foundation of encounters. Therefore, we believe that breaking out encounters shows more clearly our growth in core transactions, which are the growth engine for our Transaction Services segment.

Cost containment transactions represent the number of claims sent by our payer clients to be re-priced through our provider network.

Cost of Sales. Consolidated cost of sales decreased as a percentage of net revenues to 40% for the three months ended March 31, 2004 from 47% for the three months ended March 31, 2003. Cost of sales classified by our reportable segments is as follows:

In thousands	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Transaction Services	\$ 4,260	\$ 4,266
Laboratory Communication Solutions	4,029	3,946
	<u>\$ 8,289</u>	<u>\$ 8,212</u>

Cost of sales in our Transaction Services segment consists of transaction fees, provider network outsourcing fees, services and license fees, third-party electronic transaction processing costs, certain telecommunication and co-location center costs, revenue sharing arrangements with our business partners, third-party database licenses, and certain travel expenses. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenues decreased to 29% in the 2004 period compared to 38% in the same period last year primarily due to a change in the mix of transaction types from higher cost patient statements to lower cost claim transactions, the loss of business from a low margin gateway partner during the latter half of the 2003 year, offset by the addition of higher margin medical cost containment services from our acquisition of PlanVista.

With the filing of our annual 2003 financial statements, we reclassified direct labor and manufacturing overhead from selling, general and administrative expenses to cost of tangible products sold to better reflect the production of tangible products. All prior periods have a similar reclassification. As a result, cost of sales in the Laboratory Communication Solutions segment includes hardware, third party software, consumable materials, direct manufacturing labor and indirect manufacturing overhead. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenues in this segment increased to 68% for the three months ended March 31, 2003 compared to 64% for three months ended March 31, 2004 primarily due to a change in the mix from lower cost leases to higher cost contract manufacturing and laboratory communication devices.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Consolidated SG&A increased for the three months ended March 31, 2004 by \$0.4 million, or 4%, from consolidated SG&A of \$10.0 million for the three months ended

March 31, 2003. Consolidated SG&A expenses as a

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percentage of consolidated revenues decreased to 51% for the 2004 period compared to 58% in the same period last year. SG&A expenses classified by our reportable segments are as follows:

In thousands	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Transaction Services	\$ 7,984	\$ 7,787
Laboratory Communication Solutions	1,360	1,374
Corporate	1,061	880
	<u>\$ 10,405</u>	<u>\$ 10,041</u>

Transaction Services segment SG&A expenses for the three months March 31, 2004 increased 2% over the same period last year primarily due to reductions in expenses from our MedUnite acquisition, offset by costs related to our HIPAA compliance efforts, implementation staffing and sales/marketing programs implemented since the first quarter of last year and the addition of SG&A expenses from PlanVista for one month in the 2004 period.

Laboratory Communication Solutions segment SG&A expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2004 decreased by 1% over the same period last year and segment SG&A expenses as a percentage of segment net revenues decreased to 23% for the 2004 period compared to 22% for the same period last year.

Corporate SG&A expenses increased 21% for the three months ended March 31, 2004 compared to the same period last year primarily due to increased professional fees and personnel costs, and the cost of complying with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Depreciation and Amortization. Consolidated depreciation and amortization increased by \$0.5 million to \$1.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2004 from \$1.3 million for the same period last year. This increase was primarily due to approximately \$0.4 million for the amortization of intangible assets acquired in the PlanVista acquisition. Depreciation and amortization classified by our reportable segments is as follows:

In thousands	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Transaction services	\$ 1,554	\$ 1,056
Laboratory communication solutions	259	230
Corporate	36	44
	<u>\$ 1,849</u>	<u>\$ 1,330</u>

Operating Loss. As a result of the foregoing, consolidated operating loss for the three months ended March 31, 2004 was \$43,000 compared to operating loss of \$2.3 million for the same period last year. Operating loss classified by our reportable segments is as follows:

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In thousands	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2004	2003
Transaction services	\$ 797	\$ (1,941)
Laboratory communication solutions	257	587
Corporate	(1,097)	(924)
	\$ (43)	\$ (2,278)

Interest Expense, net. Consolidated net interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2004 was \$0.3 million compared to \$0.2 million for the same period last year. This increase in expense is primarily due to the assumption of debt in conjunction with the PlanVista acquisition. Interest expense for the 2004 year is expected to be at levels above those in the prior year due to the senior debt acquired from PlanVista.

Provision for Income Taxes. As a result our acquisition of PlanVista in March 2004, we have expensed \$50,000 primarily for state income taxes.

Net Loss. As a result of the foregoing, consolidated net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2004 was \$0.4 million compared to net loss of \$2.5 million for the same period last year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In the three months ended March 31, 2004, net cash used in operating activities totaled \$3.2 million, and included \$4.0 million to pay certain acquisition-related expenses of PlanVista outstanding as of the effective time of the acquisition. Cash used for investing activities totaled \$1.0 million and consisted primarily of \$0.8 million in net cash acquired from PlanVista offset by \$0.8 million in costs related to the acquisitions of PlanVista and MedUnite and \$1.1 million in capital expenditures and capitalized software. Cash provided by financing activities totaled \$9.3 million and consisted of a private placement of our common stock, an exercise of warrants, a net draw on our asset-based line of credit, and repayments of notes payable, other long-term debt, and payments related to capital leases (including \$23.4 million for the retirement of debts and other obligations and expenses).

In the three months ended March 31, 2003, cash used by operating activities was \$0.5 million. Cash used in investing activities was \$5.2 million. During this period, we paid \$3.9 million in costs related to our December 2002 acquisition of MedUnite, paid \$1.2 million for fixed assets and capitalized software, and transferred \$0.3 million to restricted cash as collateral for a note payable. Cash used in financing activities was \$0.3 million for repayments of notes payable, other long-term debt, and payments related to capital leases. These activities were principally financed through available cash resources.

We had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$10.4 million as of March 31, 2004 compared to \$10.3 million at March 31, 2003. These available funds will be used for operations, strategic acquisitions, the further development of our products and services, and other general corporate

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purposes. We continue to evaluate other acquisition opportunities and strategic alternatives that may add synergies to our product offerings and business strategy.

On March 2, 2004, we acquired PlanVista through the issuance of 3,600,000 shares of our common stock (valued at \$59.8 million). In addition, we raised an additional \$24.1 million in a private placement sale of our common stock and drew down \$4.4 million on our asset-based line of credit. These funds, along with available cash resources, were used to satisfy \$27.4 million of PlanVista's debt and other obligations outstanding as of the effective time of the acquisition.

At the current time, we do not have any material commitments for capital expenditures.

We anticipate spending to incur approximately \$1.0 million for various development projects scheduled to be undertaken by us in 2004 (including \$0.3 million related to projects at PlanVista). Additionally, we anticipate spending approximately \$5.8 million (including \$1.1 million at PlanVista) primarily for hardware and software costs related to enhancements to our technical infrastructure and administrative systems. Through March 31, 2004, we spent \$1.1 million towards these projects. Furthermore, we expect to incur costs of approximately \$1.5 million in 2004 in connection with the implementation of our internal control procedures mandated by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and with our financial system consolidation efforts.

At the time we acquired MedUnite at the end of 2002, MedUnite had incurred significant losses since its inception and was utilizing cash significantly in excess of amounts it was generating primarily due to technical and research and development activities related to its various processing platforms. As a result, there were substantial liabilities and obligations as well as future commitments (both known and unknown at December 31, 2002) associated with the business in addition to the transaction and exit costs associated with the acquisition. In an effort to immediately curtail and reduce the expenditure levels, MedUnite's senior management team was terminated along with approximately 20% of the general workforce, and in February 2003, we moved our Atlanta facility into MedUnite's Norcross facility. While we did not achieve the expected reductions in MedUnite's cost early in the first quarter of 2003, we did exit that quarter on an expense run rate in line with our expectations. Furthermore, during the second and third quarters of 2003, we continued expense reductions by successfully eliminating or renegotiating substantial telecommunication expenses and eliminating duplicative contact management, human resources and customer relationship management systems. Additionally, in April 2003, we terminated the San Diego facility lease effective July 1, 2003 in return for a \$0.8 million letter of credit held by the current landlord and furniture at the facility.

By December 31, 2003, we had paid all but \$0.2 million of the transaction and exit costs associated with the MedUnite acquisition. As a result of our negotiations, the original \$8.3 million in transaction and exit costs were ultimately settled for approximately \$6.7 million, representing a savings of \$1.6 million.

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Additionally, other MedUnite contractual obligations have been canceled or renegotiated with the respective vendors. We have entered into financing agreements with certain major vendors as a means of settling liabilities that existed at December 31, 2002, and have financed \$3.4 million of liabilities to one vendor, \$2.0 million in net liabilities to a former owner of MedUnite, and \$0.4 million for a required insurance policy as part of the acquisition. Between these financing agreements, existing capital leases, and the convertible notes issued in the acquisition, we incurred significant interest expense charges in 2003.

In December 2003, we closed on a \$12.5 million asset-based line of credit with our commercial bank. Borrowing under such facility is subject to eligible cash, accounts receivable, and inventory and other conditions. Borrowings bear interest at the prime rate plus 0.5% or at LIBOR plus 2.25% (or LIBOR plus 0.75% in the case of borrowings against eligible cash only). As a result of our acquisition of PlanVista, we drew down \$4.4 million against this line at the end of February 2004 (which was repaid in early March 2004) and had a \$0.5 million draw outstanding as of March 31, 2004 that we repaid in April 2004. At this time, the assets of PlanVista are not eligible collateral for this line of credit due to covenants of the senior debt in place at PlanVista. Additionally, PlanVista (as a wholly-owned subsidiary) is limited in its ability to upstream cash to ProxyMed (as the parent company) due to additional covenants under this instrument

As noted above, with our acquisition of PlanVista on March 2, 2004, we utilized the \$24.1 million in proceeds raised from our private placement, drew \$4.4 million on our line of credit and used available cash to satisfy \$27.4 million of PlanVista's debt and other obligations outstanding as of the effective time of the acquisition. As a result of the acquisition, we acquired a cash flow positive company with \$20.4 million in senior debt due in May 2005 (at an interest rate of 6% until December 2004 when the interest rate increases to 10%). While it is our intent to satisfy this debt either through refinancing, obtaining a senior line of credit or by raising equity capital, we will incur substantial additional cash interest charges until we do so. We may be unable to raise additional funds.

The following table represents our contractual cash obligations due over the next several years (including obligations of PlanVista). Operating leases are shown net of any sublease agreements.

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In thousands	2004(1)	2005	2006	2007	2008
Interest on convertible notes (2)	\$ 394	\$ 526	\$525	\$525	\$ 525
Interest on senior and other debt	1,044	744			
Convertible notes (2)					13,137
Senior debt of PlanVista	2,000	18,395			
Notes payable	2,849	1,758	354		
Capital lease obligations(3)	141	93	6	1	
Operating leases	1,520	718	66	53	12
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total	\$7,948	\$22,234	\$951	\$579	\$13,674
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

(1) Remaining quarters of 2004

(2) Assumes no conversion of convertible notes

(3) Includes principal and interest

We believe that we have sufficient cash and cash equivalents on hand to fund our future operational capital requirements and expenditures, and a sufficient level of capital in order to fund specific research and development projects or to pursue smaller additional strategic acquisitions. Even with the positive cash flow expected to be generated from our operations, we anticipate that we will need to refinance the PlanVista debt, by either obtaining a new senior line of credit or raising capital in order to satisfy this debt on or before maturity. However, if we require additional funding in the future to satisfy any of our outstanding future obligations, or further our strategic plans, there can be no assurance that any additional funding will be available to us, or if available, that it will be available on acceptable terms. If we are successful in obtaining additional financing, the terms of the financing may have the effect of significantly diluting or adversely affecting the holdings or the rights of the holders of our common stock. We believe that if we are not successful in obtaining additional financing for further product development or strategic acquisitions, such inability may adversely impact our ability to successfully execute our business plan and may put us at a competitive disadvantage.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of our financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions, but we believe that any variation in results would not have a material effect on our financial condition. We evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis.

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We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements. For a detailed discussion on the application of these and other accounting policies, see Note 1 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of our Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Revenue Recognition Revenue is derived from our Transaction Services and Laboratory Communication Solutions segments.

In our Transaction Services segment, we provide transaction and value-added services principally between physicians and insurance companies, and physicians and pharmacies. Such transactions and services include Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) claims submission and reporting, insurance eligibility verification, claims status inquiries, referral management, electronic remittance advice, patient statement processing, encounters, and cost containment transaction services including claims repricing and bill renegotiation. In our Laboratory Communication Solutions segment, we sell, rent and service intelligent remote reporting devices and provide lab order entry and results reporting through our software products.

Transaction Services revenues are derived from insurance payers, pharmacies and submitters (physicians and other entities including billing services, practice management software vendors, and claims aggregators). Such revenues are recorded on a per transaction fee basis or a flat fee basis (per physician) and are recognized in the period the service is rendered. Agreements with payers or pharmacies are for one to three years on a non-exclusive basis. Agreements with submitters are for one year, renew automatically, and are generally terminable thereafter upon 30 to 90 days notice. Transaction fees vary according to the type of transaction and other factors, including volume level commitments primarily for payers.

Revenue from Medical Cost Containment business in our Transaction Services segment is recognized when the services are performed and are recorded net of their estimated allowance. These revenues are primarily in the form of fees generated from the discounts we secure for the payers that access our provider network. We enter into agreements with healthcare payer customers that require them to pay a percentage of the cost savings generated from our network discounts with participating providers. These agreements are generally terminable upon 90 days notice. Revenue from a percentage of savings contract is generally recognized when the related claims processing and administrative services have been performed. The remainder of the revenue from our Medical Cost Containment business is generated from customers that pay a monthly fee based on eligible employees enrolled in a benefit plan covered by our health benefits payers clients.

Also in our Transaction Services segment, certain transaction fee revenue is subject to revenue sharing pursuant to agreements with resellers, vendors or gateway partners and is recorded as gross revenues in accordance with EITF No. 99-19, Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent. Such revenue sharing amounts are based on a per transaction amount or a percentage of revenue basis and may involve increasing amounts or percentages based on transaction or revenue volumes achieved.

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Revenue from certain up-front fees charged primarily for the development of EDI for payers and the implementation of services for submitters in our Transaction Services segment is amortized ratably over three years, which is the expected life of the customer in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104, Revenue Recognition (SAB No. 104).

Revenue from support and maintenance contracts on our products in both our Transaction Services and Laboratory Communications Solutions segments is recognized ratably over the contract period, which does not exceed one year. Such amounts are billed in advance and established as deferred revenue.

In our Laboratory Communication Solutions segment, revenue from sales of inventory and manufactured goods is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the price is fixed or determinable and collectibility is probable in accordance with SAB No. 104.

Revenues from maintenance fees on laboratory communication devices are charged on an annual or quarterly basis and are recognized ratably over the service period. Service fees may also be charged on a per event basis and are recognized after the service has been performed.

Revenue from the rental of laboratory communication devices is recognized ratably over the applicable period of the rental contract. Such contracts require monthly rental payments and are for a one to three year term, then renewing for a similar period after the initial term is expired. Contracts may be cancelled upon 30 days notice. A significant amount of rental revenues are derived from contracts that are no longer under the initial non-cancelable term. At the end of the rental period, the customer may return or purchase the unit for fair market value. Upon sale of the revenue earning equipment, the gross proceeds are included in net revenues and the undepreciated cost of the equipment sold is included in cost of sales.

Goodwill We adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets effective January 1, 2002. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill is reviewed at least annually for impairment. SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill be tested for impairment at the reporting unit level at adoption and at least annually thereafter, utilizing a fair value methodology versus an undiscounted cash flow method required under previous accounting rules. In accordance with our adoption of SFAS No. 142, we completed our most recent annual test at December 31, 2003 and 2002 utilizing various valuation techniques including a market value analysis. No impairment charges were recorded as a result of these tests.

Capitalized Software Development and Research and Development Costs incurred internally and fees paid to outside contractors and consultants during the application development stage of our internally used software products are capitalized. Costs of upgrades and major enhancements that result in additional functionality are also capitalized. Costs incurred for maintenance and minor upgrades are expensed as incurred. All other costs are expensed as incurred as research and development expenses (which are included in Selling, general and administrative expenses). Application development stage costs generally include

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software configuration, coding, installation to hardware and testing. Once the project is completed, capitalized costs are amortized over their remaining estimated economic life. Our judgment is used in determining whether costs meet the criteria for immediate expense or capitalization. We periodically review projected cash flows and other criteria in assessing the impairment of any internal-use capitalized software and take impairment charges as needed.

Reserve for Doubtful Accounts/Bad Debt Estimates We rely on estimates to determine the bad debt expense and the adequacy of the reserve for doubtful accounts receivable. These estimates are based on our historical experience and the industry in which we operate. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required. Additionally, in our Medical Cost Containment business, we evaluate the collectibility of our accounts receivable based on a combination of factors. In circumstances where we are aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations to us, we record a specific reserve for bad debts against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to the amount we reasonably believe will be collected. For all other customers, we recognize reserves for bad debts based on past write-off history, average percentage of receivables written off historically, and the length of time the receivables are past due. To the extent historical credit experience is not indicative of future performance or other assumptions used by management do not prevail, loss experience could differ significantly, resulting in either higher or lower future provision for losses.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities . SFAS No. 149 amends and clarifies accounting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities . SFAS No. 149 is effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003, except for certain provision that relate to SFAS No. 133 implementation issues that have been effective for fiscal quarters that began prior to June 15, 2003 and for hedging relationships designated after June 30, 2003. We do not believe that the implementation SFAS No. 149 will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In May 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity . SFAS No. 150 specifies that instruments within its scope embody obligations of the issuer and that, therefore, the issuer must classify them as liabilities. SFAS No. 150 requires issuers to classify as liabilities the following three types of freestanding financial instruments: (1) mandatory redeemable financial instruments; (2) obligations to repurchase the issuer's equity shares by transferring assets; and (3) certain obligations to issue a variable number of shares. SFAS No. 150 defines a freestanding financial instrument as a financial instrument that (1) is entered into separately and apart from any of the entity's other financial instruments or equity transactions; or (2) is entered into in conjunction with some other transaction and can be legally

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detached and exercised on a separate basis. For all financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, SFAS No. 150 is effective immediately. For all other instruments of public companies, SFAS No. 150 goes into effect at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. For contracts that were created or modified before May 31, 2003 and still exist at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003, entities should record the transition to SFAS No. 150 by reporting the cumulative effect of a change in an accounting principle. SFAS No. 150 prohibits entities from restating financial statements for earlier years presented. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS No. 150 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

Cautionary Statement Pursuant to Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

Statements contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and elsewhere in this report may contain information that includes or is based upon forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements present our expectations or forecasts of future events. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They frequently are accompanied by words such as anticipate, estimate, expect, project, intend, plan, believe, and other words and terms of similar meaning. In particular, these include statements relating to: our ability to identify suitable acquisition candidates; our successful integration of PlanVista, MedUnite and any other future acquisitions; our ability to successfully develop, market, sell, cross-sell, install and upgrade our clinical and financial transaction services and applications to new and current physicians, payers, medical laboratories and pharmacies; our ability to compete effectively on price and support services; our ability to increase revenues and revenue opportunities; and our ability to meet expectations regarding future capital needs and the availability of credit and other financing sources.

All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements, including any projections of earnings, revenues, synergies, accretion, margins or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations, including the execution of integration and restructuring plans and the anticipated timing of filings, approvals and closings relating to the merger or other planned acquisitions; any statements concerning proposed new products, services, developments or industry rankings; any statements regarding future economic conditions or performance; any statements of belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing.

Actual results may differ significantly from projected results due to a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the soundness of our business strategies relative to perceived market opportunities; our assessment of the healthcare industry's need, desire and ability to become technology efficient; market acceptance of our products and services; and our ability and that of our business associates to comply with various government rules regarding healthcare information and patient privacy. These and other risk factors are more fully discussed starting on

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Page 23 and elsewhere in our Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2003, which we strongly urge you to read.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. They involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our future results and shareholder values may differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. Many of the factors that will determine these results and values are beyond our ability to control or predict. Shareholders are cautioned not to put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. For those statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We expressly disclaim any intent or obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

Available Information

Our Internet address is www.proxymed.com. We make available free of charge on or through our Internet website our annual report on Form 10-K/A, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q/A, current reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act as soon as reasonably practicable after such material was electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We own no derivative financial instruments or derivative commodity instruments. Revenues derived from international sales are transacted in US dollars and therefore, we do not believe that we are exposed to material risks related to foreign currency exchange rates.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)), under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based upon such evaluation, management has concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that the information the Company is required to disclose in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is communicated to management, including, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission rules and forms.

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting during this quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Changes in Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

On March 2, 2004, the Company sold an aggregate of 1,691,227 shares of unregistered common stock at \$14.25 per share in a private placement to General Atlantic Partners 77, L.P., GAP Coinvestments III, LLC, GAP Coinvestments IV, LLC, Gapstar, LLC, GAPCO GmbH & Co. KG., PVC Funding Partners, LLC, ComVest Venture Partners, L.P., Shea Ventures, LLC, and Robert Priddy (the Purchasers) resulting in net proceeds to the Company of \$24.1 million. No placement agent was used in this transaction. These shares were issued without registration in reliance upon the exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The Company has agreed to grant the Purchasers certain demand and piggy back registration rights. The proceeds from this transaction were used with other available funds to partially retire certain debts of PlanVista and to pay certain costs associated with the Company's acquisition of PlanVista

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2004, at the Company's special meeting of shareholders held on March 1, 2004, the shareholders approved the following resolutions:

- *Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation.* The total number of votes cast for this proposal to approve an amendment to the Company's articles of incorporation to increase the total number of authorized shares of the Company's common stock from 13,333,333 shares to 30,000,000 shares was 4,296,832. Of these votes, 3,651,959 were in favor, 581,298 were against and 63,575 abstained.

- *Ratification and approval of shares issued in connection with a private placement of the Company's common stock.* The total number of votes cast for this proposal which approves the issuance of 1,691,227 shares of the Company's common stock at \$14.25 per share in a private equity offering valued at \$24.1 million to partially retire debt of PlanVista Corporation and pay certain expenses associated with the acquisition of PlanVista Corporation was 4,296,832. Of these votes, 4,269,668 were in favor, 22,662 were against and 4,502 abstained.

- *Ratification and approval of shares issued to PlanVista Corporation Stockholders to acquire all of the outstanding stock of PlanVista Corporation.* The total number of votes cast for this proposal which approves the issuance of 3,600,000 shares of the Company's common stock in connection with the PlanVista merger was 4,296,832. Of these votes, 4,272,170 were in favor, 20,332 were against and 4,330 abstained.

- *Ratification and approval of additional shares to be issued under the Company's 2002 Stock Option Plan.* The total number of votes cast for this proposal which approves an amendment to the Company's 2002 Stock Option Plan to increase the total number of shares

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available for issuance from 600,000 to 1,350,000 was 4,296,832. Of these votes, 3,651,959 were in favor, 581,298 were against and 63,575 abstained.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

(a) Exhibits:

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Articles of Incorporation, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registration Statement on Form SB-2, File No. 333-2678).
3.2	Bylaws, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Registration Statement on Form SB-2, File No. 333-2678).
3.3	Articles of Amendment to Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant dated March 1, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Form 8-K File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated March 2, 2004).
3.4	Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant effective August 22, 2002 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 of Form 10-K/A for the period ended December 31, 2003).
3.5	Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant dated December 21, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Form 8-K File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated December 13, 2001).
3.6	Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation dated August 21, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.2 of Form 8-K, File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated August 17, 2001).
3.7	Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation dated July 25, 2001 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of Form 8-K, File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated August 17, 2001).
3.8	Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant effective July 14, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.8 of Form 10-K/A for the period ended December 31, 2003).
3.9	Articles of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant dated June 15, 2000 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 of Form 10-Q/A for the period ended June 30, 2000).

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Exhibit No.	Description
4.1	Common Stock Purchase Warrants issued to First Data Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 8-K, File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated July 8, 2003).
4.2	Form of 4% Convertible Promissory Notes dated December 31, 2002 issued in connection with the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated December 31, 2002 between ProxyMed, Inc., Davie Acquisition Corp., and MedUnite, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 8-K File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated December 31, 2002).
4.3	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrants issued to General Atlantic Partners 74, L.P., GAP Coinvestment Partners II, L.P., GAPCO GmbH & Co., KG and GapStar, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Form 8-K, File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated March 26, 2002).
4.4	Form of Exchanged Warrant to Purchase Common Stock of the Registrant dated May 4, 2000, issued to certain investors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-K, File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated May 4, 2000).
4.5	Form of New Warrant to Purchase Common Stock of the Registrant dated May 4, 2000, issued to certain investors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Form 8-K, File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated May 4, 2000).
4.6	Form of Warrant to Purchase Common Stock of the Registrant dated December 23, 1999, issued to certain investors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-K, File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated December 23, 1999).
10.1	Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement among the Registrant, General Atlantic Partners 77, L.P., General Atlantic Partners 74, L.P., GAP Coinvestment Partners II, L.P., GAP Coinvestments III, LLC, GAP Coinvestments IV, LLC, GapStar, LLC, GAPCO GmbH & Co. KG, PVC Funding Partners, LLC, ComVest Venture Partners, L.P., Shea Ventures, LLC, and Robert Priddy, dated March 2, 2004 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-K, File No. 000-22052, reporting an event dated March 2, 2004).
10.2	Employment Agreement between ProxyMed and David E. Oles effective April 26, 2004.*
31.1	Certification by Michael K. Hoover, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14.

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**Exhibit
No.**

Description

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- | | |
|------|--|
| 31.2 | Certification Gregory J. Eisenhauer, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14. |
| 32.1 | Certification by Michael K. Hoover, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.2 | Certification by Gregory J. Eisenhauer, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |

*Denotes management contract or compensating plan or arrangement.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K:

- March 4, 2004 Pursuant to Regulation FD, the Company reported on the Company's fourth quarter 2003 teleconference call held on March 3, 2004, including press release dated March 3, 2004.
- March 5, 2004 Report on merger between the Company, Planet Acquisition Corp. and PlanVista Corporation on March 2, 2004.
- March 15, 2004 Amendment to Item 7 of the Company's Report of Form 8-K filed on March 5, 2004 to provide updated financial information in connection with the merger between the Company, Planet Acquisition Corp. and PlanVista Corporation on March 2, 2004.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PROXYMED, INC.

Date: December 15, 2004

By: /s/ Michael K. Hoover

Michael K. Hoover
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Date: December 15, 2004

By: /s/ Gregory J. Eisenhauer

Gregory J. Eisenhauer
EVP and Chief Financial Officer